

## HAMILTON IS BURIED UNDER BIG BI-PLANE

### Daring Aviator Probably Fatally Injured by Monster Flying Machine at California State Fair

### 20,000 SPECTATORS SEE AWFUL DESCENT

### After Racing Against Auto The Machine Strikes Ground With Terrific Force

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 9.—Charles K. Hamilton, the aviator, hero of the great race from Philadelphia to New York last June 13 was seriously and possibly fatally injured at the state fair grounds at 7 o'clock this evening, his new 115 h. p. biplane nearly crushing the life out of him when it crashed to the ground after a spectacular flight.

Hamilton met with two accidents during the day. The first occurred about 1 o'clock in the afternoon. He attempted a flight from in front of the grand stand at the fair grounds, but his motor did not work well, and the machine barely skimmed over a fence, lighting heavily in a field outside the grounds. After several hours work it was thought all repairs had been properly made.

Early in the evening Hamilton made another ascent from the field outside the grounds. He circled over the mile race track three times at a great speed, racing an automobile which was unable to keep up with him.

After the third round he attempted to alight, but the huge machine swooped down straight to the earth in an acute angle, dashing to the ground in full view of 20,000 persons.

Hamilton's wife was one of the witnesses. Hamilton was found unconscious and covered with blood, under the six cylinder engine of the biplane. He was extricated by the excited crowd and sent to his hotel in an ambulance. The surgeon's examination failed to reveal any broken limbs, but the pelvis bone is thought to be fractured, and serious internal injuries are believed to have resulted. His face was badly lacerated, one eye being entirely closed. It was necessary to put him under the influence of opiates, and the full extent of his injuries has not yet been ascertained.

At midnight a consultation among the surgeons was being held.

## PROGRAM OF RALLY BY THE DEMOCRATS

### ALL PLANS COMPLETE FOR THE BIG FINAL AFFAIR THIS EVENING

All arrangements have been completed for the grand final rally of the democrats for the constitutional delegate campaign in this county tonight. As was announced yesterday in the Review the speakers will be the candidates, who will each one, tell the people his stand on the important issues at stake. No outsiders will be brought into this meeting. The program was arranged last night and will consist of band music and the addresses by the candidates. Attorney D. L. Cunningham of Tombstone and Attorney A. F. Parsons of Douglas, make the principal addresses of the evening and they will be well worth hearing.

The program is arranged as follows: Music by the Copper Queen band of twenty-two pieces at 6:45 p. m. on Upper Main street. After rendering a short concert at the head of the street the band will play again in front of the post-office and at 7:30 will go to the Copper Queen plaza where another concert will be given. At 7:45 sharp Chairman George Neale will call the meeting to order and will deliver a short address. The address will be given in the following order, D. L. Cunningham, E. E. Ellinwood, Pat Conolly, Jack Bolan, S. P. Bradner, E. A. Towren, C. M. Roberts, R. B. Sims, Thomas Feeney, and A. F. Parsons.

### DAN PATCH, JR. WINS

PORTLAND, Sept. 9.—In the stock show 2:14 pace \$1,000, Junior Dan Patch won; Chiquita second; Lou Miller third. Best time 2:08 1/2. Chiquita turned a somersault while scoring in the second race, and neither horse nor driver was injured.

## MEXICAN OFFICIAL IS THRASHED IN DOUGLAS

### DOUGLAS, Sept. 9.—W. L. Ryerson, who has a lease on Tigre mine ground this afternoon met Justice Valdes of Pihares, a Mexican official and gave him a sound thrashing on the street, then went to Justice Rice and paid a fine.

Ryerson claims that the official has been abusing Americans with vile language across the border, and he had avowed revenge the first time he caught the Mexican on this side of the line. The matter probably will be taken up by the Mexican consul here.

## MARK SMITH MAKES PLAIN HIS POSITION

### Is For The Initiative and Referendum and Has Never Expressed Himself In Any Other Way

The following from the Phoenix Democrat effectually disposes of the rank falsehood about Mark Smith, which was printed in the Evening Miner the other day: "Lying republican papers have printed in their columns the statement that Mark Smith was opposed to the initiative and referendum and its incorporation in the constitution of the Arizona. Republican politicians, whose veracity is as badly warped as that of the republican newspapers, have made the same statements. The Democrat today secured the following interview from Mark Smith, who arrived in Phoenix this morning from Tucson:

"I came over on a matter of private business, and also to learn what I can of the situation here regarding our impending constitutional convention. I want to see the democratic ticket in this county elected, as it will be elected in many others. I am not afraid to trust my party, which for twenty years locally and nationally has been the mainstay of our struggle for statehood.

"The republican press in its present dilemma is at last admitting that their congress is not anxious that we should have statehood, and that it required all the ability and influence of Taft to force it through an unwilling republican senate. I have feared these Greeks from the first. I have more than once expressed a fear of any man, be he Taft or a Tilden, who would require as a condition precedent that he must pass on the people's organic law before statehood would be permitted. Any man insisting on such power is a dangerous agent to exercise it. I denounced then and denounce now the action of the president in that regard. With such power, he can use a bludgeon over the heads of the people of Arizona.

"My fears of adverse action, however, have never been so great as to lead me to submit to it or advise others to do so. My fears, however are much abated when I behold the rapid spread of insurgency in the republican party. By the time our constitution is formed, Mr. Taft will see and appreciate the people's determination as it best pleases them, and will be slow to exercise a veto in such a case as ours.

"Under the constitution the president has no power in the admission of state. That is the exclusive function of congress. The incoming congress, if it pleases, can admit the state regardless of its former action and regardless of the president.

"While we are being threatened by the possible act of Taft if we fail to please him, we face the certain action of the people if we displease them. You tell me the great president of whom you boast will turn down our constitution if it contains an initiative and referendum clause. The extracts from his speeches recently printed shows him not at all averse to a referendum in certain cases. The next fall elections may entirely convert him.

"The democratic party is committed to the principle of the initiative and referendum. It can be trusted to form a constitution containing that provision.

"Arizona needs no guardian. Her citizens have built a great commonwealth under the hardest conditions that ever met the pioneer in his western march. Every stone in the great structure was laid by their unaided hands. We know our conditions; we know the laws best suited to them and do not need the advice of imported political bosses, nor are the people here easily intimidated by doleful prophecies. No man living has made greater effort and worked longer or harder than I have for statehood for this territory, and I stand

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## RANCHER HAS HORRIBLE 15 HOURS IN WELL

### White Falls 40 Feet To The Bottom And Is Saved By Dead Horse From Drowning

### CRIES FOR ASSISTANCE HEARTLESSLY IGNORED

### Finally Rescued by Guy Welch And Two Others When Nearly Exhausted

W. A. White a rancher from Hereford, had an experience Tuesday night that was enough to turn his hair gray. He fell into a deep well which was partly filled with water and it was hours before he was rescued. Although not seriously injured by his fall White was crippled by a wrench given his back when he struck the water.

Mr. White was in Bisbee Tuesday with a load of garden truck from his ranch. On his way in from Hereford he noticed a buggy standing some distance from the road at a point between the wagon road bridge and the railroad tracks on the Hereford road, which is about fourteen miles from Bisbee.

White started for his ranch in town and started for his ranch in the evening. When he reached the place on the road where he had seen the buggy in the morning it was very dark and he thought he heard some one call for help. He stopped his team and walked in the direction of where he had seen the buggy.

He had walked a short distance from the road when he felt himself dropping straight down. He fell what seemed to him a great distance when he struck the water and went down several feet. Rising to the surface of the water White felt something big floating and drew himself up on it. After he had recovered himself he discovered that he was sitting on a dead horse which has floated sufficiently to float and to hold up his weight.

For some time White was not able to do anything for himself, as his fall had hurt his back and had partly stunned him. After he regained all his faculties he set about to get out of the well. It was so dark that he could see nothing and could only estimate the distance to the top. The well was about four feet across and forty feet deep. White took his knife, which was unusually large, and cut steps and hand holes in the sides of the well. He thinks that it must have been about eight o'clock at night when he began digging the steps. He would dig a step on one side of the well and then reach across and dig one on the opposite side. Drawing himself up step at a time he reached a piece twelve feet from the top shortly before daylight when he found a change in the ground and that the walls had partly caved in.

This condition of the sides of the well prevented him from getting higher. He had worked steadily for about nine hours digging out the steps to find that they would do him no good. During the time he was digging he would become exhausted from the strained position he was obliged to keep and would go down and rest for a few minutes on the dead horse.

Shortly after the day began to break White climbed up to where the well had caved in and while examining the situation he heard the sound of wheels on the road. He listened and said that he could tell by the sound that it was a buggy passing with one horse. He called for help and heard the man driving in the buggy drive up to his "White's," and say "White, stand still," and then drive on. White continued to call for help, but the man in the buggy did not answer although White is sure that his cries for assistance were heard.

To be left in such a predicament by the man who was driving the buggy who did not even stop to see from where the calls for help came made White angry and his anger served as a tonic. He dragged himself up to the place where the well widened out and with his knife and a piece of rock cut out a hole big enough to sit in. From this place he started to dig an upraise with his crude tools. When he had dug for about four feet he heard sounds of someone coming towards the well. He called out and Guy Welch from Hereford answered him. Welch had brought a rope and with the assistance of two hunters White was pulled out of the well.

Welch said that the man who had

## Duke of the Abruzzi and Miss Katherine Elkins Who Are Keeping Europe Gossiping



## JURY ACQUITS IN THE ILLINOIS BRIBERY CASE

### Minority Leader Browne Is Freed on Charge of Purchasing Votes for Senator Lorimer—Eight Ballots

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—Attorney Lee O'Neil Browne of Ottawa, Ill., the legislative minority leader charged with bribery in connection with the election of Senator Lorimer, was acquitted by a jury in Judge Koestner's division of the criminal courts today.

The jury, which took eight ballots, was out 21 hours. On the first ballot the jury stood eight to four for acquittal. The final juror standing out for acquittal was won over to the verdict of acquittal at 2:35 this afternoon.

The verdict was then returned in open court. In the court room there was an uproar. It was ten minutes before the bailiff stopped the cheering. Browne appeared as greatly pleased as though absolutely absolved from further trouble in regard to the Lorimer election. Apparently he had forgotten that he is under indictment on the same charge, and will have to face trial at Springfield, in Sangamon county.

## CHURCH CELEBRATION.

WINDSOR, N. S., Sept. 9.—The scene of the ceremonies in celebration of the bicentenary of the Church of England in Canada was transferred today to this place, where the many eminent churchmen and others taking part in the observance gathered for a special convocation at King's College, the oldest university in the British colonies.

## LOSES FOUR BOILERS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—The temporary loss of four of her boilers is the principal damage sustained by the battleship North Dakota, as a result of the explosion yesterday. A mail report from Admiral Schroeder reached the department today.

driven past the well in the early morning had stopped at Hereford and told him that there was someone in trouble up the road. He did not say what was the matter. Welch drove out as fast as he could and found White's team and heard his calls for help.

White stated that he suffered from the cold during the night and that at times his arms and hands ached so that he could hardly hold his knife. He dropped the knife once and thought that it was lost, descending the well he found his only tool lying on the body of the horse. He was in the well for a little more than fifteen hours and while at times he said that he was very much discouraged he made up his mind that he would get out alive. He stated that he would have been killed had it not been for the horse that had had the misfortune to drown in the well.

White is very bitter against the man who after hearing his calls for help went off and left him in the well without even so much as making an investigation to see what the trouble was.

The horse that was drowned in the well belonged to Nacop people who had been out the day before. It had fallen in and it was impossible to rescue it.

## LARGER POWER TO CURB RICH SAYS COLONEL

### Roosevelt Tells Buckeyes Government Cannot Combat Against Wealthy Set—Meets "Boss" Cox

CINCINNATI, Sept. 9.—Theodore Roosevelt defended his doctrine of "New Nationalism" in a speech at the Ohio Valley exposition here today. He also commended President Taft for his appointments of two public officers.

Col. Roosevelt's day in Cincinnati was one of the quietest he has had on his western trip. There were no bands to meet him and the people of Cincinnati had not a chance to see him, except when he was at the exposition grounds in the afternoon.

The Colonel's tour has been a severe one and it was at his own request that the day's program was simplified. The Colonel left the train at the Torrence road station a suburb, and spent the morning at the home of Congressman Longworth, his son-in-law. Then he went to the exposition grounds, looked at the exhibits, attended a luncheon and delivered an address in Music Hall. Returning to the Longworth home he held a reception. George B. Cox, leader of the republican party of Cincinnati, was there and met the Colonel. After dinner the Colonel went to the opera at the exposition grounds.

He spent the night with the Longworths, and is to leave early tomorrow for Columbus and Pittsburg. He will speak in both cities. From Pittsburg he will go to New York, winding up his western trip Sunday morning.

Roosevelt, in defending "New Nationalism," replied to those who oppose his plan of increasing the power of the central government for the purpose of dealing with conservation, the control of corporations and other questions.

"They say do not give the government too much power," he said. "Certainly not. I do not want to give the government any more power than is necessary. You would not have to have so much power in the national government if you were dealing with individuals, none of whom were very rich, but when you get an aggregation of rich individuals you must master them through the government."

### UHLAN BREAKS RECORD

CHARTER OAK PARK, HARTFORD, Conn. Sept. 9.—Breaking the world's trotting record in an exhibition mile by a horse driven to a wagon, and without shields, was the feature accomplished this afternoon by Thian. Time 1:58 3/4, driven by C. K. G. Billings, of New York.

## BALLINGER IS NOT FAITHFUL SAY PROBERS

### Democratic Members of Committee Ask Taft to Have Secretary Resign—Kansas Insurgent Sustains Pinchot

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 9.—That Richard A. Ballinger has not been true to the trust reposed in him as secretary of the interior; that he is not possessed of public confidence, and that he should be asked by the president to resign his office.

The foregoing sums up the findings of the four democratic members of the Ballinger-Pinchot congressional investigating committee made public today. The republican members issued no report.

An independent report was given out by Mr. Madison the insurgent republican from Kansas, which declared also that Mr. Ballinger should not be retained, that he was an unfaithful servant to the people and to the cause of conservation, and that Pinchot should be sustained.

These findings will be printed and filed with congress. The decision of the four democratic members and Mr. Madison to make the reports public followed an unusual scene. The republican members, Senator Sutherland, of Utah, and Representatives McCall, of Massachusetts, and Denby, of Michigan, refused to attend the meeting. Finally the chairman of the committee himself, Senator Nelson of Minnesota, left the committee room and did not return.

Chairman Nelson gave notice that a meeting would be held in Chicago next Tuesday. The democratic members adjourned to meet again in Washington.

### SENTENCED TODAY

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—One of the most important criminal prosecutions undertaken by the Federal government in recent years will arrive at a climax tomorrow morning when Charles R. Heike, former secretary of the American Sugar Refining company, and Ernest W. Gerbracht, former superintendent of the sugar trusts' Williamsburg refinery are arraigned in the United States Circuit Court to receive their sentences for conspiracy to defraud the United States government out of custom duties by the false weights of sugar imports. The indictments against Heike and Gerbracht were returned last January and their trial and conviction followed in the spring. Since their conviction they have been at liberty on \$25,000 bail each. After sentence has been passed tomorrow argument will be heard for a new trial for the convicted men.

### THE WEATHER

ARIZONA—Fair.

## TORRID TIME ENDS IN FAVOR OF G. PINCHOT

### Resolutions Adopted At The St. Paul Conservation Congress Fully Indorse The Roosevelt Idea

### CALIFORNIA MEN HAVE A VIOLENT QUARREL

### Pardee and Short Exchange Hot Words Over Water Power Site Control

ST. PAUL, Sept. 9.—The resolutions adopted by the committee at the conservation congress follow: "The second national congress (conservation) made up of delegates from nearly every state and territory of the United States, met at the call of a great moral issue and in session assembled at St. Paul, does hereby adopt and solemnly declare the following platform concerning the inherent right of the people of the United States:

"Heartily accepting the spirit and intent of the constitution, and adhering to the principles laid down by Washington and Lincoln, we declare our conviction that we live under a government of the people by the people and for the people, and we repudiate any and all special or local interests, or platforms, or policies in conflict with the inherent rights and sovereign will of our people.

"Recognizing the natural resources of the country as the prime basis of property and opportunity we hold the right of the people in these resources to be national and inherent, and justly inalienable, and we insist that the resources should be used and conserved in ways consistent with the welfare and the perpetuation of the people.

"Recognizing the waters of the country as great natural resources, we approve and endorse the opinion of Theodore Roosevelt that all the waters belong to all the people, and hold that they should be used in the interests of the people.

"Realizing that all parts of each drainage basin are related and interdependent, we hold that each stream should be regarded and treated as a unit from its source to its mouth; and since the waters are essential and are generally interested, we hold that in all cases of divided or doubtful jurisdiction, the waters should be administered by co-operation between state and federal agencies.

"Recognizing the interdependence of the various uses of the waters of the country, we hold that primary uses are for domestic supply and for agriculture, through irrigation or otherwise, and that the uses for navigation and for power, in which water is not consumed, are secondary; and we commend the modern view that each use of the waters should be made with reference to all other uses for the public welfare in accordance with the principle of the greatest good to the greatest number for the longest time.

"Viewing the purity of the water supply as essential to the public health and general welfare, we urge upon all municipal, state and federal authorities and on individuals and corporations, preventive action toward purifying and preventing contamination of the water supply.

"Approving the successful efforts of the United States to provide homes on arid lands through irrigation, we endorse and commend the reclamation service and urge its continuation and the extension of the same policy to the drainage of swamps and overflow lands to be carried forward so far as appropriate through co-operation between states and federal agencies.

"Recognizing the vast economic benefit to the people of water power developed from mountain streams no greater than from navigable rivers, we favor federal control of water power development; we deny the right of states or the federal government to continue alienating or conveying water by granting franchises for the use thereof in perpetual, and we demand that the use of water rights be permitted only for limited periods, with just compensation in the interests of the people.

"We demand the maintenance of the federal commission empowered to deal with all uses of the waters, and to coordinate these uses for the public welfare in co-operation with similar commissions or other agencies and maintained by the states.

"Approving the withdrawal of public lands pending classification and the separation of surface rights from

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