

CONGRESS IS OVERWHELMINGLY REPUBLICAN

OKLAHOMA SHOWS HARDING TREND

HARDING TAKES LEAD IN CHEROKEE STATE WITH LATEST COUNT

Democratic Senator Concedes Republican Victory and Woman Goes to Congress From First District; Miller is Governor of New York, Harding Carrying Every County in State But One.

Oklahoma City, Nov. 3.—Oklahoma swung safely into the Republican column at midnight Wednesday night on the face of complete but unofficial returns from approximately 2,000 of 3,685 precincts. It appeared at that time that the state would split its congressional delegation probably even. Senator Harding's lead in Oklahoma was increased to 7,824. The vote from 1,759 precincts out of 2,685 gave Harding 150,993; Cox 144,169.

J. W. Harrell, Republican, was leading Scott Ferris, Democrat, for United States senator by 12,192. The vote from 1,842 precincts gave Harrell 103,929; Ferris, 151,136. Representative Scott Ferris, Democrat, for United States conceded the election of J. W. Harrell, Republican.

Oklahoma City, Nov. 3.—A woman representative in congress became a reality when belated returns gave victory to Alice H. Robertson, a Republican, over W. W. Hastings, Democratic incumbent in the second (Muskegon) district.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Unofficial returns gathered by the Nashville Tennessean from all but three out of ninety-five counties Wednesday night give Harding a lead of 10,177 over Cox. The figures give Harding 191,739; Cox, 181,562.

N. P. L. LOSES NORTH DAKOTA. Fargo, Nov. 3.—113 precincts out of North Dakota's 2,021 give Harding, 10,009; Cox, 2,336; Debs, 274.

For governor: 1,405 give Governor Lynn J. Frazier, (Republican-Nonpartisan) 78,555; J. F. T. O'Connor, (D) 87,129. For United States senator: 225 precincts give: Dr. E. F. Ladd, (Republican-Nonpartisan) 16,507; H. H. Perry, (D) 14,736.

Forty-nine precincts give for congressman: First district: T. B. Burness, (R) 7,158; J. M. Baer, (Ind.—Nonpartisan) 4,821.

New York, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press)—Election of Nathan L. Miller of Syracuse as governor by an estimated plurality of slightly in excess of 70,000 as shown in revised figures tabulated Wednesday night assured the Republicans of a clean sweep in Tuesday's election.

With but 187 districts missing late tonight, Miller was leading Smith by 67,047 votes. The actual returns give Miller 1,306,563; Smith 1,246,456.

Belated returns continued to roll up the overwhelming plurality for Senator Harding. With 207 districts missing, all of them upstate, where he led Cox by a plurality of 230 in each district, he had a total plurality of 1,051,156.

The vote tabulated gives Harding 1,829,802; Cox, 778,798. In the present present returns, the vote for Harding will carry New York state by the unprecedented majority of 1,200,000.

United States Senator J. W. Wadsworth, Jr., also was elected by a plurality over his Democratic opponent, Lieutenant Governor H. C. Walker. The vote, with 2,190 districts missing, was: Wadsworth 996,929; Walker 603,230.

Senator Harding carried every county in the state except Hamilton, where returns from four of the 11 districts give Cox a majority of 32.

New York City went Republican in the presidential contest, for the second time in its history, McKinley having turned the trick on Bryan in 1896.

OHIO GOES LIMIT. Columbus, Nov. 3.—The Republican avalanche of votes that swept over the nation Tuesday continued to pile up majorities by the thousands in Senator Harding's home state for his colleagues.

Not a Republican candidate for state office was defeated and returns tonight indicate the possibility that the entire Ohio delegation in the next congress may be Republican. In the present returns, the Republican party has 14 Democrats and 14 Republicans from Ohio.

Harding's plurality over Cox passed the 300,000 mark late Wednesday, and was continuing to speed upwards with returns from 1,900 precincts yet to report. Returns from 6,101 precincts out of 7,145 gave Harding 956,082 and Cox 646,343.

Former Governor Frank B. Willis' plurality was climbing toward the 300,000 in his race against W. A. Julian for the seat to be vacated by Senator Harding. Returns from 5,928 precincts giving Davis 840,448; Donahay 737,114.

Commanding leads marked in four figures also were being maintained by nearly all of the other Republican candidates for state office.

Ratification of the Crabbe state prohibition enforcement act appeared to have been voted by a substantial figure.

NEW CALIFORNIA SENATOR. San Francisco, Nov. 3.—Keeping pace with the Republican landslide in the nation, the majority of Senator Harding over Governor Cox continued to increase as belated returns were tabulated Wednesday.

While the margin between the vote polled by Samuel M. Shortridge, Republican, for United States senator, and that of Senator James D. Phelan, Democratic incumbent, was not as wide as that between the heads of the two principal national tickets, Mr. Shortridge had a lead sufficiently commanding, it was believed, to insure his election.

EARLY COUNT IS FAVORABLE TO TWO BONDING MEASURES

STATE UNIVERSITY RELIEF QUESTION IS GIVEN SUPPORT

Irrigation Bonds Also Show a Good Lead—Road Bond Vote Slightly Negative.

Helena, Nov. 3.—Initiative measures to provide funds for Montana state institutions of higher learning received a favorable vote on the face of returns from 174 precincts received late tonight.

Measures dealing with the direct primary law and proposing a greater measure of influence in the state's affairs by political parties polled adverse majorities on the face of available returns. The boxing bill is apparently finding favor.

Propositions for a bond issue for irrigation purposes had a considerable majority in its favor, but proposals for a bond issue for highway construction, for reappointment of interest on school funds, and for creating county boards of equalization to deal with tax assessments and a state board of examiners to have a large part in the management of state affairs were about holding their own.

The measure proposing holding of state party conventions to endorse candidates had 10,085 votes against and 9,714 for. The proposal for repeal of the present presidential primary law received 7,800 favorable votes and 13,478 in opposition, while the bill to amend the present primary law to require a voter to state his party affiliation got 9,683 votes for and 10,129 against.

The proposal for a \$300,000 bond issue for improvement of state institutions of learning was given 17,406 favorable votes and 11,200 unfavorable.

The measure proposing a tax levy of 1-1/2 mills for educational institutions had almost as favorable a vote with 16,901 for and 8,126 against.

The state boxing commission bill received 15,065 votes in its favor and 9,363 opposed. The road bond issue for \$15,000,000 for highway improvement had 9,118 for and 9,400 against.

The irrigation bond measure received 12,544 for and 8,874 against. It would provide \$20,000,000 to assist irrigation districts in the state.

The proposed constitutional amendment for re-appointment of interest on school funds had 7,372 votes in its favor and 8,117 against. The amendment for county boards of equalization received 7,554 votes for its adoption and 8,940 against such action.

The amendment proposing establishment of a state board of examiners fared a little better, with 8,900 for and 7,324 against.

BRYAN PUTS BLAME ON COX AND PRESIDENT FOR DEFEAT, BEATEN CANDIDATE SILENT

Commoner Says Wilson Election Over, Majority Finished Job, Other Rules, View of Dayton News.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 3.—In a statement Wednesday W. J. Bryan placed what he termed the blame for Democratic defeat about equally between President Wilson and Governor Cox. The president, he said, "laid the foundation for the disaster and the governor completed the structure."

"The American people want the government to play its part in the abolition of war, but they are indifferent as to whether we are part of a league or part of an association of nations. There is nothing in a name but everything in a sentiment. The real issue presented by the Democratic party was not whether we should co-operate with other nations interested in peace but whether we should assume a moral obligation which had no weight except as it suspended the right of congress to act independently when the time arrived for action."

"The nation will do its part in aiding to prevent war, but it will not surrender into the keeping of any foreign group the right to determine when we shall declare war."

"Governor Cox, instead of repairing the injury done by the president, aggravated the situation by the manner in which he avoided domestic issues and misrepresented the position of the Republican party in the league issue, which he declared to be paramount."

CALIFORNIA FALLS IN LINE. San Francisco, Nov. 3.—California has gone overwhelmingly Republican, faithful to the predictions of Republicans leaders.

The only doubt that exists now in the minds of the Republican directors is the extent the majorities that Senator Harding and Samuel Shortridge will receive.

At noon Wednesday the tabulations of the Associated Press from 3,038 precincts out of the total of 6,154 gave for president: Harding 330,610; Cox 123,822.

The tabulation from 2,500 precincts, complete outside Merced and Moloc counties reporting gave for senator: Shortridge 170,032; Phelan 168,864.

GOVERNOR COX, TAFT, HUGHES AND OTHERS FELICITATE HARDING

Speculation Rife Over Cabinet Members Include Leading Men Active in G. O. P. Campaign; Office Seekers File Early Applications.

Marion, Nov. 3.—Warren G. Harding spent his first day as president-elect resting from the tension of election night and reviewing late returns with particular attention to the makeup of the 67th congress.

CALIFORNIA'S ALIEN LAND LAW WILL NOT AFFECT JAP TREATY

Negotiations Will Continue as Election Result Had Been Discussed in Advance.

Washington, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press)—Adoption by the California electorate Tuesday of the referendum restricting the right of aliens to lease or hold real property in that state will not affect, it was learned, the continuance of negotiations here between the Japanese ambassador and the state department as to the status of Japanese in California and the general subject of Japanese immigration.

The temporary absence has been fully discounted in advance and negotiations have made such progress that should a treaty result, it may reach the senate during the winter session.

The Japanese ambassador conferred today with Secretary Colby but no statement as to the purpose of his visit was given out.

ZAYAS, CUBA'S PRESIDENT. Havana, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press)—Dr. Alfredo Zayas has been elected president of Cuba. This is based on returns received by the government from three-fourths of the voting precincts.

Hughes and Coolidge. Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee in 1916, telegraphed: "My heartiest congratulations on your splendid victory."

Governor Coolidge, vice president-elect, joined Mrs. Coolidge in a message to the senator and his wife. "Accept our congratulations on your efficient leadership and glorious victory," it said. "The result passes every expectation. We are sure that you will more than fully justify the confidence of the American people who have placed in you."

Among the prominent Democrats who sent congratulatory messages were Thomas Tazgart of Indiana, former national chairman, and Bernard M. Baruch of New York and numerous Democratic members of the senate.

Cabinet Speculation. Now that the political complexion of the next administration is known, deferring the names heard often as cabinet officials include those of Elihu Root, Philander C. Knox, Henry Cabot Lodge, Charles E. Hughes, Herbert Hoover, Major General Leonard Wood, Governor Frank O. Lowden, former Senator John W. Weeks and Harry M. Daugherty.

Besides cabinet officials, Mr. Harding will have an army of other federal appointees to select—a fact which was brought to his realization with new force as the petitions of office seekers began to pile into his office in full swing. His friends declare it is partially to avoid such annoyances during a period of rest that he will leave Saturday for his month's trip to Point Isabel, Texas, and the Panama Canal zone.

GOES TO PANAMA. Whether the president-elect and his party will sail for the canal zone from New Orleans or some other port is a question yet to be determined, a previous plan to go by way of the Louisiana city having been reconsidered because of the time required by that routing. It is possible that one of the regular passenger boats running south through the gulf will be diverted to permit him to board it along the Texas coast.

Secret Service Men. Mr. Harding parted formally with his Secret Service men.

He expressed keen pleasure as the growing figures confirmed a Republican gain in both senate and house, for he had told his friends that his greatest apprehension over the outcome had not been a fear of defeat for himself so much as a realization that as chief executive his hands might be tied by lack of a working party majority in the legislative branches.

Congratulations. An avalanche of congratulatory messages was received by the president-elect and Mrs. Harding, many prominent Democrats offering numbers among those who sent their good wishes. Governor Cox sent a brief telegram accepting the result and the senator in a still briefer message thanked him. When Mr. Harding looked in at his office at the end of the afternoon no word had yet been received from President Wilson.

Cox Telegram and Answer. In the exchange of telegrams today between Senator Harding and Governor Cox, no words were wasted on either side in reference to the fighting lines or the issues of the campaign.

"In the spirit of America," telegraphed the governor, "I accept the decision of the majority, tender to the defeated candidate my congratulations, and pledge as a citizen my support to the executive authority at whatever emergency might arise."

To which Senator Harding replied: "As the successful candidate, I thank you for your message of congratulation and pledge of support."

From Former President W. H. Taft came this telegram: "I congratulate you and the nation and the world on your triumph and election by an unprecedented majority. I felicitate you and the country also on your having a good working majority of Republicans in each house of congress."

"The dignity, courtesy, sense of responsibility and self-restraint with which you have carried yourself in the campaign under the greatest provocation to a different course must in retrospect afford great satisfaction to yourself as they do to your supporters."

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SIX DEMOCRATIC SENATORS AND 60 REPRESENTATIVES SUPPLANTED BY G. O. P. MEN

California, Colorado, Idaho, Maryland, Oklahoma, South Dakota Choose Party Men With Harding in Upper House, With More Claimed Will Follow Last Count; Electoral College Vote Exceeds 346.

New York, Nov. 3.—The crest of the Republican election wave, both presidential and congressional, continued rising as belated returns filtered in.

WHITE HOUSE HAS NO WORD ON ELECTION

President Wilson Sends Harding No Message or Gives Version.

Washington, Nov. 3.—(By the Associated Press)—President Wilson had no comment to make on the result of Tuesday's election nor did he send any message of congratulation to President-elect Harding.

Having received only the preliminary returns before retiring Tuesday night the president arose early and after breakfast scanned the later figures of the Republican victory in the morning papers. Later he spent some time on the south portico of the White House and conferred with Secretary Dummery.

Rear Admiral Grayson, the president's physician, made a special visit to him at noon and stated subsequently that the president's health apparently had been unaffected by the result of the election. He said the president had a restful night and that he was in "good condition."

During the afternoon the president and Mrs. Wilson took their daily automobile ride. Mr. Wilson received no callers and the only visitors at the White House executive offices were Henry Morgenthau, former ambassador to Turkey and Norman E. Hapgood, former minister to Denmark.

With about eight states still in the doubtful list in presidential and senatorial contests, the huge casualties were the election of Nathan L. Miller, Republican, to succeed Governor Smith of New York, who ran far ahead of the Cox-Roosevelt vote in the Empire state.

Among new Democratic casualties were defeats of Chas. Clark, of Missouri, former speaker and present Democratic leader in the house; election of a Republican congressman from Texas; re-election of a Republican senator from Missouri and a sudden jump of Senator Harding into the lead in Oklahoma. Another border state, Tennessee, hung by a narrow margin, but with the Democrats leading.

Republican senate majority of 10, as compared with but 2 at present, and a house majority of around 100, as against 40 odd were other forecasts of the overwhelming majorities.

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