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SOMEBODY HAS STARTED BOOM FOR NEWLANDS

Nevada Senator Declared By Some to Be Truly Representative of the Great West Progress

HIS RECORD POINTED TO AS EVIDENCE

Backers Claim That He Would Be Able to Get Many Votes in Democratic Convention

(By Victor Elliott.)

WASHINGTON, July 17.—As the time is drawing near for the two great political parties to hold their convention for the nomination of candidates for president, much interest is being manifested as who are possibilities. Almost day the name of some man is connected with tion.

The latest possibility is Senator Francis Griffith Newlands. He is a true son of the country, for he was born in the south, educated in the north practiced law in the west and became a legislator in the east. His life in each of the sections and his successors have given him a claim on each of them.

A Model Millionaire.

Two years ago when he ran for senator in Nevada against another millionaire, who announced his intention to spend all the money necessary to win, Newlands carried the state in a walk. The opposition loosened generously enough to suit the most enthusiastic gangster. Newlands toured the state as the candidate who had not bought a drink or a vote and he came through with an overwhelming popular endorsement in the primary. Despite his command of great wealth, no millionaire in public life has been so free from suspicion of making improper use of money in politics.

Newlands is a firm advocate of the primary. He believes it gives the people a chance to get what they want. He stood by this doctrine in his campaign, refusing to attempt competition with the arts of the financier in politics, and won with such a majority that the state legislature gave him a unanimous vote for senator.

Nevada is the smallest state in population in the Union, but it makes the best of the largest proportional gain in the last decade of any other state.

"Son of the Great West."

It is not the plan of the democratic friends of Senator Newlands who are booming him to place him in the race as the favorite son of the smallest state. They propose to present him as the son of the Pacific and mountain west. They claim California, Nevada, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, and the southwestern territories. California is going to lead in the fight for Newlands at the democratic convention because of his services to San Francisco after the earthquake and fire. No native son of California did more to sustain the conndence of eastern capital in the city during those terrible times.

To the south Newlands will look as much a southerner as Woodrow Wilson or Champ Clark. To the far west he is know as the author of the great reclamation code. The east knows and respects him as a safe and successful business man. The whole country knows him as a publicist who has always been two or three years ahead of the times, and whose judgment has been vindicated by the course of events.

The railroads of Nevada are its pride. In no other state are they independent of political influence. The state railroad code is most effective. They say in Nevada that the state owes to Newlands the inspiration which brought into existence this condition.

While a member of the house of representatives, Newlands served on the ways and means committee and took an important part in the framing of the tariff bills. He was on the irrigation committee, and it was then that he rendered the service for which the entire west is indebted to him.

Practical Work.

In 1894 Newlands conceived his plan for the reclamation of the arid lands and the conservation of water. He first presented his plan to the people in an address. Later he elaborated upon his original plan in the form of a bill which he introduced in congress, and which finally became law. The reclamation of this valuable land has not cost the western states anything, and yet these states have had the benefit of Federal backing in reclamation projects. Without the aid received from congress it would have been impossible for them to have reclaimed the land.

Senator Newlands is a democrat by nativity, inheritance and inclination. He is well qualified to become a nationalist.

He never hesitated about the regulation of the railroads. He was al-

(Continued on page three.)

OPENS POSTAL BANKS IN FOUR BIG CITIES

LIBRARY UNIV. ARIZONA TUCSON, ARIZ.

FRANK H. HITCHCOCK.

Postmaster General Hitchcock, under fire for his alleged activity in politics through the postoffice department, is appealing to the country on the record of his postal savings bank and Saturday took the latest step in this direction by designating banks for Chicago, Boston, New York and St. Louis, to be opened Aug. 1.

UGLY CHARGES GIVEN HEARING

Father of Drowned Officer Says Santa Rosa Was Run Into Rocks to Collect Insurance

CAPT. FARIA IS ACCUSED

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 17.—That Captain Faria, of the steamship Santa Rosa, told Chief Engineer They to "either pull the ship off or break it in two," was declared by George Ryan today when called to testify concerning the wreck of that vessel July 9 off Point Arguello, before Government Boiler Inspectors Belles and Bulger.

Ryan, who is now a salesman, but who was in the United States navy for six years, declared he heard the captain make this remark to the engineer. He also testified that he heard Faria say he had orders to keep everybody aboard and that the ship was perfectly safe.

Owners Are Accused.

Robert Hewson, the aged father of the drowned second officer, testified late today that he believed Captain Faria ran the Santa Rosa on the rocks in response to orders from the owners, the Pacific Coast Steamship company. Hewson said he based his belief on information gathered by his son E. M. Hewson, who had been at the scene of the wreck constantly in the hope of recovering his brother's body.

"Fourth Officer Mathiason told my son, E. M. Hewson," testified the senior Hewson, "that Faria ran the ship onto the rocks so the company could collect insurance."

The inquiry will be continued tomorrow.

DARING AERONAUT IS FOUND UNCONSCIOUS

ASBURY PARK, July 17.—A. J. Roberts, an aeronaut, who started in a dirigible balloon from Philadelphia for New York, was found unconscious on the beach near Deal, N. Y. When revived he said he was forced to pull the rip cord when he arrived there and dropped into the ocean half a mile from shore, and by the aid of a plank swam and floated ashore. The dirigible was swept off shore by the wind.

Roberts had made a landing about fifteen miles from New York and made another ascension when his dirigible was struck by a squall and driven out over the ocean.

His troubles were augmented by a fog, which caused the gas in the balloon to cool. The dirigible trailed in the water, but by throwing out ballast Roberts managed to work it to shore. Then he found his gasoline failing. He pulled the rip cord and dropped into the waves. He came across the plank while swimming and trying to get his bearings. Even with this aid he became exhausted and thinks he must have floated ashore unconscious.

AVIATOR RECOVERING.

ERIE, Pa., July 17.—J. C. (Bud) Mars, who was giant when he fell with his aeroplane here last Friday, is rapidly recovering. Today he sat up for several hours, and as he is now out of danger it is expected he will be able to leave the hospital in a week.

MRS. M'MANIGAL NOW ON TRIAL

Defense Declares Prosecution Did Wrong in Calling Her Before Grand Jury to Testify

HEARING SET FOR TODAY

LOS ANGELES, July 17.—To give the defense ample time to prepare a full written answer, Judge Walter Bordwell today continued until tomorrow the contempt proceedings instituted by the district attorney against Mrs. Ortie E. McManigal because she refused to answer questions asked her before the grand jury.

The judge asked the prosecution its purpose on calling Mrs. McManigal, witness for the defense, before the grand jury after indictments had been returned against her husband and the McNamara brothers. He said if it were to get information for further indictments "that was one thing" and if it was to learn what information she possessed "it was another."

The Answer.

The prosecution answered that the grand jury investigation was not confined solely to the McNamaras—there were others against whom indictments might be returned. It also added that it was a crime to harbor criminals and induce others to withhold information or persuade them to give false testimony. It was asserted that because the grand jury had returned indictments it was not barred from obtaining information which might implicate other persons not already indicted.

Call It Improper.

The defense declared it improper to call Mrs. McManigal before the grand jury after indictments had been returned against the persons about whom she was asked to testify. After that the attorneys on both sides drifted into an argument as to whether the grand jury might legally be called to the stand to tell their purpose in questioning Mrs. McManigal, but there was no decision on that point, as it was not an issue. They then argued about whether contempt proceedings would be heard today or later. The defense asked that they be continued until Thursday. The prosecution wanted an immediate hearing. The judge finally set the time for tomorrow afternoon.

TARIFF PRIVILEGE IS BUSINESS NECESSITY

So Argue Louisiana Sugar Growers Before House Trust Investigation

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Louisiana planters and producers of sugar made a determined stand on the tariff before the house sugar trust company today, declaring that a reduction of sugar duties would ruin the domestic production of cane sugar and that free sugar would annihilate both the cane and beet sugar industries of the country.

Chairman Hardwick of the Georgia Democrat, disagreed with their ideas:

"If you solons," said Prof. W. C. Stubbs, former state chemist of Louisiana, "want to take the tariff off sugar you must make up your minds in advance that you will kill all domestic sugar production. The big planters and refiners might manage to scrape up enough to start over again in some tropical country, but the small growers would be ruined. When you take off the tariff you may write our obituaries."

J. E. Burgieres, president of the Louisiana Planters' association, said a cut in the tariff would kill the Louisiana industry upon which 2,000,000 American citizens depend for a livelihood.

FOUGHT IN CIVIL WAR BUT MAY BE DEPORTED

NEW YORK, July 17.—Although Frank Sweeney fought for the union in the civil war and has lived in this country ever since, when he reached New York on the steamer Caledonia on his way from his birthplace in Ireland, where he had been visiting, to his home in Indianapolis, he was sent to Ellis island. He may be deported.

Sweeney, who is 83 years old, told the officials that he failed to take out naturalization papers because he believed fighting for his adopted country was sufficient proof of his loyalty and citizenship. The immigration authorities are investigating his case.

TWO MEN DROWN IN LAKE IN INDIANA

SOUTH BEND, Ind., July 17.—Two men were drowned and two more narrowly escaped a like fate at the Lake of the Woods, near here, today, when a small sailboat in which they were riding capsized. The dead are: Arthur Steinick, 29 years old, and Charles Anderson.

Fragments of Flesh all that Remain of Three Powder Workers

5,000 Pounds of Nitro-glycerine Goes Off at Plant Near Denver

DENVER, July 17.—Fragments of human flesh, found within a radius of 200 yards, bear mute evidence that three men were killed early today when approximately 5,000 pounds of nitro glycerine exploded, destroying the neutralizing plant and store house of the E. I. Dupont De Nemours Powder company, 15 miles south of Denver. The dead:

WILLIAM HUMPLE, neutralizer foreman.

AUGUST HOPPE, helper.

HANS LERVIG, storehouse foreman.

The explosion shook buildings and wrecked windows within a radius of a mile. No cause has been assigned for the explosion.

BAER'S ROADS AND MINES IN TROUBLE

Must Dissolve, Says Government in New Appeal to the Courts

WASHINGTON, July 17.—A government's suit to compel a bonafide separation of the Reading Railway company from the Reading Coal company was filed today in the federal court. The action parallels the recent one against the Lehigh Valley company and is the government's second move in its new fight to separate the coal carrying roads from their virtual control of the coal business.

Dummy Companies.

The government charges that the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, the Fulton Coal company, the Locust Gap Improvement company, the Tremont Coal company, the Mammoth Vein Coal and Improvement company, the Preston Coal and Improvement company and the Delaware Coal company, are dummies of the Reading Railway company and the Reading company, which is the holding corporation.

Will Forego Ice Cream For Cause of Suffrage

NEW YORK, July 17.—To aid the women of California to win when suffrage for women is presented to the voters there October 10, New York women suffragists have agreed to observe a week's fast next month.

For seven days beginning August 15, women will forego ice cream, cooling drinks, roof garden parties and week-end visits. Many well known women subscribed to the plan. The money will be saved and turned over to the California cause.

WOMAN SAVED AFTER PROTESTS PILE IN

Canadian Government Commutes Mrs. Neapolitano Sentence to Life

OTTAWA, Ont., July 7.—The sentence of death passed upon Mrs. Angelino Neapolitano for the murder of her husband at Sault Ste. Marie, has been commuted by the cabinet to a life term in prison.

The action followed the pouring in on government officials of hundreds of thousands of protests from the Dominion, the United States and European countries. The American protests were the most numerous and vigorous.

The condition under which Mrs. Neapolitano's crime was committed and the fact that the date set for her execution, Aug. 9, was but twelve days after the time she is expected to become a mother for the fifth time, aroused a popular storm of disapproval of the court's verdict, which the government was unprepared to resist.

Mrs. Neapolitano killed her husband April 16 last. At her trial it was shown that she was driven to the act by Neapolitano's efforts to drive her to an improper life. It was represented that she was seeking to protect the name of her four children and of the one soon to be born.

The condemned woman wept for joy when informed the sentence had been commuted.

$100,000 GOLD SHIPPED.

SEATTLE, July 17.—The steamship Humboldt, which arrived from Alaska tonight, brought $100,000 in gold from the Dawson district. The gold will be shipped to the smelter near San Francisco.

HINES CONCERN GAVE $10,000

This Is Allegation of Secretary of Company in Lorimer Investigation, According to Witness

STEPHENSON MENTIONED

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The part officials of the Edward Hines Lumber company took in the election of Senator William Lorimer to the senate claimed attention today at the investigation by the senate Lorimer committee.

William Burgess, an electrical contractor of Duluth, Minn., testified that C. F. Wiehe, secretary of the Edward Hines Lumber company, remarked to him last March that he had subscribed $10,000 to a "jackpot" to elect Lorimer.

Herman H. Hetler, president of the Herman H. Hetler Lumber company of Chicago, a rival of the Hines Lumber company, testified that on the day of the election Hines said to him that he personally had elected Lorimer.

Testimony Not Corroborated.

On the other hand, Henry Turrish, another business man of Duluth, Minn., failed to bear out the testimony of Wirt H. Cook, his business associate, to the effect that Hines said to them about the time of Lorimer's election that "Old Stephenson" (meaning Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin, so Cook believed) "after I elected him was working for free lumber," and that the southern democrats fluctuated in their attitude.

Stephenson Undecided.

Turrish said he remembered nothing about the southern democrats, but heard Hines say that Stephenson was undecided.

In the testimony of Mr. Burgess the name of a priest, Father Green, was brought into the case as having received a confession from a detective that the detective was employed by a Chicago newspaper to gather "trumped up charges against Lorimer."

Tomorrow it is expected James Keeley, editor of the Chicago Tribune, will testify.

5 CENT LEVY LIKELY FOR TERRITORIAL ROAD

This Is Information From Tombstone—Reason for Proposed Visit

(Special to the Review.)

TOMBSTONE, Ariz., July 17.—That the territorial board of control is getting somewhat uneasy about Cochise county at this time as to whether or not the board of supervisors will make the levy this year for carrying on the work of constructing the territorial highway, is evidenced from a letter received by Clerk H. E. Berner of the board to the effect that Robert A. Craig, citizen member of the board of control, and J. B. Girand, territorial engineer, would be in Tombstone on Saturday, July 22, to confer with the officials in reference to the highway now being built and exchange views with the local commercial body, the chamber of commerce.

It was stated this morning upon good authority that the board would make a levy of only 5 cents, the same being required by law, and no more. For the past year the board has been endeavoring to ascertain from the board of control the proposed program of the territorial road in Cochise county, and each effort has proved in vain, receiving replies to the effect that the board of control was constructing the highway and not the supervisors. So, therefore, until positive information is had the board will absolutely refuse to levy more than 5 cents.

OLD KENTUCKY HERMIT MURDERED AND ROBBED

VINE GROVE, Ky., July 17.—Murder, robbery and arson is believed by the authorities to have been unearthed after a fire today that destroyed the home of Dave Patterson, a wealthy hermit who has lived near here for many years. He is supposed to have kept large sums of money in his isolated home.

Rushing to the burning building the neighbors found the body of the hermit charred in his bed. A rifle nearby with a fired cartridge in it led some to the suicide theory, but it was later ascertained the skull had been crushed and officers believe it a case of murder. What amount of money was taken, if any, is not known.

AUSTRALIA PLEASED WITH NEW TREATY

MELBOURNE, Australia, July 17.—The acting premier, William Morris Hughes, said today that Australians might congratulate themselves upon the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese treaty.

This will give Australia ten years instead of four to prepare for the defense of the country against imminent danger.

OPPOSES ARIZONA'S RECALL OF JUDGES

SENATOR WILLIAM A. SMITH.

Chairman Smith of the senate committee on territories is using every effort to prevent Arizona's judiciary recall feature remaining in the constitution upon the entry of the new state to the union and in line with his position, Senator Nelson has stricken out the recall in a resolution which he proposes for the senate's consideration.

DR. ROBISON IS LET OUT

Friend of Dr. Wiley Dismissed By Secretary Wilson Because of Insubordination Charges

CASES NOT CONNECTED

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Floyd W. Robison, an important member of the staff of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture, it developed today, was dismissed from the bureau June 20 on charges of insubordination.

Dr. Wiley said today that Robison had been dismissed, but he did not know officially why or when he had been discharged. Secretary Wilson said that Robison was relieved because of his refusal to carry out an order of the secretaries of agriculture, treasury and commerce and labor to prohibit the use of benzoate of soda mixed with food, which it had been determined was deleterous to health.

Cases Not Connected.

The order was not to be rendered effective provided that "each container or package of such food was plainly labelled to show the presence and amount of benzoate of soda." The dismissal of Robison, the secretary said, had nothing to do with the recommendation for the dismissal of Dr. Wiley by the departmental board.

It is known that Robison took the same view of the deleterious effects of benzoate of soda as Dr. Wiley took, but they were turned down by the referee board of consulting scientific experts, appointed by President Roosevelt.

BLANCO RESIGNS AND MEDINA MAY SUCCEED

JUAREZ, July 17.—Brigadier General Jose de la Luz Blanco today tendered his resignation as mayor of Juarez in order to give attention to military and police matters. He will remain military director of the rurale police forces in northern Chihuahua.

His successor as mayor is not definitely known, but indications are that the appointment will go to Juan M. Medina, former lieutenant colonel in the insurrecto army.

Gen. Pascual Orozco has been made commandant of the rurale forces in the southern district of Chihuahua.

CAVALRY TO REMAIN AT MEXICAN BORDER

WASHINGTON, July 17.—As a result of an unfavorable report to the state department on conditions in Mexico close to the Arizona border, the war department has ordered the four troops of cavalry at Nogales to remain there until the situation clears.

SENATE LEADS HOUSE IN ITS RADICALISM

Adopts Most Drastic Campaign Publicity Bill Ever Passed in Congress; Without Opposition

10 CENTS TO EACH OF VOTERS ALLOWED ONLY

No Political Jobs Can Be Pledged to Secure Election—Publicity Before Election Day

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The most drastic campaign publicity legislation ever passed by either branch of congress was adopted by the senate today practically without a dissenting vote.

Using the pre-election publicity bill passed by the house as a basis, the senate constructed the proposed law with the following important features:

"No candidate for the senate or house shall spend in his election more than a sum equal to ten cents for each voter in his district or state.

"No senatorial candidate shall spend a total of more than $10,000 in the primary and general elections and not candidate for the house shall spend more than $5,000.

"Publicity must be given to all primary campaign contributions and expenditures.

Public Before Election.

"All general election expenses must be made public before election, beginning 15 days before election and making publication each day until election.

"All promises of political jobs must be made public."

The bill further makes illegal any promise of political places in order to secure election support. The bill will probably be subject to prolonged conference between the two houses.

It originated in the house as a part of the democratic legislative program and was designed to require the publication of expenses before election, which was not required by the existing publicity law. The republicans in the house unsuccessfully attempted to extend the bill to cover primary election expenses. In the senate the primary election amendment, coupled with the more radical amendments, was adopted with little opposition.

STRANGE EPIDEMIC IN NORTH CAROLINA

ASHEVILLE, N. C., July 17.—An epidemic prevails in Mitchell county, which, it is said, has heretofore been unknown to medical science and is baffling physicians. The malady manifests itself by small blood-spot stains on the tips of the fingers, passing through the arms into the body and resulting in death within a few days. The disease has claimed several victims, one of whom was Dr. F. P. Slagle.

Dr. Charles Buchanan, a leading physician, became infected a few days ago and was sent to Johnson City, Tenn, hospital, where his condition is said to be critical.

HUSBAND IS MURDERED WHILE WIFE IS DYING

INDIANAPOLIS, July 17.—While his wife lay at the point of death in an adjoining room, Victor R. Easterday, 42 years old, a saloonkeeper, was shot to death yesterday by his brother-in-law, Harry C. Gordon. Gordon appeared at police headquarters and was locked up on a charge of murder.

The shooting occurred at the Easterday home and was witnessed by Art Adams, a neighbor, and former policeman. The shooting is said to have been the result of a family quarrel of long standing.

Mrs. Easterday is not expected to live and has not been told of the murder of her husband.

MOTHER OF SENATOR OWEN LAID TO REST

LYNCHBURG, Va., July 17.—Funeral services for Mrs. Narcissa Chisholm Owen, mother of United States Senator Owen of Oklahoma and Major W. O. Owen, U. S. A., retired, of Washington were held toterday in St. Paul's Episcopal church and in Springhill cemetery. Mrs. Owen, who was 79 years old, was a daughter of the hereditary chief of the Cerokee Indian nation. She died Wednesday in Guthrie, Okla. The family formerly resided here.

TO HEAR DELEGATE.

WASHINGTON, July 17—The house committee investigating land transactions at Controller Bay, Alaska, will hear Delegate Wickersham of Alaska tomorrow on his knowledge of the Alaska Syndicate.

HOPE FOR RECOVERY.

PARIS, July 17.—The announcement was made tonight that John W. Gates was doing nicely and his family had hopes for his recovery.