

RUINED BY HIS SON.

Cyrus W. Field Penniless in His Old Age.

The Great Man's Life Drawing to a Tragic Close.

Misfortunes Falling on the Field Family Thick and Fast.

Edward M. Field, the Ingrate Son, Condemned in a Madhouse—His Wife, Sister and Father Lying at the Point of Death.

Associated Press Dispatches.

New York, Dec. 2.—Fifty-one years ago today a New England youth known as Cyrus West Field stood at the marriage altar, full of vigor, hope and sturdy ambition. His strength made its impress upon the century, his hope bore him up in his work, and his ambition has been rewarded with medals, with knighthood, and with the thanks of the United States congress. Hand in hand the New England youth and his helpful wife came honorably down through half a century of time, almost to the present day. A little more than one week ago, however, the woman he wedded on the day of his majority, died. Tonight, bereft of wife and wrecked in fortune and penniless by the hand of an ingrate and disgraced son, Cyrus W. Field lies dying at 72 years of age, in the handsome home that no longer shall be his.

Edward M. Field, the son who wrecked the firm of Field, Lindley, Weichert & Co., is an inmate of Vernon house, a private insane asylum near the village of Mt. Vernon.

Mrs. Edward M. Field lies dangerously ill at the home of her brother, Dr. Lindley. Mrs. D. A. Lindley, daughter of Cyrus W. Field, is believed to be on her death bed.

This expresses in a few words the pitiful condition of a family which a few weeks ago was envied for its wealth, happiness and social eminence. The fact that today is the fifty-first anniversary of Cyrus W. Field's marriage adds new sadness to the story of the day.

A member of the family tonight came from the bedside of Cyrus W. Field and said: "He is completely broken in health and spirit. Bereft of his wife, his fortune, and crushed by the fact that his favorite son financially ruined the family and made a mental wreck of himself, the unfortunate old man feels that death would be a welcome solace to him. He feels that his name has been tarnished, notwithstanding the fact that he has sacrificed his all to keep his son from bankruptcy."

Dr. Fuller, the family physician, said: "He may linger for several days, and he may die in a few hours."

Edward Field appealed to his father recently for assistance to prevent the failure of the firm, all his resources having been used up. His father consented to assist him, and authorized him to take certain securities from his strong box for the purpose. The son, however, took every negotiable security there was in the box. But even that did not prevent the firm's downfall.

It is believed that all that remained of Mr. Field's once great fortune before this fresh trouble, did not exceed \$1,000,000, and of that not a dollar is left. How much Edward succeeded in getting from his father is not known, but it is said to have been \$300,000. The balance was believed to have been in unincumbered real estate, of which his home, which he sold this week, formed part. That Cyrus W. Field is now penniless is recalled by the fact that he was supposed to have been a partner in the firm of Field, Lindley & Co. for \$500,000, until March last. On that date the firm was reorganized, and the senior Field was supposed to have withdrawn this \$500,000. It is now believed that the \$500,000, if it existed at all in that way, was never withdrawn, but was lost, and that its loss brought about the reorganization and introduction of new members, and that Edward M. Field's speculative course continued, with the result that the money of all the partners was lost, as well as the half million belonging to his father.

The statement frequently made by the assignee that two partners, Lindley and Weichers, were innocent of all knowledge of the firm's condition, and that it had been going on until the failure, is laughed at by bankers and brokers. The remark made by Assignee Gould has been the subject of much comment today. Mr. Gould said: "It seems to me that the greater part of the money lost by the operations of E. M. Field was lost right here by the partners in the firm." Still Gould could not begin to give any estimate of the assets and liabilities of the defunct firm. To show the difficulties he labored under he said: "Suppose parties should come here and pay large sums of money to one of the partners, and suppose this money was paid right out again by that partner to other parties; then these transactions might appear in the books. Now I have a suspicion that this very thing has taken place."

Edward M. Field, after an alleged desperate attempt upon his life, has been removed to a private insane asylum at Mount Vernon, by order of Judge McAdam. In their affidavits the physicians declare that Edward M. Field is a lunatic, dangerous to himself and to others. The members of the family deny that he attempted suicide.

The loss of the Union Pacific by the hypothecating of securities by Field, Lindley & Co., is estimated to be \$200,000, of which it is said the road has recovered the greater part.

The Honduras Insurrection.

City of Mexico, Dec. 2.—A telegram from Honduras received here today states that Domingo Vasquez, commander of the Honduras insurgents at Naicoma, said if President Leyva did not attack him he would march on the capital tonight and make another attempt to capture Leyva, who has entrenched himself at Tegucigalpa, where he is awaiting reinforcements before

following Vasquez. The same telegram also states that a number of Americans are coming to the aid of Leyva, being expected to arrive tonight, while the rebels count on the Salvador refugees to aid them. Another telegram, however, states that Vasquez is retreating.

NEWS FROM MADAGASCAR.

The American Consul Repeatedly Insulted by French Officers.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Thomas Wilkinson, an English merchant in Madagascar, said in an interview here today, that the United States consul there had been repeatedly insulted by French officials who assert that their government has a protectorate over the country. The American consul, Mr. Miller, a colored man, deals directly with the queen of Madagascar, not recognizing the existence of the alleged protectorate. The matter has not heretofore been made public, Wilkinson says, because two American firms having a virtual commercial monopoly in the island, seek to prevent general attention from being directed to affairs in the island, so that other Americans will be discouraged from going there. It is said there has been thus suppressed actual knowledge of the gold fields in the island, which Wilkinson says are among the greatest in the world. The French protectorate held by Germany and England was exchanged for the French recognition of Germany in Africa and the English claims to Zanzibar. Wilkinson was a forty-niner in California, and was a member of the filibustering expedition to Central America led by General Walker.

Interior Shippers Admitted.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—The executive committee of the Traffic association adopted resolutions this afternoon by which interior shippers may enter the association on exactly the same terms as merchants of this city. This removes the only grounds of objection.

BAD BLOOD IN CHILE.

THE AGITATION AGAINST AMERICANS RENEWED.

Attacks on Admiral Brown Still Kept Up. American Residents in Chile Highly Indignant—Egan Still Wrangling With the Junta.

New York, Dec. 2.—The correspondent of the Associated Press by mail from Chile, under date of October 28th, speaks of the renewal of the agitation against Americans, and particularly Minister Egan, since the arrival of New York and other papers to September 20th. The papers of Santiago and Valparaiso have been publishing American press comments. The attacks against Admiral Brown are still being kept up, and the papers are making much of a dispatch from Admiral Veil, former intendant of Valparaiso, to Balmaceda the day after the landing of the troops at Quintero. In it Admiral Veil informed Balmaceda that Admiral Brown expressed the belief that the Congressional troops would not re-embark. At that time the government forces were inclined to believe the landing of the troops at Quintero was a mere feint, and that they intended to re-embark and effect another landing south of Valparaiso.

The American residents of Chile, whose sympathies were with the Congressional party during the war, express indignation at the conduct of the provisional government in regard to certain matters in which the American government is interested, and also the hostile attitude of the public towards the United States.

Referring to the Baltimore massacre, the correspondent says the attack was brutal and cowardly in the extreme, and it is believed it was made merely because the men were Americans. There is also good reason to believe that the affair was premeditated. The attack was made not only by sailors of Chilean warships and boatmen and other rough characters who infest the low saloons along the water front, but also by the police of Valparaiso, who made no effort to stop it, but joined in the assault upon the American sailors.

Up to the date of the letter correspondence between Minister Egan and the junta was still going on regarding the refugees in the legation. The American and Spanish legations are the only ones containing refugees. The Spanish minister has five of Balmaceda's supporters under his protection, and has taken the same stand that Egan has, and during the controversy was in harmony with him at all times. A sensation has been created by the publication of a notice by three brothers of Aldusatte, minister of foreign relations under Balmaceda, who surrendered after the fall of Valparaiso, and who was afterward killed and his dead body left on the roadside mutilated in a horrible manner. The explanation was made at the time by those in whose charge he was, that he had been shot while attempting to escape. His three brothers, who were active members of the Congressional party, now announce that they have discovered beyond a doubt that he was deliberately murdered. They demand an official investigation, and claim that they will show that their brother's death was caused by order of persons now in authority in the provisional government.

New York, Dec. 2.—A Valparaiso cable to the Herald says: Commander Evans of the United States cruiser Yorktown visited the intendant today in reference to the advisability of permitting the sailors of his vessel to come ashore. The intendant assured Commander Evans that he would insure the safety of American seamen, but advised that they be not allowed to land in large numbers at any one time. At the examination of the Baltimore's men last night, Dr. Still, American ship surgeon, stated it was his positive opinion that Boatwain's Mate Biggin was shot with a rifle bullet. The Chilean surgeons have given an opposite opinion. The Chilean police are armed with rifles. Captain Schley has furnished Valparaiso's intendente with the names of keepers of saloons who witnessed the attack on the Baltimore's men, so these persons may be examined.

CHINESE INSURGENTS

Total Number in the Field Only 1500.

The Peking Authorities Minimize the Trouble.

They Pretend the Uprising Is Only a Marauding Expedition.

Reports of the Massacres and Rebellion Evidently Exaggerated—No Steps Taken to Punish the Hunanese Rioters.

Associated Press Dispatches.

PEKIN, Dec. 2.—Advices received by the government as to the strength of the insurgents in the field place the total number of men at only 1500. To judge from the activity in military circles, however, the imperial authorities do not place implicit confidence in the reports reaching them, and they are making preparations to deal with a much larger force than that which is said to be heading toward the capital. There are now 6000 imperial troops guarding the places along the great wall where it is expected the rebels will attempt to force passage.

Advices received by the government further state that the movement, instead of being a concrete rising against the emperor, is nothing more than a scheme of private vengeance. The wife of the leader of an armed band of marauders was forcibly abducted, whereupon he started through the country on a mission of vengeance, instructing his followers to make reprisals upon the inhabitants.

LOCAL UPRISES.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—A cable dispatch from the British consul at Chwang, a treaty port of China, in the province of Manchuria, states that rumors were recently current in New Chwang that the people in the country, 150 miles to the west, had risen in revolt against the authorities. The dispatch adds, however, that the rising is now reported to have been suppressed. The consul further says the Presbyterian missionary reports that a band of bandits recently looted a village in the province of Shing King. The missionary says such an occurrence is nothing unusual in the winter season. The people as a whole throughout the province are friendly to the native Christians and to Europeans.

THE TAKO MASSACRE DISCREDITED.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—A priest who has long been engaged in foreign missions, recently returned here from a mission in Manchuria, in an interview regarding the startling events which occurred of late in that land, expressed doubts as to the truth of the reports telling of the massacre at the Belgian mission. He is unable to believe the story that the insurgents are occupying towns and meeting with no resistance. The government, continued the clergyman, had 10,000 troops at Lead Long, all armed with the latest and most improved style of European weapons. They were also supplied with Krupp guns, and thoroughly drilled in military tactics. He estimated the number of Christians in Manchuria at 15,000.

DISORDERS GROSSLY EXAGGERATED.

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—Dispatches received here today from Peking state that it is officially announced that the reports of the disturbances in Mongolia are grossly exaggerated. The movement, the dispatches add, is a purely a local one, and entirely devoid of danger to the imperial government. Notwithstanding the receipt of these dispatches, it is believed the revolutionary movement is of much greater import than the Chinese government would have the outside world believe.

ANOTHER LIE NAILED.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—It is stated at the Chinese legation that there has been no dispatch received there stating a preliminary skirmish had recently taken place at the port of Shanghai between two Italian gunboats and the Chinese navy, and that two of the former were sunk in deep water. The minister said he believed the story to be without foundation.

THE POPE INTERESTED.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The Chronicle says the Vatican is making semi-official overtures to the powers to protect the Christians in China.

ONLY A MARAUDING EXPEDITION.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The Chronicle's correspondent at Tien-Tsin telegraphs as follows: Li Hung has informed me through the British consul that he has no doubt that the rising in Mongolia is a marauding expedition, promoted only by greed of plunder, and there is no reason to regard it as revolutionary. All is quiet here and in Peking. The American gunboat Palos arrived today. The port is about to close for the winter.

THE HUNAN RIOTERS.

Nothing Done to Punish the Leaders of the Ichang Outbreak.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 2.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Japan Daily Mail, under date of November 4th, says nothing has yet been done to punish the leaders in the Ichang outbreak. The viceroy of Nanking and the governor of Naingon jointly sent a memorial to the throne expressing their horror at the recent outbreaks against foreign missions, and their condemnation of the abandoned wretches who dared to take part in them. Europeans look upon this document as prepared for the purpose of deceiving the ministers of foreign countries. In the face of this comes the manifesto issued by the people of Hunan and translated by Rev. Griffith John, D. D. This document contains no reference to the Kaloo-Hui, nor any disloyalty to the existing dynasty, dispelling the excuses put forward by the Chinese government and bringing the matter to a simple issue, and that issue is the exclusion of foreigners. Mr. John points out that Li Hung Chang promised that there

would be no more riots and destruction of foreign property, but now that the Hunanese manifesto declares that foreign mission buildings shall not be burned, but that they will be confiscated to the use of the Chinese, Li Hung Chang, the correspondent says, has diverted the fleet to some point on the pretext of inspection, and never sent a vessel near the Yang-tee during the outbreak. The main cause of the outbreak against the foreign missions still continues unchecked, for filthy and lying publications have not been stopped. There had been issued from six pawn shops, but the offenders had all purchased the mandarin rank, and the magistrate in his report to the viceroy exonerated the real offenders and threw the blame on suppositious dead men. The correspondent concludes: The Hunanese are certainly defiant, and they will not be effectually curbed until a part of the province is opened to foreign trade, whether they like it or not. There would be no difficulty in opening Yoh Chow and teaching these bragarts that they cannot defy the strength of Europe.

A DISGRACEFUL ROW.

Another Scrimmage Between McCarthyites and Parnellites.

DUBLIN, Dec. 2.—A disgraceful row occurred at Limerick station today. The McCarthyites had a convention, among the prominent speakers being William O'Brien and John Dillon. When they reached the station after the meeting a large number of Parnellites insulted them. Trouble followed, and a lively scrimmage with sticks ensued, many Parnellites being hurt, several so severely that their wounds had to be dressed at the hospital.

Burns's Reward.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—Governor Markham today appointed Dan Burns police commissioner, to succeed the late R. R. Hammond.

JAPANESE EARTHQUAKE

FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE GREAT CALAMITY.

Nearly 10,000 People Killed and 440,000 Rendered Homeless and Destitute. Horrible Scenes in the Devastated Districts—Relief Funds Forwarded.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 2.—Advices from Japan by the Empress of China bring later news of the effect of the earthquake of October 28th. Official information now places the number of killed at 7569 and injured at 10,121, with 89,629 buildings wholly and 28,626 partially destroyed. Over 440,000 people have been rendered homeless and destitute.

Many curious freaks of the earthquake have been noticed. In one place a fissure swallowed up four persons, whose hair remained visible, but whose rescue proved to be impossible. Fortunately the weather remains mild. Rain or cold weather would cause terrible distress.

Decent burial has been given to most of the bodies recovered from the ruins in the larger towns, but horrible scenes are yet presented in the country, where the people are unable to inter their dead.

Foreigners have come forward generously with gifts of money, clothing, medicine, etc. Twenty thousand dollars has been contributed by the foreign residents, exclusive of the Chinese fund, which is large. Shanghai has sent \$5000, and \$110,000 has been raised in various ways in Tokio. In addition to these sums the Japanese government has made a grant of \$2,225,000 to the two prefectures that suffered most severely.

GAGE PAID THE LAWYER.

An Interesting Sequel to the Waste-Basket Scandal.

SACRAMENTO, Dec. 2.—A few days ago Hon. Chas. N. Fox, of Alameda, was before the Sacramento grand jury, and when asked who had paid him a fee of \$500 for appearing before a legislative investigating committee in behalf of J. B. Jones, a Southern Pacific messenger, he refused to answer. Mr. Fox was cited to appear before Judge Catlin and show cause why he should not be punished for contumacious refusal to answer the matter might go over until today, as he believed that in the meantime the question would be satisfactorily answered by those not under oath not to divulge it. His request for a continuance was granted, but Mr. Fox did not put in his appearance today. It is understood that he will not be required to make a further showing, in view of the fact that Stephen T. Gage, when a witness before the grand jury on Monday, admitted that it was he who paid the \$500 to Mr. Fox. The conundrum having been answered the proceedings against ex-Supreme Justice Fox will doubtless be dismissed. The subject of inquiry of the grand jury when the question was asked, is supposed to have been the "waste basket" scandal, a legacy of the last legislature.

A STORMY PASSAGE.

The Empress of China Shows Her Good Sailing Qualities.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 2.—The Canadian Pacific steamer Empress of China arrived this morning. She left Yokohama November 19th and had a very stormy passage, with head wind of hurricane force, and the seas ran mountain high. When off the Aleutian islands, a wave stove in the steel life boat, and swept over the hurricane deck, the water rushing down the funnels and gratings, extinguishing the fires in some of the furnaces. The mail boat was carried over a spar on the ship's deck, by the force of the wind. She weathered the storm bravely and reached port on time. Only one boat was damaged.

Do you want help? If so, insert an ad on our classified page.

A Suit fits well and proves Fine Tailoring when selected from the large New Stock of H. A. Getz, 125 West Third street.

The Union League club has endorsed the Agnes Booth cigar.

NEW GOLDEN EAGLE For Furnishing Goods. NEW GOLDEN EAGLE For Boys' Clothing. NEW GOLDEN EAGLE For Overcoats. NEW GOLDEN EAGLE For Suits. NEW GOLDEN EAGLE For Hats. NEW GOLDEN EAGLE For the Greatest Bargains Ever Offered in the City. We can save you 25 cents On Every Dollar You Invest. ADLER & FRANK, PROPRIETORS, Corner Main and Requesena Sts., UNDER U. S. HOTEL. ED. B. WEBSTER, MANAGER.

THE GOLDEN STAIR. TO CLIMB THE GOLDEN STAIR YOU MUST GO TO Bailey & Barker Bros. THE BUSY B'S. The foundation of great wealth is more often laid in SMALL SAVINGS than in GREAT EARNINGS. What you save on purchases at Bailey & Barker Bros. will start you up the stair of Fortune. Visit our mammoth and well-lighted salesroom, where polite and accommodating salesmen will show you anything in our line you might wish to see. We have nerve enough to carry an assortment that will delight the most critical eye. Look at our stock of CARPETS CURTAINS RUGS PORTIERES ART SQUARES And all kinds of FLOOR COVERINGS HOUSE AND OFFICE FURNITURE. BAILEY & BARKER BROS. THE BUSY B'S. 326-330 S. Main Street.

SOME OF THE REASONS WHY The Mutual Life Insurance Company OF NEW YORK IS THE BEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WORLD: Because it is the OLDEST active Life Insurance Company in the UNITED STATES and has done the most good. It is the LARGEST, STRONGEST and BEST company in THE WORLD. Its assets exceeding one hundred and fifty millions of dollars. It has paid in dividends alone over eighty-five millions of dollars; an amount greater than the total dividends of the next two largest companies in the world. It has paid more Cash surrender values to its retiring members than any other company. Its total payments to policy holders exceed the combined payments of the next two largest companies in the world. It has more Insurance in force in the United States than any other company, and has more policies in force in the State of California than the next two largest companies. It has shown actual results of profits on policies already paid and on contracts now in force that have never been equalled by any other company in the world. From organization to January 1, 1891, it has paid back in cash to its members and now holds securely invested for future payment \$451,370,159, OVER SIXTY-TWO MILLIONS OF DOLLARS MORE than ever received from them, besides paying all taxes and expenses for the past forty-eight years. A record not even remotely approached by any other company. It issues every legitimate contract connected with human life and its policies are the most liberal and profitable known to underwriting. For rates or description of the company's bonds, consols, and investment securities, or life and endowment policies, address, giving date of birth, SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT, PACIFIC COAST AGENCY, LOS ANGELES, CALIF., 214 South Broadway. Telephone 28. ALBERT D. THOMAS, MANAGER. DOBINSON & VETTER, LOCAL AGENTS.