

GARRANZISTAS SLAY 15 GENERALS IN PRISON MASSACRE
VILLA LAYS DOWN ARMS, TURNS TROOPS OVER TO REBELS, HELPING CAUSE

DEBS IS CHOICE OF SOCIALISTS FOR PRESIDENT

Guarded by Police, to Save Them From Anti-Radical Demonstrations, Leaders Meet.

Democrats and Republicans Roasted to a Turn; Stand by Red Flag Is Victor Berger's Plea.

New York, May 9.—The Socialist party of America Sunday plunged into the active political work of the 1920 presidential campaign with broadside fired by its "big guns" at the national convention mass meeting in Madison Square Garden.

Envoiced in this fortress, which was surrounded by a strong cordon of New York police to guard against "anti-radical" demonstrations, the meeting hailed Eugene P. Debs, now serving 30 years in the Atlanta, Ga., federal prison for violation of the espionage act, as the Socialist candidate for the presidency.

Repealed omissions greeted characterization of Debs as the only candidate.

International Socialism, to be gained by peaceful means through the reinforcement of political action by industrial action—declared by speeches of Socialist leaders to signify the "general strike"—was declared the aim of the party, amid the cheers of an audience of 5,000 persons.

I. W. W. Are Excluded. Singing of "Free Russia" and the Marseilles hymn marked the beginning of the party leaders, but great care was exercised to exclude agents of the Industrial Workers of the World and Communist sympathizers who attempted to distribute propaganda at the meeting.

Debs was proclaimed the party's presidential nominee by Morris Hillquit, once New York majority candidate, in an address in which he denounced the administration at Washington and both Democratic and Republican parties as "radically revolutionary" in contrast to the Socialist party, the only conservative force in American politics.

Scourge of the World, Chicago, general counsel of the Socialist party, outlined its 1920 campaign as conceived by the national executive committee. He advocated an international peace congress elected by the voters of the nations of the world.

"Exploitation of Poland" as a means to attack soviet Russia, and the independence of Ireland, India and Egypt.

Seek Public Ownership. Reinforcement of political action by industrial action headed the party's list of domestic issues, according to Mr. Stedman, who declared also for public ownership of railroads and release of political prisoners as among principal party demands.

Mr. Hillquit, in attacking the administration, declared it had employed force and violence in "revolutionary tactics."

"The Democratic administration," he said, "has forcibly overthrown the cornerstone of the republic, the freedom of the press, speech and assembly, and has substituted for it the rule of the club and the jail."

"It has turned democracy into a virtual autocracy and has revolutionized all departments of federal government, in fact, in name."

"No man in the Republican party less revolutionary than its Democratic rival. It is the party of Leonard Wood, who has set aside the bills of rights and runs on the enlightened and humane platform of ship or shoot; the party of Theodore Roosevelt, who undertook to abolish the ballot; the party of Clayton B. Lusk, who conceived the novel idea of penalizing education."

Victor Berger Speaks. Victor L. Berger, unseated United States representative from Milwaukee and under a 20-year sentence, declared that he had "nothing to take back."

MAKES HEN OVER INTO A ROOSTER BY GLAND GRAFT

Chicago Tribune Special Dispatch to Great Falls Daily Tribune. Chicago, May 9.—P. T. Barnum would have made a fortune out of this. Here is what was formerly a plain, everyday hen transformed into a strutting rooster, with spurs and everything, but not quite sure whether she, she, or it, should should crow or cackle.

Dr. Victor D. Lespienne, one of the big clinical experts of Northwestern University Medical school is responsible for the transplanting of the interstitial glands of a rooster to a hen. Within a few weeks she began to develop all the characteristics of a chancier. She grew a comb and wattle. Saddlefeathers and tailfeathers appeared next, and finally, a pair of spurs. She took to strutting pompously about the yard, landing it over the other fowl. Instead of cackling out "koo-a-koo," she uttered a feeble "koo-a-koo."

The hen is now on a farm in the Chicago suburbs.

BUTTE IS A FOOT DUE TO STRIKE; NO STREET CARS

Repairs Cannot Be Made While Workingmen Out; Shutdown Forced In Interests of Safety.

Butte, May 10.—As a result of the strike of Workingmen's union, which became effective Friday morning, all Butte street cars ceased operations at midnight Sunday.

Street car service was suspended, P. R. Wharton, manager of the Butte Electric Railway company, announced, in the interests of public safety. Brake blocks on all cars need repairing and this work is under the jurisdiction of the Workingmen's union, he said.

"It is impossible to state when we will be able to resume operations," said Mr. Wharton. "The shutdown may last a few days—it may continue for weeks."

The Workingmen are on strike to secure an increase of \$1 a day. A fifty cent increase was offered to the employees but was refused.

Possibility of averting the threatened strike of teamsters still exists, according to statements of the Associated Industries. At a conference Saturday night the union refused offers of 50 cents a day wage increase and the labor representatives will report to their organization. Another conference with the employers, however, may be held. The teamsters have asked for wage increases of \$1 a day.

The status of the building trades situation remains unchanged. The building group of the Associated Industries is importing mechanics from Cincinnati, Minneapolis and other places, although the preference is given to local men who are willing to work under the American plan, it was announced.

AUTOISTS IN SNOW 6 FEET DEEP SPEND NIGHT IN THE OPEN

California Tourists Marooned in Priests' Pass Near Helena; Rescue Attempts Fail.

Helena, May 9.—Caught in Priest's pass on the crest of the divide and unable to either come forward or turn back, three auto parties, two from Los Angeles and one from Seattle, including in the personnel two women and one child, were obliged to spend Sunday night in the wilds.

The highway commission cars made a futile effort to shovel a path out for marooned tourists, who came in via Eliotson where, it is said, they were erroneously informed that the pass was clear.

Tom Travis, of Helena, who returned after a futile effort to "make" the pass in his auto, says the snow is six feet deep on this side and deeper where the tourists are marooned. They had shovelled their way in so far that they could neither back nor turn and highway commission men at that section, coming to their aid, also got stuck.

A rescue party will go out from Helena. The names of the marooned tourists could not be learned. Travis could not get near enough to find out, although he waded snow up to his neck in the effort.

POLES COMMAND KIEV. Warsaw, May 9.—(By The Associated Press.)—Hills north and south of the city of Kiev, from which the bolshevik army was expected to defend the city, were occupied by the Poles. Artillery has been placed in position commanding Kiev.

BANDIT LEADER TO RETIRE, SAYS JUAREZ REPORT

Will Not Be Given Military Command Under New Regime, It Is Said; Ends Railway Guards.

Revolutionists Capture Nuevo Laredo, General Garza Flees to Texas; Automobile Is Riddled.

Juarez, May 9.—Francisco Villa, the bandit and revolutionary leader, has laid down his arms and turned his force of men over to General Ignacio Enriquez, revolutionary commander of the Chihuahua City district, it was announced here tonight by General J. G. Escobar.

Villa, it was said, would not be given a military command under the new revolutionary regime. It was believed here arrangements had been made whereby Villa would retire from Mexican politics and affairs.

General Escobar said Villa had notified the Mexican railway that guards of soldiers for trains would not be necessary in the future.

Revolutionary agents here expressed happiness over the reported elimination of Villa. He was considered the greatest menace the movement would have in northern Mexico, if he refused to accept the new regime.

General Garza, who ordered his troops to make a determined stand against the attack on Nuevo Laredo at dawn, saw his defense crumpled after a short fight and with his son escaped in an automobile. Pursued by rebels, the general eventually made a ford of the Grande river and fled west of Nuevo Laredo and arrived on American soil with his automobile perforated by a hundred bullets.

Three federal and one rebel soldiers were killed in the engagement at Nuevo Laredo, which is the Mexican town just across the Rio Grande from this city.

OBREGON TROOPS CONTROL CITY OF MEXICO, HE WIRES. El Paso, Tex., May 9.—First rebel troops to enter Mexico City were commanded by General Trevino and Mendez, according to a telegram from General Alvaro Obregon. General Obregon telegraphed from Tacubaya, in the suburbs of Mexico City, his troops were in complete possession of the capital. The federal garrison at Chihuahua, opposite Presidio, Tex., also has joined the revolt, it was announced.

General Obregon's forces are in complete possession of Mexico City, according to an official announcement made in Juarez today by the revolutionists. There were no details of the occupation.

A report that President Carranza had been arrested at Esperanza, state of Vera Cruz, while fleeing from the capital city to Vera Cruz, remained unconfirmed. The report said his capture had been effected by General Guadalupe Sanchez.

A bulletin issued at revolutionary headquarters here said members of the diplomatic corps representing various foreign nations met at Mexico City and requested President Carranza not to combat revolutionary forces marching on the capital. The bulletin gave Mexico City newspapers of May 4 as authority for the statement.

Paris Editors Protest Against Postponement of Conference at Spa

Paris, May 9.—Reports of a possible postponement of the Spa conference between allied and German delegates from May 25 to June 10, have caused a universal protest from editors of newspapers here. They fear the meeting may be deferred indefinitely.

The Germans have not made formal request for the postponement but the question was raised informally by Doctor Mayer, the German charge, during his conversation with Premier Millerand Thursday.

It is pointed out in official circles that if the Spa meeting should be held up pending the result of the German elections a delay of several months might ensue.

Mrs. Gompers' Funeral Is Held in New York; Wilsons Send Flowers

New York, May 9.—Funeral services for Mrs. Samuel Gompers, wife of the president of the American Federation of Labor, were held here today. President and Mrs. Wilson, cabinet members and other high government officials sent floral tributes. Interment was in Washington cemetery, Brooklyn. Rabbi Stephen W. Wise delivered the eulogy.

WILSON CALLS UPON DEMOCRATS TO STICK BY VERSAILLES TREATY

League of Nations Is Worlds Hope; Motives Which Led America to Enter War Will Be Defeated Unless Covenant Ratified Without Lodge Reservations, President Declares to Oregonians.

Washington, May 9.—A call to the Democratic party to go into the campaign standing four-square in favor of the treaty of Versailles and against the senate's reservations was issued Sunday night by President Wilson in a telegram to Oregon Democratic leaders and made public at the White House. Declaring that the party had "the honor of the nation" in its hands, the president said that the Lodge reservations were "utterly inconsistent" with that honor as well as destructive of the role of world leadership, which the United States must assume.

The only true Americanism, the president said, was "that which puts America at the front of free nations and redeems the great promises which we have made to the world." It would be a violation of such promises, he said, to attach reservations to the treaty which "whittle it down and weaken it, as the Republican leaders of the senate have proposed to do."

In Response to Query. The telegram was in response to a message from G. E. Habaker, of Portland, Ore., chairman of the Multnomah county Democratic central committee, asking if he thought it important to nominate candidates pledged to the Versailles treaty without the Lodge reservations. The president replied:

"I think it imperative that the party should at once proclaim itself the uncompromising champion of the nation's honor and the advocate of everything that the United States can do in the service of humanity; that it should therefore indorse and support the Versailles treaty and condemn the Lodge reservations as utterly inconsistent with the nation's honor and destructive of the world leadership which it had established, and which all the free peoples of the world, including the great powers themselves, had shown themselves ready to welcome."

Apply Moral Principles. "It is time that the party should proudly avow that it means to try, without flinching or turning at any time away from the path for reasons of expediency, to apply moral and Christian principles to the problems of the world. It is trying to accomplish social, political and international reforms and is not daunted by any of the difficulties it has to contend with. It is trying to bring about a new era in the history of the world, and it is trying to accomplish this by the true and honest purposes of the people of the world, intended to keep faith with them in peace as well as in war."

"They gave their treasure, their best blood and everything that they valued, in order not merely to beat Germany, but to effect a settlement and bring about arrangements of peace which they have now tried to formulate in the treaty of Versailles. They are entitled to our support in this settlement and in the arrangements for which they have striven."

"The league of nations is the hope of the world. It is a basis for the right of the world as authorized by all the great fighting nations to say to the enemy that it was our object in proposing peace to establish a general association of nations under specific covenants, and which they depend upon their successors to establish, we must do this thing with courage and unalterable determination."

"We expected the United States to be always the leader in the defense of liberty and ordered peace throughout the world, and we are unworthy to call ourselves their successors unless we fulfill the great purpose they entertained and proclaimed."

"The true Americanism, the only true Americanism, is that which puts America at the front of free nations and redeems the great promises which we made the world when we entered the war, which was fought, not for the advantage of any single nation or group of nations, but for the salvation of all. It is in this way we shall redeem the sacred blood that was shed and make America the force she should be in the councils of mankind. She cannot afford to sink into the place that nations have usually occupied and become merely one of those who scramble and look after for selfish advantage."

"The Democratic party has now a great opportunity to which it must measure up. The honor of the nation is in its hands."

"WOODROW WILSON."

BOOST WHEAT PRICE. Winnipeg, May 9.—The price of mills of all grades of western wheat advanced 35 cents a bushel and British Columbia, Ontario and Quebec wheat 40 cents a bushel, in new regulations issued by the Canadian wheat board, effective at midnight on May 8. The maximum wholesale price of bran and shogls was increased \$3 a ton.

ARMY FEEDS A MAN FOR 49 CENTS DAY SAYS GENERAL WOOD

New York, May 9.—"We are still able to feed a man in the army for 49 cents a day, and to give him a good ration at that," said Major General Leonard Wood in a speech to 200 members of the "4x4" club, 120 West 33rd street. "When you compare this with what the man on the outside has to pay for food for his family, you can understand that there is something wrong somewhere. It is evident, think, that prices are being juggled."

AMERICAN GIRL TRIES TO STOP ANATOLIAN WAR

Constantinople, May 9.—The story of how Miss Edith Gold, a worker in the American Commission for Relief in the near east, whose home is Cleveland, attempted to save Armenian orphans entrusted to her, and tried to effect a compromise between the Turks and the Armenians by risking her own life under a flag of truce, is told in a dispatch just received in Constantinople, from Ankara, sent by Edith Hanem, a prominent woman leader in the Mustafa Kemal Pasha government. The message originally was written by Togan, Nationalists commander at Hadjin, which has been besieged for many weeks. It says:

"Mrs. Edith Gold, head mistress of the American commission, under the special protection of the Nationalists, and under being asked, and prompted by humanitarian motives, proposed to go to Hadjin and try to effect a reconciliation. Although I knew the Armenians would insist upon continuing their attack upon the Moslems, I wanted to let an American try for peace. Therefore I proclaimed a seven-hour truce, during which time the head mistress, with a white flag, started on her way in the morning. She returned at 3 o'clock in the day, declaring that the Armenians refused to quit attacking."

WILL TRY CARRANZA IF THEY CATCH HIM SAYS REBEL GENERAL

Provisional President of Mexico to Be Named to Serve Until Election Time.

San Prita, Sonora, May 9.—If Carranza succeeds in getting out of Mexico, the revolutionists will be pleased. If he is captured by the revolutionists, they must stand trial in the civil courts for any misdeeds of which he may have been guilty while president, General P. Elias Calles announced here.

General Calles made this announcement in outlining the plans of the revolutionists just before he left for Juarez. He declared that as Mexico City is in the hands of the revolutionists, troops marching from Sonora to Juarez probably would be sent direct to Mexico City for garrison duty.

A provisional president will be named to serve until the elections, he said, in accordance with the "plan of Agua Prieta." The revolutionists desired to accede, through purchase or legal procedure, all big land holdings, which will be taken over by the new government and opened for settlement under a plan similar to that used in the United States, according to General Calles.

Grab Arnstein's Pal in Big Bond Steal

Chicago, May 9.—A. C. Eremont, said by the police to be wanted in New York in connection with the negotiating of \$2,500,000 securities alleged to have been stolen by "Nickie" Arnstein and "Nick" Cohen, is under arrest here. Eremont, who had been living here under the name of C. E. Arthur, also was said to be wanted in Montreal and Buffalo in connection with an alleged \$125,000 wire tapping swindle. Eremont said he was the youngest member of the Canadian parliament and that after leaving Canada he went to New York, where he declared he net \$60,000 in a stock plan to build a substitute for the Westland canal.

MURGUIA KILLS POLITICAL FOES AS FLEES CITY

Wholesale Slaughter Occurs at Santiago as Rebel Forces Advance Into Capital of the Country.

President Thought to Be Hiding in Vera Cruz Where Garrison Goes Over to Revolutionists.

El Paso, May 9.—General Francisco Murguia, Carranza military commander at Mexico City, before leaving the capital, which now is in complete possession of revolutionary forces, carried out a wholesale slaughter of political prisoners at Santiago, the military prison, according to a bulletin issued at revolutionary headquarters here tonight. Fifteen Mexican generals were among those reported slaughtered. "The city was shocked over this bloody epilogue for the Carranza regime," the bulletin said.

REBEL ARMY IS JOINED BY VERA CRUZ GARRISON. Galveston, Tex., May 9.—The federal garrison at Vera Cruz, consisting of approximately 500 well armed and equipped soldiers, went over to the revolutionists early today, according to apparently reliable reports, but unofficial advice received here today.

Revolutionary troops believed to be part of the forces of General Pablo Gonzalez, entered Vera Cruz twice before the federal withdrawal. The advice from the Carranza government, the advice said, first they penetrated almost to the water front and then withdrew to the harbor of two Mexican gunboats. Later the rebels again entered the city and began occupying strategic points. Firing was said to have been general for some time. The gunboats, however, did not fire on the city, it was asserted.

The reports did not make clear whether the warships had deserted the Carranza cause. President Carranza was said to be in hiding in Vera Cruz and a dragnet was reported to have been thrown out by the revolutionists to prevent his escape if possible.

U. S. TORPEDO FLOTILLA ORDERED TO TAMPIOCO. Washington, May 9.—Coincident with confirmation in official Carranza circles of the capture of Mexico City by revolutionists, the navy department announced that the destroyer flotilla had been ordered from Key West to Tampico, also in two days. No disorder was reported either in Mexico City or Tampico, and in both places assurances were given of protection of foreigners.

Have No Opposition. While all reports agreed that the seizure of the capital and Tampico had been without opposition and that order had been maintained in official Carranza circles of at least one Mexican gunboat, it was said, might have prompted the sending of vessels over to that point.

Ramon P. de Neri, formerly the Mexican consul general at San Francisco, has arrived here in his new capacity as "commercial representative of the government of Sonora." He issued a statement placing the blame for the revolution on the advisers of Carranza. The embassy reported that troops constituting the advance contingent of Pablo Gonzalez took control of the Mexican capital May 7.

Business Not Interrupted. This advance guard was under direct command of General Jacinto Trevino, who, in effecting possession of the city, issued a formal assurance of complete guarantees. In this announcement, he advised commerce, banks and other industries to continue their transactions and threatened punishment of speculators in articles of necessity. A new chief of police and a military commander for Mexico City were appointed.

General Obregon was on his way into Mexico City from the west, while Gonzalez was entering from the south. He sent assurances to the embassy on May 7 that there would be no disorders at Mexico City.

Murders Wife and Sons, Dodges Sheriff's Posse

Webster City, Ia., May 9.—Escaping Sheriff William Meekings and his posse into Iowa Falls, 35 miles east of here, by 15 minutes, Harvey Beasley, charged with the murder of his wife and child, still is in this city early Sunday, it is still at large.

A police net has been thrown out 50 miles in every direction and his capture is expected.

Beasley shot his wife and two five-year-old sons at the house of Mrs. E. F. Koonce, a sister-in-law of Mrs. Beasley. The latter had not lived with her husband since last fall and had her home with the Koonce family.

MEET AT FOLKSTONE. Paris, May 9.—The British prime minister will confer with Premier Millard at Folkstone on May 13 to 15, the Havoc agency says. Confirmation of this was obtained in Paris, the agency adds, and the conference will be largely for the purpose of discussing the program for the Spa meeting.

TAKE UP RESOLUTION. Washington, May 9.—Representative Mason's resolution proposing recognition of the provisional Irish republic and appointment of an ambassador and consular agents will be taken up by the house foreign affairs committee on May 18, Chairman Porter announced tonight.

WOOD FAVORS FOREST POLICY. Washington, May 9.—In a letter to the American forestry association Major General Leonard Wood declares for a national forest policy. He is the first of the presidential candidates to reply to the association's questionnaire.