

Escape of Prisoners from Fort Delaware.

Yesterday afternoon five Confederate prisoners: A. L. Brooks and C. J. Fuller, company G, 9th Georgia; J. Marian, company D, 9th Ga.; Wm. E. Glassey, co. B, 18th Miss., and Jno. Dorsey, co. A, Stuart's Horse Artillery, arrived here from Fort Delaware, having made their escape from Fort Delaware on the night of the 12th inst. The narrative of their escape is interesting. Having formed the plan to escape, they improvised life preservers by tying four canteens, well corked, around the body of each man, and on the night of the 12th inst., proceeded to leave the island. The night being dark they got into the water and swam off from the back of the island for the shore. Three of them swam four miles, and landed two miles below Delaware City; the other two, being swept down the river, floated down sixteen miles, and landed at Christine Creek. Another soldier (a Philadelphian) started with them, but was drowned a short distance from the shore. He said he was not coming back to the Confederacy, but was going to Philadelphia. He had eight canteens around his body, but was not an expert swimmer.

The three who landed near Delaware City laid in a cornfield all night, and the next evening, about dark, started on their way South, after first having made known their condition to a farmer, who gave them a good supper. They traveled that night twelve miles through Kent county, Del., and the next day lay concealed in a gentleman's barn. From there they went to Kent county, Md., where the citizens gave them new clothes and money. After this their detection was less probable, as they had been wearing their uniforms the two days previous. They took the cars on the Philadelphia and Baltimore Railroad at Townsend and rode to Dover, the capital of Delaware. Sitting near them in the cars were a Yankee Colonel and Captain, and the provost guard passed through frequently. They were not discovered, however, though to escape detection seemed almost impossible. They got off the train at Delaware and went by way of Barren Creek Springs and Quantico, Md., to the Nanticoke river, and got into a canal.

Here they parted company with five others who had escaped from Fort Delaware some days previous, as the canoe would not hold ten of them. In the canoe they went to Tangier's Sound, and crossing the Chesapeake, landed in Northumberland county, below Point Lookout, a point at which the Yankees are building a fort for the confinement of prisoners. They met with great kindness from the citizens of Heathsville, who contributed \$120 to aid them on their route. They soon met with our pickets, and came to this city on the York River Railroad. These escaped prisoners express in the liveliest terms their gratitude to the people of Maryland and Delaware, who did everything they could to aid them. There was no difficulty experienced in either State in finding generous people of Southern sympathies, who would give them both money and clothing, and put themselves to any trouble to help them on their journey.

These gentlemen state that a large number of our prisoners at Fort Delaware have taken the oath and enlisted in the Yankee service. The Yankees have already, from prisoners who have taken the oath, enlisted 270 men in the 3d Maryland cavalry, 100 men in a battalion of heavy artillery, and 150 in an infantry regiment. To effect these enlistments they circulate all sorts of lies among the prisoners. The chief lies are to the effect that Gen. Lee has resigned—that North Carolina has withdrawn from the Confederacy and sent commissioners from the State on to Washington to make terms for re-entering the Union, and that Virginia is only waiting for Lee's army to be driven from their borders, to resume her connection with the Yankee nation.

They tell the men if they will enlist they will be sent out West to fight the Indians, and will never be sent South where there would be any danger of their capture. When a prisoner agrees to enlist his name is put down in a book and he is marched from the main body of the prisoners to another part of the island to join his companions in shame, who live in tents there. He never comes back among his old comrades, for fear, as one of our informants remarked, "we should cut his d--d throat." They are jeered and hooted by their late companions as they pass out from them. They are termed "galvanized Yankees."

Our prisoners are dying in Fort Delaware at the rate of twelve a day. Their rations are six crackers a day and spoilt beef.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

New Flour.

Twelve hundred barrels of new Flour were offered for sale yesterday at the commission house of Messrs. M. Blair & Co., at a price which must have caused the hoarders and speculators in the "staff of life" to bite their lips with vexation and chagrin. The effect upon consumers was "on the contrary, quite the reverse." They began to think that the old maxim, "live and let live," was coming in vogue again. At all events they didn't wait for a second invitation to "come and buy," as there was no telling when such another chance for obtaining new flour at a reasonable price would be afforded. Consequently, Messrs. Blair & Co., and their clerks, were kept quite busy during the day, in waiting upon applicants and sending off purchases. No person was allowed to buy more than three barrels.

The flour was ground at the Gallego Mills for Gen. Joseph R. Anderson, of this city, proprietor of the Tredegar Works, and the wheat from which it was made came from his Tuckahoe farm, in Goochland county, on the canal. Gen. Anderson patriotically determined to use the means, with which Providence had blessed him, of contributing to the supply of subsistence needed by his fellow-citizens, and therefore availed himself of the offer of Messrs. Warwick & Barksdale to exchange one barrel of flour for every five bushels of wheat sent to their mill. He delivered his whole crop to them, and when it was converted into flour, he had the product inspected, and it was branded "Extra Superfine." The flour was then turned over to Messrs. Blair & Co. for sale at \$27 per barrel, the price of old superfine being \$40.45! The Government price for new "superfine" is \$25, but as this flour was passed and branded "Extra," the owner was entitled by usage to the \$2 advance, out of which difference he will have to pay commissions and other

charges, so that, in reality, he will only get about the Government price for his flour. But, had he directed his factors to charge \$30, instead of \$27, he would, under existing circumstances, have been entitled to the thanks of the community, who, with plenty within reach, are subjected to the fleecing operations of speculators, middlemen and avaricious hoarders for higher prices.

Gen. Anderson has presented an example to the farmers throughout the land which is at least worthy of imitation. If every wheat-grower in the Confederacy would cause even a portion of his crop to be brought into the market and sold to consumers at the lowest possible prices, the effect would be most beneficial upon the public interests. Let them try the experiment.—*Richmond Whig.*

A Deserter's Confession.

The following affecting confession of a deserter, taken from the Savannah Republican, will be read with interest:

Editor Republican:

DEAR SIR—My conscience forces me to make public the following confession: I am a soldier in the Confederate service. I was a volunteer on the 4th of March, 1862, and received my bounty of \$50. I should have been among the first volunteers without bounty, but that I had a large family and was a poor man. But I was anxious to be freed from the yoke of the Yankees as any one, so am I now. I was ready to peril my life for freedom—I am now. But I loved home and the dear wife and children, and the snug little farm which had furnished us an ample support. I was sent to Virginia with my regiment soon after the battles around Richmond. We went with Gen. Lee (God bless the glorious old chief) in the campaign in Northern Virginia and Maryland. My Captain always selected me as one for any important duty. This brought many hardships and perils, yet, notwithstanding, I was proud to be thus distinguished among my comrades, for I wanted to discharge my duty and help to gain our independence as far as I could. But in an evil hour I began to give way to dreams of home. The dear wife, six lovely children, the snug little home—were they all doing well? I feared not. I continued to dream and think of home. I had not heard from home in a long time. I asked for a furlough for thirty days. I thought it would and ought to be granted. The application failed. I was sadly disappointed, and yielding in an evil hour, I deserted. Every man who looked me in the face seemed to say deserter to himself, as I was on my way home. I was never half so unhappy in my life, notwithstanding the near prospect of home. I went on, thinking the pleasures of home would quell the goadings of conscience. When I arrived, such a welcome greeting shone on the face of my wife and children! How happy for the moment! "My dear James," said my wife, seating herself upon my knee and putting her arm around my neck, "how glad we are to see you, we have such a good crop, and God has blessed us so while you have been in the army. How long is your furlough?" I started as though stung with the fang of a serpent. "What's the matter, James?" I was obliged to confess the whole. "Oh! James! what shall we do? what will the neighbors say? what will Gen. Lee think?" She did not know but that Gen. Lee knew me fully, as well as my own captain. When a neighbor came about he was sure to ask "how long is your furlough?" I evaded in some way. I was almost mad.

I saw but a moment's happiness—when my wife first greeted me—until your paper reached me the other day with that glorious proclamation of our glorious President. I sat down and cried like a child. "God bless the President," swelled up from my heart with my soul. After all, he understands the trials and longings for home of the poor soldiers, and does not attribute their absence to a desertion of the cause. May God bless him—he is right. My wife read it; we cried together. My arrangements were speedily made, and I am now in your city on my way to join my regiment in Virginia. I have never been reprimanded by an officer. Was in the second battle of Manassas, at Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. I go again to return no more, even if life is spared, until independence is gained.

Mortality in New York.

We copy the following paragraph from the New York Times of the 11th inst.: The fearful number of nine hundred and seventy deaths were reported yesterday, by the city Inspector, as having occurred during the past week. This is an increase over last week of two hundred and forty eight, and same period last year of four hundred and two. The deaths caused by the excessive heat reached the startling number of one hundred and thirty-four. Of the entire number, 538 were children under five years of age.

MARRIAGES.

Married, on the 14th of August, at Miles' Chapel, Richlands, by Rev. P. G. Lockhart, Mr. John R. SRECKLEN, of Co. B, 3d Ky. Regt., and Miss J. A. RATLIF, of Tazewell county, Va. In Bristol, Tenn., at the Exchange Hotel, Aug. 27, 1863, by Rev. J. M. Hoffmeister, Mr. M. V. EDMONDSON, to Miss CARRIE E. BAILEY, both of Glade Spring, Va.

OBITUARIES.

Departed this life, on the 29th of August, 1863, PETER HUMBERSON MILLER, youngest child of Mrs. Catharine B. Miller, of Washington county, Va., in the seventh year of his age, by that great scourge of our race, diphtheria. And thus has another been added to the number given to the Saviour in the great plan of redemption; and thus is the number rapidly filling up. All that the Father giveth me shall come to me. Truly "death loves a shining mark." Amiable, affectionate, intelligent and kind. None saw little "Buddy" but to love him; and had he lived, no doubt but he would have made one of the first men of the nation. But he is gone to take his place among the shining ones on high, with his father and sister who went before him. "Millions of infant souls compose the family above."

Also, at the same place, and on the same day, ROBERT BREXERT, son of R. N. and Ann E. Price, aged 3 years and 5 months. Died, at the residence of Mrs. Mary Price, in this county, ROBERT WESSLEY, only son of Mrs. Julia A. Thomas, aged 7 years and 11 months.

Died, in this county on Sunday last, the 30th August, of Typhoid Fever, WILLIAM H. BAILEY, son of Mr. James A. Bailey, aged 18 years, 5 months and 10 days.

It is with feelings of the deepest emotion the writer of this notice records the death of young Bailey. But recently his brother Walter fell upon the nobly contested field at Boonsboro' Md.; and he, who but the 1st of May last enrolled his name on the list with the veterans of the "Washington Mounted Rifles" from this county, now, after but a few short months experience in the realities of war, sleeps in death. William left camp about four weeks before his death with the symptoms of the disease of which he died, then manifest to his friends. He came home to procure a horse and to return to the post of danger, but the destroyer had marked him for his victim, and after four weeks of great suffering departed this life. He was a noble boy. The testimony of his father was, "no better boy ever lived." That is a record worth vastly more than the gold of earth. He was in the campaign in Maryland and Pennsylvania, and proved himself a good soldier. He was highly esteemed by his comrades in arms. Peace to his memory.

LOCAL SERVICE.

GARRISON COMPANY.
To be Permanently Stationed on the Railroad, Either at Bristol or Abingdon.

I AM authorized by the Secretary of War to raise a Company to be permanently stationed on the Railroad, and will in no instance whatever, be ordered into the field for active duty—this assurance and guarantee will be given to each one on the muster roll. Clothing, Pay and Subsistence, same as other Confederate States Infantry. Comfortable quarters, and all necessary medical attendance furnished free of charge.

THE FURLOUGH
system will be liberal, and the officers are to be elected. This company is to be composed of EXEMPTS, and affords an excellent opportunity to young men approaching eighteen, as they will not be conscripted after they become of the conscript age, for you are then permanent members of the organization; and though your place "in the picture" will never be near the booming cannon or the rattle of musketry, still you will be rendering your country valuable service. The beauty and nature of this service will recommend itself to all, as there will be no duty to perform, but

GUARD DUTY.
The attention of DISCHARGED SOLDIERS is also called to this notice. Young men from fifteen to seventeen, and those who are not quite eighteen, will be required, and will not be conscripted after they become eighteen. Those who wish to avail themselves of this opportunity, can do so by calling on me at Campbell & Lindsay's.

Geo. E. BURGESS,
Capt. P. A. C. S.
P. S. Those living at a distance, or remote from the railroad, can join by letter.

FOR SALE.
I HAVE eight South Down Buck Lambs, out of ewes of Stevens and Thomas' flocks, and by a buck of Dulane's importation, for which he paid \$700. Price \$50.

R. H. ROCKETT, Wytheville.
Sept. 4—2t.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.
THE undersigned will sell at auction, in Abingdon, to-day, (Friday), an excellent lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

J. L. F. CAMPBELL, Auctioneer.
Sept. 4—1t.

\$25 REWARD.
LOST a Purse containing between \$100.00 and \$120.00. The principal amount in Confederate Bills of \$10.00. It also had in it a Thumb Lance. Any one finding it can get the above reward at the Post Quartermaster's office, Abingdon.

J. L. HENDERSON.
Sept. 4—3t.

CAMP NEAR ORANGE C. H., VA., }
August 30, 1863. }

NOTICE.
ALL members of my Company now absent and able for duty will report immediately to their Company and Regiment; those not able for duty must report by Surgeons' certificate of disability. Those who fail to comply with the above order, will be reported as deserters.

JNO. A. PRESTON, Capt.
Co. K, 37th Va. Reg't.
Sept. 4—2t.

Stolen or Lost.
TWO Shares of Stock in the Virginia & Tenn. Railroad Company, in the name of John J. Buchanan, and transferred to me on the back of the Certificate of Stock. I will pay a small reward for the return of said Certificates, as they are of no value to any one but myself, as I have notified the office in Lynchburg of their loss.

MARTIN H. BISHOP,
Love's Mills, Washington county, Va.
Sept. 4, 1863—6t.

\$100 REWARD.
STOLEN from the subscribers, living near the mouth of Tumbling Creek, in this county, on the night of Friday last, a large dapple-gray Stud Horse, and a Gray Mare. The horse is about 15 1/2 hands high, very heavy made, about 6 years old, with a small speck in the corner of his right eye, and bare-footed all round. The mare is about 16 hands high, 7 years old, with a small scar on the right side of her upper lip, caused by a snake bite, is a little flea-bitten on the neck, and is branded with the letter P on the left shoulder. The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the horse and mare, or \$50 for either of them. Any information enabling us to get possession of our property will be amply rewarded.

A. S. TAYLOR,
C. M. WHITTAKER.
Sept. 4, 1863.—4t.

\$20 REWARD.
LOST near Saltville, on the road leading to Abingdon, a fine Navy Pistol, No. 37162. The above reward will be paid for its delivery at the Post Office at Saltville or Abingdon.

Sept. 4—2t.
An Estray Horse Taken Up.
TAKEN up on the 2d August, a Brown Horse, about 6 years old, and appears to be almost blind in both eyes. He is a common size horse, mane and tail black. The owner can get him by proving property and paying charges. My residence is near Lebanon, Russell county, Va.
MORDED A. H. MOORE.
Aug. 21, 1863.—Printers fee \$2.50.

\$100 REWARD.
STOLEN from the subscriber, living in the Eastern end of Washington county, Va., on the night of the 27th of August, 1863, a large

Iron Gray Horse,
five or six years old, rather low upwards of sixteen hands high, rather low in order, a bluish or defect in one eye. If the part is examined, it looks like he had not been altered, and it is believed he is considerably marked with harness, as he is a work horse. I will give fifty dollars for the return of the horse, or a hundred dollars for horse and thief. JAMES P. STROTHER,
Glade Spring Depot, Washington co., Va.
Sept. 4, 1863—4w.

Russell County, to wit:
To the Clerk of the County Court of said County:

WE, Shadrach Williams, Daniel Williams and Isaac Vermillion, three freeholders of the said county, do hereby certify, that, by virtue of a warrant to us directed, by Thos. H. Lyuch, a Justice of the said county, we have this day, on our oaths, viewed and appraised two Steers, taken up by Robert E. Gray, upon the lands of his father, Nelson Gray, one mile north of Lebanon, and assess the value of said steers at two hundred and fifty dollars. Said steers are five years old, one of which has black shoulders and neck, with a white spot or blaze in his forehead, hind parts white, with some peds on each side about his middle, marked with a swallow fork in the left ear, and a split in the right. The other Steer is red, with a white streak on right hip and back, a little white in right flank, marked with a slope on the under part of the right ear and a split in the left. Given under our hands this 27th day of August, 1863.

SHADRACH WILLIAMS,
DANIEL WILLIAMS,
ISAAC VERMILLION.
A Copy.—Teste. G. B. COWAN, c. c.
Sept. 4—3t. Prs. fee \$10.50.

Washington County, to wit:
To the Clerk of the County Court of said County:

WE, Rignal Butt, Freeman White and Robt. E. Cummings, three freeholders of the said county, do hereby certify that by virtue of a warrant to us directed by John Roberts, a Justice of the said county, we have this day, on our oaths, viewed and appraised a Mare, taken up by John F. Sutton on his land as an estray, and assess the value of the said estray at Twenty dollars. The said mare is a dark bay, about fourteen and a half hands high, supposed to be about 18 or 20 years old, and has a large lump on the left side near the flank. Given under our hands this 19th day of August, 1863.

R. BUTT,
FREEMAN WHITE,
ROBT. E. CUMMINGS.
A Copy.—Teste. DAVID P. SANDOE, c. c.
Sept. 4, 1863—3w Prs. fee \$7.00.

Washington County, to wit:
To the Clerk of the County Court of said County:

WE, Martin Godsey, David V. Shoemaker and William Latham, three freeholders of the said county, do hereby certify that by virtue of a warrant to us directed by John F. Preston, a Justice of the said county, we have this day, on our oaths, viewed and appraised a Steer, taken up by David Clark, on the lands of John A. Campbell and Brothers, as an estray, and assess the value of the said estray at Sixty dollars. The said Steer is a red Steer, white face and back, right ear appears like it had been frost bitten on its edge, about 8 years old. Given under our hands this 1st day of August, 1863.

MARTIN GODSEY,
DAVID V. SHOEMAKER,
W. N. LATHAM.
A Copy.—Teste. DAVID P. SANDOE, c. c.
Sept. 4, 1863.—3t Prs. fee \$7.00.

Washington County to wit:
To the Clerk of the County Court of said County:

WE, James L. F. Campbell, David Kesner and Benjamin Minnick, three freeholders of said county, do hereby certify that by virtue of a warrant to us directed by Josiah Tester, a Justice of the said county, we have this day, on our oaths, viewed and appraised a red Steer, taken up by Isaac Carmack on his land as an estray, and assess the value at sixty dollars. The said steer is a red steer, with three splits in the left ear, and we believe said steer to be about four or five years old. Given under our hands this 1st day of September 1863.

JAS. L. F. CAMPBELL,
DAVID KESNER,
BENJAMIN MINNICK.
A Copy.—Teste. DAVID P. SANDOE, c. c.
Sept. 4th, 1863—3t Prs. fee \$7.00.

Washington County, to wit:
To the Clerk of the County Court of said County:

WE, John N. Humes, S. W. Carnahan and N. I. McGinnis, three freeholders of said county, do hereby certify, that by virtue of a warrant to us directed by John C. Campbell, a Justice of said county, we have this day, on our oaths, viewed and appraised a Black Mare, taken up by Jesse Davison on his land as an estray, and assess the value of the said estray at Seventy dollars. The said black Mare is about fifteen hands high, seven years old past, star in forehead, enlarged hock on the right hind leg, crest fallen, with lump on the withers, and bare-footed. Given under our hands the 17th day of August, 1863.

JOHN N. HUMES,
NOBLE I. MCGINNIS,
S. W. CARNAHAN.
A Copy.—Teste. DAVID P. SANDOE, c. c.
Sept. 4, 1863—3w

DEPOSITORY, C. S. A.,
Abingdon, Va., Aug. 26, 1863.

ALL Coupon Bonds to the 1st August, and All Registered Bonds up to the 25th of July, have been received, and are now ready for delivery. Parties holding Certificates will please call and get them. JAS. K. GIBSON,
Aug. 28—1t. Depository.

A Negro Boy for Sale.
I WILL sell at the Court House door, on the 1st day of the Circuit Court, a No. 1 Negro Boy, 16 years of age.

Terms Cash.
J. L. F. CAMPBELL, Auctioneer.
Aug. 28 1863—2w

"Washington Mounted Rifles."

THE members of the above Company, who are absent without leave, are hereby notified that this will be the last opportunity which will be afforded them to send in the reason of their absenting themselves from the command, as in the next issue of the Virginia, they may expect to see their names published under the head of "Deserters," with the customary reward for their arrest and confinement.

T. E. EDMONDSON, Lt.
Comd'g Co. D, 1st Va. Cavalry.
Aug. 28, 1863—3t

To the Tax Payers of Russell County.

OWING to the exposed condition of our returns, it is deemed advisable that the Revenue be collected as speedily as possible. In order to accomplish it at once, I would say to the citizens, to meet me at the times and places by their respective districts as designated.

I will take all kinds of Confederate money for taxes from those who attend the appointments, otherwise, money of the late issue will be required with interest from date:

Districts, Lebanon, September 7th 1863.
Hansonville, Sept. 10th
N. E. Burdine's, " 15th
Temple Hill, " 20th
D. Satherlan's, " 25th
Fielden Combs, " 30th
H. B. Aston's, " 17th
E. R. Bayler's, " 21st
Hendrick's old Store, " 22nd
Andrew Gibson's, " 23rd
Marion Burton's, " 24th
WM. SAMPLE, S. R. C.
Aug. 28, 1863—2w

POST HEADQUARTERS,
ABINGDON, Aug. 24th, 1863.

GEN. ORDER,
No. 1.

I. By order of the Secretary of War, the undersigned assumes command of this Post.

II. It is made the duty of all officers and men on arriving at this Post to furnish their names to this office, and their authority for being absent from their commands.

III. Officers who are improperly absent from their commands, will be reported at once to their Commanding Officers. The men will be arrested and sent to their respective commands.

IV. Citizens on arriving here, are required to furnish evidence of their loyalty that they may obtain permits, or they will be arrested and retained until their loyalty can be established.

J. G. MARTIN,
Capt. and A. A. G. Comd'g Post.
Aug. 28, 1863—1t.

Notice to Tax Payers.

STATE of Virginia, Sixty-fifth District, composed of the County of Washington, Auctioneers, Auctioneers, Bakers, Brokers, Billiard Rooms, Bowling Alleys, Brewers, Bankers, Cattle Brokers, Butchers, Circus, Commercial Bankers, Commission Merchants, Confectioners, Dentists, Distillers, Eating Houses, Exhibitors of Shows, Hotel Keepers, Inn Keepers, Jugglers, Lawyers, Photographers, Physicians, Retail Dealers Showmen, Surgeons, Tavern Keepers, Theatres, Tobacconists, Wholesale Dealers, and all other persons if any there be, who are required by the Tax Act of the Confederate States, to register a true account of the nature and residence of each person, firm or corporation, engaged or interested in any business named in the fifth section of the said act with a statement of the time for which, and the place and manner in which the same is to be conducted, and of all other facts going to ascertain the amount of tax upon such business for the past or future, according to the provision of said act, within the district above mentioned, are notified that, unless they make the registry and pay the tax required by the act, within the thirty days, commencing the 21st of August, and ending the 22d of Sept., 1863, both days inclusive, they must, in addition to all other taxes upon their business, imposed by the said act, pay double the amount of the specific tax on said business, and a like sum for every thirty days of continued failure.

I shall attend at my office in Lynch & Cummings' Counting Room, (now occupied by Wm. M. G. Sandoe), in Abingdon daily, (Sundays excepted), from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

JAMES C. CAMPBELL,
Collector for Sixty-fifth Dist.
Aug. 21, 1863—4w

N. B.—For the accommodation of parties at or near Goodson, I will visit the place Sept. 1st, 2d and 3d.

Bristol Advocate copy twice.

NOTICE TO CONSCRIPTS.

To all Persons between the ages of 18 and 45 years.

IN obedience to the Proclamation of His Excellency JEFFERSON DAVIS, President of the Confederate States, all persons not previously enrolled in the following counties of the 18th Congressional District, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, whether residents of any other portions of the State or other States, are hereby required to report themselves at the places mentioned below, to the Medical Board and Enrolling Officer, for examination and enrollment, on the days fixed in the annexed notice of the Examining Board.

This notice includes every person not previously enrolled, between the ages specified—those who have at any time been discharged from the army, and EXCEPT those who have been discharged by Medical Boards instituted for the examination of Conscripts, and all persons who have furnished substitutes, whose papers have been passed upon by the proper Conscript authorities.

Attention is called to paragraph 13 section 215 General Orders, No. 82, A. & L. G. O.

I. All the laws and regulations applicable to deserters shall be applied to such Conscripts as fail to repair to the place of rendezvous for enrollment, or who shall desert after enrollment.

All the agencies employed for the apprehension and confinement of deserters, and their transportation to their commands, shall be applicable to persons liable to duty as Conscripts, who shall fail to repair to the place of rendezvous after the publication of the call. All persons holding temporary exemptions are required to report for re-examination.

Conscripts must come prepared with three days' rations.

D. B. BALDWIN,
Capt. & Chief En. Officer 18th Con. Dist.

The undersigned Board of Examination for the 18th Congressional District, Va., under General Orders No. 82, Adj. & Insp. Gen.'s Offs, hereby give notice that they have fixed upon the following days for examination of Conscripts in the respective counties, in pursuance of the above notice, viz:

Abingdon, Washington co., Aug. 18, 14 & 16.
Wytheville, Wythe " 17, 18 & 19.
Marion, Smyth " 20 & 21.
Independence, Grayson " 25 & 26.
Crab Orchard, Flann " Sept. 1 & 2.
Jeffersonville, Tazewell " 4 & 5.
Lebanon, Russell " 7 & 8.
Estillville, Scott " 21 & 22.
Gladesville, Wise " 25 & 26.
Jonesville, Lee " 28 & 29.

THOS. P. SHIELDS, Exam. Surgeon,
Dr. I. A. T. PAINTER, " Physician,
Dr. JAS. P. HANNETT, " " "
August 1st, 1863.—2w
Bristol Advocate copy.

SMOKING Tobacco at
GEO. W. MANTZ & CO.
Feb. 27, 1863.