

WHAT THEY DID.

Proceedings of the State Irrigation Convention.

The Statistics of Districts Under the Wright Law.

A Large Acreage of Watered Land the Result.

The Resolutions Adopted Show Faith in the Wright Law.—Interesting Figures which Indicate Great Progress.

Yesterday morning J. W. Nance, of Ferris, president of the state association of irrigating districts, and L. M. Holt, of San Bernardino, returned from Tulare, where they had been in attendance at the state irrigation convention, and from them the HERALD has obtained full reports of the proceedings of that convention.

Mr. Holt, who had obtained quite full reports from nearly all the irrigating districts of the state, submitted the following table showing the returns from twelve of the irrigation districts of California, giving number of acres, amount of bonds voted, amount of bonds sold, and the amount of bonds per acre in the districts that have voted bonds:

Table with columns: Name, Acres, Bonds Voted, Bonds Sold, Bonds Per Acre. Lists districts like San Diego, Los Angeles, Orange, etc.

It will be seen the amount of bonds \$1,672,000 have been actually sold. Of this sum \$560,000 in bonds were exchanged for water and water rights at par, and the sum of \$1,112,000 in bonds was sold for cash at prices ranging from 90 to 98 cents on the dollar.

The resolutions as adopted by the convention, and only partially reported by telegraph, are considered of so important a character that they are given herewith in full.

WHEREAS, The people of the state of California have won a valuable victory over all opposition in securing the enactment by the legislature of the Wright irrigation district law; and

WHEREAS, The supreme court of the state has, after a careful hearing of the case in which the enemies of irrigation vigorously assailed the constitutionality of the act, declared said law in conformity with the organic law of the state; and

WHEREAS, The officers of eight irrigation districts which voted bonds to the extent of \$3,985,000 have succeeded in finding a market for nearly half of their issue, to-wit \$1,672,000, selling bonds for cash for 90 and 96 cents on the dollar of their par value—doing this in the face of bitter opposition worthy of a better cause, in which all manner of misrepresentations were industriously circulated among capitalists by paid attorneys who were actuated more by greed than by a desire to do justice to the people and who did not stop at honorable means to accomplish their ends; and

WHEREAS, The enemies of irrigation districts are still using money freely to defeat that law, not only in the courts but by a threatened appeal to the next legislature; and

WHEREAS, We firmly believe that the salvation of the state and the best interests of our people demand that the Wright law should be sustained and perfected; and

WHEREAS, A united and determined action on the part of the friends of irrigation is absolutely essential at the present time; therefore,

Resolved, That the thanks of the people of the state are due and they are hereby tendered to the members of the last two legislatures, who, under the leadership of Hon. C. C. Wright of Stanislaus county, gave the people a law known as the Wright Irrigation District Law—a law which if properly administered will convert millions of acres of California's arid wastes into gardens of beauty and orchards and vineyards of wealth full of happy homes and churches and schools;

Resolved, That the people have confidence in the supreme court which has stood by the irrigation laws in the face of such bitter attacks, declaring them to be right and just and in conformity to the constitution of the state.

Resolved, That we firmly believe that the financial success of irrigation bonds is now assured, and that we congratulate the people on the fact that monied men are now seeking these bonds as a safe investment, as they have their foundation in the homes of the people and are not jeopardized by strikes, railroad wars, or other matters incidental to railroad bond investments.

Resolved, That we can look with complacency on the urgent, manly and malicious attacks made on irrigation districts by paid attorneys, as their attacks are now becoming harmless and the right is sure to prevail.

Resolved, That as citizens of California, deeply interested in the question of irrigation and believing as we do in the system of irrigation as provided for in the act known as the Wright law, we pledge ourselves to each other that we will, regardless of political affiliations, support no man for office who is not known to be unqualifiedly in favor of

such irrigation act and in favor of its perfection in the spirit in which it was enacted.

Resolved, That we will labor diligently to see that all districts organized under the Wright district law are legally organized and that all bonds issued shall be legally issued, and that we will stand by all the districts and all the bonds until public confidence in the same shall have been thoroughly established.

Resolved, That we heartily approve the organization of a state association of irrigation districts to take charge of the irrigation campaign, and that the work of such association will not be complete until every acre of dry land in the state shall have been successfully irrigated and every bond issued in such irrigation work shall have been honestly paid, principal and interest.

Resolved, That we heartily approve the appointing of a committee on legislation, and that all amendments submitted to this convention be and the same are hereby referred to that committee for their consideration, and we recommend that the state association of irrigation districts give such advice and financial support as shall enable them to do the best work possible for the districts and the irrigation interests of the state.

Resolved, That when we adjourn we will do so on separate homes thoroughly determined to work for the cause in which we are interested until victory perches upon our banners and irrigation districts and bonds shall be popular with legislators, judges, capitalists and people.

Resolved, That we recognize in the press of the state a power for good; that this power has been used as a rule judiciously to build up the material interests of the state and the development of her natural resources; that we are grateful for the many ways in which it has stood by the irrigation interests of the people, and that we would be placed under renewed obligations by seeing these resolutions generally published by the newspapers of the state.

The state association of irrigation districts was formed, consisting of one representative from each irrigation district, and the following representatives were named, other districts not yet being heard from.

- Perris district, San Diego and San Bernardino counties, J. W. Nance. Central district, Colusa county, H. B. Eckles. Selma district, Fresno county, Wm. A. Caruthers. Anaheim district, Orange county, Thomas Spencer. Vineland district, Los Angeles county, I. N. Rhodes. Modesto district, Stanislaus county, Frank Cressey. Elsinore, San Diego county, J. C. Chambers. Alta district, Fresno and Tulare counties, P. Y. Baker. Kern and Tulare district, in Kern and Tulare counties, E. B. Morton. Big Rock Creek district, Los Angeles county, J. S. Wilson. Escondido district, San Diego county, R. R. Beavers. Paso district, Tulare county, B. C. Dorsey. Marietta district, San Diego county, H. S. Mason. Tulare district, Tulare county, E. De Witt. Palmdale district, Los Angeles county, S. P. Cull.

A legislative committee of five was appointed, consisting of Will S. Greer, of Colusa; L. M. Holt, Hon. C. C. Wright, of Modesto, J. W. Nance, of Perris, and E. H. Tucker, of Selma. This committee, acting in conjunction with the trustees of the state association of irrigation districts, will prepare amendments to the Wright act, and have them presented to the next legislature.

SWITCHMEN STRIKE.

The Southern Pacific Labor Trouble Not Yet Settled.

At 1 o'clock yesterday morning, says the San Francisco Chronicle of Saturday, the switchmen employed in the Central Pacific freight yards, at Fourth and Townsend streets, stopped work, on account of the discharge of an assistant yardmaster, who has been foreman of the night switching engine.

The strike is not a union one, and was not ordered by the Switchmen's Mutual Aid association. The men, both union and non-union, simply quit, on account of the grievance mentioned, and have no greater power behind them to support them. The officials expect it to be a fizzle, and the men expect to get satisfaction by an appeal to the higher authorities.

The division superintendents of the Pacific system of the Southern Pacific road met with General Superintendent Fillmore and Assistant General Superintendent Pratt, at the Grand Hotel, yesterday, to consider the schedule of wages which the company will offer the employees at the conference with the representatives of the trainmen, tomorrow. No definite results were given out, and the matter will be further talked over today. Committees of employees from all over the system, and Grand Master Wilkinson, of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, will be here today, and tomorrow the conference, at which an entirely new wage system will probably be settled upon, will begin. There is every prospect that a harmonious settlement of the pay trouble will be effected.

General Traffic Manager Gray is expected home today from Chicago, where he has been for some time helping fix up the Texas freight-rate troubles.

C. P. Huntington will leave New York in a day or two, and is expected to arrive here between the 15th and 20th inst.

The entire sealskin catch of the Alaska Commercial company, which arrived here from Copper island a few days ago, will be taken east today. It has been secured by freight agent Bush of the Atlantic and Pacific, and will make a special train of fifteen cars.

A. C. Pond, assistant general ticket agent of the Northern Pacific at St. Paul, who is well known here, left for Honolulu on a vacation trip yesterday.

FAY STEVENSON.

Must Swim or Back Water at Once.

H. W. Masac, the son of Colonel T. Masac, is an amateur swimmer who wants to be champion as the following communication indicates:

I hereby challenge Fay Stevenson, amateur champion of Southern California, to swim me a race of 100 yards for the title which he now holds. I will give him a start or handicap of (4) four seconds. Race to take place at the Los Angeles Natatorium. If he won't race I shall claim the championship.

H. W. MASAC.

Los Angeles Lodge No. 55 will celebrate their twelfth anniversary with a grand ball, at Illinois hall, on Thursday evening, Sept. 13. Tickets can be obtained of members. 9-13-4.

WOMAN'S PHYSICAL HEALTH.

Importance of Bodily Training and Hygienic Precaution.

Mr. Frederick Treves calls attention to a perfectly new branch of the work undertaken by the society with reference to physical education. Within the last few years an immense deal of attention had been directed to the matter of physical education. It had been pointed out that the education of the mind was well looked after while the education of the body was practically allowed to look after itself. Parents did not realize that proper physical education must be conducted on as precise and as careful scientific lines as the ordinary education of the mind. Parents were quite content to send their children to gymnasia, and when they had done this felt satisfied that their physical education was complete. They were unaware that there was no proper control over the teachers of gymnastics and calisthenics, a large number of whom were people totally unfit for their work.

The particular object of the society had, perhaps, rather more reference to children and women than to men and boys. As a matter of fact, the latter class was admirably looked after. No one could find much to criticize in the athletic pursuits of our public schools. When they came to the London shop boy they found his condition had been materially changed; he had taken to bicycling and other pursuits. When they came to schools, and especially to girls' schools, it must be confessed that the conditions were about as bad as they very well could be. They heard a good deal of the enormous advances of civilization during the last fifty or one hundred years, and their marvelous improvement on the unfortunate savage, who had straight limbs, graceful carriage and an absence of the ordinary aches and pains, and he was not disposed to be always taking tea or to be living in an atmosphere of tonics. People pointed out to us, that by a judiciously supervised system of physical education, exercises and due attention to the development of the body it was possible to alter its proportions, to reduce redundancies and to develop deficient and feeble muscles.

Motives of vanity and regard for the future physical development of their girls might so influence mothers who were inclined to higher considerations, to see that the physical education of girls was carried out, whether in families or in schools, under persons trained, skilled and having the requisite knowledge to make such physical training in all respects useful and in no case injurious. Neither could be said of the very limited amount of physical training now given to girls. It was pointed out that the National Health society's diploma would be granted to such teachers of gymnastics, calisthenics and physical exercises as had fulfilled the necessary curriculum and passed the required examinations.

The society hoped by the institution of this diploma to encourage the development of physical education in this country; to render such training precise, effectual and scientific; to protect the public, on the one hand, from incompetent teachers, and on the other, to establish the position of such instructors as were fully qualified. It was intended, however, that the work of such teachers should be devoted and restricted to the one legitimate object set forth in the diploma, namely, physical training, and that they should not undertake the treatment of deformity or disease by "movements," "rhythmic exercises," "massage and the like. The diploma would certify that the candidate had passed an examination in the art and science of physical education, had fulfilled the curriculum required by the society, and was fully qualified to act as an instructor of gymnastics, calisthenics and physical exercises generally.—British Medical Journal.

Floating Islands of the Aztecs.

Probably the most curious craft—if we may call it a craft—that man ever constructed or handled was the floating island (Chinampas) of the Aztecs. They were the outgrowth of necessity.

Being environed by enemies who occupied the main land, the Mexicans were obliged to construct these boat gardens or subsist without fruit and vegetables. With branches, roots and other light materials they made a float; on this they placed weeds and earth dredged from the bottom of the lakes. Some of these islands were forty-eight feet long, eighteen broad and raised about a foot above the water. These floating gardens had one great advantage—if the proprietor's neighbors were undesirable, or if the proximity of an ill kept field endangered his own crop, he could pull up anchor and jump into his canoe tow his real estate to a more desirable locality. A few years ago there was a natural floating island drifting about Greenwood lake. It has since been fixed near the lower end.—Rudder.

The Pride of Matrimony.

In his "Trials of a Country Parson" Dr. Jessup tells some amusing anecdotes picked up in Arcady. As thus: "It is very shocking to a sensitive person to hear the way in which the old people speak of their dead wives or husbands exactly as if they'd been horses or dogs. They are always proud of having been married more than once. 'You didn't think, miss, as I'd have five wives, now, did you? Ah, but I have, though—leastways I buried five on 'em in the churchyard, that I did—and tree on 'em bewties!' On another occasion I playfully suggested: 'Don't you mix up your husbands now and then, Mrs. Page, when you talk about them?' 'Well, to tell you the truth, sir, I really don't. But my third husband, he was a man! I don't mix him up. He got killed fighting—you've heard tell of that, I make no doubt? The others warn't nothing to him. He'd 'a' mixed them up quick enough if they'd interferred w' him. Lawk ha! He'd 'a' made nothing of them!'"

Quick Relief Was Needed.

There may be cases where human aid would be powerless to save from death a man caught in a quicksand. A case which almost proves this occurred in Milton, Upper Canada, where a well digger sunk into quicksand up to his knees. The windlass rope was promptly placed around him, but it was soon discovered that if the effort to pull him out were persevered in his legs would be torn off. Accordingly an attempt was made to dig him out, and men with shovels worked uninterruptedly for six hours to accomplish that end, which was successfully achieved.—Hamilton Globe.

A Sensible Verdict.

A girl sued a Brooklyn man for breach of promise. He proved that it was a summer resort flirtation, and the jury rendered a verdict for defendant. The girl subsequently acknowledged that she had been engaged every season for five years, but she had at last got tired out.—Detroit Free Press.

Couldn't Stand a Loan.

Gazzam—I never saw a man lose his strength as rapidly as Dolly did the other day.

Maddox—How was that?

Gazzam—I asked him to lend me \$10, when straightaway he declared he was unable to stand alone.—West Shore.

A Truck Farmer at Interlachen, Fla., shipped one box of beans to Cincinnati and the box was sold for \$150. The freight was \$1.25 and the commission 15 cents, leaving a balance in favor of the grower of 10 cents.

Safety From a Pestilential Scourge.

Protection from the disease, not a medical agent which merely checks the paroxysms, is the grand desideratum wherever the epidemic scourge of malaria prevails. Quinine does not afford this protection. The chief reason why Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has won such immense popularity is, that it prepares the system to resist the malarial pest. This it does by bracing and toning the physical organism; regulating and promoting an equal flow and distribution of the animal fluids, and establishing digestion on a sound basis. Not only is fever and ague prevented, but the worst types of the disease are conquered by it. Such is the only conclusion to be drawn from the overwhelming evidence in its favor. It is equally efficacious in dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, general debility and rheumatic complaint and is a reliable diuretic and nerve.

Choice Orange and Raisin Land.

In another column will be noticed an advertisement of choice orange and raisin land in the vicinity of Riverside and Redlands, now offered for sale by the Bear Valley & Alessandro Development Company. For further information inquire of Hunter & Meadows, Nadeau Block, or Bryant Bros., Natick House; or A. M. Brosius, Riverside, Cal.

Grand Opening.

Mrs. J. M. Erdman, who for the past two years has been head trimmer for Mme. Gotthelf of this city, will open a fine line of artistic millinery goods, including the very latest styles and patterns, which she has recently received from the east, on Monday, September 15th, at number 419 South Spring street. Ladies are respectfully invited to attend.

Los Angeles Directory 1891.

The canvass for this work is now commencing and will be vigorously pushed to completion, so that books can be in the hands of subscribers by January 1st. Owing to the changes made in streets and numbers since last issue, the Los Angeles map and street guide, which is given free to each subscriber to the directory, will be a more important feature than ever. Special pains will be taken to have it accurate and complete to date of issue. W. H. L. CORRAN, Publisher. 215 West First street.

A Recommendation.

I, the undersigned, being dangerously ill, applied to Dr. Mtug Chow and was restored to perfect health, and therefore desire all my friends to be interested in recommending to Dr. Mtug Chow, that his reputation be not concealed, and advise all afflicted ones to repair to Dr. Mtug Chow's office at No. 64 1/2 Cypress street and be cured. LOOSE HING, July 15th, 1890.

When purchasing teas or coffees, do not look for a chromo or six cent pickle dish to go with it, but go to H. Jevne's grocery house, where pure teas and coffees at proper values can always be had, 136 and 138 North Spring street.

Hunters, Attention!

You can buy or rent guns at 247 South Main street much less than anywhere else. Try it.

The HERALD Job Office is now better prepared to turn out first-class job printing than ever. Give us a call when in need of printing of any description.

Shot Guns.

Bargains in new and second hand at 247 South Main street.

The Los Angeles Soda Works.

H. W. Stoll & Co., proprietors, 509 Commercial street, uses only the celebrated Poland Rock Natural Mineral Water for the manufacture of all carbonated drinks. Call for their Soda, Selzer, Ginger Ale and Sarsaparilla and Iron. All goods are of the finest quality, and for purity and flavor can not be excelled.

"Tough on Itch"

Ointment cures Skin Humors, Pimples, Flesh Worms, Ring Worm, Itch, Rheum, Erysipelas, Feet, Chilblains, Itch, Ivy Poison, Barber's Itch, Scald Head, Eczema. 50c. Druggists or mail. E. S. Wells, Jersey City, N. J. ROUGH ON TOOTHACHE, 15c. At Druggists

The Exchange Saloon.

Neatest resort in the city, excellent hot lunch served from 11 to 2 o'clock daily. 228 South Spring street, opposite L. A. Theatre. Telephone 698. ROBT. KERN, Manager.

Our Home Brew.

Philadelphia Lager, fresh from the brewery, on draught in all the principal saloons, delicatessen stores, hotels or restaurants, and Brewery, 238 Aliso street. Telephone 91.

Don't buy stale roasted coffees, when you can always find it fresh from the roaster at H. Jevne's, 136 and 138 North Spring street.

Shot guns to rent at 247 South Main street.

For Durability and Beauty.

House owners should insist on having their painters use only the Sherwin-Williams paints, for sale by P. H. Mathews, cor. Second and Main.

California Vinegar and Pickle Works.

Telephone No. 359. Removed to 555 Banning street, opposite soap factory, near Alameda and First streets, one-half block from electric light works.

Potomac Dining Parlors.

Finest meal in the city, 25 cents. Elegant service. 217 S. Broadway, 4th floor. Take elevator. MRS. N. COOK, Proprietress.

Removal.

Mrs. E. C. Freeman has removed her "Home Bakery," from 439 S. Spring st., to 551 S. Broadway, between 6th and 7th streets.

Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk

diluted with either fresh dairy milk or water according to directions makes an excellent and inexpensive cream.

Thrifty and economical housekeepers will find a grocery store to their liking at H. Jevne's, 136 and 138 North Spring street.

Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk is delicious for table use and all culinary purposes. Dilute it either with fresh dairy milk or water.

Senour's prepared floor paint dries over night. Try it. For sale by J. M. Blackburn & Co., 418 S. Spring street. a24-3m

Bakery.

Ehinger's bakery and ice cream and dining parlors, cor. Third and S. Spring sts.

Make your own cream from Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk. It is delicious economical and does not sour.

Granula, the great health food, for sale by all grocers.

Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk

imparts to coffee a richness and delicious flavor never obtained by dairy cream.

Ask your grocer for Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk. Delicious for coffee, fruits, ice cream, desserts, etc.

Buy a can of Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk, use it according to directions, and you will be delighted.

Good coffee necessitates good cream. Use Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk and you have the best.

No more trouble about fresh cream if you use Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk. Ask your grocer for it.

Physicians recommend Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk for infant feeding and general use.

Consult your physician concerning the merits of Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk as a food for infants.

Did you ever try ice cream made from Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk? It's excellent.

Do not be disappointed with our cream, but use Highland Unsweetened Condensed Milk instead.

HEATH & MILLIGAN Prepared Paint at Seriver & Quinn, 146 S. Main street.

Paints, Oils and Glass.

Corner Second and Main. P. H. Mathews.

Tents and wagon umbrellas at Foy's saddlery house, 315 N. Box Angeles street.

Senour's Celebrated Floor Paint

at Seriver & Quinn, 146 South Main street.

Frank X. Engler.

Piano regulator and tuner, 119 S. Olive St.

Manioca, for puddings, at Jevne's.

All kinds of imported cheese at H. Jevne's.

Montgomery Bros., JEWELERS, Will remove to the Large Double Store, Next to their present location, about OCTOBER 1st, Or as soon as their store furniture arrives from New York, 120 and 122 N. Spring Street. Montgomery Bros. 9-14-4m

Asphalt Paving, Company of Los Angeles. CAPITAL, - - - \$50,000. L. BLANKENHORN, Pres. A. F. MACKAY Vice-Pres. H. BROWN, Secy. S. HUTTON, Supt. Contractors for Asphalt paving on streets, sidewalks, warehouse floors, cellars, wineries, etc. We use the same class of material and manner of laying as in universal use in the East, and the only ones permanently successful. Over 300 miles of this paving are now laid in the principal cities of the United States. It is supplanting stone, wood, and other pavements. Recommended by sanitary and civil engineers of cities, because: 1.—It is cheaper to maintain. 2.—It saves wear and tear of vehicles and lessens cost of drayage in increased loads hauled. 3.—It is clean, free from dust, mud and unhealthful accumulations common to every other pavement and dangerous to health. 4.—It is comparatively noiseless; in this respect a boon appreciated by business men, invalids, dwellers in hotels and homes. Office, 505 N. Main Street, Rooms 20 and 21 Vickers Building.

Hello Everybody! We will sell at the following prices until further notice: 50 lbs. Roy Flour \$1.25 Northern White Beans... \$2.50 50 " Peerless " 1.15 " Pink " 2.00 50 " Red Rose " 80 16 lbs. Rice " 1.00 16 " Gran. Sugar " 1.00 3 cans Eagle Milk " 50 18 " Light Brown Sugar 1.00 4 " Crown " 50 20 " Dark " 1.00 6 " Table Fruit " 1.00 12 cans salmon " 1.00 10 " Pie " 1.00 Best E. Hams, per lb. 13c 1 " Uncolored Tea " 35 50c " Bacon, " 12c 1 " Green Jap. " 35 50c " Dry salt sides " 9c 10 " Black " 40 3 1/2 lbs. H&P Blend Coffee 1.00 A. B. Coffee, per pkg " 25

HALL & PACKARD, 341 and 343 S. Spring St., bet. 4th and 5th. GOOD GOODS AT THEIR VALUE. HEADQUARTERS FOR CHOICE Teas, Coffees, Table Delicacies AND FANCY BRANDS OF BUTTER. SEYMOUR & JOHNSON CO. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS. Now at Nos. 216 and 218 South Spring St., near Second. SOUTH FIELD WELLINGTON SELECTED LUMP COAL WHOLESALE RETAIL The Best Domestic Coal in the Market. Oak, Pine and Juniper wood sawed and split to order. HANCOCK BANNING, Importer of S. F. Wellington and Foreign Steam Coal, YARD, 838 N. Main St. Telephone 1047. m29-4m OFFICE, 130 W. Second St. Telephone 36

ATTEND THE BANKRUPT SALE THE McDonald & Fisher FINE STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES Must be closed out at once. Commencing AUGUST 16, 1890. The finest Stock in the city. Bottom Prices. GIBSON & TYLER, 142-144 N. Spring St.

J. J. SCHALLERT, President. T. W. BROTHERTON, Vice-Pres. J. H. BURKS, Secy. & Treas. Cor. 3d and Spring. CITIZENS' ICE CO. CAPITAL - - - \$100,000. DIRECTORS: J. J. Schallert, T. S. C. Love, Geo. R. Shatto, W. L. Packard, T. W. Brotherton. This company will soon be fully equipped to furnish the citizens of Los Angeles solid ice, manufactured from water, free from all impurities. The ice furnished by this company will be absolutely pure, so much so that druggists will use it instead of the distilled water of commerce. The Citizens' Company was formed to relieve the impositions of a monopoly, and they fully intend to do it, and will furnish ice at the lowest rates. Do not contract with any other company. 9-13-11