

TUBERCULOSIS AND CANCER IN CHICAGO BEEF!

BEEF TRUST FARCE.

Government Meat Inspectors Chosen from Beef Trust Employees Under the New Inspection Law.

Everything to Be Sold in Cans to the Public Without Any Restraint.

With a corps of Beef Trust inspectors the fate of the public will be worse than it ever was.

The Chicago Tribune, which will not be accused by anyone of being an enemy of the Beef Trust, after calling attention to the fact that only 27 out of 120 meat product inspectors had gone to work under the new law, said on Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1906: "It will be necessary to hold another examination before the full complement of 120 men can be installed, and it is doubtful if a sufficient number will be available for duty when the new law goes into effect Oct. 1. The new inspectors will look after sanitary conditions at the plants principally, and Mr. Cooley placed them where they could do the most effective work in the four establishments. They will inspect the trucks, rooms, hangers, tables, pipes and floors. Sixty-five of those who took the examination recently passed but only twenty-seven reported for duty. This is accounted for by the fact that those who passed a number are now employed in the packing houses at \$100 a month. The salary of an inspector is but \$85.33 a month."

Wilson said that the method had been copied by Australian and South American packers, who would profit by it if the American packers were forced to abandon it.

It was decided that the cans might bear the label roast beef, but that it should be stated on the labels how the beef was prepared and cooked.

The spirits of thousands of poor boys who went out to fight for the United States in the Spanish-American war, must hover over the fortunes of the Beef Trust in a demand for vengeance!

These thousands were killed by the "embalmed beef" of the Beef Trust and by the poisons used in the makeup of their Beef Trust rations.

Neither the bullets of the Spaniards or the terrors of the Cuban climate did any havoc to the American soldier, poor boy, at all comparable with the damage done by the frightful embalmed food of the Beef Trust.

The young fellows who offered their lives to the American government, did not for a moment imagine that the country for which they were fighting would permit a Beef Trust to furnish them with poisoned rations.

But it did. The soldiers trusted their country and ate the poison.

The result was death, disease, broken constitutions for thousands.

These are facts which the war records will corroborate.

One hundred and sixteen articles produced by the Beef Trust in Chicago have been examined and condemned by the honest pure food commissioner of the State of North Dakota. Every one of them was condemned because it contained a poison and was therefore detrimental to the public health. Lack

of space alone prohibits us from printing the list and the names of the houses shipping the stuff.

The American people must put an end to the Beef Trust or suffer the consequences of bad food.

By the way, what is Dr. Dyson, who used to be government chief inspector, doing now?

The Beef Trust saturates Chicago with stench from its rendering establishments and glue factories. It



ERNST HUMMEL,
Popular Democratic Candidate for County Treasurer.

robs the people of Chicago through its control of the price of the food they eat and the leather they wear.

Remember the Beef Trust when you are electing candidates for the Legislature this year.

The number of dead and diseased hogs shipped by the Beef Trust and sold as food is something awful.

All the rotten old Beef Trust lobbyists, consisting of crooked lawyers, castoff politicians and scarecrow states-

men are getting ready. But when the Illinois Legislature meets these worthies will be pointed out so that he who runs may read.

The Beef Trust is still doing the same.

Illinois is not only the headquarters of the Beef Trust, but the people of Illinois are its principal victims.

Chicago is at the mercy of the Beef Trust. The Illinois legislature must come to her rescue.

FOR EAGLE READERS.

News from All Parts of the World Carefully Selected from the Press Telegrams.

A Weekly Digest of the Most Important Facts and Happenings for Busy Readers.

The grand jury of the special term of the United States Court in Jackson, Tenn., returned a voluminous indictment against the Standard Oil Company before Judge R. McCall. George Randolph, District Attorney, secured the indictment. The indictment was against the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, one of the companies of the Standard Oil group. It contains 1,524 counts. The maximum penalty applicable for each under the interstate commerce act and its amendments is \$20,000 and minimum \$1,000. Each count charges transportation of separate carload of oil at a discriminatory rate in favor of the Standard and each count constitutes a separate offense. Maximum total penalties under it would be \$30,480,000, minimum total \$1,524,000. It covers illegal shipments for the last three years. The indictment weighs eighteen and a half pounds, is about five inches thick and contains about 500,000 words. Mr. Randolph will endeavor to get service on John D. Rockefeller and other officials of the Standard Oil Company and bring them to Jackson to testify in the case.

THIEF SUED FOR \$2,000.
John Wipf of Omaha Files Unique Suit Against Man He Nabbed.
Unarmed and unaided, John Wipf, a wealthy farmer living near Omaha, pursued a burglar in the face of a rain of bullets, captured him, spurned his offer of \$1,400 to be set free and turned him over to the authorities. Later Wipf began a suit for \$2,000 damages against the burglar because of injuries inflicted by his bullets. The case is considered unique in the legal annals of any State. Wipf, who owns a large farm seven miles from Omaha, was awakened one night by a noise in the kitchen. Partially robbing himself, he tip-toed downstairs without taking the precaution to provide himself with a firearm. As he opened the door leading from the sitting room to the kitchen he saw the form of a man disappearing through a window. Shouting at the man to stop, Wipf rushed to the window, leaped to the ground and began pursuit. He had gone but a short distance, however, before the thug ordered him to stop on pain of death. Wipf's only reply was to continue approaching and a second later a bullet grazed the farmer's temple. He was stunned for a moment, but soon recovered his equilibrium and kept up the pursuit. A rod or more away the burglar again turned and fired, the bullet this time striking one of Wipf's fingers. The latter steadily gained on the housebreaker, who continued firing in his direction, until he overtook him near a fence. Wipf marched him back to the house, where he held the man by the hand and foot with a piece of clothing, ordered the hired man to hitch a team to the buggy and started for town with his prisoner.

WEDS AFTER LONG LITIGATION.
Oil Man's Widow Marries Man Who Tried to Break Will.
Mrs. Fannie Wayne Hopkins, widow of the late Major Robert Hopkins, one of the original Standard Oil organizers, who died in 1901, leaving a fortune of \$5,000,000, was married at Newton, Pa., to Fred D. Leroy, of Tarrytown, the guardian of her son, who for five years fought the will in the courts in an effort to gain for the boy the greater part of the fortune. When the question of the validity of Major Hopkins' will first came up Mr. Leroy, as the guardian of Robert E. Hopkins, a minor, started what was then believed to be a friendly suit to settle the estate. In the event he won, the boy would receive some \$3,500,000 and the widow about \$1,500,000. The suit passed from the friendly stage when the courts appointed another guardian, who insisted on continuing the contest despite the wishes of Mrs. Hopkins' son. The will was declared valid on May 2 last and the widow received two-thirds of the fortune.

OVER \$6,000 LOST IN WRECK.
Two Money Consignments Believed to Be Buried in Cimarron.
Two consignments of money, amounting to more than \$6,000, were lost in the wreck of the Rock Island passenger train which plunged into the Cimarron river near Dover, Okla., several weeks ago. Agents of an Iowa insurance company are trying to trace one of the consignments, a registered package containing \$5,000. The money is believed to be buried in the quicksand.

Baby Unhurt in Wolf Den.
After being lost for two days Margaret Schweitzer, aged 4 years, was found unharmed in a wolf's den near Mononmouth, Mich., playing with a litter of pups. She was well and seemingly perfectly contented, scolding her rescuers for scaring away the "nice little doggies." She declared that she did not become cold or hungry, having picked up nuts on the way.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis Dead.
Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the president of the confederacy, died in New York after a week's illness from pneumonia. Her death, with one exception, ended the last family representative of the "Lost Cause."

Bandit Kills Y. M. C. A. Head.
Reno Hutchinson, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., was shot and killed about 8 o'clock Monday night by a highwayman at Seventh and Howard streets, Spokane, Wash., in the best residence section of the city.

Auto Explodes; Four Injured.
An automobile while running at a high rate of speed on Detroit avenue, Cleveland, struck a trolley pole at Kenilworth avenue in Lakewood, a suburb, and exploded. Every one of the four occupants of the car was injured and two may die.

Fire Destroys Furniture Factory.
Fire destroyed the John P. De Camp Company, manufacturers of steamboat furniture, at 232 East Front street, Cincinnati.

Carnegie Medals Awarded.
Fifteen persons and the heirs of one other were awarded medals and some of them money by the Carnegie hero fund commission for valiant deeds. Of the sixteen ten are from or near Chicago.

Death on C. & E. I.
One man was killed and several other persons were seriously injured when a passenger train of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad struck a defective rail and left the track near Crete, Ill., thirty miles south of Chicago.

Fire Loss at Cornell.
Sibley College, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., was damaged by fire to the extent of \$5,000. The building was saved from destruction by the efforts of the fire department, aided by students. A new system of hydrants on the campus proved effective.

Street Car Kills Lawyer.
Charles W. Bennett, a lawyer who was prominent as a candidate for United States Senator when Utah was admitted to statehood, was run down and killed by a street car in Salt Lake City. Mr. Bennett came to Utah from Wisconsin.

WRECKED HIS AUTO TO SAVE.
Wild Machine on Steep Hill Smashed by Owner to Prevent Collision.
Dashing down a steep hill in an automobile which had got beyond his control, Louis Lieber, in order to prevent a collision with another automobile ascending the hill and which contained Miss Cutting, daughter of R. Fulton Cutting, deliberately wrecked his machine and was himself crushed in the wreckage. The accident occurred on the Snake road in the Ramapo Mountains, in New York. The brakes of Lieber's machine became disarranged and he guided the machine down the narrow winding roadway at terrific speed. Rounding a curve he saw ascending the hill another machine containing two women. Realizing that a collision probably meant death to the occupants of the ascending car, Lieber acted instantly. He jammed on the emergency brake and ripped the machinery of his car to pieces. The machine skidded a bowlder and turned turtle. Lieber was crushed and rendered unconscious.

SUICIDE IS LAID TO HIM.
Farmer Accused of Murder Because Girl Took Poison He Bought.
Orson Broka, a young farmer, has been arrested by Sheriff John of Napoleon, O., on a warrant charging him with murder. Miss Jennie Dicker, said to be Broka's sweetheart, took poison and died a few days later. The warrant was sworn out by John Miller, brother-in-law of Jennie Dicker. He alleges that Broka bought the arsenic for the girl with the knowledge that she would attempt self-destruction. The young man was given a hearing before Squire Mulesbey, and was held to the grand jury under bond of \$2,000, which his father furnished. The parents of Miss Dicker and Broka objected to the young people marrying.

Burton Must Go to Prison.
The Supreme Court of the United States has denied the petition of former United States Senator Burton of Kansas for a rehearing in the case in which he is under sentence of imprisonment and fine on the charge of accepting an attorney's fee in a case in which the government was interested while he was serving as Senator. The effect of the decision will be the immediate imprisonment of Burton.

River Swoops Gato Aside.
The Rockwood gate, near Imperial, Cal., failed without warning. One hundred and twenty feet of the gate rose and floated down the Colorado river. This was a portion of the work for turning the Colorado. The closure will be delayed less than a month. The Rockwood gate and its associated works cost the Southern Pacific Company \$1,000,000.

Trapped in English Mine.
As a result of an explosion in the Wingate colliery near Durham, England, twenty-five miners were killed and 200 are temporarily entombed. Only a small portion of the thousand men employed in the mine were down when the explosion took place. The cause is supposed to have been fire damp.

Watching for Cuban Embassier.
Cablegrams have been sent to all parts of the world asking that watch be kept for Manuel Silveira, who embezzled \$1,000,000 from Juan M. Ceballos & Co. of Havana.

Explosion in Railroad Tunnel.
Three men were killed and a dozen others rendered unconscious by an explosion and fire in the Pennsylvania railroad tunnel under Long Island City.

Woman and Children Burn to Death.
Christian Zenda, 75 years old, and her two grandchildren were burned to death in a farm house near McIntyre creek, Ohio.



HERMAN J. BAULER,

The Next Alderman of the Twenty-second Ward.

A great portion of the "lumpy jaw" beef slaughtered in the United States and passed as "sound" by the inspectors is sold and consumed in Chicago, according to a recent article in the Chicago Tribune. St. Louis prohibits both the slaughter and sale of "lumpy jaw" cattle in that city, and Kansas City, while it permits the slaughtering of such cattle, prohibits the sale of the beef.

That Chicago has become the "dumping ground" for practically all the "lumpy jaw" beef in the country was revealed by food inspectors.

At one plant are slaughtered every Friday from 100 to 200 head of "lumpy jaw" cattle. Of these only a small fraction is condemned as unfit for consumption. The rest, with the diseased parts cut out, is sold for prime beef, and brings the retailer as good prices as the best beef.

This is possible by reason of the fact that the consumer has no way of telling whether the beef he buys is part of a "lumpy jaw" steer or not. If the inspectors pass an infected animal, after the post-mortem inspection, the beef is placed in the cooler and sold just as any other beef. Of course the attitude of Health Commissioner Whalen and others is that the locally infected cattle are not generally unfit for food.

Out of a total day's slaughter of 120 head of "lumpy jaw" and otherwise infected animals only twelve carcasses were condemned after post-mortem inspection. This means that at an average weight of 1,200 pounds each there will be sold in Chicago during the next few days at least 129,000 pounds of "lumpy jaw" beef. How much of the same kind of meat is shipped into Chicago from Kansas City and other places where its sale is prohibited would be difficult to estimate, but the quantity is undoubtedly large.

In most of the Eastern cities ordinances are in force prohibiting the sale of meat from animals with actinomycosis, the scientific name for "lumpy jaw." Thus Chicago remains as the only large market where that class of cattle may be slaughtered and sold with profit.

The average weekly receipts of cattle at the stock yards are 70,000 head, and among these always are found from 100 to 200 animals infected in one way or another.

Several foreign governments would do well to send secret investigators here to ascertain the kind of meats exported to their countries. According to all accounts several of their representatives are very friendly to the Beef Trust. So markedly so that comment upon the fact has quite a decided and positive tone.

The Beef Trust is happy over its victory in the matter of labels.

It can feed the people what it likes and make them pay for what they do not want.

The new government law has fallen down already on the labels as it has in other details.

The labels on the canned goods of the Beef Trust will continue to lie.

False labels on Beef Trust canned goods have received government sanction. Witness:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 13.—Canned roast beef will continue to bear the label of "roast beef," notwithstanding the fact that it really is boiled beef. This was a decision rendered at a conference today between Secretary Wilson and Senator Hopkins, of Illinois, and Thomas E. Wilson, general manager of the Nelson Morris Packing Company of Chicago.

Mr. Wilson explained that the method of preparing canned roast beef was to parboil the meat for fifteen minutes and then put it in cans and subject it to steam heat for three hours. Mr.