

The Chicago Eagle

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NOTICE.

THE EAGLE can be ordered at Chas. Macdonald & Co.'s literary emporium and book store, 55 Washington street, and at all first-class news stands throughout the West.

THE TRIBUNE ON THE DEMOCRATIC TARIFF.

THE EAGLE is glad to reproduce for the benefit of its thousands of readers, on the first page of this issue, a facsimile of the Tribune's grand report of the revival of business.

You can bet that the Wilson Bill is all right when the Tribune shows the results to have been so rapid and beneficial.

OUR MODEL POSTMASTER.

Mr. Hesing is adding to his fame as Postmaster every day. He has instituted more reforms and procured more beneficial changes than any postmaster Chicago ever had.

THE CIVIC FEDERATION'S RAID.

Just now there is a great furore over the action of an organization known as the Civic Federation, in regard to public gambling. If the Civic Federation was engaged in an honest attempt to suppress the evil, and if there was the remotest possibility of such an attempt being attended by any degree of success, THE EAGLE would say to the movement "god-speed." The facts, are, however, that no movement of this kind has been started in Chicago within the memory of man from an honest motive. In the first place, no thinking man can arrive at the conclusion that gambling can be totally suppressed. It is one of the inherent passions of man and as such will exist as long as the human race exists.

show that the vast majority were based upon false pretenses.

The present attack upon public gambling is not an honest effort to eradicate an evil. It is a mere shallow campaign trick sprung upon the eve of an election, with the object of bringing odium and discredit upon one political party for the benefit of another. It will not work. The gauzy film of public morality that surrounds it is too thin a disguise and the public eye will easily penetrate it. The scheme is simply a Republican plot to bring discredit upon the Democratic party just before election. If there has been gambling going on in Chicago—and nobody denies that there has been—it was carried on under restrictions and regulations that reduced the evil to a minimum. Under those conditions it existed under the administration of the late Mayor Harrison, who never pretended that he could completely suppress gambling and who never tried to do so, because he knew, and so admitted, that it was impossible. Other Mayors tried to abolish gambling, and they succeeded in driving it from its usual haunts into every little back room of the saloons and cigar stores of the city, and made more general the offense that they sought to suppress. Mayor Harrison's plan in this regard has stood the test of time, and time has proven his wisdom. Mayor Hopkins, though a man of resource and even genius, himself has not been able to improve upon the policy of his predecessor, namely, to regulate that evil which cannot be abolished. He has simply followed out the way blazed by the late Mayor in this regard. Everybody knew where Mayor Harrison stood on the question of public gambling. Yet there was no howl about it. There were no spasms of virtue in the newspapers. City editors were not compelled to keep "the boys" on the jump hustling up "stories" on gambling and making material for "scare heads" about vice in the city. When Mr. Hopkins took his seat as Mayor he announced that his intention was to follow as nearly as possible the policy of the great Democrat whom he succeeded. He has done so, and the blue-nosed pharisees who pretend to be the conservators of their neighbors' morality sit down quietly and said Mayor Harrison was right, and the man who follows along the lines laid down by him will be right also.

So there were no conceptions of things suddenly changed in the fall. After a sleep of some eighteen or twenty months the good people have suddenly been seized with a wild desire to suppress gambling in Chicago. The air is now filled with their denunciations, search warrants and writs of replevin. Faro tables and roulette wheels are being pounded into smithereens on every downtown corner, and private detective agencies are getting a great amount of advertisement. Why? Because there is to be an election this fall, and the alleged crusade against public gambling is a fine gallery play for the Republican party. THE EAGLE fearlessly makes the prediction—and we ask the citizens and voters to keep our words in mind—that there will be gambling in Chicago after the fall election, and the Civic Federation will not be engaged in any attempt to suppress it. It is too bad that unworthy motives can clothe themselves in the garb of virtue and thus lead men to false conclusions. But this is but the history of man from the beginning, and it will so continue to the end.

THE FEDERATION UNVEILED.

What is the Civic Federation anyway? Of whom is the body composed and who founded it? The membership of the Civic Federation is something of which the public in general is not apprised, but of its founder nearly every Chicagoan has heard. The man who founded this alleged bulwark of Christianity and public morality is the notorious Stead, who was at one time jailed for flooding Great Britain with immoral literature through the columns of the Pall Mall Gazette. Whatever may have been the original object of the founder of this organization, it is now certain that it has degenerated into a mere annex of the Republican campaign committee of Cook County. In allowing itself to be used as a sort of distributor of election mud, a medium for the distribution of campaign filth, it has wandered away from the high moral ground upon which it was first placed by its founder and which is still occupied by its great predecessor and prototype, the Citizens' Association. The latter organization, to give it its due, has never allowed itself to be converted into a side-show for any political party, but has sedulously stuck to the work of suppressing public gambling, reforming the city council and so forth for years and years.

Of course it has not accomplished the ends for which it was called into existence, but then it has the credit of having "stuck to its last." It is different with the Civic Federation. That institution might just as well

call itself a sub-committee of the Republican Central Committee at once and not sail any longer under false colors.

DEATH OF JUSTICE SCULLY.

Justice Daniel Scully, one of the oldest Justices of the Peace in service in the city, died at his residence, No. 350 Warren avenue, Friday, shortly after noon. His illness was of short duration, dating back only to the Tuesday morning previous. After having disposed of all the cases on the docket at the Desplaines Street Police Court Tuesday morning Justice Scully complained of feeling ill, and at once went to his home. He was suffering from a severe chill, and Tuesday he was confined to his bed. Wednesday morning a physician was called, and he pronounced the Justice's illness pneumonia and informed the family that he was in a critical condition. He suffered intensely until Friday afternoon, when death relieved him. His last illness was due to apparent negligence on his part. Last Saturday night he fell asleep while seated in front of a window at his home. He contracted a severe cold, but nevertheless he went to the Desplaines Street Police Court Monday morning and attended to his duties as usual.

Justice Scully's sudden death is keenly felt by many in this city. His work in the police courts during the last twenty years has been most conscientious. He never faltered, his friends say, to administer the severest punishment to the man who deserved it, and political influence never had any weight with him. Many a poor and unfortunate woman or child who appeared before him in his judicial capacity charged with some trivial offense, they also say, would go away from the court-room blessing the magistrate, owing to his kindness to them.

Justice Scully held the position as Police Magistrate during all administrations, although he was a Republican. Twenty-three years ago he was appointed Justice of the Peace for the West Town and during all of that time he had acted in that capacity. Three years after his appointment he was appointed Police Magistrate in the old West Madison Street Station. He has served as a Police Court Justice since.

When the news of the Justice's death reached the other West Town Justices Justice Dooley called a meeting, which was held in the West Town Assessor's office. A letter of condolence was sent to the bereaved family and it was agreed that the justices attend the funeral in a body. The funeral was very largely attended by all classes of citizens.

Justice Daniel Scully was born in New York City March 28, 1839. When 5 years old his parents moved to Hartland, McHenry County, this State, and engaged in farming. When he grew to manhood he assisted his father in the farm work and then came to Chicago and attended St. Mary's College on the North Side, where he secured his education. After graduation from the college he attended the Union College of Law, now the Northwestern Law School. He practiced law in Chicago for three years, when he received his appointment as Justice of the Peace. In 1864 he married Sarah Short, who lived in McHenry County. His wife and seven children survive him. The children are all under age.

THE FIELD COLUMBIAN MUSEUM.

Mr. C. F. Gunther, the great merchant, who has himself done more in the way of bringing great curios to Chicago than any one else, writes as follows to THE EAGLE: CHICAGO, Sept. 15, 1894. To the Editor of the Eagle: You do an injustice to the Field Columbian Museum, no doubt unintentional, but in your issue of THE EAGLE of the 15th inst., you criticize the museum severely, and state that admission is charged, etc., but you omit to say that the days of the week when the poor and laboring people can go to see it, namely, Saturday and Sunday, it is free, and that thousands visit it on those days regularly. Please correct this. Yours truly, C. F. GUNTHER.

LOOK OUT FOR WIND.

Next Monday the City Council reconvenes, after a recess of several weeks. We are informed that the first meeting will be made the opportunity of a concerted attack upon the Mayor and the city administration.

If such intention is carried into effect it will recoil upon the heads of those responsible for it. From the information at hand, it would seem that the scheme is to introduce resolutions reflecting upon the management of the police force by the present chief, and particularly reflecting upon the attitude of the police force and the administration in regard to gambling.

It is belief of the schemers that the council being Republican these resolutions will be adopted and the executive wing of the administration be thus smirched by the legislature. We are much mistaken if this plan will carry. It will meet with the many opposition of the Democratic minority, and we believe it will not have the support of all the Republic-



HON. WM. H. LYMAN, Representative.



HON. JOHN F. O'MALLEY, State Senator.

THE PRIDE OF THE TWENTY-THIRD.

can members. Whether it is successful for the time being or not, the dirty plot will be a boomerang to those who projected it.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Henry Wulf is now in the southern part of the State on a tour of conversion. He returned to Chicago Friday and continues his successful candidacy for the State treasurership in the city until the early part of next week, when he will again visit the country districts for a few days. Mr. Wulf is the man whom most of the Democratic arrows are being aimed at just now, because of the wholesome fear that his campaign has instilled into the minds of his opponents. He is making the race of his life, and the enthusiasm with which he is received in the country districts foretells his victory. Next week the State committee will map out a complete route for him during the remainder of September.

A committee of the ward organizers of women Democrats met Tuesday afternoon at the headquarters, Room No. 35, Palmer House. There were fifty women present, although but thirteen wards were represented. The meeting was a business one, and ways and means of pushing a vigorous campaign were discussed. The women seemed to be in earnest, and, while strict political lines are to be drawn, urgent appeals were made to those present to use all inducements to make all women, irrespective of politics, vote. Charlotte Holt said:

"It is the entering wedge, ladies. Work now as women should, earnestly and in a business-like manner, and the future will be in our own hands."

Captains of the different wards were appointed as follows: Second Ward, Mrs. Joseph Nulhoff. Third Ward, Miss Mayte Synon. Fourth Ward, Mrs. Daniel E. Root. Sixth Ward, Mrs. Albin Green. Eleventh Ward, Mrs. Anna Synon. Fourteenth Ward, Miss Sadie A. Cronk. Fifteenth Ward, Mrs. Robie. Twenty-fourth Ward, Mrs. Herman Lieb. Twenty-fifth Ward, Miss Holmes. Thirty-second Ward, Mrs. Zachary Root. Thirty-third Ward, Mrs. Huszan. Thirty-fourth Ward, Mrs. Hankins. Morgan Park, Mrs. Meech. Arlington Heights, Mrs. Shiers.

A meeting will be held at the same place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Regarding Hon. Henry Wulf's candidacy for State Treasurer, the Chicago Tribune prints the following: "Mr. Wulf was born in Germany forty years ago, but he was reared in this country, where he has lived since he was eight years old. He knows no other country than this except historically. He has never figured as the representative of a nationality or claimed votes because he was born in Germany. Nor has he ever assailed any nationality. There is no reason, therefore, why any A. P. A. or other organization should be unfriendly to Mr. Wulf. It cannot be on account of his religion, for he is a Lutheran. He belongs to the oldest of the Protestant creeds. But while he is a Protestant, he is not proscriptive, for he is a broad-minded, liberal man. He is opposed to trusting religion, whether it be Catholic or Protestant, into party politics. That is the true American position. Men should be tolerant as well as patriotic."

George E. White is evidently trying to revive the policy of slugging in politics which used to be so popular among the Republicans of the Eleventh Ward. A few years ago when the gang that controlled the ward wished to get rid of a man who stood in the way of their schemes they sim-

ply knocked him on the head, then sending him to the hospital or to an insane asylum. Candidate White probably thinks he can drive Senator Noonan out of the Congressional race by the employment of slugging tactics. He may discover when it is too late to retrieve the error that he has decided upon a mistaken line of action.

The Republican managers are badly disturbed by the action of the American Protective Association in putting an independent county ticket into the field, although they make every effort to conceal their chagrin. They affect to ridicule the new party—say it was organized in the interest of the Democrats for a valuable consideration paid, and predict that the ticket nominated at Central Music Hall will receive scant support.

But the Republican managers are distressed. From the day they named their county ticket they have been apprehensive that the A. P. A. would bolt it. They induced thirty-five of the forty-two A. P. A. lodges in the city to vote against independent action, and then they felt reasonably safe. According to A. P. A. authority, Theodore Gestefeld is responsible for the evolution of the new party.

This authority charges that Gestefeld issued a lot of circulars in the name of the order and mailed them to members urging the defeat of the Democratic county ticket at all hazards. Gestefeld's action became known, and it angered some of the leaders of the organization. They declined to be delivered to the Republican party, body and soul, and they carried their revolt against Gestefeld's unwarranted assumption of authority to the point of forming a new political organization.

One of the managers of the new party said: "The ticket nominated by us will poll not less than 40,000 votes in November. The American Protective Association numbers 37,000 members in this city. At least 20,000 of these will vote with us. We expect another 20,000 votes from men who, though not members of the association, are in sympathy with its aims and principles."

"Most of these votes—I should say 80 per cent.—will come from the Republican party. I admit that it looks as if the sole object of this movement is to defeat the Republican county ticket. So far as I am concerned, and I voice the sentiment of many members of the order, I think it best, all things considered, that the Republican county ticket should be defeated. Its defeat will teach the Republican leaders a lesson that they do them some good. It will show them that they must nominate a man for Mayor next spring who is acceptable to us if they expect to elect him."

"There is but one man on the Republican county ticket in whom members of our order are particularly interested. That man is O. N. Carter, the nominee for County Judge. Ordinarily we would like to see him elected, but he must share the fate of his ticket. We have been shamelessly betrayed by the Republican leaders. They have professed to sympathize with our principles, but have not enforced those principles when they had opportunity. We have now broken loose from our Republican alliances and shall act independently hereafter."

"It would be claiming too much to say that we will elect our county ticket. We hardly hope for that, and our defection will probably give victory to the Democrats. But the Democratic party openly professes to be a Romanist party and our object is to compel the Republicans to stand with

us against Romanism and against the patronage of professional foreigners. We will elect our candidate for Congress, Mr. McComas, in the Fifth District. Leo Richardson, our candidate for the Legislature in the Fifth Senatorial District, is certain to win. We will probably elect several other candidates for the Legislature."

Favorable reports concerning Franklin MacVeagh's aggressive canvass for the United States Senatorship continue to pour into the Democratic State headquarters. The party managers are highly gratified with the splendid work Mr. MacVeagh is doing. They will shortly send other speakers into the field. A list of appointments for Colonel W. R. Morrison is being made up and will be announced in a few days. Another list for Vice President Stevenson will soon be announced. Mr. Orville Van Thompson, the brilliant orator, will also be heard from in Mr. MacVeagh's interest.

Many reforms are advocated in the platform of the Independent American Citizens' party, which was adopted at their Central Music Hall meeting. One plank sets forth that money should consist of gold, silver and greenbacks, and that all paper money should be issued by the Government directly to the people in the form of "national greenbacks." The party advocates the discontinuance of interest-bearing bonds, and that the bonds now out should be paid as fast as possible.

With regard to immigration the platform favors a restriction to "protect our citizen laborers from the evil influence and unequal competition of cheap pauper and criminal labor." The party considers a tariff for protection, honestly administered, is necessary for the encouragement of infant industries. It advises the appointment of a non-partisan commission on tariff to avoid calamitous financial results from partisan agitation and changes. The platform sets forth that there should be a system of effective legislation which will insure by arbitration the rights of labor and capital alike.

The Independents declare that United States Senators should be elected by direct vote of the people. They demand that all national, State and municipal nonsectarian public schools and institutions of learning shall be protected from all sectarian interference, and that no sectarian school or institution of learning shall at any time or under any circumstances receive public money for their support. With regard to public charities, they demand that all institutions of charity which receive public money must be nonsectarian and no sectarian institutions shall receive support by grants of public money or land or their equivalents. They declare that no foreigner shall be permitted to vote until he can read the legal language of the country. The party pledges itself, should its nominees be elected, that gambling dens and haunts of vice shall be suppressed, as far as lies in the power of the county officials to do so.

The following resolutions were also adopted by the party: WHEREAS, It is a fact that several of the State conventions of the Democratic party there have been resolutions adopted denouncing all secret political orders, and most especially that of the American Protective Association, and thereby, in fact, declaring that the Democrats were opposed to all patriotic orders. WHEREAS, The Populist party in convention assembled has also at different times and places by resolutions or otherwise declared itself opposed to such organizations as above-mentioned, and WHEREAS, Several leaders of the Republican party have by public utterance expressed themselves as opposed to such organizations; and WHEREAS, No political party up to this

date has in any way shown a disposition to defend such patriotic associations by word or act; be it therefore

Resolved, That we, the Independent American Citizens' party, in convention assembled, do hereby endorse any and all patriotic associations, political or otherwise, which have any or all of the following sentiments embodied in their declaration of principles, to wit: Protection to our constitution and laws, protection to the stars and stripes, protection to the free public school system of our nation, radical revision of the naturalization laws, restriction of immigration, strict separation of church and state, no public funds for sectarian purposes.

The secretary was ordered to send copies of these resolutions all over the country.

Two or three weeks ago the police arrested a dozen bicycle riders who were out after dark without lamps on their machines. It was given out at that time that the campaign would be continued until the law in this respect. The promise does not seem to have been fulfilled. The boulevard continues to be rendered dangerous by would-be "scorchers" who whiz along in the dark at racing speed. A stop should be put to this nuisance. Every wheelman who rides without a lamp should be arrested and fined, and that other pest—the cyclist who persists in taking the wrong side of the street—should also receive the attention of Mr. Brennan's men.

The Republican press is so busy watching Mayor Hopkins' movements in politics that it overlooks what he is accomplishing in the line of official duty. Track elevation being well under way, attention was given to the lawless use of the Sixty-first street tracks of the Illinois Central Railway, and they have hauled off all their trains from the line except those carrying passengers to Washington Park with freight for the track. In producing important results without making much fuss about it Mayor Hopkins is achieving considerable success.

Chairman Tanner is managing the Republican campaign with great shrewdness, vigilance and activity—for Cullom.

When Senator Cullom declares that if the Republicans are returned to power "the McKinley law will not be re-enacted in its entirety" he should specify what particular schedules of the law will not be restored. The mere assertion that the law is not to be revived in its entirety is too vague. Senator Cullom should get down to details. The people have the right to be fully informed as to the Republican purpose—in the not very probable event of their return to power.

Women who want to vote this fall should remember that they must register at the appointed time or lose their privilege for the year. Many of them may become seized with the desire to assume the panoply of the voter when it will be beyond their power for a twelve-month, or, in this county, for a much longer time.

Ald. W. J. O'Neil of the Seventh Ward was presented with a diamond-set gold star at a gathering of his friends Wednesday night at West Twelfth street Turner Hall.

If you want bargains in timber lands, or wish to purchase a fine Southern home, call an Mr. Orville Van Thompson, 218 La Salle street. Read his advertisement on page 12, this issue.

Gov. Altgeld says that the New York reporters misquoted and misrepresented him and he ought to know.