POETRY.

AFTER ALL.

The apples are ripe in the orchard,
The work of the reaper is done,
And the golden woodlands redden
In the blood of the dying sun.

At the cottage door the grandsire
Sits pale in his easy chair,
While the gentle wind at twilight
Plays with his silver hair.

A woman is kneeling besidde him:
A fair young head is prest,
In the first wild passion of sorrow,
Against his aged breast;

And far from over the distance
The faltering echoes come,
Of the flying blast of the trumpet,
And the rattling of the drum.

And the grandsire speaks in whisper—
"The end no man can see;
But we give him to his country,
And we give our prayers to Thee."

The violets stand in the meadows,
The rose-buds fringe the door,
And over the grassy orchard
The pink white blossoms pour.

But the grandsire's chair is empty
The cottage is dark and still;
There's a nameless grave on the battle-field,
And a new one under the hill.

And a pallid, tearless woman,
By the cold hearth sits alone,
And the old clock in the corner
Ticks on with a steady drone.

AN ACT

To provide for the production, distribution and sale of salt in this Commonwealth, passed October 1st, 1862.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That the Governor of this Commonwealth may adopt every such measure and do every such act as in his judgment may be necessary and proper to be done in order to secure the possession, production, or distribution to convenient places, of such quantity of salt as will in his judgment be sufficient to supply the people of this Commonwealth; and to that end may bind the faith of the Commonwealth for the performance of such contracts and engagements as he may determine to be necessary and proper, and may exercise full authority and control over the property and franchises of any person, firm or company in this Commonwealth, whenever he shall judge it to be necessary and proper to exercise the same in order to secure the possession, production, or distribution of the quantity of salt aforesaid, provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the purchase of the Smyth and Washington or Kanawha Salt Works, or any freehold interest therein.

2. If, in the opinion of the Governor, in order to obtain a speedy and sufficient supply of salt, it shall be expedient to do so, he may seize, take posession of and hold and exercise full authority and control over the property, real and personal, of any person, firm, or company, and any engines, machinery or fixtures and other property or things necessary for the production of salt in the Commonwealth whenever he shall judge it to be necessary to exercise the power hereby conferred, in order to secure the production and distribution of the quantity of salt aforesaid.

3. If, by the exercise of the power conferred by the 2d section of this act, any property should be taken in relation to which there may be existing contracts with the Confederate States or any of the States of the Confederate States, or with any county, city or town in this Commonwealth entered into by virtue of an act of the General Assembly, entitled, "An act to authorize the County Courts to purchase and distribute salt among the people and provide payment for the same," passed May 9, 1862, or any contract with individuals for the benefit of any county, city or town, under the act aforesaid; Provided that such contracts with and for said counties, shall not be respected for a larger amount of salt than the twenty pounds for each inhabitant proposed by the lessees to be furnished in the proposition on which said act was founded, the same shall be respected and the supply of salt or salt water so contracted for shall be furnished. If a sufficient supply of salt water cannot be obtained at the wells now producing salt water for the production of a sufficient supply of salt for the people of the State, or cannot be promptly obtained from new wells, then the Governor is empowered to disregard in whole, or in part, such contracts with the States of the Confederate States: but if a surplus of water may exist, then the Governor is directed to furnish to the other States of the Confederate States out of any supplies of salt water that may remain after the supply of a sufficient quantity to the State of Virginia; Provided, that nothing in this act shall be so construed, as to authorize the Governor to prevent the owners of salt property or their assignees from manufacturing and selling salt water, or fossil salt remaining after all the uses of the State, under the provisions of this act, are supplied.

4. The Governor may take control of any railroad or canal in this State, if necessary for the transportation of salt for distribution, or for the transportation of fuel or other things necessary for the production of salt: but the power conferred by this section shall not be so exercised as to interfere with the transportation of troops, munitions of war and army supplies by the Confederate Government.

5. The Governor shall designate places in the Commonwealth from which the sale and distribution of such salt may be made to citizens of this Commonwealth and prescribe rules and regulations for the sale of the same and the prices at which it shall be sold.—When such prices shall be so prescribed and published for two weeks in some newspaper published in the City of Richmond, the sale of such salt at any higher price than the price so prescribed, shall be a misdemeanor, and the sale of each bushel or any part of a bushel thereof at a rate higher than the price so prescribed shall be a separate offence.—Any violation of the rule and regulations so prescribed shall be a misdemeanor. Upon conviction of any person under this act he shall pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than two thousand dollars.

6. If the governor shall find it necessary to employ Agents to receive money for the sales of salt, he shall require them to give bond, with such penalty as the Governor may require, with good security to be approved by the Governor, payable to the Commonwealth, with condition to pay all money received from the sale of salt into the Treassry to the credit of the Commonwealth, at the end of each month.

7. The sum of five hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to be paid out of the Treasury, upon warrant to be issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts upon the orders of the Governor in writing to be given only in payment of liabilities incurred for the purposes of this Act.

8. For the use of any of the property real or personal, which may be used, occupied, possessed or controlled by the Governor, a board of assessors, to be composed of five persons not members of the General Assembly, who shall be appointed by a joint vote of the two Houses, a majority of whom may act and shall concur, shall assess reasonable compensation and damages, which shall be paid upon a written order of the Governor upon a written assessment, to be signed by a majority of the members of the board, with their affidavits that such assessment is, in the opinion of the board, reasonable and just. Such assessment shall be delivered to the Governor to be filed by him in the office of the Secretary of State; and a copy thereof shall be forwarded by the Secretary to the person, firm or company who may be entitled to the compensation or damages, and unless such person, firm or company shall, within thirty days after such copy shall be delivered to them, refuse by written objections to accept the same, such assessment shall be deemed to be final. If the Governor, on behalf of the State, or if any such person, firm or company shall within thirty days after such assessment shall have been so filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, file such written objections with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and in the office of the Circuit Court in the city of Richmond, an appeal shall lie from such assessment to the said Circuit Court, and the proceedings thereon in said court shall be according to the provisions of chapter 56 of the Code of Virginia, as far as the same are applicable thereto, except that the Commonwealth shall not be required to pay the compensation for damages to the party entitled thereto, nor into court before the decision of the appeal. No order shall be made nor any injunction awarded by any court or judge to stay any proceedings of the Governor or his authorized agents under this act. The board shall be convened at such time and places as the Governor may order, and shall be paid each the sum of four dollars per day, and actual expenses incurred in travelling, to be paid by the warrants to be issued upon the orders of the Governor.

This act shall be in force from its passage, and shall continue until the expiration of the present war.

A copy from the Rolls—Teste

WM. F. GORDON,
C. H. D.

Condition of our Wounded at Corinth.

Rosencrans Declares the Fighting of our Troops Unequalled.

MOBILE, Nov. 1st.—A special to the Advertiser and Register, dated the 31st, says that Surgeon Board of Price's Division, who was with our wounded at Corinth, returned to-day in Rosencrans' ambulance. He left four hundred of our wounded at Iuka, and two hundred distributed in the country. They are well fed and cared for, and twenty Confederate Surgeons with them.

Rosencrans has been very attentive to our wounded. He declares such fighting was never equalled, and such brave men are entitled to every attention. The only thing they require is clothing, of which they are in great need. Three hundred suits will be sent them. Rosencrans, in tears, met our Surgeons after the battle, and expressed regret that such brave men should suffer so severely. His Adjutant declared that had Price's command been supported, or the other troops handled as well, the Confederates would have held Corinth.

The Federals finding our troops had gained the centre of town, his ordnance buildings were fired, and were with difficulty extinguished after Green's Brigade fell back for want of support.

Surgeon Scott, who was imprisoned at St. Louis, has returned.

[From the New York Herald, Oct. 28.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27, 1862.

The Provost Marshal General and Hon. John Van Buren.

Simon Draper, the Provost Marshal General, is in this city perfecting his arrangements for arresting persons under martial law. In conversation to-day with more than one of the chief officers of the government, he said: "John Van Buran ought to be arrested, and I would do it at once, but that I think it would be bad policy to arrest him until after the election in the State of New York." He added: "If I should do it before the election it would have a damaging effect upon Wadsworth."

THE APPROACHING ELECTIONS.

There is a great consternation in the Republican camp in regard to the coming elections in New York and Massachusetts. Some of the highest authorities here fear that Sumner and Wardsworth have been bled heavily for buying up the weak newspapers in New York, showing that they are determined to fatten upon the "Genesee Flats."

Scarce Goods just Received.

2,000 Bunches Cotton Yarn,
5,000 yards 4-4 and 7 8 Sheeting,
2,000 lbs. Black Pepper, for sale by
Oct. 24. F. B. HURT & CO.

Lost.

ABOUT the 2nd instant, a long-haired, light yellow SCOTCH SHEPHERD'S DOG, with some white on his breast, legs and tail. He was lost in the neighborhood of Jessee's Mills, 4 miles north of Lebanon. A reward of five dollars will be given for the return of the Dog to me, and all necessary expenses paid, or remuneration for information of his whereabouts.

A. SHULTZ,
Rich Valley, 5 miles north of Abingdon.
Oct. 24, 1862.—3t

$25 Reward.

STRAYED or stolen on the night of the 20th inst., from the residence of R. E. Cummings, near Abingdon, a light Sorrel horse, 5 years old, marked with the letters C S on one of his shoulders, tolerably large, and one shoe off before.

The above reward will be paid for the delivery of said horse at Mr. Robert E. Cummings.
Oct. 24, 1862—tf WM. W. SENTELL.

Tobacco.

THE undersigned, having a large supply of Tobacco in store, will dispose of 250 boxes, if early application be made. It is a good article. F. B. HURT & Co.
Oct. 17, 1862.—tf

Picture Gallery.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of his native county, that, after an absence of several years, he has again located at Abingdon, where he will be prepared at all times to supply them with pictures. He is prepared to execute all kinds of Likenesses, from the smallest Locket to a full-sized Oil Painting.

He takes life-size Photographs, and those having in possession the miniatures of their deceased or absent relatives and friends, are invited to an examination of the wonderful process known as the Solar Camera Photograph, by aid of which the most perfect likeness can be reproduced of any required size, either upon paper or oil canvas, and afterwards painted in oil, preserving perfectly all the lines and expressions of the original photograph.

His rooms are in the eastern end of the Virginia House, immediately over the Store recently occupied by Mr. Josephson. All are invited to at least an examination of his pictures and the process by which they are produced.
Oct. 17, 1862—tf DAVID L. CLARK.

Educate that you May be Free.

THE subscriber will commence an English school in the Lebanon Academy, on Monday, the 20th October, inst., and teach during a term of Five months. A limited number of boarders can procure admittance as scholars, by an early application to the subscriber.

Terms, two dollars per month for each scholar. Contingent fee 50 cts. JAS. MEEHAN.
Oct. 17, 1862—2m
☞ Bristol Advocate copy.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE,
VIRGINIA & TENNESSEE R. R. CO.,
Lynchburg, October 2d, 1862.

THE restrictions placed by the War Department upon the transportation of wheat, corn, flour and bacon having been removed, shippers are notified that they will have no difficulty in sending forward their produce when intended for consumption in this State.

The shipment of all the above articles from the State is positively prohibited except seed wheat. To transport this beyond the limits of the State or to Bristol, the Western terminus of this road, it will be necessary to obtain the written consent of Maj. Gen. G. W. Smith, commanding department of Va. at Richmond.

ROBERT L. OWEN,
Oct. 17, 1862. President.

MARTHA WASHINGTON COLLEGE, Abingdon, Virginia.

THE Third Annual Session of Martha Washington College will commence the 15th of August, 1862, and extend to the 1st day of June, 1863.

The rate of charges for one-half of the session is as follows:

For Board, including fuel, lights, &c.,	$100.00
" Tuition in Collegiate Course,	25.00
" " " Intermediate Course,	20.00
" " " Preparatory Course,	15.00
" Contingent fee for same time,	1.50
" Tuition in Music same time,	25.00

Tuition in other Extra Branches is proportionably increased.

The Board and Tuition for one-half of the Session must be paid invariably in advance. The amount required in advance, are those respectively specified above.

The Trustees of the College have been compelled to advance the rate of charges for Board and Tuition. The necessity of doing so is obvious to every intelligent mind. The price of almost every article of provisions, has advanced within the last twelve months, from 100 to 400 per cent. The College has not advanced its charges any farther than is necessary to sustain itself in the present condition of the country.

We trust the people will renew their patronage of the College, especially in view of the fact that money advanced for education is always a profitable and lasting investment. The misfortunes of life, in peace or in war, can never deprive our daughters of those great intellectual and moral blessings which are secured by an early and efficient education.

For further information, address

WM. A. HARRIS,
President of M. W. College.

Aug. 1, 1862.
☞ Bristol Advocate please copy 3 times, and send account to Prest. Harris for collection.

VIRGINIA & TENN. RAILROAD. Change of Schedule.

ON and after Thursday, the 4th of September, the Mail and Passenger trains on this road will leave Lynchburg daily at 4 o'clock a. m., and arrive from the West at 4.30 p. m.

THOS. DODAMEAD.
Sept. 5, 1862.

Abingdon Male Academy.

THE Trustees of this Institution are gratified in being able to announce to the public the opening of this Academy for the reception of pupils, on

Monday, the 1st day of September,

under the superintendence of Mr. William Farmer. Mr. F. is well qualified, with the advantage of several years' experience as a Teacher, and we feel well assured that he will, as heretofore, give entire satisfaction to all who send their children to this Academy the ensuing session of five months:

First, or lowest grade of pupils—Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography, and Declamation,	$ 7.50
Second, or intermediate grade—Same continued, and English Grammar, Composition, the Sciences, &c.,	10.00
Third, or highest grade—Above continued, and Classics, Higher Mathematics, or either,	15.00
Contingent Fee,	2.00

Parents and Guardians will please observe that these terms are very moderate, notwithstanding the war and the blockade. They are only equal to $1.50 per month for the pupils of the first grade, $2.00 per month for the intermediate, and $3.00 per month for the 3d or highest grade; and $1.00 contingent fee for fuel, &c., &c.

By order of the board,

JOHN N. HUMES, Pres.
Aug. 22, 1862—tf

HENDREN'S SHOE BLACKING.

THIS article has of late been greatly improved, the proprietor having accomplished what he set out to do, i. e. to beat the Yankee Mason.

Every ingredient of the compound is purely Southern, and all engaged in its preparation are natives of the South.

In Cubes.

1 gross $9—6 gross $45—12 do $85
1 gross packing boxes 50 cts.—6 gross packing boxes $1.00.

No notice will be taken of orders not accompanied by the cash. A. B. HENDREN.
Sept. 12, 1862. Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE Virginia House, in Abingdon, will be sold upon liberal terms, but if not disposed of by the 17th of November, it will be rented.—There is no more desirable Hotel property in Southwestern Virginia, and no house that has had a better uniform patronage. The building is of brick, large, airy and roomy, with extensive Stables and all necessary out-buildings. As persons would neither buy or rent without viewing the property, it is useless to go into a more minute description.

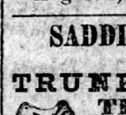
For terms, &c., in our absence, apply to N. I. McGinnis, Esq. G. R. R. DUNN,
D. C. DUNN.
Abingdon, Aug. 29, 1862—tf

C. N. JOSEPHSON, 209 Broad Street,

BETWEEN 4TH AND 5TH,
RICHMOND, Va.

HAS on hand, and is receiving daily from Southern markets, all kinds of dress and staple goods, such as brown and bleached Domestics, Calicoes, Irish Linens, Cambrics, Dressing Combs, &c., &c., to which I invite the attention of my friends in Washington and surrounding counties. C. N. JOSEPHSON.
August 1, 1862—3m

SADDLE, BRIDLE, HARNESS AND TRUNK MANUFACTORY.



THE partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of **Wm. J. Deady & Co.**, having been dissolved by mutual consent, the undersigned propose to continue the above business under the name and style of

DEADY & CHICK,

at there old Stand nearly opposite the Court House, where they will continue to make to order and keep on hand, manufactured of the very best material, and in the very best style, all sorts of

RIDING SADDLES AND BRIDLES,

at prices, from the finest and most costly, to the plainest and cheapest. Their assortment of

HARNESS,

both single and double, will be general and of all qualities, from the most elaborately mounted to the plainest. They will also keep on hand and make to order

LEATHER TRUNKS,

of all sizes and fashions, and at all prices.

Intending to render entire satisfaction, they respectfully ask the liberal encouragement that faithful workmanship always secures.

All kinds of Repairing will be done in order and with promptness, and Raw Hides, and all marketable Produce taken for work.

Thankful for past patronage, they hope to merit and receive a continuance of the same.

WM. J. DEADY.
MERIWEATHER L. CHICK.
March 22, 1861.

STOVES.

THE undersigned keeps on hand at his Shop in the lower story of Odd-Fellows' Hall, a variety of Cooking, Parlor and Box Stoves, to which he invites the attention of the public.—Encourage home folks first, if they offer you as good an article upon as easy terms as others, and this the subscriber intends to do.

WM. M. GRIM.
Abingdon, Oct. 14, 1859.—tf.

H. M. GRANT, D.D.S. R. E. GRANT.

Drs. H. M. GRANT & BROTHER DENTISTS,

ABINGDON, VA.

OFFICE nearly opposite Martha Washington Female College, west end of town.
Jan. 8th, 1861—1y

3000 LBS. Bar Iron.
T. G. McCONNELL & Co.
Oct. 10, 1862.

5 BARRELS Tanners Oil.
T. G. McCONNELL & CO.
August 22, 1862.

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE,
VA. & TENN. RAILROAD CO.,
Lynchburg, March 10th, 1862.

PARTIES receiving goods by the Va. & Tenn. Railroad are hereby notified that, the company will not be responsible, in any manner, for goods which are allowed by consigners to remain at the company's depot 24 hours after their arrival.

Such goods will be at the risk of the owners, and no claim for damages and losses will be allowed, and storage will be charged by this company. The company will not give notice of the arrival of any consignment. R. L. OWEN,
March. 21, 1882. President.

NEW COPARTNERSHIP.

S. M'CORKLE. S. M. M'CORKLE. WM. KINNIER.

M'CORKLE, SON & CO.,
(Successors to M'Corkle & Co.,)
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,
No. 113 Main Street,
LYNCHBURG, VA.

We will give particular attention to the sale of Tobacco, Breadstuffs, Provisions, and all kinds of Country Produce and Merchandize, at the old stand of McCorkle & Co. We shall endeavor to keep always on hand a full stock of all articles requisite to the business, and from our long experience in the business hope to merit a share of the public patronage, and especially that so liberally extended to the former concern. Our Mr. Kinnier will give his personal attention to the Commission Business, as he has been for some years pursuing that branch, and we feel confident from his long experience and thorough knowledge of the business, will not fail to give satisfaction to all who entrust their interests to our hands.

☞ Will make liberal advances on approved produce in hand, and remit promptly for all time and cash sales.

SAMUEL McCORKLE.
S. M. McCORKLE.
WM. KINNIER.
October 11, 1861—1y.

NEW CONCERN.

CHARLES J. JONES,
(late of the firm of McCorkle & Co.,) and
WILLIAM A. MILLER,
(formerly Commission Merchant and dealer in Fertilizers on Basin,)

HAVE this day formed a copartnership under the style and firm of

JONES & MILLER,

For the purpose of conducting a *General Commission and Grocery Business*, and have taken the storehouse No. 107, Main street, two doors above the old stand of McCorkle & Co., and next door to Lee, Rocke & Taylor.

We solicit consignments of Merchandise and Country Produce of every description, promising our best personal efforts to make satisfactory sales—and from the long experience we have both had in business in this city, think we are ustified in saying that we can do as well for consignors as any other house in the city. Account sales with nett proceeds will be rendered as soon as sales are made, and all letters on business promptly answered.

We shall keep the best supply of Groceries that can be obtained, and as soon as fertilizers can be procured, we intend keeping a good stock of the most approved kinds—all of which will be sold as low as they can be afforded for cash.

We appreciate the patronage extended to us in other connexions, and shall spare no pains to merit it in future. CHAS. J. JONES,
WM. A. MILLER.
Nov. 1, 1861.

JACOB STOKBERGER, Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS located in Abingdon, immediately opposite the Book Store, where he is prepared to repair

Watches and Clocks

in the very best manner possible, and upon reasonable terms. Work repaired by him will be warranted for TWELVE MONTHS. Thoroughly understanding his business, he hopes to be encouraged, and promises satisfaction to all.
September 28th, 1860.—6m.

NOTICE.

HAVING reduced our stock of goods to a very small remnant, we will close with the expiration of our license. Our books and papers will be found at the office, lately occupied by C. S. Bekem, Esq., at the western end of our store, where persons having unsettled accounts, are requested to call and close them by note.

Persons having claims against us, are particularly requested to present them for payment.

During our absence, Mr. T. P. Stone is authorized to represent us.

T. G. McCONNELL & CO.
May 2, 1862.

LYNCHBURG HOSE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

LYNCHBURG, VA.

MARINE, FIRE & LIFE RISKS AT CURRENT RATES.

Capital $100,000! *Contingent Fund* $40,000!

J. R. McDANIEL, *Prest.* JAS. M. COBBS, *V. P.*
GEO. B. THURMAN, *Chief Engineer.*
C. T. WILLS, *Secretary.* J. O. WILLIAMS, *Treas.*

DIRECTORS.

John Otey Taylor,	Samuel Garland,
John T. Davis,	James F. Payne,
S. H. McKinney,	Dexter Otey,
Wm. H. Stratton,	C. Winfree.

Dr. OTWAY OWEN, } *Medical Examiners.*
" P. H. GILMER, }
" DR. W. F. BARR, Aingdon.

Coale & Barr, Abingdon, Agents for Washington, Russell, Lee, Scott and Wise.
Jan. 31, 1857—tf.

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF THE VALLEY OF VA.

CAPITAL, $300,000.

WE have accepted an agency for this well known Company for this and adjoining counties, and are prepared to take risks on Dwellings, Stores, &c., &c.

T. G. McCONNELL & CO.
March 14, 1857.

150 PLOW Points No. 4
100 " " 3
12 Mouldboards for Premium Plows, No. 4
12 Land Sides for Premium Plows, just to hand. T. G. McCONNELL & Co.
Oct. 10, 1862.