DOWN WITH BOSSISM

Pennsylvania Democrats Shy Their Castor.

They Are Bent on Turning the Rascals Out.

A Platform Adopted That Should Enable Them to Win.

Thou Shalt Not Steal Is the Principal Plank—The Republican Vampires Roasted for Robbing the State.

Associated Press Dispatches.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 3.—At 10:30 this morning the Democratic state convention was called to order; 461 delegates were present. H. Willis Bland was chosen temporary chairman. In his speech Bland said that never before did the public so much feel the necessity for a change in the administration of public affairs. Never before was the feeling so strong that the ticket put in nomination today will be overwhelmingly elected. "The campaign," he declared, "will be fought on local issues, not on national. Nobody doubts that the people of Pennsylvania love the teachings of their prophet, Grover Cleveland. [Tremendous applause.] His defeat in the last campaign has been more glorious to him than any victory would have been, for no thinking man can help feeling that the lessons taught in the Democratic victories all over the country since his defeat, are a tribute to the grandeur of Grover Cleveland, and the principles he so nobly represents. [Applause.] But we are not going into national issues. It is our duty to the people that we turn out the Republican vampires who are prostituting the public offices all over the state."

The usual committees were appointed, and the convention, at 12 o'clock, took arecess until 1:30.

The afternoon session of the convention began at 2 o'clock. The committee on permanent organization reported in favor of G. W. Skinner for permanent chairman. He made an address, in the course of which he said: "We are assembled here today, I take it, not for the purpose of giving expression to our individual views upon national candidates and questions of national policy, but as representatives of that class of citizens of the state whose hands are unshackled by bossism, and whose manhood must ever rise high above the arts and practices of the mere selfish politician, and who now say to us that if we shall deliberate with wisdom today, and boldly confront the deep and grievous wrongs existing in high places of the government of the state, that the candidates of our choice today shall receive their cordial endorsement and support."

The committee on resolutions then reported the platform which was adopted.

The platform renews the pledges of devotion to the principles of the platforms of 1884 and 1888, and says: "We are in favor of an honest and economical administration of public affairs; of limiting expenses and reducing taxation to meet the actual necessities of the government; of a sound and stable currency, based on gold and silver coined and circulated in such proportions as will keep them on a parity; of reform and revision of the tariff; of liberal but just pension laws, and of all well-considered legislation tending to increase the reward and lighten the burdens of life."

The remaining planks condemn the Republican legislature for failing to pass apportionment bills; ignoring the demands of labor for relief by law; failing to equalize taxation and abuses in the mercantile appraisement laws.

The Republican party is also denounced for the plunder of the state treasury, by Bardsley, of a million and a half dollars. The Republican party is held responsible for the scandals connected with the Bardsley defalcation.

Senator Quay is denounced for his "corrupt and shameless domination in the politics of the state"; and the party is condemned for its servile acquiescence in the leadership of a man who failed to defend himself from charges against his official conduct.

The Republican auditor-general is "arraigned and condemned" for permitting Bardsley to embezzle $360,000 of the state license money; for conspiring with Bardsley to appoint corrupt mercantile appraisers, who abused their office for private advantage and robbed the state of its just revenue; for having conspired with Bardsley to speculate in publishing and receiving bribes from publishers.

The Republican state treasurer is arraigned and condemned for wilfully and knowingly permitting Bardsley to retain in his possession over a million dollars collected for and owing to the commonwealth, by reason of which dereliction a large part of the money has been lost to the people; for having conspired with Bardsley to secure to him the payment of $425,000 public school funds in advance of the usual time, and when Bardsley was already known to be a defaulter for over half a million.

The Republican treasurer and auditor general are jointly condemned for having conspired to pay Bardsley, December 30th last, $150,000, ostensibly on account of Philadelphia county's share of the personal property tax, but before that tax had been paid in, and when Bardsley was a defaulter.

The Republican party is condemed for having fostered, encouraged, protected and continued a reckless system of official speculation with public moneys, whereby the state and city treasurers have enriched themselves, corrupted public morals and robbed the taxpayers.

The platform heartily indorses "the wise, statesmanlike and patriotic administration of Governor Pattison;" applauds and approves his "fearless vetoes of partisan, vicious and ill-considered legislation;" sympathyics with "the just demands of the workingmen for such legislation as will protect their interests, and for such speedy amendment of the constitution as will secure a free and secret ballot."

Robert F. Wright, of Allentown, and James G. McSharran, of Lancaster, were placed in nomination for the office of auditor-general. Mr. Tille, who nominated McSharran, said he, as a member of the state Grange, would give strength. Tilie criticized Wright as a lawyer, and said lawyer candidates would not receive enthusiastic support this year. However, when the ballot was taken, it was found that Wright had an overwhelming majority, and the nomination was made unanimous.

For state treasurer, A. L. Tilden, of Erie, and Chas. W. Raymer, of Middletown, were placed in nomination. Tilden had about the same majority as Wright, and the nomination was made unanimous.

The candidates came forward and made speeches of acceptance. Wright said the injunction "Thou shalt not steal," is the cardinal plank of the platform, and on that plank the impending battle must by fought.

The convention adjourned amidst enthusiastic cheering.

A Mob's Work of Expulsion.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Acting Attorney-General Taft has received a telegram from the United States marshal of the southern district of Alabama saying a mob of fifty persons has driven a number of families out of their homes in Choctaw county, Ala. Most of them fled into Mississippi and left their homes, crops and cattle unguarded.

The Auburn Fair.

AUBURN, Cal., Sept. 3.—The twentieth district agricultural fair opened in this city Tuesday. It is understood that a good portion of the Placer county exhibit will be transferred to Sacramento to the state fair. Governor Markham arrived today. He delivered a short address at the pavilion and the park.

Large Exports of Wheat.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 3.—There was a larger export movement in wheat during the past month, the number of cargoes cleared being 27; an aggregate of 1,499,000 centals, valued at $2,476,000. In August, 1890, the exports were 1,060,000 centals, valued at $1,476,000.

Light, white and sweet are the bread and biscuit always when raised with Royal Baking Powder.

THE CHINESE OUTRAGES.

TARDINESS OF THE OFFICIALS IN PUNISHING OFFENDERS.

Promises of the Authorities to Bring the Guilty to Justice Reluctantly Executed—The Patience of the Foreign Population Well Nigh Exhausted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 3.—The steamship Gaelic arrived today, twenty-two days from Hongkong, thirteen days from Yokohama.

A Wuchang correspondent, writing to the North China News, under date of August 3d, says the patience of the foreign population is well nigh exhausted at the tardiness shown by the Chinese officials in punishing the perpetrators of the Wusuch outrages. A second batch of offenders, eight in number, have been convicted of murder, assault and pillage, and sentences of penal servitude for life and banishment for life, and branding on the face or back, have been imposed. The Official Gazette confirms the report of the appointment of a successor to the deputy prefect. The new deputy is known to be friendly to foreigners. The arrest of the other malefactors is promised.

The correspondent says it is stated that one of the prominent military officials of Changha, was implicated in the issue of incendiary and malicious placards.

The correspondent, summarizing the efforts of the authorities, says Missionaries Green and Argent were killed and Mesdames Boden, Fretheroe and Warren, with their children, murderously assaulted on the evening of June 5th, the head mandarin refusing to send a single man to quell the riot or protect foreigners, from June 5th to the 8th. Following the riots twenty or thirty men were arrested, but subsequently all were released but five. Then, after some pressure, five were re-arrested. On July 4th two of the murderers were privately executed at Kuangchi.

On July 6th the subordinate mandarin was removed from office, though not otherwise punished. The authorities then professed to regard the matter as closed, except as to money reparation. After strenuous representations, his excellency, Chang Chih Tung, consented to reopen the case. From July 20th to 29th three men confessed to murdering Messrs. Green and Argent, two more to beating ladies and looting the premises, and three to simple looting. On July 29th, fifty-four days after the riots, notices were posted for the first time offering rewards for information concerning the rioters. The head mandarin was still retained in office, though the British consul was promised he should be degraded.

The correspondent says the prime incentive to the riots at Wusuch, as elsewhere, were placards against foreigners, which had been scattered broadcast. These had been frequently brought to the attention of the authorities prior to the rioting, but at no time has anyone been punished for issuing them.

NICARAGUA EXILES.

How President Sacasa Rid Himself of Political Rivals.

CORINTO, Nicaragua, Sept. 3.—Among the passengers who left here August 23d on the Pacific Mail steamship company's steamer Colima, were six of the most prominent men in the republic of Nicaragua, who were sent to Costa Rica as exiles, by order of President Sacasa. The party included three members of the Nicaragua senate, General Pavala, formerly president of the republic; J. D. Rodriguez and S. Chamorro. The others were A. H. Rivas, C. Enzman and Pedro Oritz. They were made prisoners during the recent riot in the city of Grenada. As Sacasa wished to be rid of his most prominent opponents, he determined to send them out of the country, and although he succeeded in doing so, his action led to an open revolt, which resulted in bloodshed. A mob which gathered returned the fire of the troops guarding the party of exiles, killing seven people, among them being the governor of the district, four soldiers and two bystanders. More troops were brought to the scene, and the mob was dispersed without any further loss of life. The prisoners were taken to Punta Arenas. There is a very uneasy feeling in Nicaragua at the present time, owing, not only to the dissensions within the country, but also to the possibility of trouble with Honduras. Both Nicaragua and Honduras have troops stationed on the frontier, and it is the belief that open hostilities may occur at any time.

The Davis Will Case.

BUTTE, Mont., Sept. 3.—The jury in the Davis will case made a microscopic examination of the will yesterday. The order of argument to the jury was settled, the proponents having the opening and closing. Speaking began today and closes Friday evening.

THE DALLES IN RUINS

One-Third of the City Laid in Ashes.

Losses Aggregating About One Million Dollars.

One Thousand People Rendered Homeless By the Flames.

A Furious Gale Prevented the Citizens From Saving Their Homes—The Mayor Appoints a Committee to Solicit Aid.

Associated Press Dispatches.

THE DALLES, Ore., Sept. 3.—As the result of yesterday's disastrous fire, about one-third of the residence and business part of The Dalles is in ashes, and perhaps not less than 1000 people are left homeless. The fire started about 1 o'clock in a one-story dwelling. Before the engine began to work, the fire had spread to the houses on each side. For hours after the fire started the wind blew a gale from the northeast, and the town was completely at the mercy of the flames till the wind calmed down about 4 o'clock, and gave a fighting chance to the citizens to save the entire city from ruin. As many as eighteen blocks are in ashes.

The Vogt block, the opera house, the Methodist, Baptist and Congregational churches; the large implement warehouses and stores of Gibbons, McAllister & Co., Filloon Brothers and E. P. Fitzgerald, and the handsome brick block of T. C. Nickelson, besides 500 or 600 residences, all succumbed to the devastating flames.

Every building between the railroad track on the north, the bluff on the south, Madison street on the east, and Laughlin street on the west, save the depot buildings and two residences, are gone, and nothing is left but a dreary waste of ashes and the charred trunks of handsome shade trees. The region, too, bounded by Third street, Washington, the bluff and Union street, is cleared out, save only the brick school house and the residence of George Ruch, and these were only saved by superhuman efforts.

Not much less, if any, than a million dollars' worth of property has gone up in smoke.

Fortunately, the Cosmopolitan and Umatilla houses were saved, and these two hotels furnished shelter last night for hundreds whom the fire had rendered homeless. Others found lodgings in the homes of their more fortunate neighbors, and still others spent the night on the bank of the river, keeping watch over what little they had rescued from the flames.

It is impossible at this time to make any correct estimate of the amount of insurance on the property destroyed. Many who were well off yesterday morning are today ruined or badly crippled, while many poor people who had no insurance lost all they possessed.

The only serious accident, so far as has been learned, happened to Joseph P. Fitzgerald, son of E. P. Fitzgerald, who was seriously burned about the arms, hands, breast and face, while making his escape through the flames in his father's residence. As he did not inhale any of the flames, he may recover.

Early yesterday evening the mayor placed the city under martial law, in charge of the sheriff and city marshal. About thirty citizens and members of the Oregon National Guard, under arms, paraded the town all night for the purpose of protecting the property saved from the flames, and scattered almost everywhere, but which it was found impossible to transfer to a place of safety. A number of suspicious characters were thrown into jail for the night, and were released this morning and ordered to leave the city. This morning the mayor revoked his order placing the city under martial law, and appointed a relief committee to receive contributions for the needy.

In response to the call of Mayor Mays the relief committee met this afternoon in the court house and appointed a committee of leading citizens to solicit aid for those who are in need. It is found that there are a number of families entirely destitute, and immediate aid must be had. Secretarv M. A. Moody has already received several contributions.

NEW YORK PROHIBITIONISTS.

A Platform Adopted and a State Ticket Nominated.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 3.—The Prohibition convention assembled for its second day's session this morning. The committee on resolutions presented a platform, and it was adopted without amendment.

It reaffirms the principles contained in the platform adopted by the last national convention; denounces high license; affirms that the legislators in this state, both Democratic and Republican, are subject to the control and dominion of the liquor interests, and calls for submission to the voters of the state of a prohibitory amendment. It favors the appointment of a non-partisan tariff commission, and says such commission should so adjust the details of the schedule, that the sum total of import duties shall not exceed the revenue requirements of the government, and the duties levied on the imported articles of manufacture shall be no higher than necessary to restore to home manufacturers whatever equality of conditions he may have lost by reason of the payment of a higher scale of wages in their production. It denounces the state department for assisting American brewers to extend their business in the republics of South America; favors submission to the people of a female suffrage amendment, declares against national banks, and advocates the issue of treasury notes, redeemable in gold or silver, and the maintenance of a metal reserve sufficient for that purpose, and calls for a strict enforcement of the civil service laws.

Nominations for the state ticket were made as follows: For governor, J. W. Bruce; lieutenant-governor, George N. Halleck; secretary of state, William C. Booth; state treasurer, Francis E. Crawford; comptroller, William W. Smith; state engineer and surveyor, H. P. Forbes; attorney general, S. E. Crosser.

Capital Tied Up.

BOSTON, Sept. 3.—The Suffolk Trust company, doing a general banking and mortgage business, has gone into the hands of a receiver. Its capital and surplus is tied up in western securities, while they have a value, it cannot be turned into cash. The sum of $162,000 is owing to depositors, against which the assets consist of $150,000 in good commercial paper, and $10,000 cash.

WIRE WAIFS.

At Boone, Iowa, a very sharp frost Thursday morning injured vegetables.

The president has appointed Webster Flannagan collector of the port at El Paso, Tex.

The Independent Order of Foresters' supreme court has decided to hold its next session in Chicago in '93.

At Amesbury, Mass., George Ellis, aged 10 years, was drowned, as was also James Higgins, who went to his aid.

Illinois, on Thursday, dedicated her handsome monuments that mark the positions held by her soldier sons at Gettysburg on the terrible 1st day of July, 1863.

William Allen, a negro who shot and fatally wounded Marshal Myers at Guyton, Ga., Wednesday night, was taken from the officers, chained to a tree and shot dead.

At Watertown, Wis., the sale barns of Dr. C. P. Valerus & Co., importers of horses, burned Thursday morning. Loss, $65,000, with insurance $20,000. The horses burned include several valuable Clydesdales recently imported.

The Nickerbocker Grain and Stock Exchange company, the main office of which is in Albany, has suspended. The concern did a large business in the northern and northwestern sections of New York and in New England.

The Central Market company, of Chicago, has assigned, with liabilities of $160,000, and assets $305,000. The company was organized two years ago with a capital stock of $200,000. It owned a large structure, divided into market stalls and a cold-storage warehouse. The failure is asserted to be merely a suspension, due to inability to command ready money.

THE EMBARGO REMOVED.

GERMANY RESCINDS HER PROHIBITION ON PORK.

The American Hog May Now Enter the Fatherland on Presentation of a Certificate of Good Character—Concessions for Farm Products Also Granted.

BERLIN, Sept 3.—A decree rescinding the prohibition placed upon American pork, was signed today.

The Reichsgesetzblatt publishes an order to the effect that the prohibition of the importation of swine, pork and sausages of American origin, shall no longer be enforced, when such live pig or hog products are furnished with official certificates, stating that they have been examined in accordance with American regulations and found free from qualities dangerous to health. The chancellor has sent instructions to the proper officials that the order be given immediate effect.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 3.—Secretary Rusk today received official notice that the German government had raised the embargo on American pork. The agreement was signed at Cape May ten days ago, but at the request of the German government the fact was withheld from the public press until official action could be taken by the home government. The agreement not only provides for the admittance of our pork into Germany, but also affords to the United States the same schedule with reference to our farm products, as that enjoyed by Russia.

Secretary Rusk is confident that he will soon be able to extend our market for corn by introducing it into Germany for use as an article of food in place of the rye crop, which in Germany this year is exceedingly short. To this end he has instructed his corn agent, Colonel C. J. Murphy, now in Europe, to proceed at once to Berlin and lay the matter before the German government.

A Startling Union Pacific Rumor.

CHICAGO, Sept. 3.—An Omaha dispatch says: It is reported that application will be made today for the appointment of a receiver for the Union Pacific railroad company.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3.—The rumor that there is to be an application made for the appointment of a receiver for the Union Pacific made a stir on Wall street this morning. It was promptly denied by Sidney Dillon, who said it was not true.

The Lake Erie Strike.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 3.—The Lake Erie and Western strike is growing more serious. Not a freight wheel is being turned on either the Lafayette or Indianapolis division.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 3.—The Lake Erie and Western conductors'and brakemens' strike, which began last Tuesday, was declared off by the strikers this afternoon, and all the men are again at work, and trains running on time.

Pure California wines at H. J. Woollacott, 124 and 126 N. Spring street.

THE COURTS.

Proceedings Yesterday in the Local Tribunals.

An Interesting Case Based on a Tax Deed.

Two Somewhat Sensational Divorce Cases Come Up.

A Victim of Bad Spelling—Notes of Cases Acted Upon Yesterday—New Suits Filed.

In department three of the superior court yesterday, judgment with costs was entered for the plaintiff in the case of Graves vs. Mattern, an action to quiet title to ten lots in the Montgomery tract. Graves entered into a contract to sell the lots to Strain & Lewis, and the latter paid the taxes on the property. A double assessment was made, however, and Mattern paid $68 taxes on them and obtained a tax deed. Graves offered $68 for this deed, but Mattern demanded $10 per lot bonus. Suit was brought and judgment rendered that Mattern take nothing and pay the costs of the suit.

DIVORCE BUSINESS.

Maria V. Prescott is suing Frank C. Prescott in the superior court for a divorce on the grounds of cruelty. She alleges that he has used violent language to her and accused her of being intimate with other men. The defendant is an attorney, formerly employed in Judge Bicknell's office, but now associated with Judge Carpenter.

The suit of "Mrs. Harry Rose" against Harry Rose, a son of Senator L. J. Rose, for divorce, came up in department two yesterday on a motion to strike out part of the defendant's answer. The case was continued to go on the trial calendar.

Antoinette Difani was yesterday granted a divorce from Edward Difani in department four.

A VICTIM OF BAD SPELLING.

C. A. Baskerville obtained a judgment of $700 from W. T. Barnett in Judge Van Dyke's court yesterday, on an account for cigars. The defendant admitted the account and agreed with Baskerville to turn over a house and lot on Pico street, valued at $1000, and take the balance in trade. Baskerville's partners in San Francisco would not agree to the trade and refused to accept the deed, because the transcript showed that the property at one time had been transferred to a man named "Edleman" and deeded by him under the name of "Edelman." The former, through Backerville, then brought suit and recovered the $700 due.

COURT NOTES.

A motion for a non-suit was granted by Judge Shaw yesterday, in the appeal case of Jean C. Laulive vs. Celestin Save et al. Laulive sued for $299 for trespass in Justice Stanton's court and recovered $50, when Save appealed.

The case of Jennie Abbott vs. Ed Gibson, a suit to recover a pair of horses attached by J. Marion Brooks, is on trial in department five.

The case of Tungate vs. the Azusa Water Development and Irrigation company was resumed yesterday and continued till today.

Patrick Purcell was examined yesterday before Justice Stanton on a charge of assisting Michael Murphy, an escaped prisoner, to get out of the reach of the sheriff. He was discharged as soon as the prosecution had introduced its testimony.

All cases filed in the supreme court before September 3rd, whether continued from last term or recently appealed, will be put on the calendar for the October term of court. The calendar will not go to the printer before Semtember 14. So far it contains five cases from Ventura, 28 from San Diego, 80 from Los Angeles, 12 from San Bernardino, 8 from Orange, 10 from San Luis Obispo and 8 from Santa Barbara. Besides these there will be from fifteen to twenty criminal cases. Very few cases will be heard in banc.

NEW CASES.

The following litigation was commenced yesterday:

G. W. Tubbs sues S. A. Rallman to foreclose a mortgage on block O, Walnut Grove tract, given to secure a note for $350.

Louis A. Michaux, an infant, by Louis Ardaut and F. J. Esler, guardians, sues Camilla Esler fora partition of lot 14, block G, Aliso tract.

The Hallock Paint and Oil company sues A. C. Raphael for $356.96 on account.

Stephen A. Foss sues Nettie E. Dukeman for judgment in the sum of $1500 on a promissory note.

Exclusive ladies' entrance to private apartments on First street. 8-30 6m

EAGLESON & CO.

MEN'S

Furnishing Goods!

146 North Spring Street.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

LAST WEEK

Great Reductions!

THE LATEST NOVELTY!

Ladies' 3-Wheeled Phaeton,

An improvement that will revolutionize the Carriage business. Its advantages plain to everybody and seen at a glance. Easy to get into or out of, soils no skirts, can be turned in its own length.

Now on exhibition at the Chamber of Commerce. For sale by

G. ROUY, Maker and Inventor,
323 W. Sixth street, Los Angeles, Cal.

THIS IS NOT OUR WAY.

THIS IS OUR WAY OF FITTING GLASSES!

The careful and proper adjustment of Frames is as important as the correct fitting of lenses. We make the scientific adjustment of Glasses and Frames our specialty, and guarantee a perfect fit. Testing of the eyes free Full stock of artificial eyes on hand. Glasses ground to order on premises.

S. G. MARSHUTZ, Scientific Optician,
229 S. Spring street, Theater Building.
Full stock of fine opera glasses on hand.
7-17 tf

IMPORTANT.

150 WINE PUNCHEONS FOR SALE, VERY cheap; just the thing for the coming wine season. Inquire at M. LEVY & CO., 312 and 314 North Los Angeles street. 8-23 1m

The Safe Way.

Many reliable chemists and sanitarians have expressed the opinion that the continued use of a baking powder containing ammonia injures the health, neutralizing the gastric juice, causing dyspepsia, and eventually producing an unhealthy and blotched complexion.

This may not be the result in all cases; but why take the chances of it, when, by using

CLEVELAND'S SUPERIOR BAKING POWDER,

you get a powder entirely free from ammonia and one that will do more and better work.

CANCER, PILES, RUPTURE

CURED BY A NEW METHOD.

Without knife, ligature or caustics. No cure, no pay. Tapeworm removed in three hours. EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT diseases cured. PRIVATE diseases and diseases of Women treated by a new and PAINLESS system. PRIVATE lying-in HOSPITAL under our personal supervision.

For consultation call at CITY OFFICE, 213½ S. SPRING. Drs Smith & Stevens

8 14-fri-sun 1m