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REYES HALTED AT HAVANA BY DIAZ-MADERO CALLS OFF HIS TRIP

HEYBURN BILL WOULD LIMIT STORAGE TIME

Senator Declares That Three Months Is Long Enough for Eggs to Be Kept on Ice

POULTRY AND BUTTER ALSO ON THE LIST

Discovery Made That Nearly All "Fresh" Fish Sold Comes from Weeks of Cold Storage

(By Victor Elliott.)
WASHINGTON, May 18.—When does the "fresh" egg of commerce cease to be a fresh egg, and no longer fit to occupy a place of honor upon the American breakfast table?
This question is answered, along with many others respecting the "age" of food products, in a bill and an elaborate report upon the same now pending before the senate, and of which Senator Heyburn of Idaho is the author.
This measure is the cold storage bill, and it is the outgrowth of the agitation before congress a little more than a year ago of the question of high cost of living. It is one of great importance to consumers, and its aim is to protect the public against decomposed meats, poultry, fish, eggs, butter and other food-stuffs kept in cold storage. While its provisions cannot apply to cold storage produce sold in the states unless they enter into interstate commerce the operation of the measure is necessarily confined to the District of Columbia, the territories, and such places as those over which the federal government has jurisdiction. It is intended as a model measure from which state laws upon the same subject may be patterned. Because it is offered as a model for local legislation, the greatest care has been exercised in its preparation, and its provisions have been fixed only after far-reaching inquiry and investigation.

Right This Time.
Generally Senator Heyburn, whose ability is always recognized, is upon the wrong or unpopular side of public questions, but it is difficult for any man always to be wrong, and in this instance the Idaho senator seems to be right and to be working in the interests of the public.

His bill provides that of the following named articles, the manufacture or products thereof, shall be deemed to be "altered" if held in cold storage for more than the periods designated:

Beef, seven months old; veal, four months; pork, four months; mutton, four months; lamb, three months; poultry, three months; game, three months; fish, three months; eggs, three months; butter, three months.

Should any such products kept in cold storage for a longer period than as specified in the measure be entered in interstate commerce, they may be confiscated and destroyed as deleterious to health. A system of labeling is provided in the measure which will require the dealer to show the "age" of his meats, poultry, game, eggs and butter, to the end that the consumer may know how long the food has been in cold storage.

Double Storage Period.
Included also in the prohibition is any article of food which, having been held in cold storage for any period, has been taken out and returned to cold storage. This provision would apply especially to the Thanksgiving turkey, which is placed in refrigerators usually in October and taken out and exposed for sale just before Thanksgiving. Then, if the bird is not sold, it is returned to cold storage, there to remain until Christmas time, when the American appetite again craves for the prize fowl of the barnyard. It is contended that the exposure contaminates the flesh, and therefore it is impure when returned to cold storage.

Three months is the time limit fixed in the bill for the storage of an egg. The abuses in connection with the sale of cold storage eggs are of the most revolting character. The committee found that the courts have recently found that eggs which have been thoroughly rotten have been compounded into a solid frozen mass and sold to bakers. This filthy trade

(Continued on Page 4.)

BISBEE PEOPLE NOT FOR WIDE OPEN SALOONS

News in Review Yesterday of Move for All Day and Night Opening Is Surprise

MAJORITY AGAINST IDEA

The announcement in the Review yesterday morning that the saloons were trying to get the council to pass a new ordinance which will permit them to keep open 24 hours a day came as a great surprise to the majority of business men and people of Bisbee. That they are indignant over the idea of throwing Bisbee back into the wide open class expresses it mildly. That the saloon keepers who are back of the petition being circulated by "miners" are aware that public sentiment disapproves of the move is indicated by the secrecy that has attended the plans.

Individual members of the council have been approached by saloon agents, who have drawn dark pictures of financial ruin because "people" go to Lowell after 1 a. m. to patronize the saloons there. The council has been told that women who run rooming houses are going to move to Lowell because they cannot get liquor in Bisbee after 1 a. m. And the plea is made in behalf of the miner, that he ought to be able to get his whisky at all hours of the day.

One of the leading business men of Bisbee said yesterday:
"There is no argument made in behalf of a wide open town that was not just as good before the saloon hours were restricted as it is now. The overwhelming sentiment of Bisbee is against the all-night saloon. It is my honest opinion that if the saloonkeepers do not know when they are well off they had better hire an able bodied man to kick them hard. This saloon petition, on the face of it, is wholly in behalf of the undesirable element—prostitutes and their hangers-on—and a few old timers who cannot get along without booze six hours out of the twenty-four. Instead of giving them the additional six hours, public sentiment might easily be aroused in favor of still further restriction—if this all-night demand is persisted in."

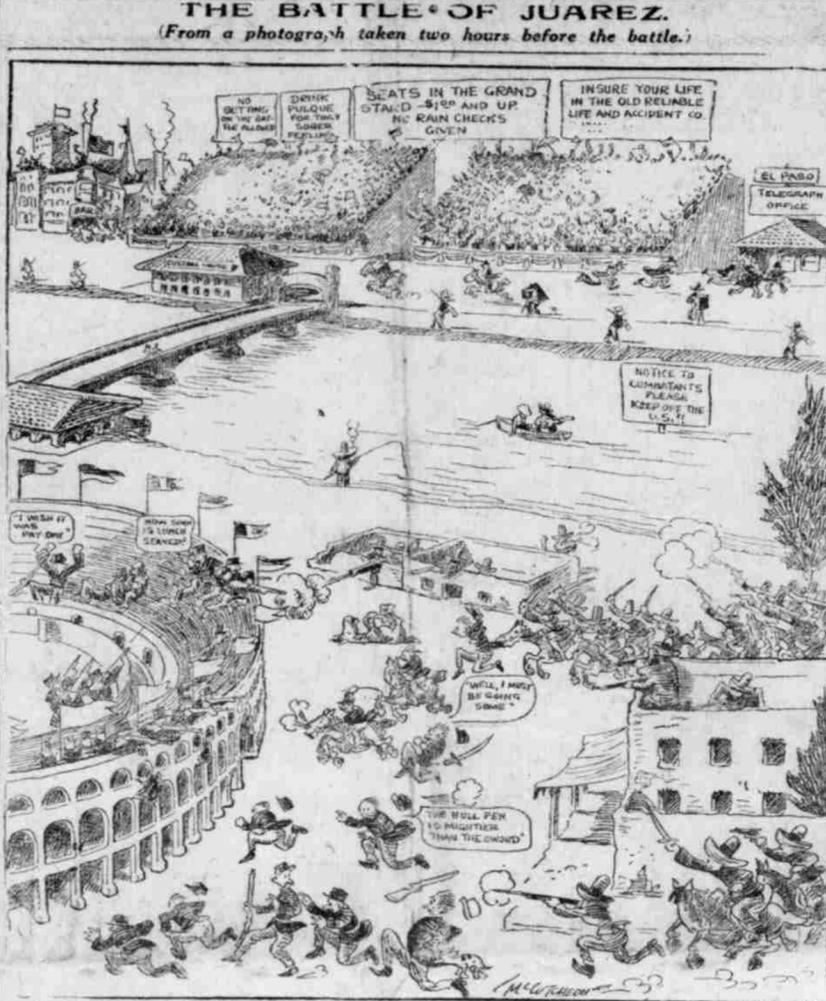
Several aldermen were seen by the Review, and it became apparent that an attempt had been made to increase each with the financial argument, as between Lowell and Bisbee, to the entire exclusion of the moral question involved, and the real character of the persons back of the plea for a return to the wild and woolly wide-open state.

People outside of the council, who are aware of the true motives behind the liquor move, were emphatic. Said one: "So Bisbee is being ruined, is it, because prostitutes and hopeless drunkards find it necessary to go to Lowell to obtain liquor between 1 o'clock and 6 o'clock a. m. Well, for my part, I would not care if they stayed in Lowell. The man or woman who cannot get enough liquor between 6 o'clock in the morning and 1 o'clock the next morning should not have enough standing in the community to influence across by the city council."

BIG SUM FOR PAINTING
LONDON, May 19.—After excited bidding at Christie's today, Raeburn's portrait of Mrs. Robertson Williamson brought \$116,500, a record for a Raeburn.

THE REVIEW will issue sixteen pages tomorrow (Sunday.) This issue will be devoted largely to baseball and feature articles, besides the regular local and telegraph sections. Advertisers are requested to send in their copy early.

MRS. TAFT BETTER.
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—Mrs. Taft so far recovered from her attack of nervous trouble tonight that it was announced that it would be unnecessary for her to go to Hot Springs, Va., or to Beverly to recuperate.



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MADERO TO END BULL FIGHTING

All Gambling and Cruelty Will Vanish in Mexico Under New Order of Things

LOTTERY IS ALSO DOOMED

JUAREZ, May 19.—Gambling and bull fighting will be abolished in Mexico by the Maderistas when they get into power. Race track gambling may be doomed also.
Abraham Gonzalez, who is expected to be provisional governor of the state of Chihuahua, said today in this connection:
"As is our president, I am against gambling and bull fighting. All gambling concessions made after Nov. 20, 1910, the date of the beginning of the revolution, will be cancelled immediately. All concessions made before that time will be honored by us, of course, but with their expiration no more will be granted. This applies to both gambling and bull fighting."
"We are now investigating the race and poker concessions in Juarez."
Since it is known that Madero is strictly against gambling in every form, the national lottery may be abolished.

DOUGLAS MAN KILLS HIMSELF IN EL PASO
EL PASO, May 19.—The body of Charles Cook was found in a local rooming house this afternoon with a bullet hole in the forehead.
Cook is believed to have been a railroad man from Douglas, Ariz., and was at one time a member of the insurrecto army in Mexico. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide.

WIND AT DES MOINES.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, May 19.—West Cedar Rapids tonight suffered from a storm which did great damage. A plaster factory and several residences were demolished.

TEDDY WORKS FOR THE TRUST

He and Pinchot Connote at Lumber Monopoly, Is Suggestion of Unknown Personage

WON'T DIVULGE HIS NAME

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—Senator LaFollette tried today to get Leonard Bronson of the Lumber Manufacturers' association, at the hearing on the Canadian reciprocity bill before the senate finance committee, to confess who told him he "was of the opinion that Roosevelt and Pinchot in their conservation fight were working hand in hand with the so-called lumber trust."
Mr. Bronson, in opposing reciprocity, said some one made such a statement to him, although he placed no confidence in it.
Mr. Bronson declined to give the person's name and the matter was then expunged from the record.
Representatives of the lumber manufacturers, cattle and sheep raisers, milk producers and cream separator manufacturers appeared to oppose the reciprocity bill.

HURRICANE SWEEPS CENTRAL STATES
LACROSSE, Wis., May 19.—A wind storm which uprooted small buildings, tore down trees and was accompanied by a terrific down-pour of rain, caused much damage to Lacrosse and vicinity today.

IOWA HAIL STORM
BOONE, Ia., May 19.—A terrific hail storm swept this district this afternoon, causing heavy damage to fruit trees.

Politics Explains It.
Mr. Connell said politics had more to do with the staidhood situation, as the republicans hoped republican senators would be sent by New Mexico, while they feared democratic senators would come from Arizona.

Mr. Humphreys of Mississippi declared the republican party had consistently kept New Mexico out of the union, although it was entitled to statehood. Republicans charged that the democrats were now trying to delay its admission by forcing it to vote on proposed changes in its constitution before that constitution was approved by congress.

Former Speaker Cannon said that the democrats had an opportunity

ATTACKS MADE ON TERRITORIES

Both Subjected to Criticism for the Constitutions They Adopted—Politics Is Charged

MANY SPEECHES ARE MADE

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Renewed attacks on the recall provision of the Arizona constitution from the republican side and democratic criticism of the unamendable feature of the New Mexican constitution held the attention of the house in today's consideration of the statehood resolution.
Representative Boomer of Missouri, democrat, said that New Mexico virtually was controlled by the railroads, and other large interests, and that the present form of the constitution is such as to preclude the possibility of being easily changed. He urged that Arizona have the recall for judges.

Hitch in Admission.
Representative Pickett criticized the principles of the recall as applied to judges. Following him Representative Connell of New York, democrat, approved the pending resolution, declaring it was the only fair way to treat the two territories. While the republicans favor the immediate approval of the New Mexico constitution, the democrats favor submitting both constitutions to the people for further examination and popular vote on the disputed sections.

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LUMBER TRUST ATTACKED BY GOVERNMENT

Blacklisting Conspiracy Is Charged in Common With Other Sensational Law Violations

SUIT TO CRUSH THE TRUST

NEW YORK, May 19.—In the first federal anti-trust proceedings brought under the Sherman law as interpreted in the Standard Oil decision, the department of justice today filed a suit in the United States court here against the constituent organizations of what is popularly known as the Lumber Trust, alleging the existence of a widespread conspiracy "unreasonably" to restrain the lumber trade in this country.
150 As Defendants.
Ten trade organizations and more than 150 individuals are named as defendants. It alleges violations of the Sherman anti-trust law and seeks a permanent injunction restraining the defendants from continuing the conspiracy charged.

The Black List Club.
It is said the suit may be the first of a series planned by Attorney General Wickersham looking to the breaking up of alleged agreements between the retailers of commodities, to maintain high prices, to force all ultimate consumers to buy from retailers and to black list wholesalers who sell to others than members of the retail organization.

The elaborate system of blacklisting attributed to the alleged lumber conspirators, copies of circulars sent out by the organization, classifying consumers as "proper" and "improper," extracts from reports threatening "short shrift" to dealers daring to violate the rules of the organization and branding such officers as "poachers," "scalpers," "mavericks" and "illegitimates" are fully set forth in the government's petition.

Many Under the Ban.
It is alleged that not only private consumers have been blacklisted but that many great industrial concerns have been put under the ban by the lumber dealers. The government bill, aggregating 20,000 words, is replete with sensational allegations and interesting exhibits.

The suit is directed specifically against retail organizations in the eastern states, but the trial will embrace methods adopted by retailers and wholesalers throughout the United States.

As a Test Case.
In general the case is regarded as Attorney General Wickersham's long planned test suit to have the courts determine how far combinations of retailers may go to prevent the ultimate consumer from dealing directly with the wholesaler or producer.

The government takes the position that any agreements or acts which prevent a consumer from buying where he chooses are "unreasonable" restraint of trade, and violate the Sherman law. No attack on the middle man, as such, is intended, the department of justice holding that there is little opportunity for him.

Many More in the Game.
It is known that government agents have reported that the case is nearly paralleled in the marketing of many

(Continued on Page 4.)

GOT \$25,000 FROM CROOKED CONCERN

OAKLAND, May 19.—Henry P. Dalton, assessor of Alameda county, arrested yesterday, was indicted today on two counts on the charge of lowering the assessment of the Spring Valley Water company for the consideration of \$25,000, to be paid in three installments.

He was arraigned before Judge William Waste of the superior court today, when his bail was fixed at \$25,000 for the first indictment and \$15,000 for the second. Bail was given.

"It's a case of preservation," he said. "It's the same kind of thing I've experienced for 17 years in which I've been county assessor. They are trying to blacken my character. I look forward to the trial, where I will have opportunity to clear myself."
He did not specify who "they" were, to admit New Mexico when they were in power before, but had failed.

CONSPIRACY AGAINST MADERO

Assassination Report Stirs Capital—Madero Hastily Calls Off His Visit to the City

MAY RESULT IN QUICK MOVEMENT BY FIGUEROA

Anonymous Circulars Tell Police of Plot—Madero Names Cabinet; Reyes to Stay Out

MEXICO CITY, May 19.—Although government officials deny knowledge of any plot to capture or assassinate Francisco I. Madero, Jr., the revolutionary leader, or to interfere with him should he come to the capital, the story that such a plan had been detected served to tighten public tension here.

Residents of the capital are speculating regarding the probable action of the rebels should they give full credence to the report.

May Stir Figueroa.
By the conservative element it is doubted if proof of the story can be supplied and without proof it is not believed the rebel leaders will show a belligerent spirit. Ambrosio Figueroa, leader of the rebels in the south, is the man most likely to be influenced by the report, but it is not believed here that he will consider it as a sufficient reason for continuing his march against the capital.

At police headquarters it is admitted that anonymous letters have been received telling of the existence of a conspiracy. No names were given.

Reyes Not to Come.
General Bernardo Reyes had been expected to arrive from Europe Sunday morning. His arrival at Havana and the announcement that he had received instructions not to proceed to Vera Cruz until further orders were made known here tonight.

On good authority it is said Senator de la Barra has submitted to Madero the names of three generals for the post of war minister, but that Reyes was not among them.

Reyes to Stay Away.
HAVANA, May 19.—General Bernardo Reyes, former Mexican minister of war, arrived here today from Europe on the steamer Ypiranga. He intended to resume his voyage to Vera Cruz tomorrow, but received a message from Mexico which caused a sudden change in his plans and he decided to remain in Havana to await further developments in the Mexican situation.

General Reyes declined to divulge the contents of the message.

Peace Will Not Be Declared.
It is known that government agents have reported that the case is nearly paralleled in the marketing of many

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 19.—Peace will not be declared to be in effect in Mexico, nor will the general armistice be terminated until the moment Senator Francisco Leon de la Barra becomes the provisional president in succession to President Diaz.

Francisco I. Madero, Jr., will not visit Mexico City until Senator de la Barra is installed in power. Then he may go to the capital to assist in tranquilizing the country.

Will Subdue Rebels.
If the rebels in Lower California or other hands hitherto fighting independently do not lay down their arms, Madero's army will be used to subdue them.

No peace agreement will be signed, but the interim until Senator de la Barra becomes president will be utilized by the Mexican congress to enact laws covering most of the reforms demanded.

A Tangle Occurs.
This is the explanation given by one of the most prominent of the

(Continued on Page 4.)

OJINAGA OCCUPIED.
PRESIDENTO, Tex., May 19, (via Marfa, Texas.)—The federal troops recently victorious over the rebel command of Jose de la Cruz Sanchez before Ojinaga have abandoned that city and the administration of civil affairs has been turned over to provisional officers appointed by Sanchez.
