

THE SILVER ACT.

First Step Toward Giving It Effect.

Offers of Bullion in Order After August 13th.

Congressional Proceedings and Other Washington News.

Senator McPherson's Futile Attempt to Amend the Tariff Bill—Irrigation Surveys.

Associated Press Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The treasury department has taken the first step toward giving effect to the last silver act by the preparation of a circular which will be issued tomorrow, announcing that on and after the 13th of August offers for the sale of silver bullion in lots of not less than 10,000 ounces, for delivery free of expense to the government, at any specified coinage mint, will be received either by telegraph or letter, for consideration, at noon Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays of each week, except legal holidays; all bids to be addressed "To the Director of the Mint, Treasury Department, Washington."

It will be necessary to state the quantity offered in fine ounces, the price per fine ounce and the mint at which the bullion will be delivered. Bidders will be notified by telegraph of the acceptance or rejection of their offers. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved, and also to accept any portion of an amount offered. Delivery of a purchase must be completed within ten days after the acceptance of the offer. When bars bear the stamp of well-known refiners such approximate value will be paid, pending melt and assay, as may be regarded safe and proper. When the bullion purchased is of a character to require parting or refining, the usual mint charges for these operations will be paid by the seller. No bars weighing over 1,200 ounces will be received. No silver coin, except under-current and mutilated coins of the United States, will be received on account of a purchase.

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Four Pages of the Tariff Bill Disposed of to Date.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—In the senate today Frye stated that the river and harbor bill will be taken up next Friday. The conference report on the District of Columbia bill was agreed to. Teller reported a bill authorizing the court of claims to take jurisdiction of William McGarran's claim to the Rancho Penasco Grande in California. Placed on the calendar.

The tariff bill was then taken up, and McPherson moved to make the rate on extracts of licorice 4 cents a pound, the amendment of the finance committee being to reduce it from 8 to 5 cents. The usual political discussion followed, in the course of which Aldrich said the Mills bill originally proposed a duty of 4 cents on licorice paste, but when it was found that the men engaged in that business were Democrats, the rate was increased to 5 cents.

Vest denied this statement. McPherson's motion was finally rejected by the usual party vote, and the committee amendment was agreed to.

McPherson wanted the duty on castor oil reduced from 50 to 25 cents per gallon, but Plumb asked that it be increased to 80 cents (the present duty), and this was agreed to.

The paragraph relating to opium was amended as recommended by the finance committee, to make it read \$12 instead of \$10 per pound. Paragraph 48 as to barytes was amended on recommendation of the finance committee, making the duty on the manufactured article \$1 per ton instead of \$2, as in the house bill, and on manufactured one-fourth cent per pound, instead of 7 per cent. McPherson continued to offer amendments to several other paragraphs, but all were voted down. Some other committee amendments were agreed to, and four pages of the bill having been disposed of, the senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE.

Charges of Corruption That Will Not Be Investigated.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—In the house today Oates, of Alabama, rising to a question of privilege, offered a resolution for an investigation of the charges of corruption against members of the house, contained in a recent editorial in the National Economist. After some discussion the speaker ruled the resolution not a privileged one. On doing so he said the editorial was of the vaguest character. It made no assertion except by inference. It made no statement upon which anybody could be expected to predicate a belief or conviction. There were within the knowledge of every member paragraphs of this character floating around in the newspapers of the country. The house could see the inconvenience which would result to the business of the house if any member had the right, on the production of a paragraph like this, to demand an investigation.

Oates sustained the decision of the chair, an appeal having been taken by Oates—Yeas, 95; nays, 71. The house then went into committee of the whole on the senate amendments to the sundry civil bill. The senate irrigation amendment was finally non-concurred in. The committee then rose and the house adjourned without disposing of the bill.

IRRIGATION SURVEYS.

Secretary Noble Answers Inquiries as to Their Scope and Purpose.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—An answer to the inquiries in regard to irrigation surveys contained in the recent senate resolution, was sent to the senate today by Secretary Noble. He states that the director of the geological survey actually surveyed and marked the boundary areas of sites for reservoirs by him selected under the act of 1888, and the tracts so segregated are so marked that they can be discovered on the ground, and are delineated on the land office maps. For reservoir site selections only so much land has in each instance been reserved as is intended to be used for the storage of water. It is not intended, the secretary says, that the surveys and selections under the act of 1888, shall be carried to the extent of planning a system of canals, ditches, checks and furrows for the distribution of water over farms, which it

is deemed the people when they come to cultivate these lands, can better do themselves. The general purpose and plan of the department, the secretary says, is to preserve the sources of water supply from possession or appropriation of individuals or corporations. It is believed, he says, to be the duty of his department, so long as this statute remains, to enforce it, that its fruits, at least in the preservation of sources and reservoirs of water may be kept under either national or state governmental control.

The Land Forfeiture Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The conferees on the land grant forfeiture bill have about come to an agreement upon the measure. They will probably formally conclude their report at the next meeting. It is understood that the measure agreed upon provides for the absolute forfeiture of the lands described in the act. The section of the house bill looking to further forfeitures of lands is said to have been stricken out.

St. Paul Census Kickers.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—A delegation representing the city of St. Paul had a conference with the secretary of the interior today in regard to the proposed recense of the population of that city. Superintendent Porter read for half an hour or more from type-written memoranda the results of the recent investigation into the alleged schedule padding, presenting a strong prima facie case.

Opium Seized.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 31.—The customs officers seized 130 5-tael cans of opium today, valued at \$650. The opium was found concealed in a sofa and spring mattress, which were among the cargo of the Canadian Pacific steamer Danube. Both articles of furniture were consigned to Wm. Grant.

FROM THE ORIENT.

THE STEAMER BELGIC BRINGS NEWS FROM JAPAN.

The Mikado Protecting His Seal Preserves. Cholera Raging at Nagasaki—The Rice Famine Causes Serious Riots.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The steamship Belgic arrived this morning twenty-three days from Hongkong and fourteen from Yokohama. Japanese advices state that seal and other hunting about the Hokkaido, Hemuro and Soghalien islands is again engaging the attention of the authorities, and the native papers state that the provisions of the act of 1884 regulating such hunting by foreigners, will be enforced to the extent of sending men-of-war to the islands. Heavy rains in the Chikuzen and Cuzen districts, July 4th to the 6th, washed away the bridges across all the streams, considerably delaying railway traffic. A number of houses were washed away, and one person was killed.

On the 11th inst. the total number of cholera cases was increased to 230, with 114 deaths. Forty-seven fresh cases and fifteen deaths were reported that day, and on the 12th inst. thirty fresh cases and twenty-seven deaths were reported from Nagasaki. The emperor has sanctioned the expenditure of \$43,125 from the government reserve fund for disinfection purposes.

The latest reports of disorder on account of the high price of rice come from Aikawa, Sado island. Two thousand poor people, aided by miners, began a riot on the 1st inst., and the police being powerless, the governor ordered troops from the neighboring garrison. Telegraphic news on the 4th inst. stated that the rioters were becoming more powerful and were destroying the residences and property of the rice merchants. A company of infantry was dispatched from Shihata to the scene, and Councilor Kuroda, of the home department, also hastened to Aikawa. The latter is the most prosperous town of Sado island, and has a population of thirteen thousand.

The native papers, commenting on the recent elections for the rank of counts, says all the great statesmen seem to have been forgotten. Of fifteen counts elected but four—Counts Ito, Matsukata, Katsu and Nanagawara—have any claim to statesmanship. It is generally believed that the emperor will nominate Counts Okuma, Inoue, Goto, Itagaki and Terashima to be members of the house of peers, and it is stated that a noticeable feature is that only those counts accredited with conservative tendencies have been chosen, and that owing to their number they will be a weak party in the house, as will also the baronial section. The viscounts, however, number seventy. Returns from one of the districts have been received, and the Japan Gazette estimates that of about 435,000 people entitled to vote, nearly twenty per cent. refrained from so doing. The strength of the parties is estimated as follows: Radicals, 101; Kaishiu Liberals, 58; Conservatives, 26; Kinshiu Liberals, 10; Independent, 80; Jiji, 15; unknown, 15.

On the 6th instant the first woolen mill in Japan supplied with an English-made plant, was formally opened by the Tokio Woolen Manufacturing Company, a Japanese company with a capital of \$350,000.

On July 10th the emperor prefaced the finale of Japan's third annual exhibition by attending the exposition at Ueno, and distributing by proxy the awards made to exhibitors. The North China Daily News states that United States Minister Denby, on a recent visit to Canton, succeeded in having settled all American claims for compensation, some of which were in connection with the destruction of mission property in the Canton province eight years ago.

"SAN BERDOON" REPUBLICANS

Elect Delegates and Endorse Markham and Bowers.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., July 31.—The Republican convention today nominated as delegates to the state convention H. C. Rolfe, J. M. Hurley, John North, H. B. Daley, J. N. Nash, Joseph Brown, D. A. Scott, R. W. Button, H. M. Streeter, S. H. Herrick, F. A. Miller, E. P. Clark, George Merrill, E. A. Sanger, and W. L. Miller. Congressional district convention—G. H. Crafts, John Brown, Jr., Wm. Gird, John Flagg, W. A. Meed, R. J. Martin, W. C. Baller, Geo. A. Bryant, K. W. Holmes, E. Rosenthal, C. T. Rice, J. F. Hall, J. W. Ford, N. C. Hudson, J. D. Quin, N. L. Morrow. Senatorial convention—C. N. Dawson, C. Newburg, A. E. White, Fred Muscott, James Brown. Markham was endorsed for governor and Bowers for congress.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by the terrible cough, Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. For sale by C. F. Heinzenman 122 North Main street.

FLORENCE'S FORTUNE

Blythe's Illegitimate Child Inherits His Wealth.

The Numerous Other Claimants Get Nothing.

The Alleged Widow in the Soup With the Rest.

The Williams Heirs Declared to be Next of Kin—The Famous Will Contest Ended.

Associated Press Dispatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The celebrated Blythe will contest, which began July 15, 1889, and progressed steadily for over a year, ended today in Judge Coffey rendering a voluminous decision in favor of Florence, the illegitimate child of Thomas H. Blythe, the deceased millionaire, awarding her the bulk of the estate, consisting of houses and lands in this city and other property, of the total value of about four million dollars. The contestants included the plaintiff, Florence Blythe, Alice Edith Dickinson, the alleged widow of Blythe, the Williams heirs, of Liverpool, the Scotch-Irish Savages, James Witt Pearce and William and David Savage. The court's opinion held that, according to the laws of this state, Florence had established her claim to Blythe's paternity, the latter orally and in writing having acknowledged her as his child.

The judge said there were seven or eight decisions involved in the case, but he had written but two opinions. In regard to the collateral heirs, he had not written an opinion, but would state the decision. After reviewing the cause of action, which was to determine the right of Blythe's child, the court proceeded to read the opinion, holding that the fact first to be ascertained was the paternity of the child. Three elements had been established in the opinion of the court: 1. There was an illegitimate child. 2. Plaintiff was that child. 3. Thomas H. Blythe, the decedent here, was the father of that child. As to the alleged paper wherein Blythe expressly and formally acknowledged Florence to be his child, the court ruled adversely; holding that the evidence in favor of it was incredible, but that all that the law of California required in the case of an illegitimate child is such recognition and acknowledgment as the evidence produced by plaintiff would tend to show, and did show.

In the case of the alleged widow, the court says the contradictions in the case of this claimant are irreconcilable, and cannot be reconciled on the basis that the decedent and defendant were man and wife.

Florence Blythe, the heiress, is the daughter of Thomas Henry Blythe and Julia Perry, whom Blythe met in London in 1873, and who afterwards married Joseph Ashcroft. Little is known of Blythe's antecedents. He left Liverpool on the steamer Antelope in 1849, and arrived in this city in the same year. He invested what money he had in the purchase of a block of land now in the heart of the business portion of the city, and the rents and increase of the value thereof made him wealthy. He also owned a large amount of land in San Diego, Cal., and in Arizona and Mexico. He died April 4, 1883, at his apartments in this city, where he was living with Alice Dickinson, who claimed to have been married to him by contract. Blythe's foreign birth and certain incidents in his career led to the putting forth of claims from many sections of the United Kingdom, but Judge Coffey today ruled that the foreign contestants had made no case, with the exception of the Williams heirs, who were declared by him to be the next of kin.

FOR RECIPROITY.

The 'Frisco Chamber of Commerce Indorses Blaine's Policy.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The chamber of commerce adopted a resolution this afternoon declaring that whereas the chamber desires the adoption of a policy calculated to develop the trades and industries of the Pacific coast, as well as of the entire republic, by securing for our products the control of our adjunct markets, it was resolved that in view of the consideration of this question in connection with the tariff bill before the senate, the chamber is strongly in favor of commercial reciprocity as embodied in the letter received July 25th by Senator William P. Frye from Hon. James G. Blaine, secretary of state, and the chamber requests the Pacific coast delegates in congress to give it their unanimous support.

CRIME IN ARIZONA.

Two Murders Near Fort Grant in Quick Succession.

FORT THOMAS, Ariz., July 31.—At a resort near Fort Grant, yesterday, J. W. Cress, keeper of the place, was shot and killed by Constable Roberts, of Bonita, in a dispute over some land. Shortly afterward Frank Nelson, who, since being released from the army, has been leading a dissolute life, murdered Sara McHarris and her 3-year-old child, in a fit of jealousy. The woman had left her husband, who is a soldier at Fort Apache. Both murders were arrested.

Waterman Offers Rewards.

SACRAMENTO, July 31.—Governor Waterman today offered a reward of \$200 for the arrest and conviction of the Chinaman who inflicted stabs resulting in young Pierson's death last Sunday at McCracken's bridge, near Sacramento, and \$100 for the arrest of each of the others participating in the deadly affair.

ROUGH ON DIRT SOAP takes the cake.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria, When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WILL YOU SUFFER WITH Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure. For sale by C. F. Heinzenman, 122 North Main street.

Do not be disappointed with sour cream, but use Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk instead.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. For sale by C. F. Heinzenman, 122 North Main street.

Central Committee Meeting.

The Democratic county central committee met yesterday afternoon with harmony. Hon. J. De Barth Shorb presided over the brief session, which was devoted mainly to impressing upon each member the necessity of seeing that all voters in their respective districts were registered in time, and that all residents to whom the provisions of the naturalization laws applied, be made citizens.

For Family Use.

Minnesota Spring Wheat Patent Flour.



Mrs. Geo. P. Smoot, a highly cultivated and estimable lady of Prescott, Ark., writes under date of April 28, 1889: "During the summer of 1887 my eyes became inflamed, and my stomach and liver hopelessly disordered. Nothing I ate agreed with me. I took cholera medicine, and for some time my life was despaired of by my family. The leading physicians of the country were consulted, but the medicines administered by them never did me any permanent good, and I lingered between life and death, the latter being preferable to the agonies I was enduring. In May, 1888, I became disgusted with physicians and their medicines. I dropped them all and depended solely on Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), a few bottles of which made me permanently well—well from then until now."

It Builds up Old People.

My mother who is a very old lady, was physically broken down. The use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has entirely restored her to health. E. B. DILWORTH, Greenview, S. C. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



Physicians Couldn't Cure Him.

SEBASTOPOLIS, Hamilton Co., O., June, 1889. One bottle of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic cured me entirely after physicians had been unsuccessfully for 3 months to relieve me of nervous debility. W. HUNNEFIELD.

People can hardly believe it.

JERSEVILLE, ILL., May 30th, 1888. I take pleasure to let you know that my boy is still all right, he has not had any of the spasms since about March 20th. The people can hardly believe it from the fact that he had as many as 16 spasms in one day. I believe he was a very nervous child all his life but did not show any signs of spasms until last December, after which they came in regular succession, and I had 3 doctors attending who could do nothing for him, nor even tell us what was the matter. I had despaired of his ever getting well, until I got Koenig's Nerve Tonic. After taking not quite a bottle he got quite well and has not had the least sign of spasms since. Respectfully Yours,

MRS. E. LEYTON.

I testify to the facts as stated above to be strictly true. JAS. HARTY, Pastor. Our pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MEDICINE CO.,

50 West Madison, cor. Clats St., CHICAGO, ILL. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price \$1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for \$5. C. F. HEINZENMAN, Druggist and Chemist, 222 North Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.

WAREHOUSES.

Naud's Warehouse.

GRAIN, WOOL, AND General Merchandise Warehouse. ADVANCES MADE ON WOOL. m12-1f

CALIFORNIA WAREHOUSE,

Corner Seventh and Alameda. Grain, Wool and General Merchandise Warehouse. Storage, Commission and Insurance. m14-1f

DURING THE SUMMER

CAMPERS ON CORONADO BEACH

WILL BE FURNISHED WITH Grounds for Their Tents AND Water for Domestic Purposes FREE OF CHARGE.

Provided an application in person or by letter is made, accompanied by satisfactory references from responsible San Diego parties. This is done so as to give people who live in the interior an opportunity to enjoy and more fully appreciate the delightful and soothing climate for which the Bay of San Diego has already become famous.

E. S. BARCOCK, jy29

2929 Second Coronado Beach Company.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

No. 6 Bertha (a 5-hole) Range..... \$ 9.00 No. 7 Bertha (a 5-hole) Range..... 10.00 No. 8 Bertha (a 5-hole) Range..... 13.00

I am overstocked with Gasoline Stoves and am selling them at \$4 Less Than Eastern Prices.

EVERY STOVE GUARANTEED!

A fine line of Dry Air Refrigerators at very low prices. A full line of Medallion Ranges. Stoves sold on the installment plan at

F. E. BROWNE'S m12-2m

136 S. Main St., opp. Mott Market.

JOE POHEIM THE TAILOR

MAKES THE BEST FITTING Clothes

40 Per Cent. Less Than any other house on the Pacific Coast

141 and 143 S. Spring St. English Serge Suits to order, \$22.50 Worth \$35.00.

ATTENTION VOTERS.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY, Los Angeles, Cal., July 29, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that a re-registration of the voters of Los Angeles county, state of California, according with section 1004, sec. 1, Political Code, and the acts amendatory thereto, has been ordered by the board of supervisors under date of July 11th, 1890. Said re-registration commenced July 29th and will continue eight-five days from that date. All voters must register.

By order of the board of supervisors of Los Angeles county, Cal. J. M. MEREDITH, Clerk. jy30-30d

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO.

The warm weather continues, and you all want a STRAW HAT. See our bargains at 50 cents.

At the end of the summer season we find ourselves overstocked on Children's all wool suits, from 4 to 9 years, to reduce the stock we offer a discount of 20 per cent.

We are having an immense run on Blue Flannel Sailor Suits for boys from 6 to 11 years. Try them at only \$1.25.

THIS IS THE DUSTY SEASON. DON'T FORGET TO LOOK AT OUR COM- PLETE LINE OF DUSTERS.

MEN'S ALL WOOL CALIFORNIA CASIMERE PANTS, EXTRA VALUES AT \$3.00, \$3.50 AND \$4.00.

VALISES, HATS, CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirt Waists and Knee Pants, so popular for the boys in summer, are moving rapidly.

The workmen of this vicinity will always find good reliable clothing, hats or furnishing goods at the well known NW corner Spring and First sts. Business Suits at \$7.88.

MULLEN, BLUETT & CO. CLOTHING, VALISES, HATS, FURNISHING GOODS. The warm weather continues, and you all want a STRAW HAT. See our bargains at 50 cents. At the end of the summer season we find ourselves overstocked on Children's all wool suits, from 4 to 9 years, to reduce the stock we offer a discount of 20 per cent. We are having an immense run on Blue Flannel Sailor Suits for boys from 6 to 11 years. Try them at only \$1.25. THIS IS THE DUSTY SEASON. DON'T FORGET TO LOOK AT OUR COM- PLETE LINE OF DUSTERS. MEN'S ALL WOOL CALIFORNIA CASIMERE PANTS, EXTRA VALUES AT \$3.00, \$3.50 AND \$4.00. VALISES, HATS, CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS. Shirt Waists and Knee Pants, so popular for the boys in summer, are moving rapidly. The workmen of this vicinity will always find good reliable clothing, hats or furnishing goods at the well known NW corner Spring and First sts. Business Suits at \$7.88.

NOW IS THE TIME. DON'T DELAY. HOW CAN I GET A SOLID GOLD ELGIN WATCH WARRANTED WORTH \$40 FOR \$8. BARTLETT'S Jewelry and Music House. 129 WEST FIRST ST., LOS ANGELES. WE GIVE YOU SAME VALUE IN DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY. Mail Orders Receive Special Attention. And they will show you how an investment of one dollar a week for eight weeks will do it.

TROY LAUNDRY. Works, 571, 573 and 575 North Main Street. Telephone No. 46. MAIN OFFICE, UNDER LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK, FIRST AND SPRING STREETS. Dress Shirts and Lawn Tennis Suits and Tennis Shirts Neatly Done. GIVE US A TRIAL ORDER. Good Work and Prompt Delivery. Collars and Cuffs and Fine Linen Clothes Mended and Buttons Sewed on.

R. ECCLES & CO. PACKERS AND CURERS OF THE CELEBRATED OUR OWN HAMS AND LARD. CROWN BRAND. For Sweetness and Fine Flavor we warrant our Goods unsurpassed. Ask your grocer for them.

SEYMOUR & JOHNSON COMPY. REMOVAL NOTICE. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. * * GROCERS * *. Now at Nos. 216 and 218 South Spring Street, near Second. A SPECIALTY OF FINE TABLE DELICACIES. S. H. BUTTERFIELD, Art Photographer. Crayon Portraits a Specialty. 315 S. Spring Street. TEMPLE BLOCK GALLERY. CABINETS, \$3 PER DOZEN.