

## ELECTION RETURNS.

### No Improvement in the California Count.

### Markham's Majority Seems to Be Steadily Growing.

### A Democrat Possibly Elected in the First Congressional District.

### The Legislature Republican by a Large Majority—Latest Official Bulletins.

#### Associated Press Dispatches.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Late this afternoon complete returns had been received from more than one-half the precincts in California, outside of San Francisco, and from about two-thirds of the precincts in this city. These returns give Markham, R., for governor, more than 10,000 plurality over Pond, D. They also show that the Republicans have carried the entire state ticket by a generally similar plurality. The entire Republican ticket in this city, with the exception of one minor office, is undoubtedly elected by pluralities ranging from a few hundred to four thousand. The returns from the precincts heard from, give Sanderson, R., for mayor, a plurality of 2500 over O'Donnell, I. There seems to be no doubt that the Republicans have elected five out of the six congressmen in the state, and indications are that the entire congressional delegation will be Republican, though the contest in the first district is close. Returns from a little less than one-half the precincts in the first district show that Barham, R., is leading by 116 votes. The legislature, which will elect a United States senator, will have a large Republican majority in both branches. Indications are that the Democrats have elected but three of the twenty assemblymen in this city, and that the five senators from San Francisco will be all Republicans.

#### Senatorial Districts.

Returns from the senatorial districts outside of San Francisco, as far as received, show the following result:

- District No. 16—Dennison, R., 3041; Turner, D., 1748.
- District No. 18—Simpson, R., 2640; Blackwood, D., 1940.
- District No. 6—Reynolds, R., 1793; Sewell, D., 1668.
- District No. 8—Caddwallader, R., 1378; Wilson, D., 2538.
- District No. 2—Campbell, R., 1112; Nutting, D., 1131.
- District No. 11—Bagsdale, R., 2136; Howe, D., 843.
- District No. 30—Sherman, R., 2499; Berry, D., 2541.
- District No. 40—Streeter, R., 3937; Waters, D., 3046.
- District No. 32—Bailey, R., 2351; Farmer, D., 2196.
- District No. 30—Needham, R., 2082; Harp, D., 2075.
- District No. 12—Hutchins, R., 1350; Ostrom, D., 1304.
- District No. 14—Voorhees, R., 1707; Tullock, D., 1550.
- District No. 38—Carpenter, R., 6394; Wolfkill, D., 5603.
- District No. 4—Pond, R., 1477; Price, D., 1242.

#### Assembly Districts.

Returns from assembly districts outside of San Francisco, as far as received, show the following result:

- No. 2—Bledsoe, R., 623; Freese, D., 590.
- No. 3—Hart, R., 157; Budding, D., 162.
- No. 4—Brigman, R., 314; Shanahan, D., 395.
- No. 5—Jones, R., 217; Jackson, D., 132.
- No. 6—Hall, R., 773; Welch, D., 847.
- No. 7—Matlock, R., 130; Willey, D., 732.
- No. 8—Barnard, R., 981; Fimpel, D., 808.
- No. 9—Smith, R., 493; Gardiner, D., 417.
- No. 10—Campbell, R., 1204; Eakel, D., 1055.
- No. 11—Sturtevant, R., 1217; Tindall, D., 187.
- No. 12—Fraser, R., 698; Renfro, D., 840.
- No. 13—Cutter, R., 1329; Stables, D., 1380.
- No. 14—Sims, R., 573; Garver, D., 521.
- No. 15—Hocking, R., 474; Dunkley, D., 316.
- No. 16—Hawk, R., 905; Martin, D., 1029.
- No. 17—Baughman, R., 935; Baum, D., 830.
- No. 18—Coburn, R., 768; Robertson, D., 636.
- No. 19—Brusler, R., 1583; Fisher, D., 675.
- No. 19—Bruner, R., 1638; Johnson, D., 1345.
- No. 20—Campbell, R., 1067; Doty, D., 1081.
- No. 21—Clark, R., 1056; Jackson, D., 1053.
- No. 22—Coombs, R., 1356; Lyman, D., 817.
- No. 23—Murphy, R., 564; Jewett, D., 570.
- No. 25—Weston, R., 977; O'Hara, D., 708.
- No. 26—Durner, R., 1325; Torner, D., 871.
- No. 27—Robbins, R., 924; Wolfkill, D., 926.
- No. 28—Estey, R., 767; Adams, D., 688.
- No. 34—Barnet, R., 874; Hutchinson, D., 352.
- No. 49—Gordo, R., 739; Thornton, D., 624.
- No. 50—Galbraith, R., 135; Byrne, D., 1089.
- No. 51—Fowler, R., 782; McLeod, D., 680.
- No. 52—Bryant, R., 508; Baum, D., 694.
- No. 53—McCall, R., 598; Hirschler, D., 431.
- No. 54—Culver, R., 594; Ryall, D., 389.
- No. 55—Cram, R., 1225; Manning, D., 705.
- No. 56—Ames, R., 1008; Tucker, D., 378.
- No. 57—Carter, R., 1557; Terrill, D., 1205.
- No. 58—Johnson, R., 1369; Shelley, D., 1263.
- No. 58—Beecher, R., 1606; Stephens, D., 1329.

No. 60—Freeman, R., 1319; McGee, D., 1217.

No. 61—Brown, R., 343; Anthony, D., 309.

No. 62—Shire, R., 792; Murnan, D., 800.

No. 63—Down, R., 1695; Kinney, D., 1082.

No. 64—Lowe, R., 1887; Graves, D., 1721.

No. 65—Hersey, R., 1213; Pinard, D., 1116.

No. 66—Alexander, R., 1254; Stonesi-fero, 1061.

No. 67—Nelson, R., 306; Gould, D., 325.

No. 68—Cargill, R., 766; Watson, D., 772.

No. 69—Lacy, R., 619; Rentson, D., 436.

No. 71—Sanders, R., 1193; Cunningham, D., 1291.

No. 72—Hunnewell, R., 554; Eldred, D., 349.

No. 73—Harloe, R., 1283; Murphy, D., 1030.

No. 74—Hawley, R., 1512; Heath, D., 1326.

No. 75—James, R., 1683; Rice, D., 1531.

No. 76—Marion, R., 3631; Bragg, D., 2550.

No. 77—Moore, R., 3646; Mathews, D., 4571.

No. 78—Smith, R., 1988; Westerman, D., 2088.

No. 79—Lynch, R., 1639; Barton, D., 1286.

No. 80—Young, R., 2472; Fisher, D., 171.

**Periodical Bulletins.**

9:15 p. m.—Complete returns from 185 out of 457 precincts in the First congressional district give Geary, D., 10,418; Barham, R., 10,335; Geary's majority, 83.

9:30 p. m.—Complete returns from 226 out of 408 precincts in the Second congressional district give Blanchard, R., 13,378; Caminetti, D., 12,988; Blanchard's majority, 390.

Returns from 231 out of 261 precincts in the Third congressional district give McKenna, R., 18,302; Irish, D., 13,307; McKenna's majority, 4995.

Returns from 93 out of 112 precincts in the Fifth congressional district, outside of San Francisco, give Loud, R., 6047; Clinie, 6445; Loud's majority, 202.

Returns from 361 out of 649 precincts in the Sixth congressional district give Bowers, R., 25,430; Curtis, D., 21,278; Bowers's majority, 4152.

10:30 p. m.—Returns from 1354 precincts, including 203 precincts in this city, give Markham 95,203; Pond, 80,859; Markham's plurality, 14,344. These figures include the vote from a little less than two-thirds of the total number of precincts in the state.

11 p. m.—Returns from 1057 precincts outside of San Francisco give Garutte, R., 73,253; Coffey, D., 61,644.

Returns from 1048 precincts outside of San Francisco, give Beatty, R., 72,477; Stanley, D., 58,888.

Returns from 1106 precincts outside of San Francisco, give Waite, R., for secretary of state 64,055; Hendricks, D., 60,726.

11:30 p. m.—Returns from 1046 precincts outside of San Francisco, give De Haven, R., for supreme court justice, 63,878; Hatch, D., 61,660; Harrison, R., 71,863; Smith, D., 60,670.

**WHAT THEY SAY.**

**Some Opinions as to What Caused the Tidal Wave.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Senator Gorham in an interview here today said the victory of the Democracy was an expression of the people against radical measures, such as the Republicans had brought forth during this congress. The senator was asked if he thought the victory would be lasting; if it would give the Democrats the next president. "It depends upon their course; if they are cautious and conservative they may expect a long lease of power."

**Senator Dolph's Theory.**

Senator Dolph, in explanation of the result of the election, said today it was an "off" year, and the friends of the tariff were inactive, while those on the other side were working with all their might. "The manufacturers," he said, "got what they wanted when the McKinley bill was passed, and they did not care any more about it. The result would have been different if the passage of the bill had not been delayed until just before election. Artificial increase in prices, made in some commodities without the slightest reason, also had effect."

**McKinley's Only Solace.**

CANTON, Ohio, Nov. 6.—McKinley said this afternoon to an Associated Press reporter, that while conceding his probable defeat by a small majority, he is greatly satisfied with the result. He said the issue was between protective tariff and tariff for revenue only, clear and distinct, and nothing else entered into the canvass. His bill was the center of assault. The result he regards as a signal victory. The majority of over 2000 Democratic in this district last year was reduced to about 200 this year. He carried his own ward and city and county by large majorities, showing unprecedented gains.

**What John Sherman Says.**

New York, Nov. 6.—Senator Sherman, in an interview tonight, said Major McKinley told him before the election that he did not expect to succeed, with such odds against him. The senator added: "But I shall not be surprised if it makes him governor of Ohio next year."

As to the general result of the congressional elections, Sherman said: "I have seen such convulsions a dozen times or more, but they have had no permanent effect. I do not regard the present situation with apprehension. The country will be wiser next year and better able to pass upon the issues."

**The Thunderer's Opinion.**

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Times, commenting upon the results of the elections in the United States, says it will not be easy for the Democrats to find a more able presidential candidate than Mr. Cleveland.

**Quay Wants to Saw Wood.**

PITTSBURG, Nov. 6.—Senator Quay passed through the city last night on his way to Florida. In reply to the query, "To what do you attribute the result of the election?" he said: "To a lack of votes. It looks to me as though the best thing to do just now is to saw wood. The returns indicate that the farmers and laborers had done the business for us in this state."

**Defence Committee Dissolved.**

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Nov. 6.—The defence committee of the strikers has announced that it will dissolve.

## THE TIDAL WAVE.

### Good News from the East Is Unchecked.

### The Situation Is Improving Right Along.

### Republican Representation in Congress Will Fall Below 100.

### Candidates for the Speakership Bobbing Up—Bynum, Hatch and Springer in the Field.

#### Associated Press Dispatches.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 6.—Congressman Bynum, in an interview tonight, announced his candidacy for speaker of the next house. His majority is 4500; the largest he ever received, and nearly three times as large as his majority two years ago. He thinks the propriety of putting a northern and western man in the chair will be recognized by the majority of the Democrats, and that his chances are excellent.

St. Louis, Nov. 6.—Congressman Hatch tonight informed a Republican reporter that he was a candidate for speaker of the next house. A dispatch from Springfield says Congressman Springer also is an active candidate.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—The Chicago News (Indep.) makes a forecast of the making-up of the Fifty-second congress. Counting the Farmers' Alliance men with the Democrats, it shows a total of 99 Republicans, 223 Democrats, a Democratic majority of 133.

**KANSAS.**

**Ingalls Doomed to Have His Head Chopped Off.**

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 6.—Returns received today from Kansas do not change the situation materially. The only position changed is the certain election of Broderick, R., over Moonlight, D., in the first congressional district. The state ticket is still in doubt, with the chances favoring the Farmers Alliance.

The estimate of the result of the legislature of Kansas gives the following: Republicans, 75; anti-Republicans, including Farmers Alliance and Democrats, 90. Of the seventy-five Republicans about fifteen senators have pledged themselves to vote according to the will of the people of their districts as expressed in their vote for representatives. Nine of these districts returned Alliance men. To secure Ingalls re-election he must secure eighty-four votes. The legislature is now apparently against him by fifteen votes at least, and possibly 24.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 6.—Chairman Buchanan of the Kansas Republican state committee, telegraphed the Associated Press that Humphrey, R., is elected governor. All but eighteen counties give a plurality of 4080. These eighteen counties have a total vote of only 30,000, and they may be counted upon to increase his plurality. Buchanan asserts.

**ILLINOIS.**

**General Palmer's Election to the United States Senate Assured.**

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 6.—General Palmer this evening received a telegram from Carthage, saying Edwards and Myers, two Democrats, are shown by the official count to have been elected to the legislature. General Palmer on reading the dispatch said: This makes 103 Democrats on joint ballot, a majority of one. The 103, the general explained, included the F. M. B. A. men, all three of whom, he claimed, were pledged to his support on the ballot for United States senator.

**CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—**The Republicans carried Cook county, in which Chicago is located, for the head of their ticket. With all the precincts heard from (officially) the figures give Gilbert, R., for sheriff, 824 plurality over Lawler, D. Kern, Democratic candidate for county treasurer, is victorious, however, by 3365 plurality. Kern is a German and made gains in the districts where the Lutheran vote is strong.

Eighty-four counties of Illinois, including Cook, out of a total of 102, give Amberg, R., for state treasurer a plurality of 2811, over Wilson, D. Raab, D., for state superintendent of public instruction, has a plurality of 31,728, over Edwards, R. Raab carried by a heavy majority, not only Cook county, but also had a long lead throughout the state, generally. Harrison's majority in the state in 1888 was 22,000.

**PENNSYLVANIA.**

**Pattison's Plurality Is 16,933, a Gain of 59,584 in Two Years.**

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Complete returns from every county foot up a plurality for Pattison, (Dem.) for governor of 16,933, a Democratic gain, compared with 1888, of 59,584. Though Delaware, the Republican candidate for governor, is thus defeated, all his colleagues on the state ticket are elected by a decisive majority.

Alex. C. Craig, D., is elected to congress in the Twenty-fourth district, defeating Andrew J. Stewart by over 1000 votes. This district in 1888 gave Ray, R., 4338 majority. Complete figures now received from every district in the state show that the new delegation will stand seventeen Republicans and eleven Democrats, a Democratic gain of four.

**NEBRASKA.**

**The Democratic Candidate for Governor in the Lead.**

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 6.—Seventy-one counties in this state give the following vote for governor: Boyd, D., 65,143; Richards, R., 61,040; Powers, A., 59,594. There are eighteen counties yet to hear from. These gave a vote for Harrison two years ago of 14,065; Cleveland, 8485. With exception of Salina and Clay, these counties are all located in the remote western section of the state, and it is doubtful whether they will poll as full a vote as in the last presidential election. A fair estimate of the total vote of the counties would be 18,000. It is very difficult to make a reliable forecast as to what these counties have done this year for either of the three gubernatorial can-

didates. The total vote of the state will be from 200,000 to 210,000, and the candidate who receives 70,000 votes is certain of election. Boyd is now in the lead, but still lacks 4858 of that number. The chances are that his vote will exceed 70,000, because the Alliance in the western part of the state is chiefly made up of Republicans.

Most of the Republican state ticket below governor is elected. The Farmers' Alliance have the legislature, two congressmen, and most of the county officers.

**MINNESOTA.**

**Not a Single Republican Congressman Elected.**

ST. PAUL, Nov. 6.—Official and unofficial, but complete and estimated returns from all but seven counties of the state, give Merriam, R., 83,688; Wilson, D., 76,343; plurality for Merriam, 7310. The remaining counties are expected to cut this plurality down. The Republican committee is claiming Merriam's election by over 1000, while the Democratic committee's claim is 600 for Wilson. Halverson (Farmers' Alliance) is probably elected to congress in the Fifth district, over Comstock, R., and Whitman, D. In the Second district, General Baker (Alliance with Democratic endorsement), claims election over Lind, R. If this proves to be the case, the next congressional delegation from this state will be three Democrats and two Alliance.

**IOWA.**

**Large Democratic Gains on the State Ticket.**

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 6.—Complete official returns from seventy-four counties give McFarland, R., for secretary of state, 146,607; Chamberlain, D., 146,152, a gain of 7783 over last year's vote. The twenty counties unreported gave Hutchinson, R., for governor, 655 plurality in 1889. This indicates the election of Farley by 3000 plurality, and the remainder of the Republican state ticket by a plurality somewhat smaller.

The latest congressional returns elect Henderson, R., in the Third district, Flick in the Eighth. The state delegation to congress will stand six Republicans, five Democrats.

**COLORADO.**

**The Democrats Scoop a Part of the State Offices.**

DENVER, Nov. 6.—Unofficial returns from the state give the following majorities: Townsend, R., 6385; Routt, R., 3644. The Republicans will elect the remainder of the state ticket, with the exception of the treasurer, superintendent of public instruction and attorney-general. The legislature on joint ballot will stand: Republicans, 49; Democrats, 26; a Democratic gain of 14. This insures the re-election of Teller to the United States senate.

## THE REAR GUARD.

### Stories of Outrage and Suffering in Africa.

### Stanley's Account of Bartelot's Perfidy.

### The Explorer Arrives in New York and Submits to Interviews.

### He Will See Major Bartelot's Brother for Libel—Lieutenant Troup and His Book.

#### Associated Press Dispatches.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—H. M. Stanley arrived on the steamer Teutonic this morning, and was met by his manager, Major Pond, with a party. Stanley was asked to say something about the stand the London papers have taken since Mr. Stanley's departure from England. "I do not wish to say much about it, and have not read the London papers carefully enough to express an opinion, and do not wish to stir the matter up unless I am forced to do so. The log books of the rear guard were signed day by day by the officers of the day—Bartelot, Barre or Kingston—while in camp, together with the official reports of the officers. I am justified by all in my censure of the rear guard, which was the cause of the attack made on me."

With Stanley were his wife, her mother, Mrs. Tennant, Hamilton Aide, a dramatist who will act as historian of the party, and Lieutenant Mounteyn Jephson, a favorite of Stanley's.

In another interview, referring to Bartelot's diaries and Lieutenant Troup's book, Stanley repeated what he had already said as to the condition of the rear guard. When he reached Lake Albert Nyanza he wrote at once to the Emin relief committee, telling them the rear column was wrecked by the neglect of its officers and their indifference to the interests of the expedition. Referring to Troup, Stanley said when he got to Zanzibar one of the first things he found was a long letter from Troup violently abusing Bartelot. "I never answered this letter," said Stanley, "because it needed a personal interview, as there were many questions I found it necessary to ask himself, the principal one being why he and others preferred to remain and starve at Yambuya instead of moving on; why they staid until so many of their men died from disease or had been killed. I never could get a satisfactory answer from Bonner, and hoped to get one from Troup."

"I received another letter from him and answered that if he would revise it I would publish it, as it contained many things unfit for publication. He was so obstinate that he would not revise it, and sent it back, demanding that I should publish it. I did not; then Troup wrote me threatening letters, saying I would have to be prepared to meet such measures as he might see fit to employ to vindicate himself. I wrote him saying if he thought he was maligned unjustly, to go ahead. I could see many things connected with the rear guard I should prefer to keep from the public, but if he wished to publish everything, he could do so."

"I have Bonny's report, Troup's two letters, Ward's account which I received, and more important than all, I have the log book signed by the officers day after day. Without any other evidence, the log book itself would prove that I was justified in my censure of the rear column, which was very mild in my letter to the committee."

"Are you going to publish that log?" "I cannot say; at least I think it better to wait a while, or until I have read Troup's book. Bonny could relieve all this criticism by telling what he knows and writing a plain, simple story of what took place; how it was that Major Bartelot was killed; how it was that these men died like sheep; how it was that this rear column, so grandly equipped before starting, fell to rot."

Stanley this evening received several reporters at his hotel, and talked at length about the occurrences in Bartelot's camp. The sole cause of his killing, he said, was the major's violent temper. As soon as he reached camp from Nyanza he had trouble with one of the Arab chiefs because enough couriers were not furnished, although Bonny told him he had already plenty. Bartelot beat the Arab in a horrible manner with a stick. Early on the morning of July 19th he was awakened by loud singing and the beating of drums. Being informed that it was an African custom in saluting the rising sun, he said with an oath that he would shoot the first person that refused to stop the noise, and taking a revolver went out. Near the chief's hut he found a woman who was singing, and men drumming. The woman was the wife of the chief, and when he commanded her to cease singing, she paid no attention, for all natives hated him. Bartelot then struck and kicked her. Her husband, the chief, took down his rifle and killed Bartelot on the spot.

From such reports as he could obtain, Stanley said, it appeared that Bartelot made himself very distasteful to the natives. He had the habit of ridiculing them, which provoked them very much. "For these reports I don't rely on Bonny. Both the Arab and native chiefs went over the matter very minutely. The log book of the camp, signed by Bartelot, Jamieson, Bonny and Ward, was simply one long account of remorseless flogging and inhumanity. Bartelot even kicked his own attendant, a little boy, (Concluded on Page 5.)

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