

FROM THE ISLANDS.

A Cabinet Crisis Develops at Honolulu.

The American Treaty the Cause of the Trouble.

Consul Sewall Takes Formal Possession of Pago Pago.

Ex-Minister Ashford Accuses His Hawaiian Colleagues of Conspiring to Overthrow the Government.

Associated Press Dispatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—The steamship Mariposa arrived today, twenty-five days from Sydney and seven days from Honolulu. Hawaiian advice states that on June 11th King Kalakaua appointed John Adams Cummins minister of foreign affairs, vice Jonathan Austin, resigned; Godfrey Brown, minister of finance, vice S. M. Damon, resigned; Charles N. Spencer, minister of the interior, vice Lorin A. Thurston, resigned; and Arthur P. Peterson, attorney-general, vice C. W. Ashford.

On Friday June 13th Noble Widemann introduced a resolution in the legislature declaring that whereas it was apparent that the constitutional advisers of the king were irreconcilably divided against themselves and it being impossible to heal the dissension in a manner conducive to the best interests of the kingdom, except by the dissolution of the cabinet, it was resolved that the assembly mark its dissatisfaction with the existing state of affairs by declaring a want of confidence in the ministry.

Previous to the introduction of the message Minister Austin replied to the charges made against him in the majority report of the committee on foreign affairs, which have been heretofore referred to in these dispatches, denying that he disobeyed the instructions of the house to lay before it documents regarding a proposed treaty with the United States, or that he had abstracted important documents in relation to the matter, on the plea that they were personal communications.

On the introduction of the resolution, Representative Brown stated that there was a greater principle at stake than the integrity of the ministry, namely, that the minority should not rule, and offered amendatory resolutions declaring that whereas Minister Ashford had advised the king to refuse to follow the advice of the majority of the cabinet, which advice of the attorney-general, the supreme court passed upon and declared illegal and unconstitutional, and whereas the attorney-general had persisted in his advice to the king, it was resolved that such assertion of the principle of the right of the minority to rule was subversive of a constitutional representative government, and that the action of the attorney-general was deserving of the severest censure and condemnation of the house, which did thereby declare its lack of confidence in him.

A protracted and warm debate followed, in which the attorney-general and some members of the legislature took the ground that that body could get rid of one member of the ministry only by passing a vote of want of confidence in the whole cabinet. The vote on Brown's amendment resulted 24 to 24, a tie vote, all elective members of the house, including the president, voting. The cabinet, however, promptly resigned.

During the proceedings of the legislature on June 9th Minister Ashford, rising to a question of privilege, stated that he wished to answer the charges made against him by the minister of the interior of connivance with the insurrection of last April. He claimed that the insurrection of 1887, planned by W. R. Wilcox, was only a continuation of the scheme of the ministry to replace the king on the throne by his sister, Princess Kiliuokalani, and that the ministry was to blame for that insurrection.

Notwithstanding rumors of impending trouble, there was not even sufficient ammunition available for ordinary use, if it had not been possible to obtain 10,000 rounds from the United States steamer Adams, then in the harbor, the insurrection would have been successful. He claims that when it was voted to put the proposed treaty with the United States through the king was not to know all the facts of the treaty. The clause relating to giving the Hawaiian islands to the troops on Hawaiian soil was annexed to the draft of the treaty, and when the draft was left with the king the annexed clause which he claimed was to have been removed, remained through oversight affixed to the treaty, and the king rejected it. Minister Ashford charged the other members of the cabinet with conspiracy.

Minister Thurston entered a general denial of Ashford's statements, both as regards the counter-charges against himself or concerning the cabinet's action in regard to the treaty.

On the following day, June 10th, Representative Wilcox made a statement in the legislature as to his part in the insurrection. He claimed that a society was organized with the motto "Hawaii for the Hawaiians," whose object was by peaceful means to secure to the natives the right to represent the government in official positions. When the purposes of the organization became known, a party went to the king and asked him to abdicate in favor of Princess Kiliuokalani, as discontent was prevalent among the people on account of the opium scandal and other occurrences. Wilcox contended that prior to this the ministry had been conspiring against the king and in favor of a republic, and that the spokesman of the party was, at the time the request was made to the king, in the employ of certain of the ministers.

A minority report of the committee on foreign relations was presented to the legislature by Representative Baldwin on June 14th. The report says that the majority report was presented (June 4th) fully investigated the conduct of Minister Austin in regard to his alleged refusal to lay all the correspondence touching on the treaty before the house. The minority states that it found the minister ready to show all the minutes of the cabinet meetings, and the letter which formed the basis of the majority report's complaint. The letter contained but one brief allusion to the treaty and the minutes of the cabinet meetings were equally meagre as to that particular. The report gives the text of the proposed treaty, and states that King Kalakaua in December, 1889, refused to sign an

authorization for Minister Carter to negotiate the treaty, as it had been drawn up without consulting him.

On the return of Minister Ashford from a private trip to Canada the latter demurred to the text of the treaty, which was so amended as to make it a commercial treaty. At the cabinet council on April 10, 1890, the king was advised by the ministry to sign a commission authorizing Carter to negotiate the treaty on such a basis; but the king, acting on Attorney-General Ashford's advice, again declined.

AFFAIRS AT SAMOA.

Consul-General Sewall Takes Formal Possession of Pago Pago. APOIA, June 17th (per steamer Mariposa to San Francisco).—The United States steamer Mohican, with Consul-General Sewall aboard, visited Pago Pago several weeks ago, and took formal possession of the two pieces of land there which were ceded to the United States by the Samoan government.

King Malietoa received his first salute on May 22d. He visited the United States steamer Mohican in the new whale boat recently presented to Chief Sewmann Tafa by the American government. The king remained on the man-of-war half an hour, and as he left the Samoan flag was raised at the mast and a royal salute of twenty-one guns was fired in his honor. Malietoa also visited the German man-of-war Alexandrine a few days later, and was given a similar salute.

In the latter part of May Captain Shepard, of the Mohican, and Consul-General Sewall paid a visit to King Malietoa, and on behalf of the United States government formally presented him with the wrecks of the Trenton and Vandalia, which have been lying in Apia harbor ever since the disastrous hurricane in March, 1889. Captain Shepard read a letter in which he suggested that the king authorize the United States consul-general to appoint a trustee to negotiate for the sale of the property and to superintend the application of the proceeds to the payment of the taxes of the natives. Mr. Sewall also made an address, in which he reviewed the heroic conduct of the Samoans during the hurricane, and expressed the gratitude of the American people, and their wish for lasting peace and prosperity to the new government of Samoa.

Malietoa expressed the deepest gratitude for the gift. Consul-General Sewall has appointed ex-Vice-Consul Blockwell as trustee to negotiate for the sale of the wrecks and the disposition of the funds.

The strained relations which existed between the American and German representatives during the troublesome times preceding the return of the present king and the establishment of the new government are rapidly passing away, and a more cordial feeling is shown among the representatives of the two governments who are now stationed there.

THE CHINESE.

THOSE WHO MAY RETURN AFTER LEAVING THE COUNTRY.

Twenty-Four Smuggled Chinese Ordered Sent Back to China—They Wish to Return to Sonora.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Acting Secretary Batcheller has issued the following instructions in regard to re-entry into the United States of Chinese after a visit to China:

First. Chinamen who are laborers are, under the exclusion act of October 1, 1888, absolutely debarred from landing in the United States unless it be for transit across United States territory under the department regulations of July, September and December, 1889.

Second. Chinamen who are not laborers and who may have heretofore resided in the United States are not prevented by the existing law or treaty from returning to the United States after visiting China or elsewhere. No certificates or other papers, however, are issued either by the department or any of its subordinate officers to show that they are entitled to land in the United States, but it is suggested that such persons should, before leaving the United States, provide themselves with such proofs of identity as may be deemed proper showing they have been residents of the United States and that they are not laborers, so they can present the same to and be identified by the collector of customs at the port where they may return.

Third. Chinese persons not laborers who may come to the United States for the first time, are only entitled to land upon compliance with sections 3 of the act of July 5, 1884, which prescribes that such persons "shall obtain permission of and be identified as so entitled by the Chinese government or such other foreign government of which at the time such Chinese persons shall be subject to such case to be evidenced by a certificate issued by such government. The certificate shall be in the English language and shall show such permission with the name of the benefited person in his or her proper signature," etc.

TO BE SENT BACK.

Twenty-Four Contraband Chinese Ordered Returned to China.

TUCSON, Ariz., July 5.—United States Commissioner Hughes today gave judgment in the cases of twenty-four Chinese charged with violating the exclusion act, and ordered that they be returned to the custody of the United States marshal of Arizona, to be by him delivered to the collector of the port of San Francisco, to be returned to China. The counsel for the Chinese argued that they be returned to Sonora, Mexico, having landed at Guaymas and entered the United States from Sonora. The evidence shows that they had made one continuous trip from China, via San Francisco harbor, Guaymas and Sonora, into the United States. The counsel for the Chinese applied for a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Kibby at Phoenix, as Judge Sloan, of this district, is absent from the territory.

Hanlon Defeats Hosmer. SIOUX CITY, Ia., July 5.—Edward Hanlon defeated George Hosmer by half a length in a three-mile shell race this afternoon for a purse of \$800, of which the winner got \$500. At the start Hosmer took the lead and kept it for nearly a mile, when Hanlon shot ahead and held the position to the finish.

On the Return Home. WASHINGTON, July 5.—A telegram has been received at the navy department from Rear-Admiral Walker, saying that the squadron of evolution sailed from Rio de Janeiro today for New York. It is expected to arrive about the first of August.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

LAYING A TRAP.

Armed Cruisers Built to Cruise in Bering Sea.

American Revenue Cutters to Be Tempted to Fire.

Sealed Orders from Washington About the Fisheries.

The Decoys to Carry Effective Batteries and the Crews to Be Armed—All Poaching Sealers to Be Seized.

Associated Press Dispatches.

VICTORIA, July 5.—News has been telegraphed from Port Townsend that a special messenger has arrived from Washington with instructions for the commanders of the United States cutters to proceed to Bering sea and seize all vessels found with any evidence of having been engaged in seal fishing. To-day a story leaked out that two clipper schooners are being secretly fitted out in Maple bay especially to meet the Yankees. It is said that the vessels each carry a heavy swivel besides two smaller guns, and, disguised as sealers, will resist seizure so as to bring on an encounter. Captain Scott, a veteran sealer, says that the skippers of the two vessels, in which he is interested have armed their crews.

A SILVER CONFERENCE.

Several Features of the Proposed Bill Discussed Informally.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The Republican members of the conference committee on the silver bill were in conference today. It was the intention to hold a regular conference, but Representative Bland, of the house conferees, and Senator Harris, of the senate conferees, were absent. The principal topic discussed, it is understood, was in regard to the amount of silver to be purchased monthly whether it shall be 4,500,000 ounces or \$4,500,000 worth. The proposition to strike out the bullion redemption feature was also the subject of some discussion. No final decision on either point was arrived at.

PASSMORE'S SUICIDE.

He Could Not Make Second Payments on Large Real Estate Purchases.

PORTLAND, July 5.—A Tacoma special says: The mystery surrounding the suicide of R. H. Passmore, cashier of the Security Bank, has been cleared up. Passmore had bought a large amount of property and made the first payment thereon, expecting a rapid increase in value. This did not come, and the second payment falling due, he saw himself liable to lose his entire fortune. This preyed upon his mind as to drive him partially insane, and in this condition he killed himself.

The Chicago Stock Yards.

BOSTON, July 5.—F. H. Prince & Co., who are understood to represent the purchasers of the Chicago Stock Yards and the transit railway, which were bought for about \$20,000,000, stated today that the control of the Union Stock Yards of Chicago, will remain in America. The financial reorganization of the company will be upon an American basis, with a large majority of the new securities owned in this country, and the management will be American.

Placer County Celebration.

ABURN, July 5.—The Fourth was very generally observed throughout Placer county. There were celebrations at Colfax, Iowa Hill, Forest Hill, Rocklin, Lincoln and Main Top. The orator at Colfax was District Attorney Tuttle, at Forest Hill, Attorney L. L. Chamberlain, at Rocklin, County Superintendent R. T. Burns, at Lincoln, W. A. Sharp, a native school teacher killed her with a dagger in revenge for his discharge from her employ. Mrs. Wright was beautiful and highly accomplished. She had been married about four years.

J. C. Flood's Estate.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—The executors of the estate of James C. Flood, deceased, have filed the final account in the probate court of San Mateo county. They report \$85,459 cash on hand. The estate is appraised at \$2,291,955. An undivided half of the estate is to go to the widow, Mary E. Flood, and the remaining one-half to be equally divided between the son and daughter.

Murdered for Revenge.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., July 5.—A letter from Persia gives the details of the murder of Mrs. John M. R. Wright, an American Presbyterian missionary at Sappas, in Western Persia, in April. A native school teacher killed her with a dagger in revenge for his discharge from her employ. Mrs. Wright was beautiful and highly accomplished. She had been married about four years.

Sixth Regiment Encampment.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—The Sixth regiment, Colonel Lake, of Stockton, commanding, arrived today, en route to Santa Cruz. The members of the regiment are from Tulare, Visalia, Fresno, Stockton and the San Joaquin valley, there being 720 men in line. They go into a seven-day encampment at Santa Cruz.

A Prominent Attorney Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—James B. Southard, assistant district attorney in this city, died at Santa Rosa this morning. His death is attributed to heart disease. He was at one time judge of the seventh judicial district.

Boston's Census Report.

BOSTON, July 5.—Supervisor Wadlin, of the census bureau, gives as the official estimate of Boston's population 437,242. The figures of 1880 were 362,369.

Banked Out of Thousands.

BEAVER FALLS, Pa., July 5.—Joseph Shannon, a wealthy farmer, was swindled out of \$9,000 by a couple of sharpers at the old game of bunco.

Jumped from Engine.

Some time ago, while a member of the Olympic Athletic Club, I sprained my knee severely and suffered agony, but was speedily and completely cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

At Druggists and Dealers. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER CO., Baltimore, Md.

Large Gathering of Farmers.

EMPORIA, Kan., July 5.—The Farmers' Alliance and other kindred organizations united in one of the grandest demonstrations today ever held in this city. There was a procession five miles long. Twenty thousand people were in attendance. No such turn-out of farmers was ever before witnessed in this part of the state. The speakers were L. L. Polk, president of the National Alliance, Ralph Boment and other prominent members.

Fell From a Wagon.

BAKERSFIELD, July 5.—M. A. Peters, farmer and stock-raiser, of the firm of Peters & Simmons, formerly of Los Angeles county, in an attempt to get out of a double-seated wagon yesterday, fell headlong to the ground. At the same time the mules took fright and the wagon passed over one side of his body. He is still unconscious, and it is feared that his injuries are fatal.

A New Cabinet at Madrid.

MADRID, July 5.—A new cabinet has been formed as follows: Prime minister, Canovas del Castillo; foreign affairs, Duke of Tetuan; finance, Cosgoyan; interior, Silvela; justice, Villaverde; commerce, Isasa; war, General Azcaraga; marine, Admiral Berenger; colonies, Fabre.

Eyraud Seriously Ill.

PARIS, July 5.—Eyraud is in a pitiable condition. He suffers intense pain from the internal disease with which he was attacked while in jail at Havana, and which was aggravated by the sea voyage.

Mrs. Geo. P. Smoot, a highly cultivated and estimable lady of Prescott, Ark., writes under date of April 22, 1890: "During the summer of 1887 my eyes became inflamed, and my stomach and liver hopelessly disordered. Nothing I ate agreed with me. I took cholera in diarrhea, and for some time my life was despaired of by my family. The leading physicians of the country were consulted, but the medicines administered by them never did me any permanent good, and I lingered between life and death, the latter being preferable to the agonies I was enduring. In May, 1888, I became disgraced with physicians and their medicines. I dropped them all and depended solely on Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), a few bottles of which made me permanently well—well from then until now."

It Builds up Old People. My mother who is a very old lady, was physically broken down. The use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has entirely restored her to health.

E. B. DILWORTH, Greenville, S. C. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted "APHRODITINE" or money to cure.

It is sold on a POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, AFTER Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over-indulgence, such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Headache, Pain in the Back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Neurasthenia, Emissions, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotence, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price \$1.00 a box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail out receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every \$5.00 order received, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of APHRODITINE. Circulars sent on address THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.

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A Perfect Success.

The Rev. A. Antoine of Refugio, Tex., writes: "As far as I am able to judge, I think Pastor Koening's Nerve Tonic is a perfect success, for any one who suffers from a most painful nervousness I did. I feel now like myself again after taking the Tonic."

A Strong Proof. ORIZABA, ONT., CANADA, June, 98. I was first attacked by epilepsy in November 1879; residing in New York I consulted the best physicians, but they could only arrest the disease, the honest ones told me then there was no cure for it—I was compelled to give up my occupation and return to Canada, in 1879; since then tried innumerable remedies and consulted some of the best physicians, but nothing benefited me until I began to use Pastor Koening's Nerve Tonic in September 98, since then I had not a single attack.

Our Pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koening, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direct supervision by

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W. P. McINTOSH, president and general agent of the BARTON LAND AND WATER COMPANY, is now selling the finest orange land in the city of Redlands for \$250 per acre, 10 per cent. cash and no further payments for ten (10) years except 10¢ per cent. per annum, with one (1) inch of water, meter's measurement, to every seven acres, in pipes at every ten-acre tract. San Bernardino Valley Branch R. R. and Motor Line through the center of ranch. Canning establishment and packing house also on the land. No fruit pests of any kind; and not enough of frost to injure the oranges. This is a good opening for the capitalist and business man, as well as the poor man. The fruits produced will certainly meet the payments. For maps and particulars apply to

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