

PERSIAN HERETICS.

A PERSECUTED SECT DRIVEN OUT BY THE PRESENT SHAH.

The Rise and Fall of Bab, the Mohammedan Reformer—His Brave Though Untimely Death—The Greater Bab, Who Is an Exile from His Native Land.

Professor Browne, lecturer in Persian at the University of Cambridge, has written a curious book, entitled "The Episode of the Bab." Probably a few people know who the Bab is, but Mr. Browne's researches are certain to awaken interest in the man who was the arch heretic of Persia in the early part of the reign of the present shah. He died a violent death at the hands of the government when it was learned that the heresy that he preached threatened the peace of the national church. His followers live and are faithful to his memory and teachings.

Their leaders are in exile, and Professor Browne's book tells of his extraordinary exertions to see them and get their story from their own lips. They are scattered far and wide. Some of them are in Cyprus; others are in Palestine, safe from the vengeance of the shah. All of them would expect to lose their heads if they showed themselves in Persia. Only the humble followers of the Bab live unmolested in their own country, holding their meetings secretly for fear of the persecution of the angry Mollahs.

The Bab was a Mohammedan reformer, who went to Mecca and came back with a new commentary on the Koran. He spoke of himself as superior to Mohammed and to all other great religious reformers, but he announced that a greater than he was coming. That greater one is Beha, who lives in an earthly paradise called Behje, near Tyre, where Professor Browne found him. The author says he feels quite unequal to the task of conveying a vivid impression of the faces and forms that surrounded him during his visit to this strange retreat. He almost runs short of adjectives when he describes the wondrous and venerable figure of the holy man. He says he beheld a face which he will never forget, although he cannot describe it. The piercing eyes seemed to read his very soul. "No need to ask in whose presence I stood as I bowed myself before one who is the object of a devotion and love which kings might envy and emperors sigh for in vain."

Beha's preaching is a prophecy of the "most great peace" and of the brotherhood and unity of man. The brotherhood of the entire race is coming, he predicts. Prof. Browne says Beha knows the exact position of European affairs and is sorry for the western nations. He sees kings and rulers lavishing their treasures in the purchase of means of destruction instead of procuring the means of happiness. Meekness, concord, obedience, submission are the essentials of his secret in the perfect way. He is loved and revered by all his followers wherever they may be, and many a message from him is read in the secret meetings in Persia of the humble followers of the Bab.

The Bab was not learned in the law like the great doctors of the church, and for that reason they held him in contempt. It was his habit to dispute with them in the temples, and although he was ignorant his wisdom put their knowledge to shame. They proved himself an impostor because he talked bad grammar. He showed them that his grammar was the grammar of the Koran, and asked them if it was not better to be wrong with the prophet than right with the rest of the world. Whenever he became too troublesome they beat him with rods. At last they had him shot. A company of infantry was drawn up, and the Bab and one of his followers were placed before it as targets. The first discharge killed the follower, but only broke the cords that bound the prophet. He might have converted his executioners then if he had had time to make the most of the situation. But before he could speak the second volley was fired and the Bab died of many wounds.

His followers were terribly incensed at the outrage, and tried to assassinate the shah. It is said that he fainted with terror at the sight of the conspirators, and was only saved by the timely arrival of his escort. For a time he made Persia very unsafe for the followers of the Bab. He killed their leaders, and to this day those who escaped from their native land have never dared to return. Among the victims was the one Salvation Lass of the movement, the beautiful Kurranu 'Ayn, who, it is said, was a miracle of learning and of every feminine charm. She was killed by slow torture, and to the very last she declared her supreme faith in the teachings of the Bab. The Mollahs who slew her came near rebelling a few months ago when their lord and master threatened to interfere with the tobacco question in Persia. They made him tremble for his life and throne until the obnoxious measures he proposed were rescinded.

Meanwhile Beha is waiting patiently in exile, confident that the day will come when his teachings will triumph in Persia and the leaders of his faith can return to their land.—New York Sun.

A Coon Story. Two men located a varmint in a tree and one scaled up for the prize. After an interval of several minutes, which were enlivened by skirmishing among the foliage, the man on the ground called out, "John, have you got him?" "I have," came the decided response. "Do you want me to climb up and help you hold him?" "Thunder and lightning, no! I wish you'd come up and help me let loose!"—Nashville American.

Faults. If I were as rich as my right hand neighbor, I should have his faults; if I were as poor as my left hand neighbor, I should have his. Being myself, I have mine.—Manly H. Pike in Century.

Impaired Digestion repaired by BEECHAM'S PILLS. Files on files of new hats in all styles and prices at the New York Bazaar, 148 North Spring street.

Retiring from Business. Wall paper, mouldings, Lincolnton Walton, at cost, at W. B. Stewart's, 293 South Spring.

Fish, 7½¢ a pound, Broadway Market.

VULGARITY IN DESIGN.

Jewelry, Furniture and Bric-a-Brac That Shock the Aesthetic. There is nothing in modern life more discouraging to the person of taste than the deliberate vulgarity in design which is so conspicuous in modern manufactures, and this is especially true in those matters of adornment or luxury where it would be supposed that if anywhere would be found the evidences of refinement and cultivation. In the articles with which the dwellings and the persons of the rich are adorned one does not find evidences of good taste it is indeed a discouraging outlook for the seeker, and yet it is in precisely in these things that the most flagrant violations of all aesthetic canons are encouraged.

One has but to consider the tricks of the makers of jewelry to understand the extent to which this evil has gone. The last whim of the makers of slag is to be seen in the windows of the jeweler wrought out in precious stones. Now the art of the cunning goldsmith is devoted to the making of pigs in gold and gems, now it is some other beast equally inartistic, again it is some idiotic pun, which is enshrined in costly stones or rich enamel, and yet again the paraphernalia of the turf, the gaming table, or what not, absorbs the best skill which the modern world can show in this line. Even worse are the coarse and vulgar designs which are to be seen in the cases of respectable jewelers of the feminine leg or foot, the suggestive and semi-indecent ornaments which appeal to the taste of certain classes, not only of men, but of women, who are apparently perfectly proper members of society.

The designs of furniture and bric-a-brac are, if anything, worse. It is true that there are good designs to be found, but it is no less true that the reign of cheap vulgarity is at its triumphant height. The hard and unsympathetic execution of mechanical means which would be tolerable only when directed by the most delicate and sympathetic taste is made the more detestable by the coarse and forced manner in which it is used. When the designer goes to the past to purloin a design, if he wishes to hit the popular taste he selects some rococo motive of the worst period, and as a rule it is popular in direct proportion to its worthlessness.

When one compares the ornaments of today with those of the times of our grandfathers he may well ask whether our grandchildren will have as much reason to respect their heirlooms as we have to look with pride upon ours. If one takes the so-called souvenir spoons with which the shop windows have been filled, how many of them are even tolerable in design?

It is always easier to find fault than to find out a remedy, and it is undoubtedly true that in the present case the matter is largely the result of the increase of material prosperity among those classes where neither taste nor intelligence has had time to be developed. The markets are controlled to a great extent by the new rich, and it is not unnatural that the impress of their vulgarity should be left in a broad mark upon the arts of the time. It is no less true abroad, however, than it is in this country that the designers have apparently degenerated, and the explanation given does not so well apply abroad as in this country.

No doubt the taste of the world is being educated, but the problem today is to educate the taste of the many instead of the taste of the few, and it is far more difficult than any which has ever been presented to the devotees of the aesthetic in the history of civilization before.—Boston Courier.

A Snap Shot at Albuquerque. We were driven through the streets (if they may be called such) of Albuquerque. Fast the wretched mud hovel of the stooped and wrinkled Mexicans, who opened their weak eyes in indolent curiosity which scarcely tempted them to turn their heads for a further view. They seemed to have nothing to do but sit themselves in the doorways and on long board benches by the side of their mud walls. The only ones we saw engaged in any occupation were those who sat combing out their long, black hair, and these were the women kind. If there is a spot on the face of the earth without a hint of home or cheer, it is this mudbuilt town of winds and sands and flat topped roofs of Mexicans, Spaniards, Indians and cowboys.—Salt Lake Tribune.

Study Your Own Case. I always insist on my patients studying medicine to the extent of their disease at least. Of course all patients cannot do this. But where it can be done the disease yields much more readily to treatment. There is nothing remarkable about this. It is reasonable that if a sick man knows something as to the nature of that portion of his anatomy which by reason of its disorder brings on disease, he can the more intelligently assist the doctor in bringing about a cure. This rule, if observed, will materially assist in a general improvement of health.—Dr. Merriman in Chicago Tribune.

Children's Play in Germany. It is a common belief at the present time in south Germany that if children play soldiers very often in the street there is a war coming, and if they play "funeral" an epidemic will come over the land and many deaths will result. The relator of this tells that, when a boy, he with others played "funeral" in front of the house of an old miser in his native town in Germany. The miser became much excited and exclaimed, "I will not die yet!" and made complaint to the mayor that the boys should be arrested and punished.—Philadelphia Ledger.

No Two Women Alike. Any man who knows much about women knows "all women" never do the same thing. Women are uncertain creature, and what one has done is no indication what the next will do. There has to be a new rule for each woman.—Cor. Boston Globe.

Dandruff. This annoying scalp trouble, which gives the hair an untidy appearance, is cured by skookum root hair grower. All druggists.

Campbell's Curiosity Store. Mexican, Indian and California curios at lowest prices, 325 South Spring street.

Summer lap dusters at Foy's old reliable saddle-dry house, 315 North Los Angeles street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Exchange Review. NEW YORK, April 29.—The event of today was the heavy engagement of gold for export, but notwithstanding the selling which followed this rally brought prices above the point where the depression commenced. Union Pacific advanced rapidly today, and granagers ran up rapidly. The close was strong at best prices, but final changes were mostly fractional. Government bonds dull, steady.

MONEY QUOTATIONS. NEW YORK, April 29.—Money on call easy; closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper—3½ per cent. Sterling exchange—Steady: 60-day bills, 4.57; demand, 4.55.

BAR SILVER. NEW YORK, April 29.—Bar silver, per ounce, 80½¢. SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Bar silver, 86½¢ per ounce. SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Mexican dollars, 69¢ per 100.

STOCKS AND BONDS. NEW YORK, April 29.—Closing quotations were as follows: U. S. 4s, reg. 115½; N. Y. Central, 113¾; U. S. 4s, coupon, 112¾; Oregon Imp., 27; U. S. 3s, 110; Erie, 100; Pacific 6s, 109; North American, 14½; Atchafalaya, 35; Pullman Pa. acc., 92½; American Express, 124; U. S. Express, 54½; Canada Pacific, 87½; Pacific Mail, 35½; Canadian Southern, 60½; St. Paul, 145; Central, 31; U. S. & Canada, 49; Burlington, 177½; Texas Pacific, 10½; Lackawanna, 159½; Union Pacific, 44½; Denver & Rio Grande, 105; Erie, 29½; Wells, Fargo & Co., 144; Kansas & Texas, 16; Am. Cotton Oil, 39½; Lake Shore, 134½; Western Union, 93½; Louisville & Nashville, 75½; Terminal, 9½; Mich. Central, 109½; Lead Trust, 19½; Con. Cal. & Va., 55½; Plymouth, 149; Northern Pacific, 21½; Rio Grande West'n, 37; P. P. preferred, 59½; U. S. preferred, 71; N. W. preferred, 144½; Distillers, 47½; Reading, 60½.

BOSTON, April 29.—Closing quotations were as follows: Atchafalaya, 35½; Mex. Central, com 17; Burlington, 107½; San Diego, com 100; Bell Telephone, 203½.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Mining shares were as follows: Best & Belcher, 2.10; Horn Silver, 3.00; Crown Point, 1.00; Mexican, 1.25; Con. Cal. & Va., 4.00; Plymouth, 1.40; Deadwood, 2.00; Ophir, 2.15; Eureka, com 1.40; Savage, 1.20; Nevada, 1.20; Hale & Norcross, 1.10; Standard, 1.85; Homestake, 1.100.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Following are the closing prices: Belcher, 1.25; Peer, .05; Best & Belcher, 2.30; Potasi, 1.10; Con. Cal. & Va., 4.00; Savage, 1.40; Confidence, 1.30; Sierra Nev., 1.30; Hale & Norcross, 1.50; New Jacket, .95.

SAN FRANCISCO Market Review. SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—The vegetable market continues fairly active. Green stuff, as receipts increase, grows cheaper, but meets with good demand. Green peas are much lower, and supplies are out of keeping with the requirements. In order to relieve the market sales are made to canneries at 50¢ per sack. New onions are cheaper, and new potatoes are firm at quotations. Oranges of poor quality are plentiful. The demand is weak and confined to the better grades. Strawberries continue to enjoy a good inquiry, and fluctuations in prices are very light. Cherries are arriving more freely, but as yet the quality is anything but desirable. The dried fruit market develops little movement. Butter is a trade firm, and prices are sustained by packing. Receipts continue to arrive freely from all points. Eggs are dull.

Chicago Grain Market. CHICAGO, April 29.—Wheat quiet; opened ½¢ per bushel higher than yesterday's closing, on account of killing frosts in Kansas, where the wheat was beginning to joint, and reported to be anything but desirable. Hereafter for shipment; declined ½¢ per bushel on free selling, rallied ½¢, eased off, and closed ¼¢ per bushel higher than yesterday. Receipts, 14,000 bushels; shipments, 24,000 bushels.

Chicago, April 29.—Close: Wheat, steady; cash, 80½¢; July, 81¢. Corn—Higher; cash, 39½¢; May, 40¢; July, 41¢; Dec, 42¢. Barley—60¢ per bushel. Rye—71¢. Timothy—1.33¢ per 100.

OTHER GRAIN MARKETS. SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Wheat: Firmer; May, 1.15; July, 1.18; Dec, 1.20. Barley—Strong; buyer season, 1.02½; seller season, 1.00½; seller, new, 1.02½; Dec, 1.04; June, new, 1.04. Corn—1.40. LIVERPOOL, April 29.—Wheat: Demand fair. No. 2 red winter, 74 3/4; firm; No. 2 red spring, 74 1/4. Corn—Demand fair for spot and fair for futures. Spot, 44 1/4 per cental; firm; April, 44 1/4; May, 44 1/4; Dec, 44 1/4; steady; June, 44 1/4 steady.

General Markets. NEW YORK, April 29.—Hops steady; Pacific coast 24¢ per 100. Coffee—Options closed steady, unchanged to 10 points; Rio de Janeiro, Apr. 12, 44¢; Santos, 42¢; Rio de Janeiro, Apr. 12, 44¢; Santos, 42¢. Sugar—Rio de Janeiro, Apr. 12, 44¢; Santos, 42¢. Molasses—Sugar, 59 test, 27.16. Refined test, 28¢. Copper—Dull; lake, 11.85 bid. Lead—Firm; domestic, 4.25 bid. Tin—Firm; 1.51 bid. Iron—Firm; 1.51 bid. Steel—Firm; 1.51 bid. Cotton—Firm; 1.51 bid. Wool—Firm; 1.51 bid. Hides—Firm; 1.51 bid. Tallow—Firm; 1.51 bid. Lard—Firm; 1.51 bid. Butter—Firm; 1.51 bid. Eggs—Firm; 1.51 bid. Flour—Firm; 1.51 bid. Oil—Firm; 1.51 bid. Soap—Firm; 1.51 bid. Candles—Firm; 1.51 bid. Paper—Firm; 1.51 bid. Books—Firm; 1.51 bid. Stationery—Firm; 1.51 bid. Printing—Firm; 1.51 bid. Music—Firm; 1.51 bid. Toys—Firm; 1.51 bid. Games—Firm; 1.51 bid. Amusement—Firm; 1.51 bid. Clothing—Firm; 1.51 bid. Shoes—Firm; 1.51 bid. Hats—Firm; 1.51 bid. Trunks—Firm; 1.51 bid. Bags—Firm; 1.51 bid. Boxes—Firm; 1.51 bid. Caskets—Firm; 1.51 bid. Coffins—Firm; 1.51 bid. Biers—Firm; 1.51 bid. Carriages—Firm; 1.51 bid. Horses—Firm; 1.51 bid. Cattle—Firm; 1.51 bid. Sheep—Firm; 1.51 bid. Poultry—Firm; 1.51 bid. Fish—Firm; 1.51 bid. Game—Firm; 1.51 bid. Miscellaneous—Firm; 1.51 bid.

Petroleum. NEW YORK, April 29.—Petroleum: May closed at 86½¢.

LOS ANGELES LOCAL MARKETS. [The quotations given below are Los Angeles wholesale selling prices.]

Provisions. HAMS—Per lb., local smoked, 13½¢; eastern, sugar cured, 12¢. BACON—Per lb., local smoked, 12½¢; eastern breakfast, 11½¢; 10½¢. PORK—Per lb., dry salt, 9½¢. DRIED BEEF—Per lb., hams, 13¢. LARD—Compound, 3½¢; 5½¢; 5½¢; 10's, 8½¢; 50's, 8¢. Pure lard, 3¢ higher all around.

Milk Products. FLOUR—Los Angeles XXXX, \$5.00 per bbl; Capitol Mills, \$5.00; Sperry's, \$5.75. Crown, \$5.40; Victor, \$5.65; superior, \$3.25; granulated, \$3.10. MILK FEED—Bran, per ton, \$22.00; shorts, \$24.00; cracked corn, per cental, \$1.25; rolled barley, \$1.10; mixed feed, \$1.15; feed meal, \$1.30.

Grain and Hay. BARLEY—Brewing, \$1.20; 91.30; feed, 90¢ per 100. OATS—No. 1, per cental, \$1.50. WHEAT—No. 1, per cental, \$1.55; No. 2, \$1.50; No. 3, \$1.45. RYE—No. 1, \$1.10; No. 2, \$1.05; No. 3, \$1.00. STRAW—Barley, per ton, \$5.00; wheat, \$5.00.

Poultry and Eggs. POULTRY—Hens, \$8.25; 60 doz.; young roosters, \$8.50; 60 doz.; old roosters, \$8.00; broilers, \$4.75; ducks, \$7.00; geese, \$1 per head; turkeys, 17¢ per pound. EGGS—Ranch, 17¢ per doz.

Dairy Products. BUTTER—Fancy roll, 33¢ per 100; choice, 30¢; 32½¢; fair, 20¢ per 100. CHEESE—Western, 14¢ per 100; California, large, 14¢; small, 13¢ per 100; three-pound hand, 16¢ per 100.

Honey and Beeswax. HONEY—Comb, 1 lb forms, 13¢ per 100; extracted, 60¢ per 100. BEESWAX—23¢ per 100.

Nuts. ALMONDS—Soft shell, 15¢ per 100; paper shell, 10¢ per 100. PEANUTS—Raw, 3¢ per lb; roasted, 7¢ per 100. WALNUTS—Hard shell, 6¢ per 100; soft shell, 9¢ per 100.

Dried Fruits. APPLES—Evaporated, 8¢ per 100. PEACHES—Bleached, 7¢ per 100; sun-dried, 5¢ per 100. RAISINS—Fancy evaporated, unpeeled, 7¢ per 100; seeded, 11¢ per 100; sun-dried, unpeeled, 5¢ per 100. PRUNES—Fancy evaporated, 11¢ per 100; seeded, 10¢ per 100. DATES—Fancy, 11¢ per 100; seeded, 10¢ per 100. FIGS—Fancy, 11¢ per 100; seeded, 10¢ per 100. GUMS—1.00 per 100; 1.25 per 100; Sultana, 80¢ per lb.

Fresh Fruits. ORANGES—Riverside navel, per box, \$3.50; seedling, \$1.75; Valencia, per box, \$3.00; seedling, \$1.75; Redlands or Duarte navel, \$3.00; seedling, \$2.00; 25 Valencia navel, \$2.25; 25 common, \$1.00 per 100. APPLES—Local, per box, \$1.40; 1.50; eastern, per box, \$1.50; 1.75; 2.00. BANANAS—Per bunch, \$2.25; 2.50. LEMONS—Per box, \$2.50; 3.00; 3.50; 4.00; 4.50; 5.00; 5.50; 6.00; 6.50; 7.00; 7.50; 8.00; 8.50; 9.00; 9.50; 10.00; 10.50; 11.00; 11.50; 12.00; 12.50; 13.00; 13.50; 14.00; 14.50; 15.00; 15.50; 16.00; 16.50; 17.00; 17.50; 18.00; 18.50; 19.00; 19.50; 20.00; 20.50; 21.00; 21.50; 22.00; 22.50; 23.00; 23.50; 24.00; 24.50; 25.00; 25.50; 26.00; 26.50; 27.00; 27.50; 28.00; 28.50; 29.00; 29.50; 30.00; 30.50; 31.00; 31.50; 32.00; 32.50; 33.00; 33.50; 34.00; 34.50; 35.00; 35.50; 36.00; 36.50; 37.00; 37.50; 38.00; 38.50; 39.00; 39.50; 40.00; 40.50; 41.00; 41.50; 42.00; 42.50; 43.00; 43.50; 44.00; 44.50; 45.00; 45.50; 46.00; 46.50; 47.00; 47.50; 48.00; 48.50; 49.00; 49.50; 50.00; 50.50; 51.00; 51.50; 52.00; 52.50; 53.00; 53.50; 54.00; 54.50; 55.00; 55.50; 56.00; 56.50; 57.00; 57.50; 58.00; 58.50; 59.00; 59.50; 60.00; 60.50; 61.00; 61.50; 62.00; 62.50; 63.00; 63.50; 64.00; 64.50; 65.00; 65.50; 66.00; 66.50; 67.00; 67.50; 68.00; 68.50; 69.00; 69.50; 70.00; 70.50; 71.00; 71.50; 72.00; 72.50; 73.00; 73.50; 74.00; 74.50; 75.00; 75.50; 76.00; 76.50; 77.00; 77.50; 78.00; 78.50; 79.00; 79.50; 80.00; 80.50; 81.00; 81.50; 82.00; 82.50; 83.00; 83.50; 84.00; 84.50; 85.00; 85.50; 86.00; 86.50; 87.00; 87.50; 88.00; 88.50; 89.00; 89.50; 90.00; 90.50; 91.00; 91.50; 92.00; 92.50; 93.00; 93.50; 94.00; 94.50; 95.00; 95.50; 96.00; 96.50; 97.00; 97.50; 98.00; 98.50; 99.00; 99.50; 100.00.

Miscellaneous. BEANS—Pink, \$2.50; 2.75 per 100 lbs; Lima, \$2.50; 3.00; navy, small, \$2.75; 3.00. CABBAGES—Per 100 lbs, 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 1.00.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1892. Arcadia Mahoney to Edward Dunn—Part lot B, on seventh street near Los Angeles, 1-25; \$1,000. John Kast to John Hohlbaugh et al—1 acre in Stephens tract, Rio San Pedro, \$1. Mrs. M. H. Huber to Mrs. Elizabeth W. Griffin—Lot 12 bl. F; Pelissier tract, 15-70; \$1,000. J. A. Noy and others to J. W. McBride—Lot 3 bl. 2, Crab's sub Pomona, 24-87; \$750. G. W. Winters et al to J. W. McBride—Lots 4, 5, 6, bl. 2, Crab's sub Pomona, 24-87; \$750. G. M. Adams to Louise Potts—Lot 5 Buell's sub Alhambra, 15-60; \$800. University Bank trustees to D. O. Millmore—Lot 10 bl. 2, Lancaster, 5-47; \$1,000. Mary Horvath et al to Harry C. Allen—Lot 42 bl. 33, 14-47; \$1,000. Mrs. Ella M. Pinney et al to Georgiana J. Pinkham et al—11. Miller's subdiv, 6-77; \$1,600. Dennis Byron to Mrs. Beck R. Norton—Lot 24, blk. 1, Urmon st, 11-10; \$1,900. F. J. Lanterman et al to J. A. Medlar—North 40th lot, blk. 10, H. Montague tr, 19-75; \$1,500. J. J. Farrell et al to Elias Ayers—Fifty feet of lot 14, bl. 4, Butterfield's subdiv, rancho San Rafael; \$363.91. J. J. Brown to A. J. Sanborn—Lot 30 and north 40 feet of lot 31, W. Wick's subdiv, Kicker tr, 18-25; \$800. George Hansen to Simon Cohen—Lot 17, Hansen's subdiv, blk. 7, S. J. J. survey; \$350. J. J. Tubury to James M. Strong—SW part of lots 59 and 60, Joseph W. Wadley's subdiv, Pasadena; \$1. A. J. Jeffries to Hattie Williams NE 25 feet of lot 4, blk. 4, Jeffries tr; \$100. Gilson, Sheriff, to John A. Wood—Lots 20 and 21, blk. 14, Garvanya, 18-77; \$100. John H. Young et al to Martin Bohlen—Lot 24, J. Mair's tr, 21-4; \$1,000. J. Hinkle et al to F. M. and W. A. Brophy—Amen's claim, San Bernardino petroleum mining district, SW ¼ sec 17, T. 3 N., R. 15 W., S. B. M.; \$10. J. C. Clark to F. M. and W. A. Brophy—As above; \$1. F. M. and W. A. Brophy to W. A. Vandercook—As above; \$5. W. A. Vandercook to J. M. Merrill—As above; \$5. James Myer to William C. Martin—Lot 7, bl. 188, Santa Monica; \$5. William W. Widney to C. E. Crowley—Lot 6, bl. 1, Los Angeles Improvement Co. sub, Hancock's survey, 10-7; \$230. J. M. Weatherwax to R. G. Huestis—178 feet on First st, between Alameda, 8-15; also lot 11, Legges lower tract, 10-18; lots 8 and 4, Berry & Elliott tract, 5-518; lot 45 and 8 1/2 feet lot 44, Berry & Elliott's subdiv, rancho San Rafael; \$1. R. M. Huestis to First National Bank of Pasadena—As last above, 10-60; \$25. S. E. Herbert to Sanford H. Wood—Lots 13 and 14, bl. A; lots 84 and 87, bl. E, North Pasadena tract, 4-37; \$800. Harvey Myers et ux Magdalina—5 acres in sec 36, T. 1 N., R. 9 W., S. B. M.; \$900.

SUMMARY. Total number of transfers, 32. Total consideration, \$27,974.00. Total figures separated by a dash represent the book and page of miscellaneous records.

Miles's Nerve and Liver Pills. Act on a new principle—regulating the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new discovery. Dr. Miles's Pills speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, indigestion, constipation. Unequalled for men, women, children. Smallest, mildest, safest, 50 doses, 5 cents. Samples free, at C. H. Hancock.

ECZEMA 35 YEARS. Mr. HIRAM THWEATT, of Olean, Pike County, Ala., says that SWIFT'S SPECIFIC cured him of a painful case of Eczema, of which he had suffered for 35 years. He took seven bottles.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

MANHOOD RESTORED. "SANATIVO," the "Wonderful Spanish Remedy," is sold with a Written Guarantee. It cures all cases of Eczema, such as Weak Emission, Nervousness, Headache, Wakefulness, Loss of Memory, etc. It is a safe, reliable, and all drains and loss of power, and is a cure for all cases of Eczema, either sex, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infertility, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price \$1 a package, or 6 for \$5. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money, sent by mail to any address. Circular free. Mention this paper. Address: MADRID CHILCO, Branch Office for U. S. A., 358 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE IN LOS ANGELES, CAL., BY OFF & VAUGHN, Druggists, N. E. corner Fourth and Spring Streets.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE. CHARLES H. SIMPKINS, PLAINTIFF, VS. A. G. Shafer, F. D. Lanierman, Mary H. Shafer, J. L. Lanierman, William Riley and W. J. Shafer, defendants. Sheriff's sale—No. 16,770.

Order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale. Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale issued out of the Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles, of the State of California, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1892, in the above entitled action, wherein Charles H. Simpkins, the above-named plaintiff, obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure and sale against A. G. Shafer, et al, defendants, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1892, for the sum of \$11,486.60, gold coin of the United States, and costs, etc., and said judgment was also rendered and entered in favor of cross complainant, William Riley, for the sum of \$153.60, gold coin, which said decree was, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1892, recorded in judgment book of said court, on page 55. I am commanded to sell all that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the southeast quarter of section 34, township 22 south, range 15 west, S. B. M., and running thence south 28 deg. 15 min. west 22.70 chains a little more or less, the south line of the said northwest quarter section; thence N 83 deg. 48 min. west along the south line 9.13 chains; thence north 28 deg. 3 min. east 22.70 chains to the north line of said northwest quarter of said north west quarter of said section; and thence east 3.10 chains to the place of beginning, containing 18.22 acres.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining. Public notice is hereby given, that on Monday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 12 o'clock, P. M. of that day, in front of the courthouse door of the county of Los Angeles, California, entrance, I will, in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and decree, and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1892. E. D. GIBSON, Sheriff of Los Angeles County. By F. C. HANCOCK, Deputy Sheriff. Chapman & Hendrick, attorneys for plaintiff. 4-30 sat 41.

