

Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC. THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. LATER FROM INDIA.

General Havlock still at Cawnpore—The money crisis in England—Discount Rates advanced to 7 per cent—Triumph of Priores—Death of Leconte.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25. The steamship Baltic has arrived, with Liverpool dates to Wednesday, the 14th inst., four days later.

The Baltic brings £72,000 sterling and 160 passengers.

The race for the great Czarwitsch Handicap, at New Market, resulted in the triumph of Mr. Pen Brock's "Frisco."

The American horse was received with great cheering, and she immediately became the first favorite in the betting for the Cambridgehire stakes, to be run for at New Market, on the 27th of October.

Before the race, 100 to 1 was laid against "Frisco."

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Lord Elgin had left Calcutta for China.

The China mail failed to connect with the overland mail at Ceylon.

An excessive money pressure prevails in London, and a further advance in the rate of discount by the Bank of England is anticipated.

The Bank of England has advanced the rate of discount to 7 per cent, and the Bank of France to 6 1/2 per cent.

Mr. E. M. Archibald, a native of Nova Scotia, and formerly Attorney General of Newfoundland, has been appointed British Consul at New York.

The Earl of Fitzhardinge died on the 10th inst.

The London Times, in a leading article on the supply of cotton, says:—"It appears that if one America is not sufficient and we want a second, we can hardly do better than take the first for our model."

We know of scores of cities where the climate is as good as in Georgia, and though, perhaps, cotton of the very best quality is not to be raised everywhere, or upon the instant, we have great faith in the powers of cultivation.

But soil and climate are not enough. Capital, energy and organization will be called for, and we shall get no cotton to speak of, and it happens that in none of the countries otherwise fitted for the purposes in question are these requisites to be found among our native possessions.

The qualities which enable the Americans to send out millions of bales every year are not discoverable in Hindoo or Portuguese, and as they are not indigenous, they must needs be imported.

England in short, must find money, machinery and wits and if these are carried to some well selected territory, where there is good land and abundant labor, we may soon be able to discuss our claims about the production of cotton."

SPAIN. The ministerial crisis, at Madrid, continued, Bravo Murillo refused to form one of the minority of the Cabinet, and anticipations of further disturbances were entertained.

ITALY. The King of Prussia was slightly better, but his condition is still very critical.

His report was correct of apprehended disturbances in some parts of Italy, and the authorities were on the alert.

RUSSIA. A telegraph despatch announces that Prince Gortschakoff has expressed a confidential circular, relating to the Stivtgrad interview, to the Russian Ambassadors at foreign courts.

It is said to be exceedingly pacific, and to recommend the maintenance of existing treaties.

The Emperor and Empress had made their return into Warsaw, and it is said that the report was correct of apprehended disturbances in some parts of Italy, and the authorities were on the alert.

INDIA. On the 15th of September, Gen. Outram was at Allahabad with strong reinforcements and expected to reach Cawnpore on the 19th.

Gen. Havlock gained the ninth victory on the 16th of August, driving the rebels from a strong position near Behror, which they defended desperately after the battle, and retired to Cawnpore, where he awaited reinforcements before advancing to the relief of Lucknow.

The garrison of Lucknow held out bravely, and no doubt was entertained of their being able to do so until relief arrived, which was expected to be about the middle of the month.

Several successful sorties, in which two guns and a large quantity of provisions were captured.

At Agra all was well.

The intelligence from Delhi extends to the 30th of August. On the 25th of August, a body of the rebels, which left Delhi for the purpose of intercepting the train, was attacked by General Nicholson at Noida, and utterly defeated, with the loss of all their guns.

The Indian mail was expected to reach London on the 15th.



THE AMERICAN.

SUNBURY. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1857.

H. B. MASSER, Editor and Proprietor.

Advertisements.—The circulation of the Sunbury American among the different towns on the Susquehanna is not exceeded by any paper published in North or Pennsylvania.

LOST.—A lady's breast pin of large size and filigree work, with designs of fruit, was lost in this place, on Thursday evening.

The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office.

JAMES VANDYKE, the newly elected Sheriff in this county, took up his residence at the jail and entered upon the duties of the office on Wednesday last.

EXPRESS AGENT.—Mr. A. W. Fisher has been appointed Express agent in this place for Adams & Co's Express.

Mr. Fisher will be received and sent from his drug store. This will be a great convenience for many of our citizens, who have experienced much trouble and delay in the stoppage of the articles at Northumberland.

While looking at some fine grapes on the premises of Mr. Scupham, some days since, we were attracted by a handsome piece of mechanism in his shop, called a "Phantom Rockaway," the handwork of himself and son.

We were not aware that a carriage could be got up in this place in such style. Mr. Scupham, Junior, is said to be not only an ingenious workman, but skillful in design and drawing.

MUSIC IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS. The Rev. Mr. Gouglar proposes to give weekly lessons in music to the children, at our public school house.

His first lesson will be given on this (Saturday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

His instructions are given gratuitously.

Mr. Gouglar has been a professor of music and taught it successfully for a number of years.

His proficiency in performance, as well as his skill in imparting the knowledge to others is well known.

Our citizens are fortunate in having this opportunity of placing their children under his charge.

This branch of education has been much neglected in this State.

In New England it is regularly taught in the public schools. Its influence over the child, the man and society, is well known and appreciated.

There is no calculating the benefits its cultivation in early childhood may carry through a lifetime.

We hope our citizens will take advantage of the opportunity now afforded. We are convinced that music will soon become a branch of instruction in our public schools.

Mr. G. proposes to teach in the public schools of Northumberland.

THOS. ALLIBONE, ESQ. Mr. Allibone, recently President of the Bank of Pennsylvania, sailed for Europe on Saturday last, accompanied by his wife and daughter.

We trust a few weeks absence will restore Mr. Allibone to us again in renewed health, prepared again for the active duties of business.

No man connected with the Banking Institutions of Philadelphia possessed more sagacity and sounder views than Mr. Allibone, and no one was surrounded by more numerous and devoted friends.

His policy as a Bank officer was always liberal and enlarged—and all classes of the community, especially the mercantile, never failed to find in him the most efficient sympathy and friendship.

If all the Bank officers in Philadelphia had been made wise, the present unfortunate condition of the Banks might have been averted.

The life and character of Mr. Allibone has won the esteem and confidence of all, who know him and there is no one whose loss will be more felt in Philadelphia than Mr. Allibone.

We wish a prosperous and happy tour to him and a safe return, to his numerous friends and to the community, which he has so much benefited.

RESUMING WORK.—The Allentown Democrat says that operations are about to be resumed at many of the iron works in Lehigh county, which had suspended a few weeks ago.

The Thomas Iron Company and the Crane Company, it is said, will both continue their furnaces in blast during the winter.

The Allentown Iron Company are going on unintermitted. This will afford employment to many a man along the Lehigh who would otherwise have an idle dreary winter before him.

LEBANON COUNTY.—The Lebanon Courier states that the Board of Directors of the Lebanon Valley Railroad Company met at Hummelstown on Wednesday, the 21st inst., and made arrangements for the completion of the road to Harrisburg by the first of January next, and at that time, we are assured, the cars will commence running through.

The cars will run to Hummelstown in three weeks. This will be cheering news to the large number of workmen who were thrown out of employment by the stoppage of this work a few weeks since.

AS GOOD AS A NEW BOOK.—The London Leader mentions a new tract of the book "The Good and Evil of the Bible," after all four of which have been exhausted in vain, a book remains unsold, a fresh title page is printed. The name formerly called "The War in the East," is now called "The Bengali Mutiny," a tale of appalling interest, reappears as "Woe! Woe!" a work which should be in every young lady's hands.

It will come out next year as "Enaline; or, the Story of an Anguished Heart." It does not much matter, as far as the reader is concerned, how much the booksellers resort to this practice. The readers of such books only pursue them to kill time, and a book with a new title is just as good as a new book.

The Lawyers appear to be suffering in New York from the crisis. Many large merchants and business men, who have been in the habit of employing lawyers at fixed salaries, to attend to all their necessary legal business, have failed, and those who have not, either through motives of interest or humanity, decline to press their delinquent creditors in such times as these.

If they go to law now, they are likely to recover little or nothing; by postponing their claims, they may finally obtain payment in full, or a much larger percentage than by forcing an immediate settlement. So those lawyers who are not lucky enough to be made assignees, trustees or receivers, reap but little benefit from the common catastrophe. When the lawyers get skinned the times are hard indeed.—Public Ledger.

POOR CRAWFORD THE SCULPTOR, is probably ere this no more. Letters from his family, dated the 5th and 9th inst., express the opinion that he would not live more than a day or two. Though utterly prostrated by weakness, Mr. Crawford retained his consciousness unimpaired and bore his sufferings, which are believed to be very acute, with true Christian fortitude. It is feared that the next steamer will bring intelligence of the death of our gifted countryman.

CROCODILE alias CODDISH TEARS.

The Codfish branch of the democratic party, particularly those in Sunbury who set up a candidate for the amusement of knocking him down,—express tender sympathy at the defeat of HENRY J. READER, jr. They even go so far as to say they would have given a thousand dollars to the election of Reader, had they dreamed of the defection in the party.

This is very nice, and may be consolation to a candidate, who has sense enough left him to appreciate the insincerity of such talk; but, we are very much mistaken, if the guilibility of Reader is great enough to swallow pretensions so hollow.

Promises of "better luck next time," may, however, do much to heal the wound inflicted upon Reader through the treachery in the codfish camp.

LOW BIRTH AND IRON FORTUNE.—Hon. Andrew Johnson, who has just been elected to the U. S. Senate from Tennessee, to succeed Hon. James C. Jones, presents in his own person one of the most remarkable examples of what proper ambition may attain under Republican institutions.

His origin was very obscure, and of educational advantages in early life he had none.

After he married, his wife taught him his letters, and while he prosecuted his calling as a journeyman tailor, to support his family, he acquired the simplest rudiments of education.

But advancing step by step, reading with avidity, studying closely, and striving constantly to improve his condition, he has at last attained one of the most eminent positions in the gift of his countrymen.

It will be remembered he served in the U. S. House of Representatives several years ago.

As a legislator he was industrious and practical, rather than brilliant; but wielded a powerful influence in the deliberations of the body.

His faults probably consist in excessive parsimony, and that tendency to illiberality in the public expenditures which oftentimes under the name of "economy," is disastrous to the interests of the country.

In the higher and broader sphere to which he is now elevated, these faults may be modified and softened; but in any event, Mr. Johnson can hardly fail to be a most useful and laborious public servant.

DEATH OF GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKER CURTIS, of ARLINGTON.—The venerable Mr. Curtis, of Arlington, died at his residence in Alexandria county, Va., on the 17th inst.

The whole country knew him, and his patriotism will long be remembered. Closely allied to the Washington family, fond of calling himself the child of Mount Vernon, he was never so much in his element as when he was talking or writing of the great chief and the men and times of the revolution.

He had been fondled on the knee of the Father of his Country, and received from him the kindness of a parent.

He repaid that care and affection with filial devotion, and to the day of his death all the recollections of his life centered around and radiated from the time he was one of Washington's family.

He lived to be a good old age, (seventy-seven years), retaining his mental faculties to the last. His funeral took place on Tuesday at Arlington.

MORRIS B. JONSSON, a printer, employed in the office of the St. Louis Democrat, twenty-one years of age, and married but a few weeks since died suddenly on Friday last.

He was suffering excruciatingly from the toothache, and resorted imprudently to chloroform to allay his distress.

His wife having left him a short time, returned and found him dead. He was from Harrisburg, Pa., where he has friends, who will learn the strange tidings of his death with poignant sorrow.

His habits were those of sobriety and industry.

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PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

The Fall Official Vote for Governor.

We have received the official returns from every County of the State, and subjoin the vote for Governor in full together with vote for President last year:

Table with columns: County, Union Democrat, Straight Plurality, Free State, and President. Lists counties like Berks, Chester, Delaware, etc., and their respective votes.

Total, 50,001 30,316 30,338 10,660 10,617 20,100

Superior Judges: James Thompson, D., 187,823; James V. Yeoch, R., 143,277; Joseph Brown, A., 37,300; Jasper H. Bond, A., 29,931.

Amendment to the Constitution: For, 120,232; Against, 13,653; Majority for 106,579.

MORE MURDERS. A man named John Fee living near Ballock Creek S. C., in a fit of anger shot his horse and some cattle and hogs on Sunday set.

His three motherless children aged from 5 to 14 years of age are supposed to have perished in the flames.

A peace warrant was issued against him by a neighbor and an officer went to serve it; but he was found fortified in one of his barns and swearing to shoot any one who should attempt to apprehend him. Finally he was captured by stratagem.

Mr. Lewis Bishop an old citizen of Talladega Ala., recently shot and killed Mr. J. G. Maxwell a man who resided on his farm, and had been cropping with him during the present year.

Mr. Bishop claims that the shooting was justifiable and immediately delivered himself up to the authorities.

At Old Camp Colorado, Brown county Texas, on the 21st ult., a difficulty occurred between two brothers named Watts on the one part and a father and son on the other.

The father named George Watts and the son named John Watts were killed on the spot. John Watts was mortally wounded and died a week afterwards.

A Mr. Curtis recently shot a Mr. Collantine near Fort Mason Texas with a double barreled shot gun for accusing him of larceny.—Collantine died a few hours afterwards.

THE SECOND DAY'S RUN ON THE BANKS OF NEW ORLEANS WAS WORSE THAN THE FIRST. The Crescent, describing the scene at the Citizen's Bank, says:

"When the door opened a scene of the wildest confusion followed. The crowd acted like a boiling brook in descending, fighting, shouting, losing hats and coat-tails and densely jamming the interior of the bank in an instant.

The bank officers, finding themselves besieged by a crowd of madmen, secured the vaults and mounted the counters to keep the crowd from scrambling over the counters, outside, tried to clamber at the windows, but were hurled back.

Intelligence of this being sent to the Chief of Police, that officer dispatched all his specials to the scene. They arrived, fought their way through the crowd to the counter, and then turned against them.

They got an iron door-bar, with which they faced the crowd, having to fight freely with their fists at the same time, some of the besiegers being highly belligerent. Finally the Mayor had to send down sixty additional policemen, who managed to preserve something like order, when the work of redeeming the notes commenced.

THE KANSAS ELECTION. Excitement Renewed—Gen. Walker Determined to Reject the vote of Oxford.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—A protest, signed by several prominent citizens of Kansas, was filed with the sixth inst. against the fraudulent returns of Oxford precinct, in Johnson county. In reply to which, after a personal investigation, Governor Walker and Secretary Stanton publish a proclamation in the Herald of Freedom, of the 20th inst., expressing a determination to reject the entire vote of Oxford, and give certificates to the Free State Candidate.

The proclamation produced an intense excitement among the pro-slavery men, and threats of vengeance were made against the Governor and his Secretary.

On the 19th inst., a protest was made against the assembling of the Constitutional Convention, by a Mass Convention of the people held at Lexington.

DISCOURSES BY HEBER C. KIMBALL AND BRIGHAM YOUNG.—The Women and Children to be Armed—Preparations for a Siege.

St. Louis, Oct. 26.—The Republican of this city publishes a discourse delivered by Elder Heber C. Kimball, at Salt Lake city, on August 30. Strong grounds are taken against the United States Government, and a determination expressed to resist its troops to the extremity.

The women and children are called upon to arm themselves, and the people generally exhorted to lay up their grain and otherwise prepare for the conflict.

During the discourse Kimball said, "We are the kingdom of God—the State of Deseret—and will have Brigham Young for Governor just as long as we like."

Brigham Young made a speech equally bold in declarations of hostility against the United States.

HARRISBURG Oct. 24. A large meeting of citizens was held this evening at the Court House, to request the Town Council to issue small notes for the convenience of business men in making change.

Judge Dock presided, and Messrs George Berger and John Wallower were appointed Secretaries. A committee was appointed to confer with the Town Council on the subject.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25. The brig Mountain Eagle, from Sinal, reports that the Indians had massacred nearly all the inhabitants of a village about sixty miles from Merids. Over 600 bodies had been found, and more were being discovered daily in the woods, shockingly mutilated.

THE COAL TRADE.

The quantity sent by Railroad this week is 24,803 07—by Canal 31,644 15—by the week 56,448 05 tons against 53,330 14 the last week. The shipments for the corresponding week last year were 64,326 tons.

The demand for prepared Coal is good particularly stove Coal broken is a drug in the market and can be purchased at reduced rates. This is caused by the stoppage of so many iron works, &c., &c.—Miners Journal.

AN ALLIRED CERTAIN CURE FOR A FELON.—The Buffalo (N. Y.) Com. Advertiser has received the following, which is said to be a certain cure for a felon:—"Take a pint of common soft soap, and stir in it six slaked lime till it is of the consistency of plasters putty. Make a leather thimble; fill it with this composition and insert the finger therein, and change the composition once in twenty minutes, and a cure is certain."

We happen to know that the above is a certain remedy and recommend it to any who may be troubled with that disagreeable ailment.

One of our cotemporaries is insisting that there is magic in the number seven. It remarks that the years 15, 27, 37, 47, and '57, have been remarkable for their financial revolutions, the alternate decades being the most severe, until superstitious people have come to regard the seven as an unlucky number, and '77, it is supposed, will round the history with a most convincing illustration.

Counterfeit dimes are in circulation in a considerable extent. They are an excellent imitation of the genuine, retaining the requisite color and color. In the present scarcity of specie, look out for them.

GEX. V. BEST, Editor of the Intelligencer of this place we regret to announce is lying very ill under the power of that insidious disease, Consumption. Mr. Best is one of the oldest Printers in the State, and the private relations of life, ever maintained a high character; and many warm and sympathetic friends mark his decline with painful solicitude.—Mount Airy.

CONTRACTS FOR PORK have been made in Montgomery county, Va., at \$6.50, and in some of the counties west of there at \$5.

A horse fair will be held in Harrisburg on the 20th inst.

The Philadelphia Morning Times has ceased to exist.

The Bank of England has lent \$500,000 to the East India Company.

The London Times says it will cost five hundred million dollars to put down the insurrection in India.

Operations on the Lebanon Valley Railroad have been suspended and five hundred and fifty laborers and mechanics thrown out of employment.

Last year only one person in 16,168,440 who traveled by British railway was killed from causes beyond his own control.

Thomas Allibone Esq., late President of the Bank of Pennsylvania has sailed for Europe with a portion of his family. Cause ill health.

Interesting from the West. St. Louis Oct. 24. Captain Van Vleet, who started from Utah on the 14th ult., arrived in this city last night.

He furnishes some interesting information in regard to the Utah Expedition, and the state of affairs at Salt Lake.

On September 22d he met a body of U. S. troops, two hundred and thirty miles east of Fort Lawrence. He also met Governor Cummings on October 8th ninety miles before Fort Kearney. Some supply trains were within an hundred and forty miles of the valley, when the others were far behind, and not likely to arrive this season.

Mr. Van Vleet travelled over 2,400 miles since August 1, and was treated with much consideration by the leading men at Salt Lake City; but he heard the expression of only one opinion, that the troops under the command of the officers of the United States government should never gain a foothold in their dominions.

A heavy snow fell at Fort Bridges on the 10th ult.

Hon. John M. Bernebeck, delegate to Congress from Utah, accompanied by Captain Van Vleet, started for Washington City, on the 14th inst.

Messrs Nichols and Reber, engineers on Magraw's section of the Wagon Road Expedition, have also arrived in this city. They left Pacific Springs on the 7th ult. They are of the opinion that the train will stop at Fort Laramie during the ensuing winter.

The cattle belonging to the government train were dying fast, and the oxen were breaking down. Grass was very scarce.

Colonel Hoffman, commander at Fort Laramie, denies having caused a Mormon train to be overhauled.

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FROM WASHINGTON.

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