

SILENCE OF GERMANY STARTS FEARS

Hope Of Prompt Settlement Of Submarine Issue Fades; Long Argument At Best Is Expected

REPLY TO AMERICAN NOTE IS OVERDUE

Absence Of Kaiser's "Subs" On High Seas Since U. S. Sent Note Is Only Hopeful Sign

(By Review Leased Wire.)
BERLIN, May 2.—The foreign minister at the re-opening of the sitting of the Reichstag today, said the government had not yet reached a decision with regard to the situation that had arisen from the American note to Germany regarding Germany's submarine campaign. As soon as the imperial chancellor returned from headquarters, Herr von Jagow added, he would give the committee definite information.

BERLIN, May 2.—It has been learned that Dr. Karl Helfferich, the imperial treasurer, is at the headquarters participating in the conference on the American note. The Frankfurter Zeitung says Ambassador Gerard twice dined with imperor William and that he was able to see the German troops at an important point on the front.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Two weeks have passed since the United States addressed to Germany its note that a change in methods of submarine warfare be made, and still no definite answer has been received. Privately no attempt is made to conceal a contrary feeling and this feeling is certain to become more pronounced unless some definite news is forthcoming over night.

It is felt here that the very length of time which has been consumed by the German government in preparing a reply in itself indicates that the communication will not take the shape of a simple response to the direct and clear cut issue raised in the American note. It is feared that the reply is likely to assume an argument character which can scarcely be regarded as meeting the requirements of the United States. Persons in close touch with affairs at the German embassy, however, continue to express themselves as being positive that Germany will make no reply to the United States which will call for the breaking of diplomatic relations.

It is felt in German circles that Germany certainly will agree to abandon operations objectionable to the United States at least pending negotiations on the subject. In this connection it is pointed out that there even is a possibility that instructions to this end already have been issued to submarine commanders, there not having been reported during the last few days a case which could be complained.

TWO MORE STEAMERS ARE LOST AT SEA

LONDON, May 2.—Two steamers under charter by the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, have met with mishap at sea. The British steamer Heddon Hall has been sunk and the Swedish steamer Fridland has been damaged and is being towed into Blackdeop, at the mouth of the Thames. Both vessels sailed from Portland, Maine, for Rotterdam with relief supplies for the Belgian. A dispatch received by wireless this afternoon from the Dutch steamer Batavia said the Fridland was sinking. Another wireless from the Batavia said: "We are near the Long Sand Lighthouse with the Fridland at the mouth of the Thames." The Fridland has on board 7,000 tons of wheat.

SONORA LIFTS "THE LID"

DOUGLAS, May 2.—By virtue of a special arrangement with brewers in Hermosillo the state capital of Sonora, the state government has secured a monopoly on the manufacture and sale of beer within its borders, according to a statement of high officials who refused to be quoted for publication.

The government, which has hitherto prohibited the manufacture or sale of intoxicants, will now permit the sale in limited amounts on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. No man may purchase more than three glasses, although the size of the glasses to be used has not been specified.

In order to insure the strict observance of this rule, the major and chief of police in each town will act as official bartenders on sale days.

COLORADO G. O. P. IN WILD SCENE FOLLOWING ELECTION

All Delegates Will Go To Chicago Uninstructed; Governor Carlson Defeats E. Grubb For Place

(By Review Leased Wire.)
PUEBLO, Colo., May 2.—By a vote of 545 to 236 Governor Carlson was today elected a delegate at large to the Republican national convention at Chicago over Eugene Grubb of Garfield. Denver county voted 64 for Carlson an 888 for Grubb. Other delegates at large elected were: Phillip B. Stewart, El Paso; Karl Schuyler, Denver; Chas. W. Waterman, Denver. Delegates were elected from the second district: Fred O. Roof, Pueblo; Daniel Taylor, Las Animas. Fourth district delegates are: John A. Ewing, Lake; Bulker Wells, San Miguel. Dr. Hubert Work of Pueblo was elected to the national committee at large. The feature of the convention was a contest in the Denver delegation which resulted in the vote of that delegation being polled individually amid scenes of disorder. The delegates at large to the republican national convention at Chicago were not instructed to support any particular candidate.

MEXICAN MINISTER TO PROTEST BRITISH SHIP SEIZURE

Mexico City, May 2.—Minister of foreign affairs Augilar intends to protest to the British charge d'affaires, Thomas B. Hohler, against the recent seizure of the cargo of the power schooner Oregon by the British cruiser Rainbow. The Oregon was on a trip from Mazatlan to Guaymas.

ALL AUTO RECORDS GO

NEW YORK, May 2.—Ralph Mulford broke all automobile records for from 1 to 24 hours today at Sheepshead Bay Speedway when he covered 1,819 and fraction miles in 24 hours. The best previous distance for a 24 hours run was made by S. F. Idge nearly nine years ago on the Brooklyn track in England.

Carranza Forces Capture Cuerna Vaca From Zapata

(By Review Leased Wire.)
EL PASO, May 2.—Carranza forces today captured Cuerna Vaca, capital of the state of Morelos, from the Zapatistas, according to an official dispatch received here tonight from Mexico City by General Alvaro Obregon. General Pablo Gonzales commanded the de facto troops.

The city fell at 10 a. m., after four hours of fighting. The Zapatistas lost four pieces of artillery. The dispatch made no mention of the number of troops engaged or of the casualties. The Carranza forces immediately proceeded to improve the city's sanitation.

This is the first time the Carranza government had possession of Cuernavaca since it took the ascendancy in Mexico. MEXICO CITY, May 2.—The city of Cuernavaca was captured by the forces of General Pablo Gonzales today after 12 hours of fierce fighting. This information was brought to the war office tonight by a special messenger who carried the report of the commanding general. According to these advices other cities in the state of Morelos have been captured by the constitutional-

2 ARE KILLED 20 INJURED IN RIOT AT PITTSBURG

Battle Rages For Hours Before Police Put Strikers To Flight; Many Officers Shot By Snipers

WESTINGHOUSE MEN STORM FACTORIES

Militia Rushed To Help Restore Order. Refusal Of 8 Hour Day Said To Have Started Trouble

(By Review Leased Wire.)
PITTSBURG, May 2.—Two men are known to have been killed, four probably fatally wounded and a score of others seriously hurt this afternoon when a mob attacked the Edgar Thomson works of the Carnegie Steel Company in Braddock. A pitched battle lasting an hour followed during which four hundred shots were fired, but the rioters were finally forced to retreat in the face of a deadly fire from the police and plant guard. The situation is quiet tonight. District Attorney R. H. Jackson announced that he would take steps at once for the deportation of all foreigners connected with the riot.

The riot was the climax of a day of disorder in the boroughs of Braddock and Rankin during which mobs stormed the plants of the four big steel companies and drove the workmen out and then partly wrecked the interior of the plants. Many of those injured in the fight were spirited away by the rioters and for hours after quiet had been restored injured continued to be brought to hospitals for treatment. Snipers tried pickin' goff two deputies who were fighting to hold back the mob and two deputies were said to have been hit. Women also joined in the mad fight to gain entry to the works and two of these were wounded. The two men killed were foreigners.

The mob first attacked the office of W. J. Dixon, superintendent of transportation at the Edgar Thomson works and with clubs and stones, wrecked it. Deputies, rushing to prevent the destruction of the office, were compelled to use it as a barricade and from behind the wreckage they poured shot after shot into the mob which withdrew. After stoning the plant for 45 minutes and charging in a hand to hand struggle, the deputies and guards were forced back into the buildings. Deputies who had been on guard at the Westinghouse plants in Wilkesburg and East Pittsburgh, were dispatched to the scene, but were forced to fight their way to the sides of the other deputies, who were gradually being forced further back into the plant. After a fierce fight which raged for several minutes, the mob was forced back out of the gates and finally compelled to run for shelter before the hot fire of the deputies. Reports received here tonight said that two companies of state constab-

EMBARGO ON ARMS PLACED ON MEXICO

Funston Will Permit Only Munitions He Is Sure Are For Carranza

(Continued From Page One.)
WASHINGTON, May 2.—Secretary Baker stated tonight that he had sent orders to General Funston to take military precautions, in accordance with the treasury department's supervision, to prevent an armament and arms from reaching any persons other than authorities of the Carranza government.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., May 2.—Orders were received from the War Department today, replacing the embargo on explosives, particularly ammunition, destined for Mexico, the order is said to be very stringent in its provisions. The only ammunition affected by the embargo in this locality is a shipment of between two and three hundred thousand rounds which were rejected several months ago as defective. This has since been stored in the freight depot of the El Paso and Southern Railway. During the period of several weeks during which ammunition was permitted to cross, it is claimed by well informed local men that no less than five million rounds were taken into Sonora.

HIGHEST WAGES IN STATE

The local mining companies yesterday announced that owing to the average price of copper reaching 27.95¢ for the month of April, the miners and muckers in their employ as well as the other employees would receive an advance of twenty cents each. This will make the wages of the miners \$5.50 per day and that of the muckers \$5.25. This is the highest price ever paid to miners or muckers in the state of Arizona and gives to Bisbee the honor of having that class of labor paid more than any other mining camp in the state.

CONSCRIPTION IMMEDIATE, COMPULSORY IN ENGLAND

Premier Asquith Challenges Parliament To Vote Bill Down, Declaring It Kingdom's Wish

FIVE MILLION MEN ALREADY UNDER ARMS

Relief Is Felt Over Nation With Few Exceptions, And Cabinet Crisis Is Believed To Be Past

(By Review Leased Wire.)
LONDON, May 2.—Premier Asquith announced today to an expectant Parliament that the government had at last agreed on the much disputed recruiting question and had decided for immediate military compulsion for the duration of the war. The premier claimed that conditions had all along stipulated only one justification for such a step, namely, general consent of the nation, and that it now has been obtained, as proved by the speeches in the House of Commons last week when a bill, providing for the extension of the military service was introduced by Walter Hume Long, president of the local board, and later was withdrawn. Mr. Asquith added that the country again needs men and would not accept craftsmen unless they could readily be spared by the industries essential for the successful prosecution of the war. Having given interesting details of the national success in its prodigious efforts in raising five million men for the army and navy, the premier expressed confidence that the bill proposed would end once and for all the prolonged controversy, and in a general statement challenged the House to indicate if the government had lost the country's confidence. The debate which followed the minister's speech showed that the bill is likely to have a speedy passage, as it met with general approval. A number of Liberal and Labor members, however, said in effect that the bill was not justified. They contended that the government had been gradually driven from point to point by the conscription press and that military necessities had nothing whatever to do with the government's giving way. The bill will be introduced tomorrow, and it is expected and will contain no suspensory clause.

U. S. TROOPS BLOCK MOVE OF SONORA SOLDIERS

Americans Prepare For Battle As Carranzistas Attempt To Gain Pass Into State Of Chihuahua

3500 MEXICANS ARE THREATENING LINE

Clash Impending, Is Belief At Douglas, Where Latin American Feeling Is Running High

(By Review Leased Wire.)
DOUGLAS, May 2.—An attempt today of the de facto cavalry, the advance guard of General Arnulfo Gomez, to enter Chihuahua, through Pulpito Pass, was frustrated by the American troops, according to a report received from American sources. The Mexicans, according to the report, were under command of Colonel Jesus Maria Aguirre and had succeeded in penetrating 18 miles into the pass before their movement was discovered by a United States military airplane which reported the presence of the de facto troops to the American commander. The American troops are said to have been drawn up in strategic formation to hold the pass. However, Colonel Aguirre did not attempt to press forward. He contented himself with camping and dispatching messengers to the rear, presumably to communicate with General Gomez.

Col. Aguirre's advance into Chihuahua is believed here to have been the forerunner of a general movement. Americans arriving here from the south reported that forces of General Gomez, which have been scattered in the towns of Bavispe River Valley, have received orders to concentrate between Colonia Morelos and Colonia Oaxaca and were marking northward toward that point today. This would place the entire command on the road to Pulpito Pass through which they would enter Chihuahua in the Casas Grandes region.

Gomez is reliably reported to have thirty-five hundred men, including eighteen hundred cavalry and four cannon. Fifteen hundred de facto infantry are stationed at Fronteras, 29 miles south of here. This column has eight pieces of artillery. The garrison of Agua Prieta is not more than three hundred strong. Excitement on both sides of the border is growing, owing to wild rumors. Arrivals today reported that a rumor had reached the de facto soldiers at Fronteras that five thousand American soldiers were invading Sonora, and it was with difficulty that their commanders restrained the Mexicans from marching northward to meet the supposed invaders.

Preparations are under way in Agua Prieta for the celebration of Cinco de Mayo, Friday. A Mexican patriotic society with headquarters in Pirtleville, a suburb, one mile north of Douglas, announced today the intention to march through this city (Continued on Page Five)

PERSHING PLANS TO STAY

COLUMBUS, May 2.—Active VNOZIRY "XINZOR" in the American expeditionary force here and in the Mexican territory occupied by General Pershing's troops, according to reliable information here tonight. General Pershing himself left the field headquarters at Nantiquipa today for an inspection trip to San Antonio, presumably to aid him in the re-disposition of his troops.

More commodious quarters are being erected for the base ordnance department and the shipment of supplies to the front continued. Five truck trains stalled in the mud between Columbus and Colonia Dublin began to move north today after twelve hours of sunshine had partly dried the road. None of them reached here tonight, however, it being reported that the sands were still heavy. Supply officers, warned by the difficulties experienced, are devising plans for the maintenance of transport during the rainy season.

WASHINGTON IS INSISTANT THAT OBREGON YIELD

Juarez Peace Parleys Show United States Firm Against Withdrawal And Impatient With Delays

(By Review Leased Wire.)
WASHINGTON, May 2.—Developments here in the Mexican situation tonight awaited advices from General Scott, as to his further conferences with General Obregon at El Paso. The War Department had received no report from the chief of staff. Administration officials declared the situation to be unchanged in any respect after President Wilson and his cabinet had conferred with the regular cabinet meeting. Secretary Baker said late today that General Funston's original orders to pursue the Columbus raiders into Mexico still stood, as did the original purpose of the expedition. There was no indication today of any change in the determination of President Wilson not to accept any proposal of the Carranza government conditioned on the immediate withdrawal of the American forces in Mexico. This element of the suggestions presented by General Obregon at the military conference and by Eliseo Arredondo, General Carranza's ambassador designate here, has so far proved a stumbling block to an agreement for cooperation in the bandit chase, the object of General Scott's discussion with the war minister.

From Mexican sources it was learned that based upon the immediate withdrawal of the American troops General Carranza has offered through his two representatives to place an active army of 25,000 men in northern Mexico as soon as the Americans are withdrawn. The offer was accompanied by assurances, it is said, that more than half of this force would be so placed as to guarantee border towns from future bandit raids, while the remainder would be used in a vigorous pursuit of bandits until the whole country adjacent to (Continued on Page Four)

AGREEMENT IS BELIEVED NEAR AT JUAREZ

General Scott Is Reported Making Marked Progress In Winning Obregon Over To American Side

MAY BACK UP ON WITHDRAWAL ORDER

U. S. General's Diplomacy And Peace Pipe Methods May Gain Right For Americans To Patrol Mexico

(By Review Leased Wire.)
EL PASO, May 2.—The conference will be continued at eleven o'clock. EL PASO, May 2.—In a late message to the first chief, General Obregon reported that the negotiations were proceeding satisfactorily to both sides. EL PASO, May 2.—At eight o'clock tonight, eight hours after his conference with General Obregon, General Scott handed the following statement to the Associated Press: "We are still conferring in a spirit of mutual good will, and hope to arrive at a solution that will be satisfactory to both of our governments. There will be nothing more for publication." This statement was signed Obregon and Scott.

EL PASO, May 2.—Marked progress toward an agreement was made today by the American and Mexican negotiators considering United States troop dispositions in Mexico, according to an official but authoritative advices. It is believed now the matter, which has been threshed out in the next day or so. This progress was due to the fact, it was said, that General Obregon concluded there was no possibility of altering the intention of the Washington government not to withdraw General Pershing's expeditionary force immediately. The attitude of the Mexican minister of war is believed to have been described by a Mexican official who took part in the first conference in Juarez, who is close by conversant with the entire situation and who said: "Between two evils you must choose the lesser. It would be folly to suppose the de facto government desires war."

To Come Half Way It was gathered from this that the Mexicans had decided not to press the question of withdrawal in view of the possibility that a break might follow. The negotiations today took an entirely unexpected turn. In the morning it was announced that there probably would be a meeting in the afternoon with General Scott and Funston representing the United States as in the first conference and with Generals Obregon and Trevino representing Mexico. At noon, however, General Scott walked unattended from his private car to the Hotel Paso del Norte, leaving General Funston to lunch alone in the car, about the same time General Obregon crossed over from Juarez in his touring car and proceeded to the same place. Arrived at the hotel, General Scott and General Obregon went to a room on the eighth floor reserved by A. J. McQuatters, president of the Alvaro Mining and Milling Company, which has large interests at Parral, the scene of the recent outbreak of Mexicans against the American troops. It became known then that the two generals were to be the guests at luncheon of Mr. McQuatters, a personal friend of both.

Smokes Peace Pipe At this meeting, which began at noon and lasted well into the night, General Scott is reported to have employed the tactics which he successfully employed in conference with Villa, the Geronimo incident and other affairs, and which won for him the reputation of being the official peace-maker of the Washington government. U. S. Is Best Friend He is said to have indicated to General Obregon these things: That the United States is the best friend Mexico has got. That President Wilson only wishes to see Mexico rid of the Villistas and as soon as this is accomplished the American troops will be withdrawn. That it appears that the attitude of the United States government has not been properly understood, and far from seeking intervention that is the very thing it wishes to avoid. Finally, the majority of the American people, and even the military are in accord with President Wilson's desire to avoid intervention. (Continued on Page Two.)

Calles Loses Governorship of Sonora; Huerta Appointed

(By Review Leased Wire.)
DOUGLAS, May 2.—General P. Elias Calles has been summoned to Mexico City by Venustiano Carranza, head of the de facto government of Mexico, for a conference which will terminate the friends of Calles say, in the present military governor of Sonora being divested of that rank but retained as commander in chief of the military in Sonora.

This was learned today when it became definitely known in Mexican official circles that Adolfo de la Huerta, for some time first assistant in the treasury department of Mexico, had been appointed civil governor of Sonora. He is said to be en route to Sonora at this time to take office. General Calles will leave within the next day or so for El Paso via the United States, it was learned late today, intending to join General Alvaro Obregon and accompany him south. Calles' displacement as governor has been repeatedly denied both by him and other Mexican officials. It was not until this afternoon that a grudging admission was made that there was truth in the rumor which has persisted for several days. At the same time private telegrams from Mexico City to an American mining

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