

THE WILL OF MR. McDONOUGH.

The New Orleans Post gives an account of the reading of the will of Mr. McDonough, who left nearly the bulk of his property to supporting a school, an orphan and a free school in New Orleans.

Europe. The preservation and administration of this immense property must have required a vast deal of labor, and great administrative talents.



THE AMERICAN. SUNBURY. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1850. H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded if equaled by any paper published in North or Pennsylvania.

EDITOR'S TABLE. Business Notices.

New Goods.—We call the attention of our readers to the advertisements of several of our most enterprising merchants, Messrs. John W. Friling, and John Buyers & Co., who have just received a very handsome assortment of merchandise from the city, which already attracts quite a number of customers.

FARMS FOR SALE.—Several valuable farms are advertised for sale in our paper, this week. One in Upper Augusta township, by John Eckman, Administrator of Jonathan Mettler, the other in Upper Mahanoy, by the Administrator of Leonard Kaufman.

ANTI-CORROSION AND INDISTINGUISHABLE INK.—Those who use steel pens will no doubt be pleased to learn that an article of ink can now be had that will not corrode the pen; manufactured by H. Bouraue, Philadelphia. This ink is highly recommended, and is said to be indelible, and flows freely from the pen.

For sale by H. B. Masser, Agent for Sunbury. NEW HAT AND CAP STORE.—Mr. C. J. Walton has opened a new Hat and Cap Store at No. 246 Market street, Philadelphia. We can cheerfully recommend the establishment of Mr. Walton, who is not only a fair and honorable dealer, but makes up his hats, &c., in a style not surpassed by any in the city.

LASTS, BOOT TREES, &c.—Samuel Dewees, 95 Race street, informs the public that he is prepared to supply all demands in his line. Mr. Dewees is one of the oldest and best last makers in the city.

WELLER'S BRACKING.—This excellent article is made and sold by Wm. Curry, No. 50 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, and is highly recommended, and received a premium at the Institute in October. See his advertisement. NEW TOY STORE.—George Doll, No. 103 South 6th street, Philadelphia, has removed from his old stand, 2d street, and opened a new and handsome assortment of Toys, &c., of all kinds in his new stand, which is one of the best in the city. See his advertisement.

PRINTING INK.—A few kegs for sale for cash at this office.

APOLOGY.—The present being court week, when a number of our friends had to be attended to, which with a press of advertising, prevents us giving our readers this week the usual quantity of editorial and other matter.

COURT WEEK.—The November term of our court commenced on Monday last, which brought together the first few days a goodly number of people. There was considerable business on the criminal calendar, and our new district Attorney, Charles A. Kutz, Esq., had ample stock to commence business upon. Our new County Commissioner, Christian Albert, Esq., has also entered upon the discharge of his duties and will make a good officer.

Mr. Young the new Deputy Surveyor, was also in attendance.

WRITTEN HANDBILLS.—It seems strange, yet it is nevertheless true, that there are many persons who yet continue to advertise their vendues and public sales by written notices. Such persons are about as far behind the times as the man who would attempt to take his wheat to Philadelphia or Baltimore, with his own team, simply because he would have to pay a small sum as toll and freight on the canal or rail-road. A printed handbill strikes the sight at once, and literally speaking, we may say "the who runs may read" while nine out of every ten cannot read, even a legible hand, without some trouble. There never was a better illustration of the "pennywise and pound foolish" system, than these written advertisements. We have known a number of instances where certain articles which were much in demand were unnecessarily sacrificed by this false idea of economy. One more bidder may make a difference that would pay the printer ten times over.

Auctioneers and business men understand all this and fail not to profit by it.

SNOW.—The snow on the Allegheny mountains during the snow storm a few weeks since, was, as we were informed by a passenger, twelve inches in depth. The weather during the past few weeks, has been mild, but there are indications that winter is coming in earnest.

Hon. Reverdy Johnson of Baltimore, has gone to New Orleans to contest McDonough's will. The papers at New Orleans say the will cannot be sustained.

THE CANALS.

We are pleased to say that the recent froth has not injured the navigation between this place and Philadelphia. The Susquehanna was very high and a break along the line of canal was not unlooked for. A number of boats arrived here this week, laden with merchandise for this place and neighborhood, having come through in about five days. A number of boats were detained a day or two at the Junction in consequence of a sand bar which prevented ingress from the river into the locks.

While upon this subject it is but justice to say, that but little interruption to the navigation has occurred on the canal between Northumberland and the Junction, amounting in all, we believe, not more than two weeks, which, considering the broken nature of the country along which the canal in many places passes, and the almost unprecedented rains, is certainly not more than we had a right to anticipate. Col. Rodermeil, the Superintendent, we believe, has been constantly and actually employed in keeping in repair this portion of the line and not without success, considering the difficulties he had to encounter.

THE SHAMOKIN COAL TRADE.

The Coal Trade is now quite brisk, and we presume the Messrs. Feigy's have quite as much as they can attend to in supplying the demand. The facilities are not such as the importance of the trade demands. During the past week we have heard the rattling of the coal, in loading the boats at the wharf, as late as 10 o'clock at night. We trust the time will soon come when the track between this and Shamokin will be relaid with heavy iron rails, with business enough to warrant the use of motive power. As soon as the connection between this place and Pottsville is made, which we trust will be accomplished at no distant day, the Shamokin and Mahanoy coal regions will be more fully developed and rapidly advance in value. The works in progress at Trevorton in the Mahanoy region, has already had a good effect. In the town of Shamokin, a year since, many houses were tenanted, now all are occupied.

ELECTION NEWS.

NEW JERSEY.—The democrats, have made almost a clean sweep of this State, on Wednesday last, electing Dr. G. Fort, Governor, by a majority of nearly 5000. They have also elected four out of the five members of Congress, being a gain of three.—The Legislature is democratic on joint ballot, which will secure a democratic U. S. Senator, in place of W. L. Dayton, whig.

NEW YORK.—It is not certain who is elected Governor. The chances however, are in favor of Hunt, the whig candidate. In the city of New York the whigs have elected 3 out of the 4 congressmen. The Seward abolition party are defeated.

The Cincinnati papers have been making relative comparisons, based on the present census, between Ohio and New York. The North American thus introduces Pennsylvania as a rival.

The principal city of the State, Philadelphia, had a population, in 1840, of 258,407. It can scarcely be doubted that it has now more than 350,000,—it will itself, perhaps, add a quarter of a million of citizens to the new catalogue. The second city, Pittsburgh with its suburbs, had, in 1840, a population of about 40,000. It has now about 80,000. Its third city, Lancaster, had in 1840, a total population of 8,417 souls. It has now over 16,000. Its fourth city, Reading, had, in 1840, a population of 8,410 souls. It has, by the present census, 15,821. We subjoin a few other towns:—

Table with 4 columns: Towns, Census 1850, Census 1840, Increase. Rows include Harrisburg, Pottsville, York, Norristown, Erie, Columbia, Allentown, Tamaqua, West Chester, Schuylkill Haven, St. Clair, Minersville, Pottstown, Fort Carbon, Bloomsburg.

An inspection of these figures is worthy the attention of our Ohio friends, and may lead some of their statisticians to calculate how long it will take Ohio to get ahead of Pennsylvania—whose prosperity is by no means confined to the towns. The census of one of the wildest—and not most rapidly improving sections of the State—Pike county, shows the following result:—In 1840 the population was 3,832; it is now 5,916; increase 2,074, or more than 54 per cent.—The population of Pennsylvania was, last year, estimated 2,250,000. It will probably show a considerable advance for the present year. Our Cincinnati friends claim 2,200,000 for Ohio. This would be a vast progress, but not an unattainable one for Ohio, in her circumstances. We hope she may realize it; and we feel that we can indulge this hope without its being alloyed by any apprehension of the decline of Pennsylvania.

WHAT MR. STEPHENS SAYS OF GEORGIA.—Hon. Philip Clayton, Second Auditor of the Treasury Department, has received letters from Mr. Stephens, the member of Congress, and others, assuring him that the Union party will carry every county in the State of Georgia.

CENSURE OF MR. SOULE OF LA.—The leading Democrats of Louisiana have published an address, censuring the course of Senator Soule while in Congress during the last session of that body.

CANADA AND THE FUGITIVE SLAVES.

Our Canadian neighbors are becoming alarmed at the influx of negroes, flying from the reach of the Fugitive Slave Law, to the asylum that has been promised them in Her Majesty's American dominions. All along the frontier, they are arriving by tens, fifties, and hundreds. Many of them are penniless, and all stand in need of aid of some kind, in establishing themselves in their new home. One would imagine from the usual tone of the English people and press, that these fugitives would be received with open arms, by the subjects of Victoria, and that the persecuted blacks, who have excited so much British sympathy, and whose representatives in England have been lionized by nobility and feasted by aristocracy, would at once be welcomed as an invaluable acquisition to the Canadian population. Not so however.—The papers are already sounding the alarm, and are hinting at the necessity of establishing a poll tax on all blacks from the United States.

This is eminently British. Nothing could be more characteristic of the revilers of America. England has done more to encourage the abolitionists and excite the negroes to fight than any other nation. She has, in a measure, attained her object. The negroes are flying by thousands to the soil of the British empire, confident that they will be warmly welcomed, and that the kindness promised to them will be cheerfully extended. True to his instincts, John Bull turns the cold shoulder upon them. He finds he has over-shot his mark. His true object was to disturb America, not to receive the surplus of her worst population; and he most impose a poll tax to shelter himself from the danger his own hands have wrought. It will never do to open his doors to such a class as the flying negroes of the States. We shall see whether the Canadian government will sustain the inconsistencies of the Canadian people. We shall not be surprised if the asylum of Canada is closed to the fugitives, and they are compelled to remain in America, liable to be sent back to the slavery they have been encouraged to fly from.

IMPORTANT FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 4. The recent tumult in Boston, and the spirit of resistance to the laws, shown by at length determined the President to issue a Proclamation, which will be published in the course of a day or two.

During the excitement in Philadelphia, Judges Grier and Kane addressed a letter to the Secretary of War, stating that there were good reasons for apprehending forcible resistance to the officers of the United States, in the execution of the law—and requesting that the government troops might be ordered to assist and protect the magistrates in the discharge of their duty.

The Secretary of War opened the letter to the President, and after a Cabinet consultation, the Executive determined that measures should be taken to enforce the law at all hazards. He has drawn up an elaborate reply to Judges Kane and Grier, in which assurance is given that officers of the Government may count upon the fullest protection from Washington, in the discharge of their duties.

SEGAR REFINING.—One of our New York contemporaries speaks of a newly-invented process for refining, or cleaning, sugar, which is about to be employed in one of the refining establishments of that city. The sugar, mixed with molasses until it has a semi-fluid consistency, is thrown into a revolving sieve, with meshes so close as to confine the grains of sugar, while it permits the molasses to escape; and the sieve being revolved with prodigious velocity—two thousand revolutions a minute—the molasses is driven out by the centrifugal force, leaving the sugar behind, clear, white, and it is said, perfectly dry, resembling what is called refined brown sugar and needing but one more operation to convert it into the loaf. The sieve refines two hundred pounds at a time, and in short space, we are told, of two minutes.

THE INHUMAN TREATMENT OF SOLDIERS AT FORT CONSTITUTION.

The barbarous treatment received by certain United States soldiers at Fort Constitution, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, has been severely commented upon by some of the Eastern papers. Their punishment for the crime of declining to row a party of ladies, was—

"That they be kept at hard labor by day, and in solitary confinement at night, for one year, without receiving pay or clothing, except of the latter such as the commanding officer may deem indispensable; and that they each wear a 24-pound ball attached to their limbs by an ox-chain weighing some twelve pounds, and an iron collar upon their necks with seven iron points of seven inches in length, resembling a spike, attached to it, and weighing seven or eight pounds."

We are glad to learn from the Portsmouth Gazette, that as soon as this inhuman sentence was made known to Gen. Scott, he immediately ordered its modification by the removal of the iron collars.

AFFAIRS AT WASHINGTON.—W. D. Lewis Jr., Esq., son of our present Collector, has been tendered, it is said, the situation of Superintendent of Public Stores, at San Francisco, by Hon. T. B. King. R. B. Quayle, the present Assistant Storekeeper at the Custom House Store in South Second street, has accepted the situation of Assistant Storekeeper at San Francisco. Mr. Beyer, late translate, in our Custom House, has accepted a clerk under Collector King.

THE MAYOR OF PITTSBURG.—The Supreme Court at Pittsburg has decided against Mayor Barker, in the case between him and the Councils, so that we may expect a cessation of his mad freaks.

GEN. SCOTT.—The Whigs of Michigan, at their recent State Convention, adopted resolutions in favor of Major General Winfield Scott as the Whig candidate of President in the canvass of 1852.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE FUGITIVE SLAVE EXPIMENT.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 5th. The Republic of this morning contradicts the statement which has had such a wide circulation relative to the President having issued orders for the concentration of the troops at Boston, and further that the President has received no communication whatever from either the United States Marshal at Boston, or any other Marshal, regarding any apprehended obstructions to the working of the fugitive slave law.

GREAT ARTESIAN WELL.

A Paris letter in the National Intelligence says:—The famous Artesian well at Kissengen, in Bavaria, commenced eighteen years ago, and which it was feared would have to be abandoned as a failure, has just given the most satisfactory results. This town is located in a saline valley, nine hundred and eighty-four feet above the level of the Baltic sea. Last June the boring had reached a depth of eighteen hundred and thirty-seven feet and several layers of salt, separated by strata of granite, had been traversed, when carbonic acid gas, followed again by granite, was found. Finally, on the 12th ult., at a depth of two thousand and sixty-seven feet, perseverance was rewarded by complete success. A violent explosion burst away the scaffolding built to facilitate the operations, and a column of water four and a half inches in diameter spouted forth to the height of ninety-eight feet above the surface. The water—clear as crystal—is of a temperature of sixty-six Fahrenheit, and is abundantly charged with salt. It is calculated that the annual product will be upwards of 6,600,000 lbs. per annum, increasing the royal revenues by 300,000 florins, after deducting all expenses.

A HANDLESS MINIATURE PAINTER.

Miss Sarah Biffin, a somewhat celebrated miniature-painter, born without hands or arms, died lately, in Liverpool, at the age of sixty-six. She manifested, in early life, a talent for drawing and painting, and was initiated in the first rudiments of the art by a Mr. Dukes, to whom she bound herself by a written agreement, to give her time and exertions, and for that purpose she remained sixteen years in his house. She received a prize medal from the Society of Arts and Commerce, and was patronized by the three last kings, and by a large number of the nobility.

THE MORMONS.—This most remarkable people, under their prophet—Strang, have made vast improvements on Beaver Island, in Lake Michigan. They number about six hundred, and each man holds from 40 to 160 acres of land as an everlasting inheritance.

Beaver Island has the best inland harbor on the lakes. They have two sail vessels of their own, and are building a wharf for passing steamers to stop at. Garden Island, six miles square, is one of the richest and most beautiful islands on the face of the earth.—The Big Beaver is six by fourteen miles in extent. Several beautiful, well timbered islands surround the Big Beaver; each about six miles square. We see, however, that dissensions have broken out among them. A correspondent of the Cleveland Plaindealer says:—Elder Adams, who is a Mormon preacher and Tragedian by turns, had to flee for his life, in consequence of having provoked the wrath of James E. Strang, one of the prophets, who, it seems, sets up his will as the supreme law. Strang is charged with robbing the gentiles, as he calls all who do not acknowledge his law, of provision and such other goods and chattels as the Saints require. Adams promises to expose the wicked practice of Strang and his followers. Strang has been arrested, taken to Mackinac, where he was tried and sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the county jail.

ANOTHER SCIENTIFIC WONDER! — PEPIN, the True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice!

A great Dyspepsia Cure, prepared from Rennet, and the fourth stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiologist Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., No. 11 North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. This is a truly wonderful remedy for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Liver Complaint, Constipation, and Debility, curing after Nature's own method. By Nature's own agent, the Gastric Juice. See advertisement in another column.

DIED.

In this place on Thursday evening last Mrs. MARGARET MARKLEY, aged about 80 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS! Market Street, Sunbury, Pa.

JOHN W. FRILING respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has just received a large and handsome assortment of Dry Goods, Consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, De Laines, Calicoes, Fancy and Staple Goods.

GROCERIES of every description, DRUGS AND MEDICINES, QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE. Fish, Salt, Plaster and a general assortment of all such goods as will suit all classes; the Farmer, Mechanic, Laborer and Gentlemen of all professions.

THE LADIES Will find a great variety of all such articles as they will need for the present season. Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange at the highest market price. Sunbury, Nov. 9, 1850.

MORE NEW GOODS At the New Store of JOHN BUYERS & CO., Market Street, Sunbury.

A CURIOUS exhibition is in course of preparation for the World's Fair, by Mr. W. M. P., of London, the eminent map engraver. He is constructing a huge globe of 56 feet in diameter, which will be provided with a convenient mode of ingress and egress; the different countries of the world will be represented upon the inner, and not upon the outer surface, and the interior will be fitted up with galleries and staircases, so as to enable the visitors to make a tour of the world, and visit each of the countries, whose industry or productions will be displayed in the great exhibition.

PATIENT, persevering thought has done more to enlighten and improve mankind, than all the sudden and brilliant efforts of genius.

Quite a number of the old soldiers are now receiving the land lately given to them, by application, by the government. Good.

TWO DAYS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

Another Terrible Conflagration. One Hundred Houses Destroyed.

NEW ORLEANS, NOV. 2, A. M. The steamship Alabama arrived here yesterday afternoon, bringing dates from San Francisco to the 17th of September, being two days later than those brought by the Crescent City, at New York. There has been another terrible conflagration at San Francisco, by which one hundred buildings were destroyed. Preparations were to be made at once, however, for removing the rubbish and erecting more substantial buildings. The financial crisis still excited much remark; but it was thought the worst was over. From the mines there is little to add to the intelligence brought by the Pacific. The accounts are somewhat contradictory, but still of a favorable character. New discoveries were being made daily. The rainy season was about commencing.

The passengers by the Alabama have considerable gold with them.

THE POPULATION OF PHILADELPHIA is expected to reach about 450,000—in 1840 it was 258,407. Pittsburg, with its suburbs, has about 80,000—in 1840, 40,000. Lancaster, about 16,000—in 1840, 8,417. Reading, 15,821—in 1840, 8,410. It is estimated that the entire population of Pennsylvania will be shown to be not far from 2,300,000, and that of Ohio about 2,200,000.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG.—The work on the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad, says the Ravena Whig, is fast progressing to completion. There is no doubt that ere the close of the month of November w. shall be in railroad communication with Cleveland.

THE ABOLISHMENT OF GRAND JURIES is being debated in the Indiana Constitutional Convention. It is proposed to substitute a public examination therefore. The proposition was so modified, that after five years the Legislature should have power to re-establish grand juries if it did not work well.

If you have a poor neighbor, send him a barrel of flour or a load of wood. There is a glorious satisfaction in giving of one's abundance to the poor, that rich men have but to taste of to make a constant practice of it.

PARON, the vocalist, who made her debut in New York on Monday evening, in "Norma," was eminently successful. Her histrionism, however, is her superior talent.

E. C. HAWKINS has taken a beautiful picture of the steamer Gen. Winfield Scott, Paul Houston is standing on the guard eating a sweet potato.—Cin. Times.

TELEGRAPHIC EXTENSION IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The Susquehanna River North and West Branch Telegraphic Company, contemplate the extension of their line of telegraph from Danville via Northumberland, Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Jersey Shore Lock Haven, Bellefonte, Clearfield, Brookville and Meadville to the Borough of Erie, at which place the line will connect with Pittsburg Cincinnati, and all the principal towns of the west, and southwest.

MONDAY, the 23rd day of DECEMBER next, to inquire whether the Real Estate of the said Samuel Morrison, Dec'd., can be equally parted and divided to, and among all the heirs and legal representatives of the said dec'd., without prejudice thereto or spoliation of the whole, at which time and place the aforesaid heirs are required to be and appear, if by them deemed expedient.

JAMES COVERT, Sh'ff. Sheriff's Office, Sunbury, Nov. 9, 1850.—r.

ESTATE OF SOLOMON ZERN, Dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Solomon Zern, late of Shamokin township, Northumberland county, Dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate, or having claims against the same, are requested to call on the subscriber at Shamokin town, for settlement.

JOSEPH ZERN, Adm'r. Coal township, Nov. 9, 1850.—6t.

FASHIONABLE HATS. C. J. WALTON.

No. 246 Market st., between 7 & 8th st., (South side.) PHILADELPHIA.

THE Subscriber has opened a new hat store, and offers to traders and others who visit the city, a handsome assortment of hats, caps, of every variety, made of the best material, and in the latest and best style, and on terms as reasonable as can be had in any establishment in Philadelphia, viz: Fine silk hats at \$2.50; Good do do at \$1.00. Persons from the country who purchase of him, can rely, at all times, on getting a good article for the money paid, and one that is fully worth the money paid.

C. J. WALTON. Philadelphia, Nov. 9, 1850.—1y.

SAMUEL DEWEES, BOOT-TREE MAKER.

No. 95 Race Street. Second door below Third, PHILADELPHIA.

WHERE all kinds of hats, &c., of the latest style and best material, are manufactured on reasonable terms. All orders promptly and punctually attended to. Philadelphia, Nov. 9, 1850.—1y.

INK! INK! INK! BOUREAUS' INDISTINGUISHABLE AND INDELIBLE WRITING INK FACTORY.

No. 1 South Third street. MERCHANTS and the Writing community are requested to call and examine this INK, which is guaranteed not to corrode Metallic Pens, nor change its Color.

Wholesale and Retail, No. 1 South Third street, Philadelphia. A liberal discount made to Merchants and the Trade. For sale by H. B. Masser, agent for Sunbury. November 9, 1850.—1y.

WELLAR'S PATENT JAPANESE BLOCKING.

Manufactory, No. 50 CHESTNUT STREET, MEDAL, awarded by the FRANKLIN INSTITUTE of Philadelphia in October, AND THE FIRST PREMIUM by the MARYLAND INSTITUTE, at Baltimore, Nov. 1848 and 1849. Philadelphia, October 21st, 1848.

I have used J. Wellar's Patent Japan Liquid and Paste Blocking for some nine months, and am happy to say that it surpasses any blocking that I have used these twenty odd years. I find it holds the polish and preserves the leather better than any blocking that I have ever tried.

ANDREW R. CHAMBERS, No. 47 Chestnut Street, Wm. CURREY, Manufacturer, Successor to J. WELLAR, No. 50 Chestnut Street, above Second. November, 9, 1850.—1y.

NEW TOYS, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Canes, violin strings, fancies, games, puzzles and tricks, moving figures, rattles, work and fancy boxes; napkin rings, sugar cases, &c., of every description, at the lowest price, wholesale and retail. Call and see.

GEORGE DOLL'S NEW STORE, 103 North 6th st., Philadelphia, late of 3d street N. K. Canes neatly mounted, and Fan Turning done. Nov. 9, 1850.—3m.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale, on FRIDAY the 13th day of December next, on the premises to wit—A certain Tract of Land, situate in Upper Mahanoy township, containing one hundred and forty acres more or less, whereon is erected a two story

LOG HOUSE AND BARN, A Stone Spring House, &c., about ninety acres being cleared. There are also on the premises two

LARGE ORCHARDS, and about ten acres meadow, adjoining lands of Michael Reitz, Daniel Reitz, and others—Also, his right and title to fourteen acres unimproved land on the Line Mountain—Late the Estate of Leonard Kaufman, dec'd.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day when the terms of sale will be made known by order of the court, JOHN ECKMAN, Adm'r. Frederick Kehler, Esq., Jno. P. Pursel, clerk. November 6, 1850.—1 a.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, will be exposed to public sale on SATURDAY the 14th day of December next, on the premises to wit—A certain Tract of Land,

situate in Upper Augusta township, adjoining lands of Isaac Kling, Henry Kling, and James Forrester, whereon are erected a two story frame DWELLING HOUSE,

A good Spring House, large frame Bank Barn, good Orchard, and a Lime Kiln.—Also said farm is in an excellent state of cultivation, containing ONE HUNDRED AND THREE ACRES, more or less, about eighty acres of which are cleared; late the estate of Jonathan Mettler, dec'd. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day when the terms of sale will be made known by order of the court. JOHN ECKMAN, Adm'r. John P. Pursel, Clerk O. C. November 9, 1850.—ra.

NOTICE TO THE HEIRS OF SAMUEL MORRISON, Dec'd. NOTICE is hereby given to the aforesaid heirs, that by Virtue of a certain Writ of Partition and Valuation issued by the Orphans' Court of Northumberland county, to me directed, an Inquisition will be held upon the premises, in the Borough of Milton, Northumberland county, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on

MONDAY, the 23rd day of DECEMBER next, to inquire whether the Real Estate of the said Samuel Morrison, Dec'd., can be equally parted and divided to, and among all the heirs and legal representatives of the said dec'd., without prejudice thereto or spoliation of the whole, at which time and place the aforesaid heirs are required to be and appear, if by them deemed expedient.

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