

MARKETS
NEW YORK CITY
Average copper price
week ending Jan. 5.—
22.60.

The Bisbee Daily Review

WEATHER

Arizona—Sunday, Monday, fair, temperature unchanged.

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

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BISBEE, ARIZONA, TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1916.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

SCOTT URGES UNIVERSAL MILITARY SERVICE

Compulsory Service for All Men Between Eighteen and Twenty-one Years of Age Advised Chief of Staff.

DECLARES COUNTRY NEEDS TWO MILLION

Suggest Term of Enlistment Should Consist of a Six Months Period and Contents U. S. Needs Reserves.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Universal military service in some form in the United States and possibly the requirement that all men between eighteen and twenty-one be given at least six months training as a substitute for the volunteer system, was discussed before the House military committee by Major General Scott, Chief of Staff of the army.

Scott told the committee the United States would need an army of nearly two million in the event of war. It developed during the hearing that there were four million men in the country between eighteen and twenty-one, that seven hundred thousand more reached eighteen annually. With a short military requirement Scott thought the Administration's continental army plan offered the most workable solution of national military problems. If the plan failed there was no escape from compulsory service.

With military service imposed on men between eighteen and twenty-one as a patriotic duty with nominal pay he thought it would cost the nation no more for an adequate force than to maintain the present establishment.

Scott's statement that the country would need an army of nearly two million in the event of war was questioned by Representative Anthony, who asked if it would not be a physical impossibility for any power to land a half million men in the United States in a period short of sixty days.

Citing a table, prepared by the War College division of the General Staff, under date of August, 1914, Scott said Austria had the ships and men to send a force of 72,000 in the first expedition, 108,000 in the second, within sixty days France, he added, could send 160,000 in the first expedition and Germany 387,000.

SUBMARINES THWARTED

ATHENS, Jan. 10.—How eight German submarines that set out to attack the British fleet in the latter part of November were either destroyed or captured is described in a story told by Lord Kitchener on his recent visit here. No public account of the affair was ever given. According to Kitchener, when the maneuvers of the Great Fleet held in North Scotland, eight German submarines of the newest and strongest type went out with the purpose of attacking the fleet and they have.

One came to grief in the North Sea net and others approached the fleet, but they encountered another net and were unable to get around. Two were lost there. Finally the remainder decided to return to Hellas, but were unable to find their way out as the gate and net had been closed. Two more were lost but the remaining three were finally forced to the surface and surrendered.

PROGRESSIVES RETURN.

CHICAGO, January 10.—It is common gossip among national committeemen of the Progressive party who will meet tomorrow that the national convention will be on June 7, the same day as the Republican convention.

The committeemen held a banquet tonight, but none would make any statement for publication concerning the convention.

FLEW AMERICAN FLAG

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—The British steamer City of Lincoln passed through the Mediterranean flying the American flag as a protection against submarines, members of the crew said when the steamer arrived with valuable cargo from Oriental ports. According to the crew the ship's name also was changed to read "Lincoln." The officers refused to comment.

WOMAN ON TRIAL.

PROVIDENCE, January 10.—The jury was completed for the trial of Mrs. Elizabeth Mohr and the two negroes charged with the murder of the woman's husband, C. Franklin Mohr, a prominent physician of Providence, and Newport. Efforts to have Mrs. Mohr, who is charged with being an accessory before the fact, tried separately failed. During a long examination of the gentlemen the woman sat motionless. Tomorrow they will view the scene of the shooting.

AUTOMOBILE DAY HONORS MOTORISTS

Friday will be "Automobile Day" in El Paso in Honor of Southern Arizona Motorcade to the Texas City.

BAD WEATHER FRIGHTENING NO ONE

Visitors will be Met at Deming, New Mexico, by Representatives of Pass City—Given Key to Metropolis.

EL PASO, Jan. 10.—Friday will be Southern Arizona Automobile Day here. The Arizona auto excursion will be met at Deming by C. H. Lester, father of the Borderland Route, R. H. Ringhart, of the El Paso Auto Club, and H. B. Stevens. At the Texas-New Mexico line a delegation of El Paso motorists will welcome the Arizonans into the state and at the city limits Mayor Tom Lea and President R. B. Orndorff of the Chamber of Commerce, will present Joseph Gray the golden key to the city. A parade will then follow and headquarters will be established at the Chamber of Commerce. Free garage tickets will be furnished to all autoists from the sister state and a banquet will be given in their honor at the Paso del Norte Hotel Friday night after a ride over the city and to Juarez where they will be entertained by General Cavers. An auto cabaret will be given during the banquet.

Despite a threatening and overcast sky, there were added yesterday to the list of prospective El Paso excursionists four more car owners. These four were Joe Walker, J. L. Brooks, B. L. Smith, of Buxton & Smith, and Martwell Nowell of Warren Ranch. It was not a day that was conducive to enthusiasm but no abatement of interest was discovered.

Yesterday was devoted by the Commercial Club secretary to ascertaining definitely those who might be expected to certainly start on the El Paso trip Thursday morning if the weather permitted. At the end of the day he had a list of 18 who had said they could be depended upon and he had also arranged for the accommodation of a few of the business men, car owners, who are prepared to help represent Bisbee and the Warren District. Another list of those who expect to make the trip but have not declared themselves to be certain numbered 15. Most of these will not be able to determine definitely that they can go until today or tomorrow, and some not until the last moment. But the "line up" was considered highly satisfactory.

Advices from Oscar Goll in Douglas were received late in the afternoon. He then had seven car owners listed and again expressed confidence that Douglas would send at least ten cars. No further advices were received from Tucson or Tombstone.

To make final arrangements for the trip and to settle several details a meeting of the excursionists is to be held at the office of the Commercial Club Wednesday evening at 7:30. Among the matters to be determined will be the hour for leaving Deming Friday so that El Paso may be notified. After that meeting, also, the personnel of the party can be sent to El Paso and the reservation of accommodations made at Deming. Such meeting should furnish the last of the required information. At that time, too, penans will be supplied for decorating the cars.

Unless there shall be a severe (Continued on Page 6)

SAN DIEGO EXPOSITION TO RUN THROUGH ANOTHER YEAR



President Davidson of the Panama-California exposition; Home Economy and Foreign and Domestic Arts buildings (top); California state building (left); from a loggia overlooking El Prado.

So successful was the Panama-California exposition at San Diego last year that it has been determined by the management to run it through another year, closing the gates December 31, 1916. The best of the exhibits at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco are being moved to San Diego, where they will remain until the exposition there ends.

FINAL DETAILS ONLY TO BE SETTLED

Lusitania Controversy in All Likelihood, will be Settled Within a Week. Optimism in Official Quarters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The difficulty of agreeing upon details is delaying the final Lusitania settlement. The German ambassador and Secretary Lansing conferred today. The latter said no final agreement was reached, although the outlook was encouraging. While the principles involved were virtually agreed upon it was learned that until a method of expressing these principles satisfactory to both sides is found, the announcement of settlement will be withheld. The wording of the tentative proposal, submitted by Germany, is inadequate in certain respects.

A feeling of optimism regarding the ultimate outcome of the negotiations apparently prevail in official and Teutonic diplomatic circles. It is freely predicted that a settlement, acceptable to both governments, will be reached in a week, unless unforeseen events intervene.

By Monday the German ambassador should receive a reply to a dispatch prepared tonight for the Berlin Foreign Office. This is believed to contain the results of his latest efforts and suggestions, regarding certain desires of the United States to be embodied in the final settlement. It is authoritatively stated these suggestions are related to questions involved in the subject of reprisal, and the British blockade which the United States and Germany both declare illegal.

In consideration of public opinion in the United States, Germany is understood to be playing an important part in hastening a settlement. It is said no definite agreement, relative to indemnity, was reached.

SUBMARINE BASE ON FIRE.
NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 10.—Fire of mysterious origin caused several thousand dollars damage to docks coal pockets and storehouses at the new United States submarine base on the Thames river north of there late tonight. Officers in charge of the navy yards are reticent concerning details.

It was said by firemen that three unloaded torpedoes were destroyed. A number of loaded torpedoes were removed to a large shed after the fire was discovered firemen reported.

A BRITISH VIEW.

LONDON, January 10.—The Evening Standard commenting editorially on the reported settlement of the submarine controversy between the United States, says: "It is said America and Germany are bosom friends again, and that England is to be bullied again for interfering with America's war profits. If the British government reflects the British people, Washington will hear some stimulating truths from this side of the Atlantic."

YOUNGSTOWN IS AGAIN QUIET COMMUNITY

Officials Believe that Strike Crisis Has Been Passed. Several Investigations of Disorders in Progress.

YOUNGSTOWN, Jan. 10.—County officials expressed the belief that the strike crisis passed. Operations were resumed by the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company. The fourth regiment of the National Guard was ordered home. General Oranzer Flynn, of the American Federation of Labor, is charged with rioting last week on a scheme to depress the value of the stock of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube company so a merger of the independent steel interests could be effected.

Quiet prevailed in the vicinity of the tube works. Employees reporting for duty said they were not molested. No pickets were in evidence. A federal investigation is underway.

The county grand jury examined many witnesses in connection with its investigation. The prosecuting attorney said no report would be made until late in the week. Six men were arrested in connection with the investigation of the robbing and burning of the postoffice Friday night. It is alleged stolen envelopes were found in their possession.

It is reported the strikes in the plants in East Youngstown, Struthers and Lansingville affecting 18,000 were settled. It is unconfirmed.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Herbert Samuel postmaster general, has been appointed Home Secretary, succeeding Sir John Simon, resigned.

SPECIAL VENIRE APPEARS IN COURT

Attorney Cleary, Annie Olds' Counsel, Files Objection to Special Panel of Jurymen. Court Overrules Motion.

TOMBSTONE, Jan. 10.—(Special)—The attention of the superior court was taken up this morning first in the empaneling of the jurors that will serve as trial jurors for the present term as returned by the sheriff. The following answered to their names, and qualified:

John C. Radovich, Frank Bennett, E. J. Furrall, Luther P. Essely, Wm. Jones, Louis Roscoe, F. B. Steels, V. R. Parker, W. M. Smith, J. N. McKinney, E. K. Capeton, J. W. Hamilton, Geo. A. Walker, C. A. Gaetjens, J. R. Bryly, W. H. Long, Paul Stevens, Oscar Doyle, Hal Smith, Ross Griffith, Henry Cawood, T. P. Cowan, H. L. Cornham, T. A. Lisendy, Frank Meyer, Frank Homan, Earnest Ray, K. H. Acord, W. E. Keenan, Wm. Mliem, Joe T. Goodman, Arthur P. Griessinger, C. F. Linck, C. L. Butler, P. A. Golding, J. H. Hendrick, W. R. Henry, C. E. Welch, A. L. McKay, M. W. Powell, E. P. Brewster, Victor Johnson, J. P. McDonald, John Bravin, S. G. Davis, H. H. Huffman, W. M. Bostwick, A. J. Havin, Jack McLaughlin, O. J. Dodson.

After the panel had been accepted court adjourned until 1:30 in order to allow Judge O'Connor to arrive from Nogales as he is to try the Old case, Judge Lockwood being disqualified.

Mrs. Olds is charged with the murder of her husband, William Olds, at Pearce in April 1914. At the time of the homicide, she maintained that the shooting was accidental. What the defense will be this time has not been intimated. The prosecution will endeavor to prove that the killing was deliberate and will ask for instructions in the first degree.

Objects to Panel.

As soon as court convened this afternoon and Judge O'Connor took the bench, Attorney William Cleary, for the defendant, filed a written objection to the entire panel on the grounds that it was not regular on the following grounds: That it was not regularly and duly summoned according to law in that the court on December 23 and 24 dismissed and discharged all of the regular jurors and special venires and adjourned court.

That on January 4 the court ordered the sheriff to summon 50 jurors: that (Continued on Page Six.)

IS IT WORTH A SCREAMER HEAD?

AMSTERDAM, January 10.—According to the Frankfurter Zeitung considerable damage was done to the Krupp Works at Essen, by fire Saturday. The fire broke out in a shed used for models, and spread to the adjoining building containing the wheel work shops. Both buildings were completely destroyed.

AMERICAN IS KILLED AT MADERA

Bookkeeper for Hearst Ranch After Being Held Prisoner on Villa Orders is Reported Slain Near the Property.

MEXICO CITY AS GOVERNMENT SEAT DISTANT

Advices Indicate that While De Facto Leaders Have Swung Yet the Revolution is Not Put Down.

EL PASO, Jan. 10.—P. Keane, a bookkeeper, employed at the Hearst Ranch at Babriera, who was held prisoner for several weeks by order of Villa, has been killed by Mexican troops, according to advices from Madera. The killing of Keane, who was sixty, occurred at Rubio near the ranch in Western Chihuahua, according to a brief telegram.

Keane was held prisoner by General Medina Villa under orders from Villa, it is said. Three other employees of the Hearst Ranch were released about a week ago and reached the border. Medina Villa was recently reported in El Paso, having quit the revolution.

General Rodriguez, operating with Villa, is said to have burned all the bridges and a number of freight cars on the Mexican Northwestern Railway between Rubio and Lajunta and was reported as advancing toward Madera with a small army.

CHIEFTANS AT QUERETARO

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The restoration of Mexico City as the seat of the Mexican government, apparently is indefinitely postponed. Advice to the State Department from the Mexican embassy indicates that Carranza will remain weeks and probably for months at Queretaro, as the headquarters of the military and civilian chiefs of the de facto government who are gathered at Queretaro now for a general conference. Obregon is among the arrivals. It is expected an announcement of a new cabinet will follow the conference.

While the military situation in Mexico was amplified by the surrender of the principal Villa forces, it is far from cleared. The de facto government is only fairly started on the work of pacification. Little hope is entertained that Villa will leave the country. Some reports indicate the successful gathering of a number of leaders in independent bands and yet operating in Western Mexico.

The recent capture of Gomez Palachio by Benjamin Arguendo is not regarded by the United States as of great importance, notwithstanding it is a suburb of Torreon. Arguendo's appearance in the north aroused interest because of his personality and record such that it is feared he may fill the vacancy as a popular rebel leader created by the collapse of Villa.

BIG PROPERTY DISPOSAL.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 10.—W. F. Holt of Redlands, who established all the public utilities of the Imperial valley, has disposed of his electric power plants and transmission lines, also the electric railway in Imperial and Coachella valleys to the Southern Sierra Power company of Riverside. It is announced. The deal involved a monetary consideration of approximately a million and a half. The gas plant at El Centro, Imperial and Brawley, with real estate valued at a half million were retained by Holt.

HUERTA IS FAILING.

EL PASO, Jan. 10.—General Huerta's physician stated his patient was gradually losing strength. His illness has reached a critical stage with slight hope of recovery. Huerta was again tapped and two quarts of fluid removed from the intestinal tract.

BESSARABIAN SACRIFICES GREATEST OF WAR

Hungarian Newspapers Conclude that Losses on Both Sides in Fighting Around Czernowitz Largest Known.

CALM FOLLOWS EFFORTS OF RUSSIANS

Austrians Active in Montenegro. Teutonic Consular Representatives at Saloniki Not Released by Allies is Latest.

LONDON (Jan. 10.—While the Russian front is calm, there has been severe fighting in other war theatres. The Austrians, despite the waist deep snow, advanced their positions at several important points on the Montenegrin fronts, proving themselves equal to the Montenegrins in mountain fighting. The French repulsed four German attacks in Champagne. The Germans, however, retained a foothold in two places in the French advance trenches. The British en route to relieve Kut-et-Amara, met Turkish forces which were compelled to retire after heavy fighting.

Petrograd says the Czernowitz calm is due to huge losses, resultant from the demoralization of the Austrian army. This is evident from the estimate of Hungarian newspapers that the losses to both sides in the Bessarabian battles exceed 175,000. This is more than the total British losses in the Dardanelles campaign. Aeroplane skirmishes were the chief events on the Saloniki front. The Germans thus far have lost six aeroplanes at Saloniki.

Another Hungarian newspaper states the Czernowitz fighting has been the bitterest and bloodiest in the history of the war. Both sides are sacrificing men without parallel. The rumor that the Teuton consuls, arrested at Saloniki, were released, appears to have been without foundation. It is now announced they have been interned on a French auxiliary cruiser. Extensive Turkish reprisals are already announced by the Central Powers.

Lord Cecil, Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, referring to the Albanian situation, says that Central Albania is friendly to the Serbians, who received valuable assistance. The Russian-Galician offensive caused the Teutons to rush every available division to Galicia. Czernowitz is still in possession of the Austrians. It is filed with wounded. The Russians, apparently, are directing their main attack against Sogozora, north of the Bukovina capital.

It is persistently reported the Germans are concentrating at Monastir, preparatory to an attack on Saloniki. The determined Austrian attack on Mount Lovcen in Montenegro, is causing uneasiness among the Entente, especially to Italy, who fears success would end her dream of dominating the Albanian littoral of the Adriatic. Italian newspapers add the fear that Italy's intervention in the Balkan campaign is too late.

FIERCE STRUGGLE CONTINUES.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 10.—The struggles for the possession of Szarto rusk and Czernowitz continue with unabated fury over the Russian Christmas holidays. The effort of the Germans to outflank the Russians at Bayan on the frontier east of Czernowitz and thus relieve the pressure on the latter place was checkmated by the Russians, according to reports from the front. Fierce fighting occurred in the streets of Czartorysk on several occasions when the town changed hands. At present the Russians appear to be in possession.

APPONY TO U. S.

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—Advices from Vienna say that Count Apponyi, the veteran Hungarian political leader, possibly will be chosen to fill the post of Austrian ambassador to the United States.

PEACE MEETING FAILS.

LONDON, January 10.—A meeting at the Friends' Meeting House, headquarters of Great Britain, was called to discuss "problems of settlement of the war." It broke up after an hour of pandemonium with the singing of the national anthem and three cheers for conscription.