

NO BALM IN GILEAD

For the Tottering Republican Party

If the Democrats Carry the Keystone State.

Blaine Sounds the Toes in Protection's Stronghold.

The Astute Statesman Sees Certain Ruin
Staring the G. O. P. in
the Face.

Associated Press Dispatches.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 1.—Secretary Blaine arrived from Washington this afternoon. He received a great ovation later in the afternoon, as he appeared on the stage of the Academy of Music to address a Republican mass meeting. The spacious building was crowded to the doors. Hundreds were unable to gain admission.

Mr. Blaine, in his speech, referring to the campaign in Pennsylvania, said: "Do you suppose the great free trade papers in New York and elsewhere throughout the union would care to follow up Mr. Delameter on personal charges, if they did not have some great purpose beyond? If they can elect Mr. Pattison, it will be a prodigious gain to the cause of free trade and a loss to the cause of protection. Pennsylvania is not only the Keystone state of the union, but even in a greater sense is the keystone of the cause of protection. If she falls back now, when the tariff is in its severest trial, the free traders think they see an easy road to the presidency in 1892. I want to remind you, especially you Republicans who differ from the great body of your party, that Ohio, Indiana, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia are at present in Democratic hands. The decisive point of the struggle of 1892, may lie in Pennsylvania and those states that are how any true friend of the Republican party, how any honest believer in the doctrines of protection can put to hazard the strong position of Pennsylvania at this critical time, I fail to discover. If Pennsylvania, under a pretext, can at this time be drifted from her life-long allegiance to the doctrines of protection, and shall elect a gentleman of whom I know nothing politically except that he is ranked with the free traders, there may be no balm in Gilead that can heal that wound. I speak strongly on this question because I do not want to see this state misled by the free traders of New York city. The issue itself is concealed under this mountain of abuse of the Republican candidate for governor. There is undoubtedly in the Republican ranks some difference as to the character of the new tariff bill. The duty of making it was remitted by the people to congress. The bill which passed was the result of a compromise, and I come with confidence to plead before the people of Pennsylvania not to differ on details."

Mr. Blaine spoke on the reciprocity amendment, and said, while the Democrats thought he was trying to divide the Republican party on the doctrine of protection, he was patting on the back and encouraged by them, but when the Republicans as one man incorporated reciprocity in the tariff bill, they did not want it at all, and declared it was unconstitutional. "If we had been balked by the cry of unconstitutionality every time it was made by the Democrats, we should not have been able to defend the union when it was assaulted, issue greenbacks for its support, organize national banks, improve a river that did not have salt water in it, improve a harbor in an interior state, give freedom to a slave, and as the next point, should not have been able to secure reciprocity on our international trade. "By every attempt, in every form in which political action can be taken, the Democratic party expects to wound and destroy the doctrine of protection, and I have come to raise my voice in Pennsylvania to ask the mother of protection to see that her offspring shall not be strangled. If my voice can have any influence with a single man among those who are dissenting from the regular organization, I appeal to him not to think it will be all well next year, if the party is defeated this year."

"My friends, faction leads to defeat and defeat leads to more hostility and disorganization. If this fight is continued with a disastrous end, it will be a long time, I fear, before you will see the Republican party of Pennsylvania come forth in its original strength and its invincible power."

Mr. Blaine said he had not come to sound any alarm upon the possibility of the loss to the Republicans of the house of representatives. He hoped they will not lose it, but from the time of John Quincy Adams to Abraham Lincoln, with one exception, every administration lost its second congress. It is one of the natural reactions that comes between two presidential elections four years apart, and has been so frequent that it creates no disturbance on one side and no elation on the other. "What I deplore," said he, "is the popular vote in Pennsylvania that shall encourage New Jersey in her Democracy, lead the dissenting branches of that party in New York to close up and make their strength felt; that shall cripple Ohio in her effort to throw off Democratic power in the executive and gerrymandering in districts; throw back Delaware in her Republican progress; make Maryland a hopeless instead of a hopeful state, and that shall take from us the power to establish the Republican standard in West Virginia. Every one of those considerations confront you in the vote that a Republican casts in Pennsylvania on Tuesday next. The administration of President Harrison, so far as that one man controls it, has been a modest, conscientious, efficient administration. The country has been peaceful, industrious, prosperous, and gone forward in a quiet career, such as a Republican government should always exhibit. I ask you, in casting your ballot, to remember you can sustain the administration of

an able, conscientious and independent president, or you can set the seal of doubt upon it. You can do much to perpetuate the Republican administration, or you can do much to destroy it. I have come here not with the purpose of eulogizing the administration, but to bear my testimony and give you warning that as Pennsylvania votes next Tuesday, the nation votes two years hence."

Postmaster-General Wanamaker spoke briefly, and said he felt assured of a Republican victory next week. Mr. Blaine then went to Union League club, where he held a reception.

PLUCKY CORBETT.

The San Francisco Pugilist Challenges Frank Slavin.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—An evening paper says James Corbett of this city has issued a challenge to Frank Slavin, the Australian. Corbett in an interview stated that he objected to Slavin's reflections on American pugilists, and would meet Slavin before any club offering a suitable purse, and would wager \$5000 on the side. He expressed a willingness to meet the winner of the Jackson-Slavin fight.

Coast Products in New York.

New York, Nov. 1.—Columbia river salmon is reported offered here at slightly cut prices, with slow demand, as is usual at this season of the year. First-class California raisins are reported holding their own, and likely to continue so unless the supply is beyond the present calculations. Apricots, peaches, plums, etc., show no important improvement in value, but are slightly improved in sale.

NO TIME FOR BARGAINS.

DEMOCRATS MUST NOT TRADE WITH THE ENEMY

When the Very Existence of the Party is at Stake—Governor Hill Wants None But True Democrats on Guard.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 1.—Governor Hill of New York closed the Democratic campaign in this state tonight. In the course of his speech he said: "This is no time for deals or bargains with the common enemy, when the very existence of our party is at stake. Put no Democrat on guard whose Democracy is not above suspicion. Those who encourage factional contests should go to the rear in times of public peril like this, when the integrity of the republic is assailed. Corruption, colonization, intimidation and false enumeration are the tactics employed by the Republicans to bolster up their waning power, and crush out the hopes of honest Democracy."

The governor spoke of the importance of the municipal and county elections, saying: "Every local official exercises an influence. Democratic cities and counties should have Democratic officials, and none other. Their influence will tend to the spread and perpetuation of our principles, and it is folly to shut our eyes to the importance of this question. The newly discovered doctrine that there should be a non-partisan administration of local or municipal affairs, should not be accepted unless we are ready to disband our local political organizations and rely upon the courtesy of our opponents to secure victories."

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The station Allerton has lowered his record to 2:13 1/4.

Dillon and O'Brien arrive at New York today (Sunday).

Two men were killed in a fight at Columbus, Ga., Saturday.

Increased duty on barley, malt and hops, is causing brewers to advance the price of ale and beer.

The navy department has arranged to acquire a supply of nickel for experimental purposes. Terms and quantity not stated.

The steamship Leona, arrived at New York, from Galveston, with her cargo of cotton on fire, had to be scuttled. The loss is heavy.

A frightened horse ran away through a crowd of mill girls at Natick, R. I., throwing them down and trampling upon them right and left. Two received fatal wounds.

Well's, Fargo & Co.'s express office at Meadville, Pa., was robbed of from \$5000 to \$15,000, by two men, who seized, gagged and bound the agent, while he was counting the money.

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Public debt statement: Aggregate of interest-bearing debt, exclusive of United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads, \$632,283,390. Debt on which interest ceased since maturity, \$1,708,635. Aggregate of debt bearing no interest, including the national bank fund deposited in the treasury under the act of July 14, 1890, \$408,444,632. Aggregate of certificates and notes offset by cash in the treasury, \$506,185,043. Aggregate of debt, including certificates and notes, October 31, 1890, \$1,548,621,000. Decrease of bond debt during the month, \$7,656,922. Total cash in the treasury, \$681,316,430. Debt less cash in treasury, October 31, 1890, \$867,305,120. Debt less cash in treasury, September 30, 1890, \$870,973,135. Net decrease during month, \$3,656,915.

Campaign Closed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—The campaign was practically closed in this city tonight. A Democratic meeting was held at the Metropolitan theater, where speeches were made by E. E. Leake and W. C. Graves. A Republican meeting was held at the Wigwam. Speeches were made by a number of persons well known in local labor circles. Both meetings were attended by a great number of people.

STOCKTON, Cal., Nov. 1.—The Republicans closed their campaign this evening with a large open-air meeting, which was addressed by General Chipman and ex-Governor Eli H. Murray.

Prohibitionists Rejoicing.

TOPEKA, Kan., Nov. 1.—The original package houses are closing here. Only one remained open at noon. Judge Caldwell's decision has been received with joy by the Prohibitionists.

OLD WORLD NEWS.

French and Austro-German Customs Matters.

Reprisals Against America Generally Disfavored.

The Kaiser Prosecutes An Editor for Misquoting Him.

Bismarck Going Into the Brewing Business—Why He Did Not Attend the Moltke Fetes.

Associated Press Dispatches.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—[Copyright, 1890, by the New York Associated Press.] The report of the commission on the tariff question has not been published, but is known to disfavor both extensive revision of the Austro-German customs matters and combined action in the way of reprisal for the American and French tariffs. The new French tariff is a heavier blow than the McKinley law against the export trade of Austria, for while it does not affect Germany, exportation from Austria to France is almost entirely checked by the new tariff. Austrian newspapers are crying out against it. Protests, chiefly from the agricultural interests, are pouring into the chancellery against any compromise with Austria, and the modifications at present are likely to be very slight. The government does not care near Austria's wishes for joint reprisals for the McKinley bill, official German inquiry having shown that such action is an impossibility.

An Editor's Mistake. Emperor William has ordered the prosecution of Herr Palzwardt, editor of the Potsdamer Zeitung, for publishing the remarks made by the emperor in proposing a toast to the Duke of Connaught, at a dinner of the Zeithen Hussars, of which the duke is an honorary colonel. The emperor called the duke an able German officer, worthy to lead the hussars in the presence of the enemy. The French papers took this up, and asked if the future commander-in-chief of the English army ought thus to identify himself with the German army. The French ambassador to England is reported, today, to have conveyed to Salisbury an intimation that the affair was an offense to the French government. Now the Kaiser denies the accuracy of the report of this toast, and prosecutes the editor.

Bismarck Snubbed. A communication in the official press, signed by the chief of the emperor's civil cabinet, denying curtly that the Kaiser took any step whatever to induce Bismarck to come to the Moltke fetes, suggests no lessening of the imperial animus. Bismarck received an invitation from Oberhaus to attend as a member of that body, but told his friends that while he would respond to an invitation from the Kaiser, he would not mingle with the imperial circle unless he was made welcome.

Calumnies Ignored. An article in the Hamburger Nachrichten, clearly from Bismarck, refers to the exultant howling of his enemies, and declares that calumnies will be regarded with contempt by all right-feeling people.

A Disapproved Visit to Rome. The Austrian official papers ignore the visit of the Austrian empress to Rome. She remained there two days under the name of Mrs. Norris, had a long audience with the pope, and spent the rest of the time in sight-seeing.

Dr. Koch's Consumption Cure. Prof. Leyden, who is in the confidence of Dr. Koch, considers the latter's discovery of a consumption cure, of the highest value to humanity. Die Nation says it is a chemical substance, which is injected into the body, and even checks cases of advanced tuberculosis.

ASIATIC ADVICES.

Two Chinese Men-of-War Foundered. Choo-hai, Japan, etc.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Advices from Yokohama, per the steamship Oceanic, which arrived tonight, state that a telegram from Osaka, dated October 14th, says that two Chinese men-of-war, bound from Fusan to Jinsen, foundered in a gale on October 9th, sixty miles from the latter port.

Of the 600 persons lost on the Turkish man-of-war, Ertegroul, the bodies of 250 have been washed ashore. Since the outbreak of cholera in the empire, there have been 38,425 cases and 25,911 deaths.

The epidemic has almost subsided. Advices from Hong Kong state a plot to murder the king and royal family of Corea is reported to have been discovered, a brother of the king being implicated.

AN AMERICAN MODEL.

Retalatory Powers to Be Vested in the French Executive.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—The new French tariff contains a striking feature heretofore unnoticed. This is a clause which gives the president and cabinet full power to retaliate to a great extent as they choose upon articles exported to France by any country which discriminates against French products, or in any way erects barriers against French trade.

This is obviously modeled to meet the American meat inspection bill, and is intended as a French answer to that measure. The general tone of the French press continues hostile to the adoption of retaliatory measures against the United States.

DID HIS DUTY.

Herbert Ward Eulogizes Bartelot and Censures Stanley.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Herbert Ward, in a lecture here last night on his experiences in Africa, with Stanley, said Jameson literally died of starvation and privation. Both Jameson and himself had to live on mouldy biscuits and rice full of maggots, while the luxuries were reserved for the advance column. Bartelot, added Ward, in depriving himself

and his associates of these luxuries, might have been quixotic, but he certainly did his duty.

A New Railroad to Los Angeles.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Surveys are being made for a new road from Dumbarton Point to Los Angeles, to be built and operated by the recently incorporated San Jose and Southern company. E. P. Webster of San Jose, one of the heaviest stockholders in the company, said today the surveying for the new line would require from forty to sixty days. He was not willing to say just what the route would be, as such knowledge might have some effect on the price of the land desirable for right of way. The company will lay a proposition before the people of Santa Clara and adjoining counties, intended to meet with general approval, and to arouse the residents to the necessity of a line such as proposed.

Indian Commissioners Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The president has appointed D. W. Shryock of Greensburg, Pa.; John W. Lewis, Louisville, Ky.; and Henry C. Hunt, Asheville, N. C., as a commission in regard to certain lands and improvements within the Round valley reservation, in California, with compensation at the rate of \$10 per day, each, and expenses.

A Stock Exchange Holiday.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—This was semi-annual setting day at the Bank of England, consequently there was a holiday on the stock exchange.

Fire Raging in Paris.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—The great café on the ground floor of the Jockey club building is on fire. There is immense excitement on the boulevards.

TOO FREE WITH HIS PEN.

AN EDITOR WHO DIPPED HIS PEN IN GALL FREQUENTLY SHOT.

The Third Time May Prove Fatal—His Opponent Also Dangerously Wounded—West Virginia Journalism.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 1.—W. F. Richards, editor of the Telegram, at Clarksburg, published an article this week severely reflecting on the character of Hon. J. Basil, a prominent lawyer and leading Democratic politician. Today Edward Basil, son of John Basil, met Richards and some shooting occurred. Both men were badly wounded, and may die. Richards is chairman of the Republican county committee, and this is the third time he has been shot on account of the too free use of his pen.

A Cigar Firm Fails.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—Ellsman and Morris Eisenberg, cigar manufacturers, have filed a petition in insolvency. Their scheduled indebtedness amounts to about \$33,000, mostly due in this city. The assets of the firm consist of stock valued at \$5000, and some \$24,000 in outstanding accounts. The firm have been engaged in business here since 1861.

Portugal Secures a Loan.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—A dispatch from Lisbon to the Herald says: Mendelssohn, of Berlin, and Handelsgesellschaft & Sterns, of Frankfurt, have advanced the Portuguese government £3,000,000, at 6 1/2 per cent. interest, for six months, on a guarantee of a monopoly in tobacco and spirits.

Bismarck Starts a Brewery.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—Bismarck has made arrangements to start a brewery at Friedrichshagen. Several Hamburg capitalists are interested. The financiers will run it fifty years, paying rent to Bismarck.

A Maniac's Deed.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—A maniac, confined in the asylum at Limoges, stabbed to death two wardens today, and jumped from a window. He was badly injured.

SAN PEDRO'S MUNICIPALITY.

It is Suffering from a Severe Attack of Inocuous Desuetude.

R. Hillyer yesterday applied to the superior court for a writ of mandate against the board of trustees of the city of San Pedro. The petition alleges that C. B. Brierly, one of the trustees, left on the 17th of June, and has not since returned, and that on the 8th of September Ed. M. Phelps, another trustee, died, leaving only three trustees. These members have refused to fill the vacancies. On August 1st City Clerk C. Downing resigned, and the vacancy has not been filled up. Affiant avers that under the existing state of circumstances no legal licenses or warrants can be issued, and in fact that the trio cannot transact legally any business at all. He also alleges that the board neglects to hold meetings, or perform its duties. Judge McKinley ordered an alternative writ of mandate to issue, returnable November 17th.

Still Alarm.

If you are depressed through any of the numerous natural causes of this life, "a tilt with your wife," loss on stocks or races, a little bilious, or "what shall I do to pass the evening?" feeling, go to see the Still Alarm next Monday night at the Grand opera house. Not to have seen this most successful of all plays is to confess yourself "behind the times." It will make you cheerful, cause you to cry a little, laugh much, and to be a better man or woman, thrill you to the marrow, and altogether, make you feel better satisfied that there are good things in this life if you only "get on" to them.

The Illustrated Annual Herald.

The most acceptable present you can send to eastern friends is the Illustrated Annual Herald. There are forty-eight large pages of fresh and reliable information about Southern California, including statistical matter of the greatest value, relating to the climate, crops, population, etc. There are fifty fine illustrations of local scenes, the birdseye view of the city of Los Angeles being alone worth the cost of the publication. No gift would be more appreciated in the east than a copy of the Annual Herald. It may be obtained of newsdealers or at the Herald business office. Price 15 cents per copy.

A BOOK OF CRIMES.

Startling Confessions of a Convict.

Thorn and Shinn an Adept Pair of Rogues.

Numerous California Stage Robberies Perpetrated By Them.

Their Extensive Operations After Escaping From San Quentin—Shinn Confesses All.

Associated Press Dispatches.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 1.—George Shinn, who with Charles Dorsey, alias Thorn, escaped from San Quentin three years ago, and was recently captured in Chicago by Detective J. B. Hume, has made a confession, which has simply paralyzed the authorities. Ever since they escaped Detective Hume has believed they were in this state, and were the perpetrators of the numerous stage robberies going on since then. When he went to Chicago he obtained evidence that convinced him that their story that they had never been out of Chicago since their arrival there a few months after their escape, was untrue. Still the evidence was not sufficient for use. Last night Shinn was transferred from San Quentin to Folsom by a special arrangement made by Warden Aul and Hume, and this afternoon the warden and the detective interviewed him for three and a half hours. Shinn confessed that they returned to California early in 1889, and camped on the American river, three miles outside of this city. This was their rendezvous, to which they always returned after their raids. He admitted that on the 31st of July, 1889, they stopped the stage from Milton to Sonoma and robbed the passengers of \$50. They blew open the Wells-Fargo strong box with giant powder, but found it empty. On the 10th of September, the same year, they stopped the stage between Quincy and Oroville and took a gold bar worth \$800 from Wells-Fargo's box. In April, this year, they held up the Forest Hill stage, in Placer county, and robbed the passengers. Besides these, Shinn confesses to burglaries, garrotings and robberies committed by himself and Dorsey which would fill a book. They returned to Chicago, May 30th, this year, and he says, between that time and the date of their capture, they committed something like twenty-five robberies and burglaries in the state of Illinois. Their rendezvous has been

found by Chief of Police Drew, of this city, who hunted for it four weeks before he found it. He says it is an ideal robbers' roost, and the robbers could never have been dislodged from it.

A RACE FOR LIFE.

The Steamer Michigan Reaches Astoria With Fire in Her Hold.

ASTORIA, Ore., Nov. 1.—The steamer Michigan arrived this morning, after a wild race for life, lasting seven hours. When about fifteen miles off Gray's harbor, fire was discovered in the port hole. All precautions were immediately taken; the hatches were beaten down, and every air hole stopped up, and with every pound of steam that could be carried, and every slitch of canvas to the breeze, she flew down the coast. In response to a distress signal, when she crossed the bar, the observer at Fort Canby telegraphed to this city, and the tug Wallawa started to her assistance, but fortunately she succeeded in getting in safely. She is now lying partly on the mud at the Union Pacific dock, with fire engines alongside. Soon after high water an effort will be made to scuttle her. No attempt has been made to definitely locate the fire, but it is allowed to smolder until she can be scuttled. The fire is supposed to have originated in a lot of lime in the fore-hold.

California Ball Games.

SACRAMENTO, Nov. 1.—The Sacramento and Stockton played two games of ball this afternoon, Stockton winning the first contest in a brilliant finish, and the senators capturing the second game which was a slogging and terror-making contest from the start to the end.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—San Francisco and Oakland played 11 innings in this city to-day, before the game was decided. Score—San Francisco, 7; Oakland, 6.

Murderer Mason Suicided.

WESTPORT, Cal., Nov. 1.—The dead body of Frank Mason, who killed his brothers-in-law Charles and Matthew Van, near this place yesterday, was found about 300 yards from where the murder was committed. Mason shot himself through the head. His rifle was found beside him.

Drunk to Excess.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Nov. 1.—The dead body of John O'Brien was found in the back yard of Duval & Owen's saloon this morning. He had been a laboring man in this county about two years. He was afflicted with asthma, and is supposed to have died from excess of strong liquor.

The Baneful Lottery Ad.

VACAVILLE, Cal., Nov. 1.—Acting under instructions from Inspector Seybold, Postmaster Platt today refused transmission through the mails to the Vaca Valley Enterprise, on the ground that it contained a lottery advertisement.

Golden Eagle Clothing Co.

HARROWING ANNOUNCEMENT!

PLANTED

In a hotbed of competition.

IRRIGATED

By the galvanic fluid of progressive labor.

FERTILIZED

By a phosphoric substance generated in an active business cranium.

GROWING

In public favor like the vast wheat fields on the great western prairies.

WAVING

To and fro in a strong breeze of glorious success.

YIELDING

A rich harvest of Bargains in

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

TO A LARGE CROP OF DELIGHTED CUSTOMERS.

We are RAKING things right and left, and the people are REAPING the benefit of our agricultural effusion.

Our PRODUCTS are sold on the one-price system, with the privilege of exchanging you purchases or obtaining your money.

GOLDEN EAGLE CLOTHING CO.,

Under New United States Hotel,

H. R. JONES, Manager. Cor. Main and Requena Sts.