

the due punishment if they act against the law sanctioned by the people. But what was the first resolution which announced their reign at Marseilles, at Toulon, at Lyons? To put the guillotine in permanence; to massacre all those who were faithful to the laws; to overwhelm with imprecations the distinguished patriots who had courage enough to brave the menaces of 200,000 vindictive and cowardly rebels, and continue to preach the principles of republicanism till their bloody heads were presented to the philanthropic persecutors. I ask leave to communicate a memorandum, containing all the facts of this kind I am acquainted with, to the committee of correspondence. I shall, besides, point out to the committee the places where more ample information on that subject may be obtained. Adopted.

**Bouin.** The counter-revolutionists have reclaimed the declaration of rights, that they may hatch undisturbed their criminal plots. They did not hesitate a moment to infringe the laws on the liberty of the press: for, according to our constitution, it is an abuse of the liberty of the press if a Citizen publishes a work without giving the name of the author: and an anonymous pamphlet must always be considered as a libel. The declaration of rights says, The society is oppressed if a single citizen is oppressed. We demanded the liberty of our brother Loys, and he still languishes in a prison.

**Ladmiral.** that two more members be appointed to assist the official defenders you have given him, in order to solicit his delivery if he is innocent. Adopted.

**M. Pechu.** The liberty of the press has its limits; the author who conceals his name is as well punishable as a citizen who conceals a child. An individual who troubles the public order by his writings, ought to pay a fine of 3000 livres for the first time: if he happens to be found guilty a second time, he is sentenced to pay a fine of 6000 livres, and besides, condemned to two years hard labour in close confinement. These are the laws; it belongs to those to do their duty who are charged to see the laws executed.

**Maire.** I wish to acquaint you with a fact which will give you an idea of the illimitated maliciousness and stupidity of the detractors of popular societies, and prove, that the most profound contempt is a sufficient punishment for those libelous scribblers of pamphlets. I remarked to day in one of those libels, that the author did me the honour to consider me as one of the leaders of this society. You know, Citizens, that I never enjoyed any other preeminence than that of a simple member. I invite the society not to waste a single moment in unveiling the turpitudes of those libellists; for they do it themselves. A wounded defender of the Republic—Our enemies call us licentious, in order to have an opportunity to display their superior skill in devising the most scurrilous, and at the same time the most contemptible invectives against us.—They accuse us of a design to perpetuate the dissensions among the Citizens; and publish daily some hundred pamphlets, in order to provoke and challenge us without intermission; we don't want to refute the impertinent stories, invented by quacks paid in proportion as they excel in publishing nonsense. Let the aristocrats spend their treasures in their vain efforts against popular societies; let them hire all the vile pens, and squeeze the dry brains of their Parasites, we laugh only at the awkward manoeuvres of their satellites.

The scribblers form the advanced guard of the aristocrats, a cowardly and effeminate army; some of these gallant troops are now detached to harass the enemy on all sides under favour of the night; unhappily the different parties met each other on the road, and struck with a panic at the appearance of something like men, they fire some shot in the air, and abandon the supposed field of honour with the utmost precipitation, being conscious that a single look, nay, the shadow of an enemy they provoke, is sufficient to petrify them; but shouts of victory! victory! fill from all sides the air, as soon as these gallant warriors discover again the glittering camp of conquering aristocracy; each column saw, met and routed the enemy, whose loss must have been immense, considering that the victorious heroes lost only their arms, which they had thrown away in the heat of the engagement.

One of these cowards is silly enough to assert that the Jacobins were as Peter Peanyels; that they had not a fous, and the quack Baraly, another leader of that gallant phalanx, cries out, in every corner of Paris, that the Jacobins had engrossed all the riches of the monarchy; sensibly offended that his splendid talents did not procure him a place in

the ancient ministry, or perhaps the management of the national treasure, or at least the command of an army, he accuses the popular societies of monopolizing the public employments; consequently the orator of the moderates believes and disapproves at the same time, that the Jacobins at the head of our troops, render victory permanent for the French arms, and lead dauntless republicans into the heart of Germany, Spain, Piedmont, in spite of the combined efforts of roused despotism; he believes and disapproves, that the members of popular societies at the helm of government since the fall of the Brissotiers, have saved the Republic from the brink of ruin; and that we owe our permanent and splendid successes to the well digested plans of the patriots, indiscriminately called Jacobins; he accuses the popular societies of being the authors of all the disasters which have scourged the Republic, consequently Baraly and his adherents maintain, that Brunswick, Pitt, Kaunitz and Cobourg behaved as the most generous favours of France; that the war of destruction and plunder carried on by the ferocious slaves of despotism, and its cruel allies the Vendean brigands, have poured numberless blessings on the famished and distracted republic; that the insidious federalists, the treacherous rebels of Lyons, Marseilles, the vile merchants of Toulon, bartering with the English for the blood of the Republicans, don't cease to deserve well of the country, the bosom of which they have unnaturally torn: these are the arguments of those men, who after the storm is over, step boldly forward, as reformers of what has been done, while they were hid in the mud of the morals: these are the heroes who publish with affectation, that they were busily employed to defend the national representation, because they know, that the Aegis of liberty, suspended at the entrance of the national hall, presents the head of Medusa to the counter-revolutionary villain, who should dare to approach the sanctuary of that omnipotent goddess; because they know, that the Convention is carefully guarded by all the true patriots who are ready to present their own bosom to the assassin, who should dare to assault the representatives of the people. They speak of defending the Convention, because they themselves wish and hope, but in vain, to be defended by the Convention in executing their counter-revolutionary plots. Walk in the garden of the Tuilleries, and whisper in the ear of one of those intrepid life-guards, that the resurrection of the Vendean is confirmed, that the catholic army is within 150 miles of the capital; or that the Austrians are already at Brissac, and you will see how precipitately the heroes of the day will pack up and abandon Paris and the Convention to their own fate. I propose to allow full liberty to all those noisy drones [Bourbons] to hum during the sunshine. *Aurora.*

(To be Continued.)

**CONGRESS.**  
**HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.**  
Monday, December 29.

A letter was received from the Secretary of the Treasury, enclosing one from the Comptroller, accompanying the account of the Receipts and Expenditures of the United States for the year 1793.

From which it appears that the amount of Expenditures in the year 1793 is \$6,582,796 19

From which deduct the expenditures of the Trustees for the redemption of the public debt, out of the interest fund, 102,818 22

Balance in the Treasury on the last day of December 1793, 753,661 69

7,333,639 66

Balance in the Treasury on the last day of Dec. 1792, 783,444 51

Amount of Receipts in the year 1793 6,450,195 15

7,333,639 66

A memorial was presented by Mr. Hartley, from Thomas Leiper and Co. and others, Tobaccoists and Citizens of Philadelphia. The substance is that they regret that it is in contemplation to extend the continuation of the duties on snuff, sugar, &c. to the year 1801. They offer to pay off their proportion of the National Debt by reasonable instalments, if Congress will specify the amount of their respective shares.

The memorial was referred to the committee, on the plan proposed for reducing the public debt.

A report was read from the Secretary of War, respecting the progress made in

building the frigates, pursuant to a request of the house to the President of the United States, from which it appears that the six frigates are now building at six different ports of the Union.

One of thirty six guns, at Portsmouth in New-Hampshire, and the other of the same size at Baltimore. The four forty fours are building one at Boston one at New-York, one at Philadelphia, and one at Norfolk or Portsmouth in Virginia.—The forty fours are to carry each of them thirty six twenty four pounders, and the thirty sixes have each twenty eight twenty four pounders. The rest of their guns are twelve. The utmost attention has been paid to the selection and seasoning of the wood, that the vessels might not be inferior to the best of those built for the maritime powers of Europe.

The instalment bill passed the Committee of the whole and was ordered to be read the third time tomorrow.

The House in Committee of the whole proceeded in the further discussion of the naturalization bill—the second amendment as stated in Monday's Gazette after some further conversation was passed after striking out the word two witnesses.—The Committee then rose and reported progress.

An act supplementary to the impost law and a bill making further provisions in relation to draw backs, were reported by Mr. Goodhue.

Adjourned.

**PHILADELPHIA, Decem. 31**

*Says a Correspondent.*

If any mortal can comprehend the Jargon signed Henry Kammerer, President and Andrew Geyer Secretary—it shall not be said that any one has been used as a Cats paw or any association as a stalking Horse, by the Doctor of nonsense and sedition.

**PRICE OF STOCKS.**

6 per Cent	19/9
3 per Cent	11/2
Deferred	13/
Bank of the United States	26
Pennsylvania	26
North America,	40

**By this Day's Mail.**

**NEW-YORK, December 29.**

The Editor is preparing for this paper translations of two important reports made to the National Convention and decreed—One on the Civil Code of Laws; the other on the ravages of Vandallism, or the destruction committed on the monuments of the arts during the late Jacobin administration; both highly interesting. The publication of them will commence on the first of January, 1795.

[Minerva.]

Translated from the Courier-Francoise of this Morning.

Extract of a letter from Jeremie, November 25.

We this day learn from the Mole, that on the 18th three Spanish ships from Cuba which have entered the harbour, confirm the news of the nomination of Don Arifissabel to the Generalship of St. Domingo, at the same time commander of the land & sea forces. He is to proceed to Fort Dauphin, with the ships of war and 7000 men, after having conveyed the fleet for Europe into an high latitude. We are assured he has orders from the Court of Spain to lead home, dead or alive that monster Don Joachim Garcia.

A letter from the Mole says, General Williamson will arrive there within eight days, and 6000 English troops are expected daily, that the two generals are to concert their attacks, their fear of which has already determined Gen. Pageot to retire from Portau Paix to the Cape, with his regiment to reinforce that place.

We learn that at Jeremie the most vigorous measures are taken against the Mulattoes. The depositions of persons arrested in the last conspiracy having apprized the people that there were yet 200 dangerous Mulattoes, spread about the neighborhood and in various fields, a general review was ordered in the town at the posts and secret instructions given to disarm all the Mulattoes. This was executed with difficulty—the Mulattoes are imprisoned, and it is said, will be sent to Jamaica.

A letter from Jeremie dated Nov. 29. says, "We learn that some Spanish frigates from Europe, are arrived with troops at Fort Dauphin; that Jean Francois and some persons concerned in the Massacres of July 7th, are arrested and that President Don Garcia has fled."

**Medical Society of Connecticut.**

The following Honorable prize questions are proposed for the discussion of the faculty of the state of Connecticut or elsewhere.

1st. What preparations of Antimony best answer the different indications arising in fevers, and what modes of exhibition are necessary?

2d. What is the best method for preventing the common suppurating quinfy (Cynanche Tonillaris) of Doctor Cullen) after the inflammatory state is fully formed from terminating in Maturation and Discharge?

3d. What are the several species of Cholice, their causes, indication and method of Cure.

The first question proposed by the Convention for the year 1793, remaining unanswered is again offered, viz.

What is the most eligible mode of increasing and propagating medical knowledge in the state of Connecticut?

N. B. It is expected those Gentlemen who are disposed to write on one or more of the preceding Questions, transmit their Compositions to the Secretary, on or before the first day of October next, and that with each Dissertation there be delivered a sealed Packet with some motto or device on the outside, and within the Author's name and designation; and the same motto or device shall be put upon the Dissertation, that the Fellows may know who to address as the successful Candidate. No Dissertation with the name of the Author affixed, can be received;—and if the Author of any Dissertation, shall discover himself to any fellow of the society before the adjudication, such paper shall be excluded from all competition. All the Dissertations, the successful excepted, shall be returned, if desired, with the sealed packets unopened.

Voted, That the next Convention of the Connecticut Medical Society, shall be holden at the city of Hartford on the second Wednesday of Oct. 1795.

**JAMES CLARKE, Secretary.**  
Stratford, Nov. 1st, 1794.

N. B. The Medical Society will esteem it a favor, if the Printers in the different Counties, will publish the above in their papers.

The **SCHOONER SALLY,**  
*John Smith, master,*

Will sail for Norfolk, On Sunday next. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board said vessel, at Chestnut street wharf, or to **Joseph Anthony & Son.**  
Dec. 31

**Flax Dressers.**  
Two or three good Flax Dressers are wanted at the Sail Cloth Manufactory in Boston; therefore any person who has been regularly bred to that business, by applying to Joseph Anthony in this city, at his Comp. ting House, No. 5, Chestnut street, or at the said Factory in Boston, will meet with great encouragement.  
Philad. Dec. 31 eod2w

**To be Sold, AT PRIVATE SALE, A very pleasant well situated & valuable Farm,**

CONTAINING 328 acres of good Land lying in Hsnover, Morris county, N. Jersey, about a mile from Mr. White's Meeting House, on the road leading to Bottle Hill, about 16 miles from Elizabeth Town, 13 from Newark, and 8 from Morris-town. There are on the Premises a large and convenient dwelling house, large barn, cyder house and mill, a good granary and other out houses. Likewise a good bearing apple orchard, containing about 300 trees, together with a collection of best grafted fruit, such as peaches, pears, cherries, &c. Said Farm is well proportioned with plow land, meadow and timber; there are now about 10 acres of plow land and 60 of meadow already cleared, the remainder being timber and pasture land.

Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms by applying to the Subscriber on the premises, or to Col. Ellis Cook near the same.

**Thomas T. Eckley,**  
Hnover, Dec. 27

**Stock Brokers Office,**  
No. 16, Wall-street, New-York.

THE Subscriber intending to confine himself entirely to the PURCHASE and SALE of STOCKS ON COMMISSION, begs leave to offer his services to his friends and others, in the line of a Stock Broker. Those who may please to favor him with their business, may depend upon having it transacted with the utmost fidelity and dispatch.

Orders from Philadelphia, Boston, or any other part of the United States, will be strictly attended to.

**LEONARD BLEECKER,**  
m&thf.

**James M'Alpin, Taylor,**  
No. 3, SOUTH FOURTH STREET,

Returns his grateful acknowledgements to his friends and the Public for their liberal Encouragement, and begs leave respectfully to solicit a Continuance of their Favours.

At his Shop Gentlemen can be furnished with the best materials, and have them made up and finished in the neatest and most fashionable manner.

Hewill thankfully receive any orders & pay prompt and punctual attention to them.  
Oct. 25 zawtf

110,000 weight of **Green Coffee,**

In 87 hhd. 40 barrels, and 200 bags, entitled to the drawback, stored on Messrs. Whiting & Francis's wharf.

**Bourdeaux Brandy,**  
10 pipes of London particular Teneiff, and London particular Madeira WINES, in hhd. pipes, and quarter casks,

Ma'aga DO. in quarter casks, Anrigua and other RUM in hhd. St. Croix SUGAR of the first quality, St Marks MOLASSES, Hyson TEA, Jamaica SPIRITS, Holland GIN, in pipes, LOAF SUGAR, in hhd. PEPPER, &c. &c.

FOR SALE BY **Levinus Clarkson,**  
No. 216, south Water Street.

**NEW THEATRE.**

**THIS EVENING, DECEMBER 31.**  
Will be Presented,

A TRAGEDY, called **MACBETH.**

With the original Music and Accompaniments, by Mathew Locke.

Duncan,	Mr. Green
Malcolm,	Mr. Cleveland
Donalbain,	Master Warrell
Macbeth,	Mr. Chalmers
Macduff,	Mr. Moreton
Banquo,	Mr. Whitlock
Lenox,	Mr. Harwood
Fleance,	Master T. Warrell
Siward,	Mr. Morris
Seyton,	Mr. Francis
Doctor,	Mr. De Moulain
Messenger,	Mr. Bliffert

Lady Macbeth,	Mrs. Whitlock
Gentlewoman,	Mrs. Cleveland

Hecate,	Mr. Darley
First Witch,	Mr. Bates
Second Witch,	Mr. Warrell
Third Witch,	Mr. Wignell

The Vocal Parts by Messrs. Marshall, Darley, Rowfow, Darley jun. Mitchell, Mrs. Oldmixon, Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Warrell, Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. De Marque, Mrs. Rowfow, Mrs. Bates, Miss Rowfow, Miss Broadhurst, &c.

To which will be added, A COMIC OPERA, written by the Author of the Poor Soldier, called

**Peeping Tom of Coventry.**  
(With the original Overture and Accompaniments.)

Peeping Tom	Mr. Bat
Mayor of Coventry,	Mr. Harwood
Harold,	Mr. Darley jun
Crazy,	Mr. Francis
Earl of Mercia,	Mr. Green
Count Lewis,	Mr. Cleveland
Maud,	Mrs. Marshall
Emma,	Miss Broadhurst
Lady Godwin,	Mrs. Cleveland
Mayores,	Mrs. Shaw.

Box one Dollar—Pitt 2 of a Dollar—and Gallery 1/2 a dollar.

The doors will be opened at 1/2 after five and the performance begin at 1/2 after six o'clock.

Tickets and plates for the Boxes to be taken of Mr. WELLS, at the Theatre, from TEN till ONE, and on days of performance from TEN till THREE o'clock.

No money or tickets to be returned, nor any person on any account whatsoever, admitted behind the scenes.

**Vivat Republica!**

**This Day is Published,**  
A N

**Authentic History**  
OF THE

**Revolution in Geneva:**  
Price 12 1-2 Cents.

The writer of the above introduces the following highly interesting remark—

"Such a detail will be neither void of interest nor utility to your prudent countrymen. May they reflect on it with attention, and learn by the disastrous example of the most democratical state that exists on the continent of Europe, the extreme danger of foreign influence; and above all, how rapid and inevitable it is to transgress the feeble interval which separates the abuse of liberty from its ruin!"

Sold by Thomas Dobson, No. 41, Second street, John Grimrod, Chestnut street, by M. Carey, Market street, and by the Editor hereof.

December 11 d

**Democratic Society.**

A Stated Meeting of the Democratic Society will be held at the University in Fourth street on Thursday the 1st of January.

**ROBERT BAILEY, Sec'y.**  
The members of the Society are requested to be punctual in their attendance at the election of officers which will take place at this evening.

**Fine Fresh Lemons,**  
At Four Dollars the Box,

FOR SALE BY **THOMAS RANDALL,**

No. 88, Spruce street, midway between Second and Third streets.

Dec. 30