Scranton Tribune.

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DUM DUMS FOR SAVAGES ONLY

Sub-Committee Discusses the Question of Bullets.

THE DAY AT THE HAGUE

British and American Delegates Were the Only Ones to Vote Against the Prohibition of the Use of New-Fangled Bullets—British Delegate, However, Thought That Dum-Dums Should Not Be Used Except Against an Uncivilized Foe.

The Hague, June 22.—After short sessions of the sub-committees of war and navy, at which reports by Major General Den Beer Poortaguel, of the Dutch delegation, and Count Soltyk, the Austrian naval expert, were separately adopted, the first committee met to discuss the same, in the above order.

The delegates declared in favor of any state using any new explosive or new inventions for ordnance, Russia and Bulgaria alone refraining from voting.

The question of "dum-dum" bullets was discussed, Major General Sir John Ardagh, of the British delegation, declaring that great Britain did not desire to use any projectile inconsistent with the usages of modern war, and "dum-dums" should only be used against an uncivilized foe.

The conference finally resolved in favor of prohibiting the use of bullets, which easily spread or flatten out in the human body, such as explosive bullets, bullets in a hardened case, which does not entirely cover the point, or bullets with an incision. The British and American delegates alone voted in the negative.

The use of any new explosives in projectiles from balloons was prohibited for five years.

The question of restraining the introduction of new types of rifles was deferred.

Count Soltyks report was then taken up. It declared that the sub-committee though unable to agree regarding the proposed abolition of naval rams, submarine torpedo boats and the use of explosives, had declared against the use of asphyxiating gases, which the first committee also approved.

American Demand Not Presented.

The Hague, June 22.—The American demand for the protection of private property at sea has not yet been presented to the peace conference. Andrew D. White, head of the American delegation, on Tuesday requested the president of the conference, M. de Staal, to submit the question to the conference, at the same time suggesting that the proper way to bring the matter up for discussion would be to assemble a plenary conference, submit the question and have it referred to a commission for examination. M. de Staal has not yet arrived at a decision, as the American proposal has not been translated into French.

It is the general opinion that the delegates of the great powers are absolutely opposed to raising the question, arguing the incompetence of the conference to do so under the terms of Count Muravieff's circular, M. de Staal having declared that the opening of the conference, with the approval of the delegates, that under no circumstance would the conference discuss any question not contained in the circular. Several delegates declare there is little chance of the question being discussed, but that if it is discussed America will be opposed with the utmost energy by Great Britain and all the great powers.

A number of the delegates are suffering from a mild form of malaria, caused by the emanations of the canals which receive the sewage. Mrs. Holls, wife of Frederick Holls, secretary of the American delegation, has been obliged to go to Dusseldorf for a change of air.

"HEALER" IS ACQUITTED.

Coroner Ruled There Was No Infraction of the Law.

Philadelphia, June 22.—An inquest was held today in the case of Joseph McCaig, of Beverly, W. Va., who died here yesterday and who was attended during his illness by William F. Randall, a Christian Science "healer." A verdict of death from heart disease was rendered.

The coroner explained to the jury that as no drugs or other medicines were administered and that as Randall had made no charge for his services there was no infraction of the law.

He also said that McCaig was old enough to use his own discretion in the matter of treatment.

Big Soda Ash Factory.

Akron, O., June 22.—The largest soda ash factory in the United States is to be erected at Barbertown, this county, by capitalists identified with the Pittsburg Plate Glass company. The corporation will be chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital stock of $1,000,000. The plant will employ 500 men.

Belated Klondike Mail.

Seattle, June 22.—The first consignment of United States mail from the Klondike in the last two months reached here in the steamship City of Topeka. There were fourteen sacks of it containing about 30,000 letters. The Topeka brought $13,000 in gold.

Stout to Hang in August.

Harrisburg June 22.—Governor Stone has set Tuesday, August 22, as the date for the execution of Llewellyn Stout, of Northampton, convicted of murder several months ago. His application was refused by the pardon board on Wednesday.

SECOND DAY A BLANK.

Kentucky Democrats Still Fiddling for an Opening.

Louisville, Ky., June 22.—The second day of the Democratic convention was a blank so far as proceedings of record go. Under the surface, however, it was a busy day of electioneering and wire-pulling. Two short sessions were held, one in the morning and one in the evening. At the former, committees were appointed and a recess was taken until evening to allow them to work. This evening, the credential committee having scarcely begun its work, the convention adjourned until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

This committee will have to dispose of some three hundred seats. Its deliberations will govern the length of the convention and, if radical action be taken on any one direction, it may effectively influence the nominations. The Stone-Goebel combination is still master of the situation, having control of the machinery of the convention. This was demonstrated twice today in the forcing of an adjournment.

Chairman Redwine and the other temporary officers, it is believed, will be retained in the permanent organization. Tonight the Harding people are busily working on the Stone delegates, for it is in this direction their only hope lies. They are using the argument that the Goebel followers are using the Stone-Goebel combination for purely selfish purposes and that they will attempt to nominate the Kenton county leader for governor, regardless of the tacit understanding that Stone should receive this vote.

Meanwhile, there is no sign of weakness in the Stone combination. Stone or Goebel may be nominated for governor and the report of the committee on credentials may decide the race. The makeup of the remainder of the ticket will depend upon the nomination for governor.

The platform will declare for Bryan and silver and is likely to contain an anti-trust plank.

PROGRESS MADE BY HOMEOPATHY

Figures Presented at the Meeting of the American Institute—Next Meeting to Be Held in Cleveland.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 22.—The third day's session of the fifty-fifth annual meeting of the American Institute of Homeopathy was the liveliest held so far, the cause being the debate over the selection of the second choice for place of meeting next year, in which the delegates from Cleveland scored a victory. The committee having in charge the matter of selecting a place recommended that the fifty-sixth annual meeting be held in Washington at the time of the unveiling of the monument to Samuel Hahnemann, the founder of homeopathy, and in case of unforeseen circumstances which might prevent the unveiling, that the meeting be held in Put-In-Bay, Ohio. Thirty-three thousand dollars must be raised and an act of congress passed giving a site before the monument can be erected and the outlook at present is therefore not considered the brightest, hence the contest for second choice.

The fight for Cleveland was led by Dr. Horner, of that city, and Dr. Fisher, of Chicago. The former moved to substitute Cleveland for Put-In-Bay in the committee's report, but the motion was lost. Then followed a spirited but good-natured debate over the original motion to adopt the committee's report. The result was that Dr. Fisher's motion was recorded and Cleveland was finally decided upon as the second choice.

The report of the committee on organization showed that at present there are in the United States eight national homeopahy societies, two sectional societies, thirty-three state societies, 950 local societies, thirty-nine medical clubs, three miscellaneous organizations, eighty-seven general homeopathic hospitals, sixty-eight special hospitals and institutions, fifty-eight dispensaries, twenty homeopathic colleges. The committee also showed that the death rate in cases treated by homeopathists is 4.82 per cent.

The election of officers resulted in the acceptance of the names suggested at yesterday's session by the nominating committee, headed by Dr. Charles E. Walton, of Cincinnati, as president.

CHARGED WITH JURY-FIXING.

Chicago Saloon Keeper and His Bartender Are Indicted.

Chicago, June 22.—Indictments charging Dan Coghlin and his bartender, William Armstrong, with jury bribing were returned today. Coghlin's bond on two charges is fixed at $15,000, while Armstrong's is $5,000. Both men declared their ability to secure good bondsmen. Coghlin served several years in prison for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin, but was acquitted on a second trial.

The indictment against Coghlin individually alleges that on May 13 he sought to corrupt Juror John F. Taylor by offering him a bribe of $200. Taylor was then serving on a jury in the case of John Carbine vs. the Illinois Central railroad.

Mr. Gorman's Health.

Baltimore, June 22.—The close personal friends of former United States Senator Arthur P. Gorman deny in the most positive terms the reports recently published, in which he is alleged to be seriously ill. They say that he is somewhat indisposed, but that he is rapidly mending and will soon be himself again.

More Gold for Europe.

New York, June 22.—President Stillman, of the National City bank, announced this afternoon that the bank would ship $1,000,000 of gold by Saturday's steamer, Laard & Freres also announced that they would ship to France on the same day $2,000,000. Both are declared to be regular exchange transactions.

A $100,000 Fire.

Philadelphia, June 22.—C. J. Matthews & Co.'s morocco factory and warehouse, two five-story brick buildings at American and Willow streets, were destroyed by fire of unknown origin this evening. Loss, $100,000; covered by insurance.

Child Swallows Lye.

Lancaster, June 22.—Bernard Curran, aged three years, died today at the general hospital, this city, from the effects of a quantity of lye that he innocently swallowed.

GROWING TENDENCY TOWARD MOB RULE

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON'S VIEWS ON LYNCHING.

Some Remarkable Statistics—Within Six Years About 900 Persons Have Been Lynched in the Southern States for all Classes of Crimes. A "Habit" Which Injures Moral and Material Growth—Too Much Crime Among the Negroes—Appeals to Ministers and Teachers.

Birmingham, Ala., June 21.—Booker T. Washington, president of the Industrial and Normal school, has furnished the Associated Press an elaborate discussion on the race question in the form of a paper. Prof. Washington begins his paper by saying that while it is true that there are cases of lynching and outrage in the Northern and Western states, candor compels him to admit that by far most of the cases of lynchings take place in our Southern states, and most of the persons lynched are negroes.

"With all the earnestness of my heart," he said, "I want no appeal, not to the president of the United States, Mr. McKinley, not to the people of New York, nor of New England, but to the citizens of our Southern states, to assist in creating such a public sentiment as will make human life here just as safe and sacred as it is anywhere else in the world."

The paper then offers a review of the appeal that has been made through the press and prominent men that the negro problem be left to the South. He recites that the whole country, from the president down, has been inclined to do this. By the policy of non-interference the South has been given a sacred trust. Prof. Washington continues:

Nearly All in the South.

I fear but few people in the South realize to what an extent the habit of lynching or the taking of life without due process of law has taken hold of us, and to what an extent it is not only hurting us in the eyes of the world, but injuring our own moral and material growth. Many good people in the South and also out of the South have gotten the idea that lynching is resorted to for one crime only. I have the facts from an authoritative source. During the last year 127 persons were lynched in the United States; of this number, 118 were executed in the South and nine in the North and West; of the total number lynched, 102 were negroes, 23 whites, and 2 Indians. Of this number, only 24 were charged in any way with the crime of rape.

Within a period of six years about 900 persons have been lynched in our Southern states. This is but a few hundred short of the total number of soldiers who lost their lives in Cuba during the war. If we could realize still more fully how far this unfortunate habit is leading us—note the classes of crime during a few months which the local papers and the Associated Press say that lynching has been inflicted for—they include "murder, rioting, incendiarism, larceny, self-defense, insulting women, alleged poisoning, malpractice, alleged barn-burning, suspected robbery, race prejudice, attempted murder, and horsestealing, mistaken identity, etc." The practice has grown until we are now at the point where not only blacks are lynched in the South, but white men as well. Within the last six years at least half a dozen colored women have been lynched.

Not Pleading for Negro Alone.

I am not pleading for the negro alone. Lynching injures, hinders, and blunts the moral sensibilities of the young and tender manhood of the South. Never shall I forget the remark made by a little nine-year-old white boy with blue eyes and flaxen hair. The little fellow said to his mother after he had returned from a lynching: "I have seen a man hanged. Now, I wish I could see one burned."

Rather than hear such a remark from one of my little boys I would see him dead.

There is too much crime among us. The figures for a given period show that in the United States 30 per cent. of the crime committed is by negroes, while we constitute only about 12 per cent. of the entire population. This proportion holds good not only in the South, but also in Northern states and cities. No race that is so largely ignorant and so recently out of slavery could perhaps show a better record, but we must face these plain facts. A large amount of the crime among us grows out of the idleness of our young men and women. It is for this reason that I have tried to insist upon some industry being taught our young people in connection with their course of literary training.

Professor Washington concludes by appealing to school teachers, ministers, and the press to arouse such a sentiment regarding the committing of crime against women that such a crime will not be charged against any member of the race. He says the negro has among the Southern whites as good friends as he has anywhere in the world, and advises him to stay here and work out his salvation.

COL. ARGUELLES'S OFFENSE.

His Advocacy of Autonomy Treated as Treason by Filipinos.

Manila, June 22.—Details of the sentencing of Colonel Arguelles, a Filipino commissioner, to twelve years imprisonment, have just been obtained here. It was at first reported that his condemnation by the Filipinos was due to the friendship he displayed toward Americans, but the information just obtained shows the accusation against him was not based on his peace conferences at Manila, as supposed.

They confirm President Schurman's belief in his sincerity and show that his advocacy of autonomy among the insurgents was treated as treason.

A Reading Lumber Company Assigns

Reading, June 22.—This afternoon the Poplar Bluff Lumber company, doing business in this state and Missouri, made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. Assets, $30,000; liabilities, not yet known.

Senator Losch Reaches Home.

Pottsville, Pa., June 22.—Senator Losch arrived at his home at Schuylkill Haven last night from Zanesville, O. He walked from the station to his residence, but looks and acts like a very sick man.

REJECTED THE PROPOSITION.

Cleveland Strikers Refuse to Ratify Agreement.

Cleveland, June 22.—The hope of a settlement of the street railway strike was shattered tonight when the strikers at a meeting rejected by an unanimous vote the proposition submitted by the company to the special committee of city councils and to which the strikers' committee agreed this afternoon.

The communication of the company states that it is ready and willing to take back into its employment, as it has ever been, such of the employes as its business demands, aggregating at the present time 80 per cent. of its former employes and as vacancies occur will give preference to such former employes, excepting, always, those that have committed unlawful acts against the company, its property, or its employes, during the present strike.

It was generally believed after the conference of the representatives of the company and the committee of strikers was concluded that the end of the strike would come tomorrow and the action of the strikers tonight came as a surprise. After rejecting the proposition of the company the strikers began the work of drawing up a proposition of their own, which will be submitted to the council committee tomorrow.

MEN SAFELY RESCUED.

Bad Gas Explosion at Maxwell Colliery Does Little Damage.

Wilkes-Barre, June 22.—A heavy explosion of gas occurred this morning in one of the lower lifts of the Maxwell colliery of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal company. Three hundred men were at work in the mine at the time and the first report was that a great many had been killed. Fortunately, however, all succeeded in making their escape uninjured, except three who were slightly burned.

The explosion set fire to the woodwork of the mine, but the flames were quickly extinguished and the damage was light. The cause of the explosion is as yet a mystery.

BIG MIX-UP OF CHEMICALS.

Chester Laboratory Shattered by Overheated Chloride of Potash.

Chester, Pa., June 22.—An explosion occurred in the chemical house of the Eddystone print works tonight, blowing the building to pieces and destroying a laboratory valued at $25,000. The loss is fully covered by insurance. All the chemicals happened to be out of the building at the time and no one was injured.

The explosion was due to the burning of some British gum which, it is thought, heated a quantity of chloride of potash. The concussion blew barrels, bits of timber and other objects many feet, while an immense column of pure white vapors ascended high in the air, forming a magnificent spectacle.

PANIC IN A THEATRE.

Some One Cried "Fire" During a Performance of "Hamlet."

Chicago, June 22.—During a performance of "Hamlet" in the Metropolitan theatre last night a man, seeing smoke float past a window, yelled "Fire!" and instantly there was a rush for the doors. The crowd in the gallery, consisting principally of men and boys, came downstairs on a run, many of them being badly bruised in the struggle.

The audience was finally quieted and the play was resumed. The fire was in an outside awning over a window, and was soon extinguished.

STEAMER ETHWOLD SAFE.

Held Up for Several Days by a Broken Shaft.

Philadelphia, June 23.—A despatch from Nassua, Bahama islands, received today at the office of the Quaker City Fruit company here tells of the arrival of the missing steamer Ethwold at that port with a broken shaft. All on board were reported well.

The steamer left June 7 for Port Antonio and was subsequently reported drifting at sea with a broken shaft. This was followed by a report that she had foundered.

WAGES ADVANCED TWICE.

Employes of the Carbon Iron and Steel Company in Luck.

Mauch Chunk, June 22.—The 200 furnace men and laborers employed at the Carbon Iron and Steel company's plant at Parryville, have been notified that, beginning July 1, their wages will be increased 10 cents per day.

This is the second advance in wages since the plant resumed operations ten weeks ago.

Drought Destroying Ranches.

Denver, June 22.—Continued drought has almost destroyed all the large Colorado ranges. Hundreds of cattle and sheep are reported dying in the San Luis valley, Northern New Mexico, parts of Oklahoma, the Indian Nations, western Kansas and southern Utah also report the ranges almost bare and it is feared that the loss of cattle will be heavy.

Severe Storm in Iowa.

Dubuque, Ia., June 22.—A severe storm swept over northern Iowa last night. It is reported that the town of Waverly was damaged badly. At Jessup and Raymond several buildings were unroofed.

Venezuelan Commission.

Paris June 22.—The Venezuelan boundary commission held morning and afternoon sessions today. The next meeting of the commission is to be held Wednesday, June 28.

Delaware's Big Match Company.

Dover, Del., June 22.—The secretary of state today issued a certificate of incorporation to the Ruby Match company of Wilmington, Del., capitol $6,000,000.

The President's Outing.

North Adams, Mass., June 22.—President McKinley, with Mrs. McKinley, who will be the guests of W. B. Plunkett for a week, had a quiet, restful day today.

BOLAND ELECTED SUPREME ARCHON

THE HEPTASOPHS HONOR TWO SCRANTON MEN.

Supreme Council of the Independent Order of Heptasophs in Session at Buffalo Elects C. G. Boland Supreme Archon, and W. T. Hendricks, Supreme Sentinel—Others Who were Elected to Higher Offices of the Supreme Council—Pennsylvania Gets Its Full Share.

Buffalo, June 22.—The Supreme council of the Heptasophs devoted much of the day to the election of officers, with the following result:

Supreme archon, C. G. Boland, Scranton; supreme provost, Otin Bryan, Baltimore; supreme secretary, Samuel H. Tattersall, Baltimore; supreme treasurer, Charles H. Ramsey, Boston; supreme medical director, J. H. Christian, Baltimore; supreme organizer, John W. Cruett, Baltimore; supreme prelate, C. Greer, Altoona, Pa.; supreme inspector, Adolph Schmidt, McKeesport, Pa.; supreme warder, Joseph Hoblitt, Wenona, N. J.; supreme sentinel, W. T. Hendricks, Scranton; supreme trustees, Dr. S. W. Jones, Newark, N. J.; John Sullivan, Kansas City; W. W. Connel, Philadelphia.

PEACE RESTORED IN SAMOA.

Our Representative on the High Joint Commission Reports.

Washington, June 22.—The secretary of state has received a despatch from Bartlett Tripp, United States commissioner at Samoa, saying that peace had been restored in the island; that the commission had sustained the decision of Chief Justice Chambers in the contested case of the election of the king that Malietoa Tanu has resigned, and that the kingship was to be abolished and a provisional government established.

The fact that the commission has unanimously sustained the decision of the chief justice in disqualifying Mataafa and seating Malietoa Tanu on the throne is particularly gratifying to the authorities here. Rear-Admiral Kautz's first action on arriving at Apia was to decide that Chief Justice Chambers must be maintained. The commission having found that Mr. Chambers's decision was right, it follows that the admiral's action also was correct, and so that the talk of preference of claims against the United States for damages resulting from his action will come to nothing.

VERDICT IN A LYNCHING CASE.

Jury in Mississippi Finds That the Victim Broke His Neck.

Scranton, Miss., June 22.—"We, the jury, find that the deceased came to his death by climbing a tree, climbing too far out on a limb and broke his neck." That was the verdict of the coroner's jury in the case of Daniel Patrick, colored, who was lynched here at 2 o'clock yesterday morning. He evidently feared burning at the stake and was glad to be let off with a rope and bullets.

Three hundred of the most prominent men in the city participated in the lynching.

DREYFUS CELL STRENGTHENED

Rennes Quiet—Date of the Prisoner's Arrival Unknown.

Rennes, France, June 22.—There is absolute ignorance here of the date of the arrial of Captain Alfred Dreyfus. The town is quiet. The work of placing an additional bar across the window of the cell intended for the prisoner was completed this morning.

The local newspapers are protesting against that indignity, asserting that Dreyfus ought to be treated merely as an accused officer and not as a criminal.

OVERLOOKED QUEEN'S STATUE.

Supposed Slight by Our Veterans Drew Hisses in Montreal.

Montreal, June 22.—The Grand Army veterans of Vermont viewed the St. Jean Baptiste procession today. The veterans marched from their hotel, preceded by the Canadian army and navy veterans. As they came down Victoria square the first few ranks had passed the statue of the queen before it was noticed that they did not salute it.

The crowd on the streets howled their disapproval at the neglect, which was immediately remedied by the visitors.

NEGROES TURN THE TABLES.

Attempt to Lynch a White Boy for Killing a Colored Man.

Columbia, S. C., June 22.—News comes from Conway, Horry county, that negroes attempted to lynch a white boy named Sam Dowe, who had killed a negro named Green. The negro was riding a bicycle and ran into Dowe. The latter killed him.

Dowe's father drove away the lynching party with a shotgun.

The Tenth Coming Home.

Greensburg, Pa., June 22.—General Everhard Coulter today received a cablegram from Manila from his son, Lieutenant Coulter, of Company I, Tenth regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, saying that the regiment had orders to sail on the Senator.

Second Immunes Mustered Out.

Harrisburg, June 22.—The Second Immune infantry regiment was mustered out today at Camp Meade. The regiment was recruited in Louisiana and Texas at the outbreak of the Spanish-American war and served eleven months in Cuba.

Steamship Arrivals.

New York, June 22.—Arrived: Trave, Bremen. Rotterdam—Sailed: Spaarndam, New York. Liverpool—Arrived: Teutonic, New York. Queenstown—Sailed: Britannic, New York. Lizard—Passed: Auguste Victoria, New York for Hamburg.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING

Weather Indications Today:

PARTLY CLOUDY; WARMER.

1 General—New French Cabinet Formed. Professor Washington's Views on Lynching. Work of the Peace Conference. Heptasophs Elect Officers.
2 Atlantic, National and Other League Base Ball Games. Financial and Commercial.
3 Local—Weddings of a Day. Lackawanna Telephone Company's Ordinance Passes Common Council.
4 Editorial. News and Comment.
5 Local—St. Thomas' College Commencement. Class Night Exercises at the High School.
6 Local—West Scranton and Suburban.
7 News Round About Scranton.
8 Local—Criminal Court Proceedings.

WILL APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT

Three Thousand Seamstresses, Wives, Widows and Daughters of Soldiers, Protest Against Loss of Employment.

Philadelphia, June 22.—The 3,000 seamstresses, whose means of earning a livelihood has been the making of soldiers' clothing at the United States arsenal here, today decided to make a direct appeal to President McKinley against giving the work to contractors. Miss Kate Dougherty and Mrs. Mary McKeever have been appointed a committee to visit the president as soon as he returns from New England.

According to the women's counsel this action is the result of advertisements which appeared in New York, Washington and Harrisburg newspapers asking for bids on soldiers' clothes. These bids were opened at the arsenal yesterday, but no awards have yet been made. The seamstresses are mostly the wives, widows and daughters of soldiers. They will ask that they be given steady employment and that no contracts on the present bids be awarded. They will also request a return to the old system of giving work to individuals instead of contractors, who have the work done in sweat shops, and that congress pass a bill giving the work to women exclusively.

United States Senator Penrose says he will accompany the committee to Washington and intercede in behalf of the women.

SCHLEY ALSO A "DOCTOR."

Georgetown University Honors Him with the Degree of LL.D.

Washington, June 22.—The honorary degree of LL.D. was today conferred by Georgetown university on Rear Admirals Winfield Scott Schley and George W. Melville, Major Generals Joseph Wheeler, Hon. W. Bourke Cockran, of New York; Dr. Samuel Busey, District of Columbia; Dr. Daniel Brower, Illinois, and Hon. Thomas Herran, United States of Colombia.

When Admiral Schley's name was announced the undergraduates were unrestrained in their demonstration. Cries of "What's the matter with Schley?" "He's all right!" and like outbursts filled the hall. Admiral Schley received his degree without any remarks. The address to the graduates was made by Bourke Cockran.

The board of regents of Heidelburg university today conferred the degree of doctor of laws upon Andrew Carnegie.

SANTIAGO DEATH ROLL.

Report Received from Governor General at Havana.

Washington, June 22.—Governor General Brooks at Havana, under date of June 21, cables the war department as follows:

"Adjutant General, Washington:

"Death report 20th and 21st, Santiago, general prisoner, William J. Moore, Fourth volunteer infantry, died 19th, yellow fever; Commissary Sergeant Columbus Stuart, Fifth infantry, died 21st, yellow fever. Pinar del Rio, William H. Wright, C, First infantry, died 18th, puerpura hemorrhage; Sergeant William Range, C, First infantry, died 19th, intestinal obstruction.

CAPTURED IN NEW YORK.

Boston Bank Thief with $10,000 Stolen Money.

New York, June 22.—Philip Zambele, aged 21 years, a well-known crook of Chicago, was arrested here tonight as he stepped from a Boston train, and on his person was found $10,000, which was stolen from the Metropolitan National bank of Boston today.

Zambele entered the bank this morning, and when the teller went to another part of the office, he reached through the small window and seized fifty $100 notes and five $1,000 notes.

He made good his escape, but, as stated, was captured here tonight with the money in his possession.

ENTOMBED MINER RESCUED.

Was in Good Physical Condition and Never Lost Heart.

Wilkes-Barre, June 22.—Ignatz Kosmala, the Polish miner who was imprisoned in the Gaylord mine, Plymouth, on Monday by a fall of coal, was taken out alive at noon today.

He was in good physical condition and says that he felt confident all the time that he would be rescued. The air was of first class quality and this contributed in a large degree to his benefit.

Attorney Wright Not Right.

Doylestown, Pa., June 22.—Attorney William S. Wright, of Bristol, who was charged with embezzlement, was disbarred today. Wright was a former law partner of ex-Banking Commissioner B. F. Gilkeson.

Fighting in the Soudan.

Cairo, Egypt, June 22.—It is announced that the khalifa has been defeated, with heavy loss, by the natives friendly to the British. It is added that he has fled to the woods with a few followers, and that his capture is imminent.

NEW CABINET FOR FRANCE

Senator Waldeck-Rousseau Succeeds at Last.

PRESENTED TO LOUBET

M. Declasse for Minister of Foreign Affairs and the Marquis de Callifat for Minister of War—The New Premier to Assume the Portfolio of the Interior—Next!

Paris, June 22.—Senator Waldeck-Rousseau this afternoon completed the formation of a cabinet. The senator, accompanied by the new cabinet ministers, proceeded to the Elysee palace at 6.10 p. m. to present his colleagues to President Loubet. The new cabinet is as follows:

SENATOR WALDECK-ROSSEAU, president of the council of ministers and Minister of the Interior.
M. DECLASSE, Minister of Foreign Affairs.
GENERAL MARQUIS DE CALLIFAT, Minister of War.
M. DE LANESSAN, Minister of Marine.
M. MONIS, Minister of Justice.
M. CAILLAUX, Minister of Finance.
M. MILLERAND, Minister of Commerce.
M. LEYGUES, Minister of Public Instruction.
M. DECRAIS, Minister of the Colonies.
M. JEAN DUPUY, Minister of Agriculture.
M. PIERRE BAUDIN, Minister of Public Works.

Strong Combination.

The new cabinet is a strong combination and is wholly in favor of Dreyfus, but since it contains such extreme men as Marquis de Gallifet and M. Millerand it can hardly be expected to have a long career.

The Socialist party has already declared that it will not in any way be bound by or responsible for M. Millerand's acts as a minister. The latter, however, is a powerful debater, and will share with M. Waldeck-Rousseau the brunt of defending the cabinet in the chamber, most of the other members being far less skillful in debate.

Except in connection with the Dreyfus affair, the new ministry has little interest and is received rather coolly. The Dreyfusites are delighted and the anger of the anti-Dreyfusites knows no bounds.

MYSTERY CLEARED UP.

Instead of Murder It Was a Case of Suicide.

West Chester, Pa., June 22.—The woman who conveyed the mysterious corpse of a man to the Chester county hospital has made herself known to the authorities. Today Coroner Troutman received a telephone message from Brandywine Summit, stating that if he would go to the house of Franklin Paige, near Chadds Ford, the mystery would be speedily cleared up.

The coroner obeyed the instructions and learned that the man turned up at the Paige home last Saturday evening and was given work on the farm. Yesterday he seized a bottle of wood alcohol and drank several ounces. A short time afterward he was discovered lying in the orchard writhing in pain.

It was decided to hurry him to the hospital, and a sister of Mrs. Paige volunteered to take him. He was wrapped in blankets and placed in a wagon and brought to West Chester, the driver not knowing that he had died during the journey. The name of the man was not known to the Paige family, he being called simply "John."

JUMPED FROM BURNING BOAT.

Two of the Crew of a Canadian Tug Missing—Others Injured.

Watertown, N. Y., June 22.—The tug N. F. Bronson, Captain Murray, of the Montreal Transportation company of Montreal, bound from Kingston, Ont., to Montreal with five barges in tow, caught fire early this morning near Warner's Island.

The tug was burned to the water's edge. She carried a crew of nine men. Four jumped into the water to save themselves. Two are missing.

11-YEAR-OLD GIRL MISSING.

Parents Fear She Has Been Kidnapped—A Mystery.

South Framingham, Mass., June 22.—The citizens of South Framingham and neighboring towns are excited over the disappearance of Helen Eames, the 11-year-old daughter of Alfred M. Eames, a rich manufacturer of wheels in this town.

Her parents fear that the child has been kidnapped and the police are working on that theory.

Commencement at Villa Nova.

Philadelphia, June 22.—At Villa Nova college near this city, Archbishop Martinelli, papal delegate today conferred degrees upon a class of twelve young men, the seniors of '99. Many states were represented by the graduates and one comes from Mexico.

Pennsylvania Postmasters.

Washington, June 22.—Richard Minchin, jr., was today appointed postmaster at Moorehead, Luzerne county, and John N. Bunk, at Wilson's Mills, Crawford county.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, June 22.—Forecast for Friday: For eastern Pennsylvania, partly cloudy and warmer; increasing cloudiness Saturday; light easterly winds, becoming variable.