RECIPROCITY TALK.

A Perfect Craze Has Struck Congress.

Nearly All the Senators Shouting Reciprocity.

Consideration of the Sugar Schedule of the Tariff Bill Begun.

This Brings Many Suggestions as to Mr. Blaine's Policy to the Fore—Hale's Amendment.

Associated Press Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—In the senate today Evarts presented a resolution from the Buffalo merchants' exchange favoring reciprocity not only with the nations to the south of the United States, but also with that on the north.

The house bill in relation to lotteries was reported from the postoffice committee and placed on the calender with a notification by Sawyer that he would ask its consideration as soon as the tariff bill is passed.

The tariff bill was then taken up and the sugar schedule considered. Carlisle gave notice that he would move to strike out all paragraphs relative to sugar bounties.

Hale offered the reciprocity amendment of which he had given notice on June 19th and addressed the senate upon it. The desirability of such interchange of products as the amendment proposed, he said, had been a subject which had given rise to the closest attention and had resulted in grave and pertinent suggestions from eminent public men of the United States during the last thirty years. Whoever had seen the gradual falling off of American trade with Central and South America and the isles of the sea, must have witnessed those conditions with the greatest impatience. The people of all those countries had a common interest with the people of the United States.

Alluding to the late Pan-American congress, Hale said it proved that the same considerations which had their influence in the United States were also in the minds of the eminent men from the sister republics who took part in the proceedings of that congress, and and that they pointed to one sure inevitable end, an increase of trade between the United States and those people. Those considerations which applied to an extension of trade and an increase of interchanges of products, applied not only to the nations of Central and South America, but to the islands of the Spanish main.

Hale assured the senators who represented sorghum and beet sugar districts, that he was not in antagonism with them. If these senators objected to the policy of trying to secure some benefits from those countries for the repeal of the duty on sugar, he asked them how much more they ought to object to the unreserved repeal of these duties. It would be declared that the policy was not much short of lunacy, to repeal the sugar duties, unless the repeal was used to obtain some benefits for the products of American labor. To him one thing was as sure as the tides and sunrise, and that was that the policy suggested by the president and secretary of state, and which had secured the attention and approval of the wisest statesmen in the last thirty years, was a policy that had come to stay with the American people. There never was a time more fitted to try the plan or experiment than now, and to his mind the amendment he offered was the most fitting solution of the question.

Allison made a long statement of the receipts and expenditures of the government, and the probable effect of the tariff bill on the finances. He said the total expenditures for the current fiscal year would be about $411,000,000, and the total revenues, including postal receipts and everything, would be $400,000,000. If there were no tariff bill to be passed, and if the situation remained unchanged, there would be a surplus of revenue over expenditures for the current fiscal year, of $4,000,000. He had not included in the expenditures the amount that would be paid for silver or claims other than those which passed congress. He figured out the increase of $27,000,000 of revenue under our pending bill, as against a decrease of $60,000,000 from putting sugar and other articles on the free list; that $33,500,000 had to be taken off from the surplus of $42,000,000, leaving some $15,000,000 surplus at the end of the year, paying nothing on the sinking fund.

Taking into account the balance now in the treasury ($107,000,000) and this surplus, Allison calculated that the secretary of the treasury would have $78,000,000 on the first of July, 1891, unless in the meantime, he redeemed 4½ per cent bonds as he (Allison) hoped the secretary would proceed to do without delay. He declared that in his judgment, it was a wise thing to take off the sugar duties. He had not the slightest fear that there would be any danger from it to the treasury; certainly not within several years to come. He was also in favor of a further extension of reciprocal trade, but hoped that in any such arrangement it wonld be seen to that the United States had its just share of the bargain.

Gibson offered an amendment to the sugar schedule, by adding the words "syrup of beet, sorghum or sugar cane." He made an argument against the sugar bounty proposition, and said it was a miserable dwindling away from Blaine's broad and generous proposition of full reciprocity.

Sherman expressed his views on the subject of reciprocity, and spoke of the difficulties in the way of reciprocity by treaty. The first proposition of Hale's amendment was almost a startling one. It authorized the president of the United States, without further legislation, to declare the ports of the United States free and open to all products of any nation of the American hemisphere, upon which no export duty is imposed. Was Cuba, he asked, a nation? He knew that Senator Hale said today that he meant to include Cuba. But was Canada embraced in that list of nations? He had asked the senator that question, and the senator had replied "No, no! that is quite a different thing." And yet if any reciprocal trade arrangements were made with any country they ought to be made with Canada.

He went on to criticise unfavorably Hale's amendment as one that would allow the free importation of wool, copper, zinc, iron, gold, silver, lead ores, etc., but was informed by Hale that the amendment had not been carefully drawn, but was simply intended to propose the principle of reciprocity. His own amendment had been intended to apply to only three or four articles—sugar, coffee, rubber and nitrates.

He was reminded by Sherman that Cuba produced no coffee and no rubber, so the arrangement with Cuba could only be as to the article of sugar.

Hale—If there is nothing to trade upon with advantage, then there will be no trade made. The plan which I suggested is comprehensive, but it is not definitive. If there is nothing to make a bargain upon, that settles the question.

Sherman—My friend from Maine is whittling down this magnificent theory until there is nothing of it left.

Spooner suggested an amendment to apply to Canada, putting a duty of ten per cent. ad valorem on green coffee, and three cents a pound and ten per cent. ad valorem on roasted and ground coffee, and ten per cent. on tea. These duties being omitted from the Canadian tariff.

Recess till 8 p. m.

At the evening session Gibson moved, as a substitute for the sugar schedule, the paragraphs in the existing law imposing duty on sugar. Dolph concluded his speech against any reciprocity with Canada in the matter of coal, timber or agricultural products.

Vance argued in support of the amendment offered by him, reducing the rates of duty on all manufactures of steel and iron, all woolen and cotton goods, earthenware and glassware, and all material used for fertilizers, when such goods are purchased abroad by any citizen of the United States by the exchange of American farm products or by the proceeds of the sale of such products. He said there would be a surplus this year of five million bales of cotton, one hundred million bushels of wheat and five hundred million bushels of corn. What was to be done with all that surplus if the foreign market was to be closed? And yet the American farmer had been told by the venerable senator from Vermont, (Morrill) that we produced too much, and that the remedy was to limit production; and he had been told by the senator from Connecticut, (Hawley) that if the high wall was maintained around the United States for fifty years, the American farmers would come out afterwards, rich and happy.

The senate at 10 p. m. adjourned till tomorrow.

IN THE HOUSE.

Consideration of the Clayton-Breckinridge Case Commenced.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2—In the house this morning Lacy, of Iowa, called up and the house proceeded to the consideration of the Clayton-Breckinridge contested election case.

Cooper, of Ohio, opened the debate. He described the state of affairs leading up to the assassination of Clayton, and said it was the opinion of the majority that the murder grew directly out of the political methods adopted in that country. In that view the majority echoed the almost universal sentiment of all sections. Ballot box stealing and stuffing, intimidation and murder naturally followed each other. In conclusion he passed a high encomium on the people and state of Arkansas, contending that if the election methods in vogue in that state were abandoned, the commonwealth would soon be alive with industry and manufactures.

Wilson, of Missouri, joined with the gentleman from Ohio in his panegyric upon the people of Arkansas, but he regretted that the gentleman only today discovered how good the people of Arkansas were; if he had discovered sooner, he could never have signed the majority report. The instigator of this investigation was Powell Clayton, the dead man's brother, and while he would say to Powell Clayton, in the language of the Almighty: "Vengeance is mine, I will repay," he could not forget the fact that if Powell Clayton could divest himself of the baneful influence of "Poker Jack" McClure, he would be himself again and would not pursue Breckinridge from a motive of vengeance.

The case went over until tomorrow, and Cannon took the floor in a statement relative to the appropriations made at this session of congress.

Sayers, a member of the appropriations committee, reviewed the financial situation from a Democratic standpoint.

A bill was passed declaring Rock Island a port of delivery.

The speaker announced the appointment Flick, of Iowa, as a member of the Raum investigation committee, in place of Smyser, resigned.

Adjourned.

THE NATION'S FINANCES

Reviewed from Republican and Democratic Standpoints.

WASHIVGTON, Sept. 2.—In connection with the conference report on the river and harbor bill to-day, Chairman Cannon, of the house commitlee on appropriations, made an exhaustive statement touching the expenditures authorized by the present session of congress. He said the sum of $402,134,860 is properly chargeable against the probable revenue of the government for the fiscal year of 1890, and when deducted from the latter shows a surplus of $65,279,475. Following Cannon, Representative Sayers presented a statement for his democratic colleagues on the committee. It says: If to the appropriations of the presene congress we add the permanent and indefinite appropriations, estimated by the secretary of the treasury, to-wit: $101,628,453, we will have aggregate appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1891, of $461,844,879, as against $450,414,338 revenues, including postal receipts, thus making an excess of appropriations over revenues of $11,430,442.

WANTS DAMAGES.

Florence Blythe's Alleged Abductor Sues For Redress.

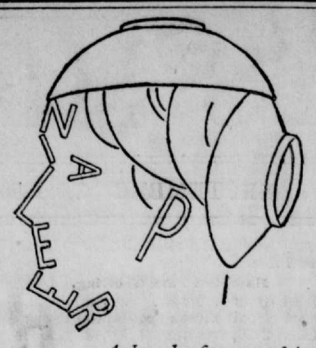
OAKLAND, Cal., Sept. 2.—The suit of "Dr." Frank Reme, who, it was alleged, attempted to kidnap Florence Blythe, against W. H. H. Hart and Grandpa Perry, for $50,000 damages, for causing his arrest, came up for trial before Judge Ellsworth today. On his first trial before Judge Gibson, the jury disagreed. In a subsequent trial Judge Greene instructed the jury that as it had not been proven where defendant had intended to take the girl, the charge of kidnapping could not be sustained, and Reme was discharged. Reme, who had remained in jail about six months, subsequently brought suit as stated for damages.

A National Bank Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—A bill introduced by Senator Cooke today provides that hereafter no national banks shall issue circulating notes. Authority is given national banks to loan money on real estate.

Death of Judge Edmonds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 2.—Ex-Superior Judge M. A. Edmonds, died this morning at his residence, after a lingering illness.



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Removes Freckles, Moth Patches, Pimples, Blackheads, Sunburn and Sallowness. It does not take from the face the natural rosy color, but BLEACHES OUT ALL BLEMISHES LODGED IN THE SKIN. Freckles and other discolorations are dissolved; blackheads, fleshworms, etc., are brought to the surface, where they dry and fall of with the old cuticle, which flakes off like fine dandruff by rubbing the face gently with a towel. While the old skin is thus being disposed of, the new skin underneath is forming soft and smooth, pure and white and fine in texture. The complexion is then as perfect as it can be made, and nothing remains but to keep it so, by the nightly use of CUCUMBER AND ELDER FLOWER CREAM, OR JASMINE KOSMEO. From one to three bottles are required to work a perfect cure. Perfectly harmless. $1.50 per bottle. For sale by druggists. F. W. Braun & Co., wholesale agents, Los Angeles. Send stamps to Mrs. Gervaise Graham, 103 Post st., San Francisco, for her book "How to be Beautiful." jy26-12m

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Genuine only with fac-simile of Baron Liebig's signature in BLUE INK across label. To be had of all Storekeepers, grocers and druggists. s2mon&thur12m

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We declare a dividend early in January and July of each year. Its amount depends on our earnings. Five per cent. on term and from three to four on ordinary.
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m30-tf

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Surplus and Profits.....750,000
Total.....$1,250,000
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Paid up Capital.....$300,000
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SURPLUS.....20,000
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....500,000
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SURPLUS.....77,500 00
TOTAL.....$577,500 00
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J. F. SARTORI, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
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We do a general banking business, and invite correspondence.
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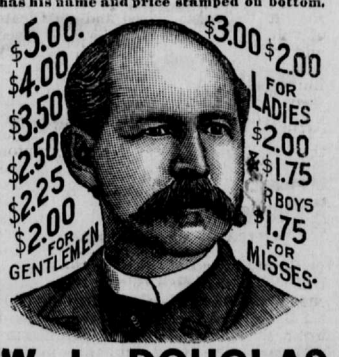

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