

THE SOUTHERN FLOOD

The Deluge Continues to Increase.

A Sad Outlook for the Sugar Belt.

The Work of Rescuing the Inhabitants Goes On.

Waves of Lake Ponchartrain Again Driven Into the Crescent City—Heavy Rains in Texas.

Associated Press Dispatches.

Bayou Sara, La., April 23.—Another break occurred last night in the Pointe Coupee levee. The indications are that the entire Pointe Coupee front will be submerged. The water is pouring through the crevasses at Morganza and vicinity, and will overflow the greater portion of the country between the Atchafalaga and the Mississippi rivers, extending from Old river above to Bayou Lafourche below, embracing 700 square miles. No news has been received from the interior of Pointe Coupee parish, but relief boats are taking care of all those who reached the levees. As the critical condition of the levees has been known for some weeks, the hope is entertained that all have in a measure prepared for the worst, and that no loss of life will result from the breaks along the front.

New Orleans, April 23.—In this city today the lake water encroached somewhat again north of Claiborne street, and some trouble was experienced by the water from the canal flowing over the banks of the old basin. No serious damage has been done yet.

A Times-Democrat Bayou Sara special says: Seven crevasses are reported today between this place and Waterloo. This makes nine on the Pointe Coupee front. The devastation in that and the southwestern parishes will be terrible. The rains continue. Last night it poured down in torrents, causing a freshet in the bayou and a rise of five inches in town. This additional rise caused more danger to the goods in the stores. The opening of the crevasses, however, let considerable water out this evening, and it fell twelve inches in town. The railroad trestle has been washed away, and the only communication with the main line now is by boat.

News of additional crevasses near Baton Rouge and Bayou Sara lead to the belief here that the disaster to the sugar belt will equal that of 1874, when nine parishes were inundated, unless the water recedes quickly.

PLAQUEMINE, La., April 23.—Rain came down in torrents last night, and for the twenty-four hours ending this morning six inches of water fell. The town is filled with people from the country, some bringing in their families and cattle, and others seeking material to fight the floods. Most of the planters base their calculations on the flood of '82, but the water is already higher than that now.

NATCHEZ, Miss., April 23.—The levee below Vidalia broke last night, and the water has flooded the low lands and railroads, and is backing up toward town.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 23.—A continuous rain has fallen all over Texas for three days past. The rivers and bayous in many places are over banks, bridges have been swept away, and travel is delayed. A great deal of stock in the low lands has been drowned, but no loss of life is reported.

Not in a Hurry to Build.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—The directors and leading officials of the Southern Pacific Company say concerning the completion of the coast division, from its present terminus at Santa Margarita to Santa Barbara, that it is not determined upon, and is not subject at present to consideration; that the conditions at present do not call for an early completion of the road, which will be very expensive through the mountains between the two ends of the line. The company, however, is actively engaged in securing the right-of-way through San Luis Obispo county, via San Luis Obispo, and the fact that difficulties in securing the right-of-way have existed may have had something to do with the uncertainty announced. The route is understood to be definitely fixed.

A Cattle King's Matrimonial Freak.

NEW YORK, April 23.—A special from New Haven, Conn., says: Wilson Wadingham, the New Mexico cattle king, has returned to his million-dollar residence at West Haven. As recently told he obtained a divorce from his first wife about a month ago, and was soon afterwards married in New Mexico to Miss Nannie Barrows. It was believed they would live in New Mexico, but they have surprised everyone by coming back here.

Better Luck Than His Pal.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—Judge Murphy has dismissed the charge of forgery pending against John Willey, owing to the insufficiency of evidence to secure a conviction. Willey was jointly accused with Herbert Lathrop of having forged Southern Pacific railroad tickets good for passage from this city to Los Angeles. Lathrop pleaded guilty to the charge, and on Saturday last was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment at Folsom.

The Death Penalty.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The jury this evening awarded the death penalty to W. E. Purdy for the murder of Samuel Reininger. Not a muscle moved in Purdy's face as he heard the decision. The murdered man was Purdy's friend, and the evidence was largely circumstantial.

Francis Dana Stedman.

BOSTON, April 23.—Hon. Francis Dana Stedman died at his home this morning, aged 89 years. Stedman was the last surviving grandson of William Ellery, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, and a son of Hon. William Stedman.

A WHITE CAP RAID.

Many Persons Whipped and Warned to Leave the Chickasaw Nation.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—Advices from the Chickasaw Indian nation say: A large band of White Caps raided a wide section of the southern part of the reservation last night, whipped a number of men and gave them notice to quit the nation in five days. A number of other persons who were not whipped were notified to leave in ten days. The people notified to leave are preparing to move into Texas.

Editor Rosewater's Case.

OMAHA, April 23.—E. Rosewater, editor of the Omaha Bee, was placed on trial today at Tekamah, Neb., on the charge of disturbing a religious meeting. Last fall he appeared at the above place where an audience had assembled to listen to a temperance lecture by Mrs. Gougar, and asked that he might be heard in order to refute some slanders which, he asserted, Mrs. Gougar had publicly made against him. Mrs. Gougar denied him the privilege, and caused his arrest for disturbing a religious meeting. After the examination of four witnesses, today, the case was dismissed by the prosecuting attorney.

Must Consume Native Stock.

COLUMBUS, O., April 23.—The Legislature has enacted a law which requires the officers of all State and county institutions to purchase native stock for consumption. The law defines native live stock to be that which has been in the State 100 days before being killed.

CANADIAN PIRATES.

EXPLOITING ON AMERICAN COMMERCE IN A HIGH-HANDED WAY.

American Vessels Discriminated Against in the Matter of Canal Tolls—The Treaty of Washington Violated.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Senator Culom has concluded his report upon the investigation made by the committee on interstate commerce into the relations of the railroads of the United States and Canada, and also whether there is any discrimination in the charges made for tolls against United States vessels passing through the Welland and St. Lawrence canals. The report asserts that unjust discrimination is made by Canada against American vessels on the lakes in the matter of entrance and clearance fees. Vessels passing through the Welland canal bound to Montreal, have a rebate made of a portion of the tolls paid for the canal passage, but if bound to any American port or to the St. Lawrence river no rebate is made. This, the report claims, is a violation of the provisions of the treaty of Washington.

In conclusion, the report says: "Thus it is that by attacking the narrow margins of profit in the transportation business here and there, our competitor at the north has been exploiting upon American commerce for many years. It is doing that very thing today in a more high-handed and exultant way than ever before. All that is necessary for the Government of Great Britain or Canada to do, is to throw sufficient advantage in favor of British steamers, Canadian fishing vessels and Canadian railroads, to turn our commerce from the American ocean steamers, American fishing vessels, American railroads and American seaports. This is being done, not only by subvention, but also by enabling statutory provisions which go in the face of the Interstate Commerce act of the United States."

That Silver Bill.

The Republican Caucus Approves and Urges Early Consideration.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—At the Republican caucus tonight the Silver bill, as given elsewhere in these dispatches, was adopted with but few dissenting votes. The objecting members are opposing the bill because of its failure to have the full legal tender quality of the treasury notes specified. In addition to the provisions of the bill already stated, it is provided that the money now held in the treasury to redeem the national bank circulation in the case of liquidating banks, banks reducing circulation, etc., is to be covered into the treasury. This fund, estimated to be about \$75,000,000, will be restored to the circulation.

It is also provided by the bill that the treasury notes shall be receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when so received may be reissued; and such notes, when held by any national banking association, may be counted as a part of its lawful reserve.

The committee on rules will report a resolution requiring the consideration of the bill by the House at the earliest possible moment, with a strict limitation on the length of the debate.

The caucus endorsed the Morrill Service Pension bill.

Lodge explained his National Election bill, but Chairman Rowell, of the election committee, did not think it necessary to pass such a law, and submitted a plan for a wide extension of the present supervisory system. The matter will come up again next Tuesday night.

The McCalla Trial.

Members of the Crew Testify to the Commander's Cruelty.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The McCalla court-martial was continued today. The Judge Advocate read from the log-book a list of punishments inflicted on the crew, upon which the charges were based.

Louis Meyer, a seaman's apprentice, of the Enterprise, testified that McCalla threatened to kill him for smiling at him, while the ship was at Mozambique.

S. R. Graham testified to having been five days in double irons at Antwerp, and then released and told that the punishment was inflicted under a misapprehension.

George J. Ross, the boatswain's mate, testified to being in a strait jacket at Lisbon, Portugal, in 1888, for ten hours.

Death of a Vassar Professor.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., April 23.—Miss Abby Moore Goodwin, Professor of Latin and Greek at Vassar College, died today.

Associated Press Dispatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—A reception was tendered to members of the Republican State central committee by the Union League Club of San Francisco, this evening. After a banquet lasting until 10:15 p. m., General Chamberlain, president of the club, introduced George A. Knight, of San Francisco, who welcomed the delegates in a speech which was loudly applauded.

Vice-President Easton then read a communication from General Dimond, chairman of the State central committee, who was unable to be present. He urged that this being an off year should not tend to lessen the efforts of the Republicans in California.

Hon. M. M. Estee, in the course of his speech, said that party was unworthy of power which could not perpetuate the power it possesses. Union leagues were therefore necessary organizations. Estee stated that he was present in the House of Representatives when Speaker Reed told the House and country that it could not be represented by a member who was absent in spirit and present in the flesh. Union league clubs were disseminators of Republicanism. "Let us convince the world," he continued, "that the policy of the Republican party is the policy of the country."

The toast, "The Republican Party," was responded to by ex-Senator Williams. He asked, should he speak of the old-time leaders or of the young men of the Republican party? He preferred to speak of the Republican party as it is. This, if he judged right, was an epoch of reconciliation. Let all slates be wiped out, and all work together for the good of the party.

One verse of "Marching Through Georgia" was sung with all the guests standing.

A BIG BLOWOUT.

Republican Eloquence and Other Things Uncorked.

The State Central Committee Banqueted.

The San Francisco Union League Does the Honors.

The Brethren Make Believe That They Dwell in Harmony, But Wait Till the Campaign Opens.

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M. H. DeYoung was received with great applause, but spoke briefly, thanking the delegates for the honor conferred on the club by their presence.

Three cheers were proposed and given for "the man who published the leading Republican paper of California in the campaign of 1888."

Hervey Lindley, vice-president of the Union League Club of Los Angeles, said he represented a club composed of fifty of the leading Republicans of the State. He called upon Judge Carpenter, of Los Angeles, to respond to the toast, "The Union League Club of Los Angeles."

Judge Carpenter created much merriment by stating that the delegates would not understand what was meant by "warhorse." It was one who would carry a burden no other would carry. He was not down on the slate to respond to the toast named, but was always ready to advance the importance of the Republican League of Los Angeles. He created great applause by stating that he created great applause by stating that "Whoever the Republican shall nominate for Governor, we will give him a majority to put him into the gubernatorial chair." He said a solid delegation would be sent to the convention for Leland Stanford for Senator.

No one could forget the picture of those in the front, among whom was Stanford, who, in 1861, led the movement which saved California to the Union.

But while they had preferences, the Los Angeles delegation would accede in any nomination made by the convention, and carry forward the banner of the Republicans until the candidate was landed in the gubernatorial chair.

Mr. Bryant, of San Bernardino, then rose to make a few remarks. He said the Republicans of his county would march together under whatever leader the State Convention should give them.

"Do not nominate," he continued, "any man unless he fills the bill for capacity and honesty. There was no year when there was so much at stake as at present, and it was not only important that the head of the ticket should be elected, but also each Republican candidate for the Legislature."

Judge Short, of Fresno, responded to the toast, "The Young Men of the Republican Party." He said Fresno was honored by this opportunity to fall easily, having to lose the State Convention. Fresno was in the fight for the convention, as it wished the party to know it was still alive. In former years the Democracy of Fresno was unquestioned, and all the precincts were Democratic precincts, but Republicanism is now in the ascendancy. Continuing, he said the patriotism of the Republican party rose above the interests of any precinct or town. He closed by saying the Republicans believed in protection as a tried and time-worn principle, and under it the country had become a great and united republic.

E. R. Dodge, representing Lassen, said he came from one of the cow counties, but the county was shoulder to shoulder with the rest of the Republican party.

Judge Wiles, of Ventura, said he had proof at this meeting of how pleasant it was for brethren to dwell together in unity. Whoever would be the nominee of the party would command Ventura's earnest support. The judge's remarks were humorous in the extreme, and created much merriment.

Samuel Shortridge responded to the toast, "Dirigo." He said that out of the labors of that club had blossomed the Union League Club. A small band of young men had gathered together for no selfish ends, devoted to their country, truth and to God, and contributed largely to Republican success in the State. The men of the Republican party are conscious of the great responsibility laid upon them. The Republican party was the one which promised the greatest honors and glory, and young men should say: "Let all the ends thou enlist be thy country's, truth's and God's."

The speaker then closed and the remainder of the evening was devoted to social entertainment.

CONFLAGRATIONS RESULTING FROM INCENDIARISM AND OTHER CAUSES.

TANAWANDA, N. Y., April 23.—Fire was discovered in the yard of the Tanawanda Lumber Company last night. At midnight another fire broke out in the yards of A. M. Dodge & Co., in another quarter of the town. Both were subdued after a hard fight. Considerable excitement was caused by the discovery that the wires of the fire-alarm system had been cut in several places. The general opinion is that there was a deliberate plot to burn the town.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 23.—John G. Wagner's five-story block burned this morning. Loss on the building, \$85,000. Weaver, Thomas & Kirk, shoe manufacturers, loss \$80,000. Langslow, Fowler & Co., leather, plush and carpet chair manufacturers, loss \$50,000.

IN OTHER LANDS.

Emperor William Reverses His Tactics.

He Will Allow No May Day Demonstrations.

The Austrian Army Threatens to Join the Strikers.

French Reverses in Dahomey—King Leopold Thinks of Annexing the Congo State—Royal Tourists.

Associated Press Dispatches.

BERLIN, April 23.—The Emperor, who for some months past had been endeavoring to see what effect toleration and kindness would have on the socialist agitators, is now determined to take the opposite course regarding the proposed 1st of May demonstrations. Forty halls that had already been rented by labor organizations will be closed on May day and all the liquor saloons will be compelled to close their doors, a strong guard being stationed at the entrances. Street gatherings are forbidden, and those disobeying the orders will be instantly placed under arrest. In fact, Berlin will be declared in a state of siege for one day, as bloodshed is apprehended by the authorities.

AUSTRIA'S DANGER.

The Army Fraternizing With the Striking Workmen.

VIENNA, April 23.—There is high palace anxiety for stating that the army proposes to take a hand in the 1st of May demonstration. Great dissatisfaction is existing in the ranks with regard to pay. It is further stated that the officers are in full sympathy with the workmen, and if the rank and file are not appeased by increased remuneration, there is danger that on the 1st of May the army will fraternize with the socialists instead of firing on them. In view of this state of things great precautions have been taken by the authorities.

THE WAR IN DAHOMEY.

News of a French Reverse Confirmed. Many Natives Slaughtered.

PARIS, April 23.—Official dispatches confirm the report of a French reverse in Dahomey. One was killed and twenty native allies were wounded. Advice from Lagos states that a French garrison at Porto Novo having been warned that the Dahomeyans were advancing upon the place, advanced to meet the enemy. A battle which lasted two hours took place. Five hundred Dahomeyans were killed and fifty French wounded.

Carnot in Corsica.

PARIS, April 23.—The train on which President Carnot was traveling for Ajaccio, Corsica, was prevented from reaching Bastia on time by derailment. At Corte, thirty-one miles southwest of Bastia, President Carnot was received by the municipal authorities. He made an address, in which he congratulated them that dissensions in Corsica had ended, and that only the French party, united by patriotism, remained. The track was finally cleared, and when the President reached Bastia he was welcomed by an immense crowd.

Battle With Yaquis.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 23.—Yesterday Mexican forces attacked the Yaqui Indians at Los Cañones de Jubsibeups and Laconia, and, after several hours' fighting, routed them. The Mexicans lost one officer and two soldiers, and five soldiers were wounded. The Indian loss was heavy but the number killed is not known.

King Leopold's Designs.

BRUSSELS, April 23.—In the deputies today, Bernaert, president of the ministerial council, referring to King Leopold's speech yesterday, said the King really alluded to his plan of endowing Belgium with the Congo Free State. He added the principal act of his career would be assisting the King to do this.

How to Suppress Slavery.

BRUSSELS, April 23.—At a luncheon given by the Anti-Slavery Society today, Stanley said the effort of suppressing slavery without the assistance and direction of the local officials of the powers occupying Africa, would be disastrous.

Queen Victoria in Germany.

BERLIN, April 23.—Queen Victoria arrived at Darmstadt today. Her Majesty was received at the railway station by the municipal authorities and other prominent officials. A guard of honor was also present.

Russian Plans Stolen.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23.—Documents embodying plans for the mobilization of Russian troops on the German and Austrian frontiers, in the event of war, have been stolen from the war office.

Ostracized by the Nobles.

STUTTGART, April 23.—A club of nobles of this city has ostracized Baron Munich, because he was elected by the Reichstag as representative of the People's party. The Baron has challenged eight members.

Australian Flood Subsiding.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., April 23.—The flood caused by the overflow of the Darling river is subsiding. A fund has been opened for the benefit of the sufferers.

Strikers Resuming Work.

VIENNA, April 23.—All the strikers in Ostran and Karwin, except 1,500, have resumed work.

Limiting the Height of Buildings.

The new building ordinance of Minneapolis fixes the limit of 100 feet to the height of buildings for which permits will henceforth be issued. If the restriction had been adopted several years ago the business streets of the city would have been gainers in appearance and many incidental advantages would have resulted.—[Minneapolis Tribune.]

Cat Gut and Corn.

If violin strings were made of cat gut the Kansas farmer might fiddle while his corn burns. Cat gut is to go on the free list.—[Courier Journal.]

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Committees Appointed, Etc.—Commander Gard Decorated.

San Jose, April 23.—The encampment today elected the following delegates to the national encampment: N. Doley, E. A. Fuller, E. A. Leavitt, Magnus Tate, E. K. Alexander. Directors of the Soldiers' Home at Yountville—G. H. Stevens, W. H. Hart, T. H. Smith, P. H. McGrew.

C. M. Kenne, W. H. Aiken and W. A. Robinson were appointed a committee to prepare and publish the records of the department. A committee was appointed to examine into the work of the Ladies of the G. A. R. and report the advisability of recognizing the organization.

A campfire was held at Horticultural hall this evening. Speeches were made by A. J. Buckles, ex-Governor Salmon, Governor Waterman and others. Colonel Fuller presented a beautiful badge to the retiring Commander, Gard, who made a neat response.

Hurt by a Runaway.

MILTON, Cal., April 23.—Hon. J. S. Shearman was brought to the Milton hotel this morning, seriously injured by a runaway. His team became unmanageable and ran into a barbed wire fence, throwing Shearman out. The horses were badly cut.

Pool-Rooms Ruffing Again.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The pool-rooms were running in full blast again today and were not interfered with by the police. The ordinance closing them went into effect yesterday at 2 o'clock.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

JACKSON ACCEPTS THE CALIFORNIA ATHLETIC CLUB'S TERMS.

Sullivan Also Satisfied With the Offer, but Will Make No Promises Until His Mississippi Trouble is Settled.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The fact that the California Athletic Club has agreed upon a \$20,000 purse was telegraphed to Peter Jackson today, and the answer came back promptly: "I accept those terms." Sullivan's answer is now awaited.

Boston, April 23.—John L. Sullivan said today the purse of \$20,000 offered by the California Athletic Club was satisfactory to him, and he is willing to face Jackson, but until his trouble in Mississippi is settled he will make no promises and sign no articles.

Catch-as-Catch-Can.

SEATTLE, April 23.—The catch-as-catch-can wrestling match tonight between D. H. Cameron, the champion heavy-weight of the Northwest, and W. H. Quinn, the champion heavy-weight of the Pacific Coast, for a purse of \$500, resulted in a victory for the former.

BASEBALL RECORD.

The Brotherhood Players Put Up a Good Game at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, April 23.—About five hundred persons attended the brotherhood game this afternoon. The game was probably the most interesting of the series, the score being close and uncertain until the last man was out.

Score—Pittsburg, 4; Chicago, 3.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The brotherhood team beat the Phillies this afternoon in a very lively game.

Score: New York, 8; Philadelphia, 1.

Boston, April 23.—Twenty-four hundred persons attended the brotherhood game this afternoon. The Boston batted Van Halteren very heavily, and won the fourth game of the series with the Brooklyn.

Score—Boston 10; Brooklyn 7.

BUFFALO, April 23.—The brotherhood game was postponed today on account of rain.

National League.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The New Yorks (National League) put up an indifferent game this afternoon, and failed to hit Vickery when hits were needed. Russic pitched a fine game, but was poorly supported.

Attendance small.

Score—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 3.

Boston, April 23.—The National League game here this afternoon was won by the home team by brilliant fielding, and hard, clean hitting. Attendance, 1,400.

Score—Boston, 5; Brooklyn, 2.

CINCINNATI, April 23.—The National League game this afternoon was played in a drizzling rain. Attendance, 1,600. The home team won by their fortunate bunting hits and costly errors of the visitors.

Score—Cincinnati, 9; Chicago, 6.

PITTSBURG, April 23.—Not more than 150 persons witnessed the National League game today. It was a batting contest from the start. Pittsburg tried two pitchers, and Cleveland had three different men in the box. Only eight innings were played.

Score—Pittsburg, 20; Cleveland, 12.

Association.

PHILADELPHIA, April 23.—Athletics, 11; Syracuse, 10.

BROOKLYN, April 23.—Brooklyn, 2; Rochester, 7.

LOUISVILLE, April 23.—Louisville, 2; Columbus, 3.

St. Louis, April 23.—Toledo game postponed; wet grounds.

Has Women Tired of the Ballot?

Very sad news comes from Leavenworth, Kansas. It appears that lovely woman has tired of that bauble, the ballot, and after a few trials at the game of politics, has thrown up the sponge—in other words, ceased to vote. The dear creature, who have it pretty much all their own way in Kansas, were among the first of their sex to be given the privilege of casting ballots, and now see how quickly they have wearied of their privilege! It is melancholy that history should be forced to record such feminine fickleness as the recent elections in that State have chronicled in black and white. An uncharitable and cynical he-world will be certain to make their changes of political sentiment a handle to lift public opinion in an opposite direction from what it has been tending of late. Women suffragists throughout the East take a gloomy view of the Kansas situation, but they lie low, like Bre' Rabbit, hoping good may yet come out of evil.—[Boston Herald.]