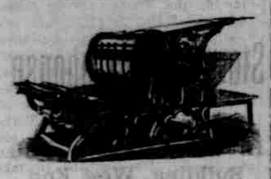
The Somerset Herald.

WEDNESDAY.....July 4, 1877.



TIME TABLES.

BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R.

PITTSBURGH DIVISION.

On and after February 11, 1877, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at depot, corner Grant and Water Streets as follows:

EAST. Mail.		WEST. Mail.	
Leave Pittsburgh	8.14 a. m.	Leave New York	8.25 p. m.
Braddock	8.34 "	Philadelphia	12.45 a. m.
M'Keesport	8.46 "	Baltimore	6.15 "
West Newton	9.17 "	Richmond	10.45 p. m.
Connellsville	10.02 "	Washington	1.50 a. m.
Mt. Pleasant	10.30 p. m.	Harper's Ferry	10.47 "
Uniontown	10.54 a. m.	Martinsburg	11.34 "
Cumberland	10.45 p. m.	Cumberland	1.30 p. m.
Mineral Point	11.41 "	Bridgeport	2.27 "
Bridgeport	1.05 "	Mineral Pt.	3.15 "
Cumberland	1.40 "	Ohio Pyle	4.03 "
Martinsburg	6.21 "	Uniontown	5.09 "
Harper's Ferry	7.08 "	Mt. Pleasant	6.36 "
Washington	7.28 "	Connellsville	5.57 "
Richmond	7.40 a. m.	West Newton	6.23 "
Baltimore	4.30 p. m.	McKeesport	6.55 "
Philadelphia	3.10 a. m.	Braddock	———
New York	6.25 "	Pittsburgh	7.10 "

All trains run by Baltimore Time, 14 minutes faster than Pittsburgh Time.

Mail trains daily except Sunday.

Magnificent Day Cars through to Washington and Baltimore without change.

Seventy-five miles the shortest, and the only route between the East and West via Washington City.

Ticket offices, corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Streets, and depot corner Grant and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
E. K HYNDMAN, Supt., Connellsville

SOMERSET & MINERAL POINT RAILROAD.

On and after May 14th, 1877, trains will run as follows, connecting with all passenger trains on the P. W. & B. R. R. (Mail trains daily, Express daily except Monday.)

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Mail West..... 2 50 p. m.	4 30 p. m.
Mail East..... 10 25 a. m.	12 25 p. m.

Mail East connects with Local West.

P. W. & B. R. R.—PASS MINERAL POINT.

Way Passenger East	12 00 a. m.
Way Passenger West	12.44 p. m.
Mail East	11.41 p. m.
Mail West	3.37 p. m.

W. S. TEMPLE & CO.,

PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

47 S. HOWARD ST.,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Special attention given to the sale of BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, WOOL, and Leather. We advise farmers not to tubwash their wool, as whole Fleeces will sell best this season.

We refer to Farmers & Merchants Nat. Bank, Baltimore, and to Peoples Bank, of Baltimore.

Festival!

Green peas.

Cherry pies.

Camp Tucker.

101—Uncle Sam.

Raspberries next.

The Art Gallery.

Weed your gardens.

Hay-making is at hand.

Harrah for the Fourth.

Don't forget the festival.

Squirrel hunting this month.

This is Uncle Sam's birth-day.

Black bass fishing is now legal.

Don't fail to see the Art Gallery.

This is the 185th day of the year.

The strawberry season is about over.

The summer schools close this week.

Americans burn 8,000,000 cigars daily.

Corn is shooting up with great rapidity.

Goods lower after the Fourth of July at Schrock's.

Closing out goods at a very low figure at Schrock's.

Quoit pitching is a favorite pastime with some of our men.

Crops throughout the county are in a very promising condition.

The scenery along the Pennsylvania Railroad is grand at present.

Green apples and castor oil are now affecting the American urchin.

Ice water should be used with moderation during the heated term.

What is generosity?—Giving to others what you don't want yourself.

We have got the weather for hoeing cabbage, but not the disposition.

Company G will have dress parade at nine o'clock Wednesday morning.

The great Hornedfrombansas, will be on exhibition at the Military Festival.

The pleasantest hours of the day are those between 4 and 6 o'clock in the morning.

Many of the farmers in this vicinity have already commenced cutting their meadow grass.

Don't fail to go to the Military Festival. Admission only five cents; children under 15 years free.

"Frozen gin" is a popular summer drink in London. It may be classed under the head of "liquor ice."

Hochstetler will have time to make you a new suit after the Fourth. Fits guaranteed. Call at Schrock's.

The postal card has a scientific end. It's not returned to the Dead Letter office, but is cremated after sixty days.

What became of that Mt. Pleasant party that was to be here on the 29th? Did they take Timbuctoo instead, Cooper?

A large number of American manufacturers have just been awarded premiums at the Australian International Exhibition.

Go forth in haste, with bills and paste,
Proclaim to all creation
That men are wise who advertise
In the present generation.

Under the influence of the Murphy movement, arrests in Philadelphia for drunkenness have fallen off sixty per cent.

The heads of some of the young men about town remind us very much of an old-fashioned hair trunk after years of travel.

Milton Pile, the young man who had his leg broken while wrestling some weeks ago, is able to be up and about on crutches.

Gov. Hartranft has issued a warrant for the execution of Thos. P. Fisher, a Mollie Maguire of Carbon county, to take place on September 10th.

The girl of the period is taking mild exercise now-a-days by playing hop, step and jump. Thirty feet is the best attained by the boss jumper of this town.

As we announced last week the Lutheran Church at this place will be dedicated July the 8th. The brethren throughout the county are invited to be present.

The Pennsylvania editors, gentlemen who sit supinely at their desks, while the quill drivers do all the work in the back office, rested from their labors at the Delaware Water Gap last week. Every time they gasped they said "water" but the bar keeper knew them of old and set out "gin and sugar."

A small boy, who no harm apprehended,
To the tree cautiously ascended
For an immature peach
That hung out of reach,
The funeral was largely attended.

Are you a Township officer? If so, do you know that you make yourself liable to prosecution and a heavy fine for neglecting to publish a statement of your accounts?

The Art Gallery will be the great attraction at the Soldiers' Festival, and no one should fail to see it. The pictures are rare and secured at great expense and much trouble.

A gallon of warm water poured on a pailful of walnut leaves will make a safe wash for horses and cattle, and save them the annoyance of flies. We recommend its use daily until we hear of something better.

There will be a poor show for the American eagle to spread himself at Berlin on the Fourth. Hons. A. H. Coffroth, W. H. Koontz and W. J. Baer are going to orate on the occasion. Poor bird!—*Bedford Gazette.*

Street Commissioner Davis and his corps of efficient workmen are still busily engaged in cleaning our streets. The improvement already made is marked, but in the language of the hymn-book "there is room for millions more."

E. R. Wilson, of Antioch, Contra Costa Co., California, has written us to know whether Israel or William Guppy reside in this county. Anyone knowing of their whereabouts will please either notify Mr. Wilson or the editor of the HERALD.

The temperance meeting announced for the first Saturday evening in July is withdrawn on account of religious services being held at that time. The next regular meeting will be the first Saturday evening in August next.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

It brings tears to the eyes of the sensitive moral person to notice the peculiar expression of a young lady's countenance when she observes, while pinning a button-hole bouquet on the lappel of her adored one's coat, a half-pint flask in his inside pocket.

BERLIN HOUSE.—Late Brollier House. J. C. Davis, Prop. This house has been newly furnished and refitted throughout. Its location is the best in Berlin, being in centre of town and nearest B. V. R. R. Boarding by the week, day or meal. Good stable attached.

Men are at work in some of the neighboring counties collecting money from farmers who own patent hay forks, claiming the fork to be an infringement on a patent owned by them. Look out for them and don't let them swindle you. They are base imposters and cheats.

An exchange says: "To keep a bouquet fresh, drop a tablespoonful of powdered charcoal into the water intended for flower stalks, and they will keep their freshness and perfume for several days, and smell the same as those just gathered. The charcoal settles to the bottom of the vessel and the water remains clear.

The Russian Court invited Dr. Ayer and his family to the Archduke's wedding in the Royal Palace. This distinction was awarded him not only because he was an American, but also because his name as a physician has become favorably known in Russia on its passage around the world.—*Pueblo (Col.) People.*

The prospects of the peach crop this year are exceedingly bright. The growers in Delaware are watching their trees with great interest, and feel assured that the yield will far exceed anything yet known, and how to get rid of the expected surplus is what is bothering them just now.

In the HERALD of June 13th, a brief account, written by a correspondent, was given of the burning of the house of Capt. Morrow, at Harnedsville, in which several inaccuracies occured, from which we desire to clear our worthy correspondent. The old gentleman is 83 years old and not 50, his daughter was absent at Pittsburgh and not at home as the article stated.

On Tuesday evening, June 26th, Miss Anna M. Baker, of Mt. Pleasant, lectured in the Lutheran church, at this place, on the "Past, Present and Future Girl."—The subject was handled in a masterly manner, that made it pleasant and attractive to the audience. We regret that Miss Baker did not have a larger audience, but then Somerset people will patronize anything but a lecture.

We wish to call attention to the card of Mr. Samuel Pile, in another column. Persons dealing with him are always sure of getting the best and freshest goods in the market. His stock is large and complete, comprising as it does, everything in the line of Groceries and Confections. We bespeak for him a liberal amount of patronage.

A box of Glenn's Sulphur Soap, which contains three cakes and costs only sixty cents, is sufficient to supply material for at least twenty Sulphur Baths which would eradicate a whole catalogue of rheumatic and cutaneous maladies. Sold by all Druggists.

Depot, Crittenton's No. 7 Sixth Avenue, New York. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 cts.

The Rochester *Democrat* has an exchange which it says drops into Biblical language very naturally and very wisely, thus: "The wise daughter is the pride of her father, yea, her mother also doth delight in her; but the foolish maiden bringeth sorrow. She hangs on the front gate; she tippeth up her hat over her left ear. Her eye is full of the old Nick. She glanceth over her left shoulder when she promenades on Main street. Her handkerchief also is seen. Then the dry goods clerk says, 'Ha! ha!' He smileth to himself; he maketh mistakes in the measure of calico."

Up in Bellefonte they are having a Catholic fair to-day, July Fourth, 1877. Now there is nothing remarkable about this fact, but there is about the fact that a gold headed cane is to be voted to either the editor of the *Watchman* or *Republican*. The latter is expected to win votes on account of his steady habits and his resemblance to the "heroes of the books we used to all pretend to read when we attended S. S.," while the former's strong hold is "general orneryness."

Our typo friend, Mr. I. J. Heffley, has left at our office a copy of his latest musical production, the "National Guard's March," arranged for the piano or organ. This march is dedicated to Company G, and we advise all the Somerset (and all other) young ladies who have "luvyers" in the Company to procure it, and you other girls who would like to have a soldier lover should procure it by all means. It is strongly recommended by the boys of Company G to their soldier friends at other places. Price 20 cents. Address, Irvin J. Heffley, Somerset, Pa.

That's it, Congenial. We have been striving for a long, long, weary time to discover why we could not have gas works in Somerset, and just as we were on the point of giving it up as a conundrum too hard to be solved, along comes the Bedford *Inquirer* with congenial. Bedford tried to have its streets and dwellings lighted with gas, but after having an estimate made of the cost, and finding that it figured $25,000, the *Inquirer* discovered that "the moneyed enterprise elements are not congenial." That's it, not congenial. Oh! Bedford we thank thee for that word.

WHAT THE BILIOUS REQUIRE. Since torpidity of the liver is the chief cause of its disorder, it is evident that what the bilious require is an alterative stimulant which will arouse it to activity, an effect that is followed by the disappearance of the various symptoms indicative of its derangement. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters invariably achieve the primary result mentioned, besides removing the constipation, flatulence, heart-burn, yellowness of the skin and whites of the eyes, pain in right side and under the right shoulder, nausea, vertigo and sick headache, to which bilious invalids are peculiarly subject. As a remedy for chronic indigestion, mental despondency and nervousness the Bitters are equally efficacious, and as a renovant of lost vigor, a means of arresting premature decay, and a source of relief from the infirmities to which the gentler sex is peculiarly subject, they may be thoroughly relied upon.

The Brookville *Republican* says: Some of our people complain of the ravages of a new insect that is damaging their fruit trees. It is a small, dark colored, moth-shaped worm, which stings the limbs of the trees and bores holes in the growing fruit, causing each to wither and die. It is a new visitor, and it is heartily wished, by owners of apple and pear trees in particular, that it make its stay as short as possible.

SAD ACCIDENT.—On Monday last while a thirteen month old son of Dehrich Phillippi, of Somerset Twp., was playing around the landing at the head of the stairs, one of the banisters gave way and he fell to the floor below, striking on his head and shoulder. He was picked up in an unconscious state, and a physician summoned who pronounced the child badly injured internally. The little fellow lingered until Tuesday night when his soul passed over the river to Him who said "Suffer little children to come unto me." The almost heart-broken father and mother have the sympathy of the entire community in this their affliction.

The seventeen-year locusts are appearing in immense quantities in the forests of Pike county. At Milford, Pa., scarcely any have been seen, while two miles from the village the woods are literally swarming. The mountains for miles north, south, east and west resound with their continuous singing. Nor only are twigs and limbs of towering trees bowed down by their weight, but grain fields in many places appear like thick black clouds, so thick are the insects, and thrifty stalks of grain are bent to the ground by their weight. In 1860 there were millions in that section, but their appearance then was no comparison with the present year.

HOW IT IS DONE.—The first object in life with the American people is to "get rich;" the second, how to regain good health. The first can be obtained by energy, honesty and saving; the second (good health,) by using GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER. Should you be a despondent sufferer from any of the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, &c., such as Sick Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Dizziness of the Head, Nervous Prostration, Low Spirits, &c., you need not suffer another day. Two doses of August Flower will relieve you at once.—Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Positively sold by all first-class Druggists in the U. S.

The formation of a secret society, to protest against the reduction of wages, was perfected in Connellsville, on Tuesday and Wednesday nights of last week. The managers of the Connellsville line on receiving information of their action ordered the dismissal of every man who connected himself with the movement, and in accordance discharged 12 to 15 engineers, 15 to 18 firemen, 20 to 25 brakemen, 3 conductors and 1 switchman. The places of the parties dismissed were filled without any trouble. Eight or nine firemen were promoted to the positions of engineer, and their places filled with good men.

The Western *Reformer* has the following timely advice in regard to ridding the garden of the bugs, etc.: "To destroy bugs on squash and cucumber vines, dissolve a teaspoonful of saltpetre in a pail full of water; put one pint of this around each hill, shaping the earth so it will not spread much and the thing is done. Use more saltpetre if you can afford it—it is good for vegetable but death for animal life. The bugs burrow in the earth at night and fall to rise in the morning. It is also good for the "grub" in peach trees only use twice as much, say a quart to each tree. There was not a yellow or blistered leaf on twelve or fifteen trees to which it was applied last season. No danger of killing any vegetables with it."

THINK FOR YOURSELF. Thousands lead miserable lives, suffering from dyspepsia, a disordered stomach and liver, producing biliousness, heart-burn, costiveness, weakness, irregular appetite, low spirits, raising food after eating, and often ending in fatal attacks of fever. They know they are sick, yet get little sympathy. The unfailing remedy, which is yearly restoring thousands, is DaCosta's Radical Cure.

For sale by G. W. Benford.

A 25c bottle will convince you of its merits. Don't delay another hour after reading this, but go and get a bottle, and your relief is as certain as you live. Will you do it or will you continue to suffer? Think for yourself.

Also Agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, which never fails. Pleasant to take, and requires no physic. Price 25 cents.

A CLEAR HEADED JUDGE.—There is a level headed judge in Luzerne county, who believes extravagant funerals to be out of place when the deceased leaves a small estate as a legacy for a large family of dependent children, to say nothing of unpaid creditors. In a recent case heard in the Orphans' Court the Judge called for the vouchers for the items termed "funeral expenses," returned by the administrator. The bill so returned footed up $139 75, while the decedent's personal estate was only $581,82, and the Judge refused to allow the claim to be paid out of the estate, but told the administrator in effect that if he wanted to enjoy the luxury of an expensive funeral he must pay for it himself. On this subject the Court remarked: "It is not necessary to have a pompous procession of great length, in which figure conspicuously waving plumes—the prancing livery steed, harnessed upholstered vehicles and a glistening silver plated casket in which is placed the cold clay clothed in raiment as costly as the richest he wore when living. Neither is a pile of carved marble with poetic inscriptions set over the tomb in a conspicuous corner lot in the city of the dead, necessary for a Christian burial. Have the terms grave, coffin and shroud, been forgotten by everybody? Such parades as are called "fine funerals" may gratify the vanity of the living, but no respect for the dead demands them, and where a decedent's estate is limited, or where he leaves a family of helpless children, the expenses of such burials will not be allowed out of this estate."

OBITUARY.—Mrs. Rachael Dibert, of Johnstown, departed this life on Monday morning, June 25th, at 1 o'clock, aged 75 years, 4 month and 12 days.

Few persons were better known to this community than the deceased. Her birthplace was in the neighborhood of Dibertsville, Somerset county, where she lived with her father, Mr. Christian Blough, a Mennonite farmer, until the age of twenty-two years, when she became united in marriage with Mr. John Dibert. For nearly twenty years they resided in Dibertsville; Mr. Dibert being there engaged in farming, milling and tanning. In April, 1846, they removed to Johnstown; Mr. D. here actively engaging in merchandising and manufacturing. For a few years they also resided in and kept the old Mansion House, corner of Main and Franklin streets.

The husband of the deceased, Mr. John Dibert, is well remembered by our older citizens as an earnest, industrious, exemplary man. He was a descendant of a Hollander, who emigrated from Amsterdam over a century ago; and seemed to have inherited the thrift, perseverance, and other good traits proverbial with the Dutch people. He died in November, 1849, aged 49 years.

Mrs. Rachel Dibert lived to attain the ripe age of three score and thirteen years—to be a blessing and solace to her children and grand-children, of whom seven children, forty-three grand-children, and one great grand-child, are living. One family now residing in Topeka, Kansas; one in Lancaster, Pa.; and one in Trenton, N. J.; while the others have their homes in Johnstown.

The deceased was always known as a kind mother and good christian woman. From early life she was a consistent member of the church, and was ever dearly beloved by those who were associated with her. As a friend has said, "her religion was demonstrative, cheerful and happy; and she so demonstrated the christian graces as to earn the respect and confidence of the whole community, irrespective of social or religious peculiarities."

Her funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon. At two o'clock her remains were taken from her late residence on Locust street to the First M. E. Church where appropriate services were conducted and a sermon delivered by Rev. Wm. Lynch, and from thence to Sandy vale Cemetery, where she was by tender hands and bereaved hearts laid in her last resting place until the last trump shall awaken her to glories held in reservation for the pure in heart—the ever blessed.

Her relatives and friends will ever retain a sweet remembrance of her character and worth.

BLYMYER has made great reductions in prices of Hardware. You can buy goods just as cheap from him as you can buy them in the city. He buys his goods from the manufacturer, and in large quantities, and therefore buys them at the very lowest prices, and is determined now to sell goods at a very low price. Call and see him and get his prices, his stock is very complete, including Building Hardware, Paint and Glass, Oils, Varnishes, and Wooden Pumps. Again we say, call and see Blymyer, and buy your hardware from him and you will save money.

Late on Friday night last, says the *Press*, the shoe shop belonging to Wm. Lysinger, at Ray's Hill, was broken into and robbed of about thirty-five dollars worth of boots and shoes, by two tramps who had been lurking about that vicinity during the day. They were traced as far as Mullenix's farm house, about two miles west of Everett, at which place they had called for something to eat, early in the morning. After this point, no one saw or heard anything concerning them, and it was conjectured by the pursuers that they took to the woods to take a "snooze," after traveling all night. This proved correct, for after nightfall the tramps took to the road again, and about nine o'clock they were captured with the plunder in their possession, one mile this side of Pattonville. Each of them had a new pair of boots on, which they were ordered to take off, and after delivering up the stolen goods they were left go on their way rejoicing. These poor devils ought to have been permitted "to play checkers with their noses" for a while at least, for their misdoings. We wouldn't be surprised to hear of the rascals plying their vocation at some other place before long.—*Bedford Gazette.*

There are many young men in this place who fully intend to be drunk on the coming Fourth of July, that being the method of celebrating the nation's birthday which commends itself to their taste and judgment. There are also many young men who have not deliberately come to the same determination, but who will, all the same, be hopelessly and irresponsibly inebriated on the same festive occasion. Either of these classes might not listen to a temperance lecture, but when they start out on the glorious morning to enjoy themselves, they are respectfully and earnestly advised to leave behind them their revolvers, if they have any. It on last New Year's day, James Blake, of New York, who has just been sent by the General Sessions to Sing-Sing for the remainder of his natural life, had kept his holiday unarmed, his respectable family would not now be mourning his disgraceful fate. This young Blake has always been an excellent character, but it appears that he did not deserve it, being, as the District Attorney puts it, one of those youths, "who after they have taken a few drinks, feel disposed to quarrel with and shoot the first man they come across." There is a good deal said just now, very properly, of the danger of fire crackers on the Fourth of July, but the danger of pocket pistols is quite as serious. Wherefore, those possessors of these deadly instruments, had better leave them locked up at home, not only upon Independence Day, but upon all other days and nights. This is the country's shooting season, the game being mainly human beings, and a little precaution may save those who are by no means all bad from the fate of Mr. Blake.

THE ROSS MYSTERY—THE END NEAR AT HAND.—For some days past we have been silent concerning the Ross matter and have kept at work developing and watching developments. This silence we should still preserve, deeming it for the best interests of all who are working in the matter, were it not for the fact that obtaining a partial knowledge of moves on the board, parties in Baltimore have telegraphed the meagre information they could gain to a Philadelphia paper concerning it. This information, while not in itself important, covers movements and developments which are startling, and consist in the fact that on Friday detectives Logan, Nelson, Parker, and a reporter of the Philadelphia *Times* were in Baltimore, following up a clue which could not be followed without terminating in a personal consultation at our office.

We were not astonished, on Friday, when the three above named persons walked into our sanctum, and after a long conversation we were convinced that we had the whole matter in a *cul de sac*, and that the delivery of the boy was only a question of time, and a lack of the right time had for a few days defeated that purpose.

The persons we have named have been for some time in direct communication with the parties who have the child, and throughout have dealt fairly with them, and been dealt fairly with as far as they know. There are different parties in the case, however, some of them suspicious, unsatisfied and opposed to giving him up. It was the intention of the party we have alluded to, to leave Philadelphia last Tuesday for a certain fixed point, and before this many hearts would have been glad, but on the night preceding the intended day of departure, Nelson Parker was attacked on the streets of Philadelphia by two men, who threw red pepper in his eyes, blinding him, and then cut and stabbed him evidently intending to put an end to him and the clue at the same time.

In this they were not successful, but Nelson Parker was injured in such a way as to cause a delay of the party for one day, and upon their arrival at the indicated point, it was found that they were too late to accomplish their purpose. They however, confided themselves in their belief that they were on the right track.

This postpones the discovery, and leaves much ground to be worked over, but Charlie Ross will be recovered. The utmost good faith will be observed with the parties who now have the boy, they will never be brought to punishment, and they will be paid a certain sum which they have been promised. We need not say more, the great mystery is about to be solved, the boy will be returned to his home, and like all other things the Charlie Ross abduction will cease to agitate the world.—*York (Pa.) Democrat.*

DIED.

BRUBAKER.—Thursday morning, June 21, 1877, George Brubaker, aged 43 years, 10 months and 2 days.

SHAULIS.—On Monday, June 25, 1877, Mrs Savilla Shaulis, aged 26 years and 16 days.

OUR NEW-YORK LETTER.

NEW YORK, June 29, 1877.

JEWS AT THE HOTELS

The great sensation in New York, just now, is the action of Judge Hilton, the representative of the Stewart estate, in excluding Jews from the Grand Union Hotel at Saratoga. The Grand Union is the largest summer hotel in the world, and the most exclusive. Joseph Seligman, one of the wealthiest bankers in this city, has, for some years lived at the Grand Union, with his family, during the summer months, and he applied last week for suitable apartments for this season. Much to Mr. Seligman's disgust, the clerk informed him that he could not have rooms, and when asked for a reason said that Judge Hilton had instructed him to refuse all Jews! To say that there was a storm would be to put it mildly. Be it known that the Jews are enormously wealthy in New York, and are, moreover, numerous. They are the largest bankers and among the largest merchants, and they control the theatrical and operatic business. There was a buzzing among them, and a newspaper war of vast dimensions was the result. Judge Hilton gave as his reason for his action that any hotel was ruined the moment it became known as a Jew house, for the reason that the Jews are all loud, coarse, obtrusive and filthy. He said they would get rooms at the lowest possible rates, and snuggle into them all their visitors; that they were filthy in their habits, and that they swarm in such numbers as to monopolize the piazzas; that in so public a place as a hotel they had privileges as guests which gave them license to be disagreeable to other people; that their women were gross, vulgar and over-dressed,—in short he wouldn't have them about at any price. On the other hand, the Jews insist that they are as quiet and gentlemanly as any other class, that they pay their bills and have a right to all accommodations that other people have. And the Jews of the United States are withdrawing their trade from Stewart's, and there is a war rivaling in bitterness the one raging in Europe. It is true that there are a class of Jews of the kind Judge Hilton describes. Many a banker now worth his millions and living in gorgeous style, came into the city with his pack on his back, and made his commencement in the alleys and by-ways. Manners don't come with money, and it is not to be expected that such a man should possess all the graces of good society. His daughters, dress they ever so well, will be vulgar, and his sons, no matter how large the diamonds they wear, will be nothing but snobs. Such are doubtless disagreeable at hotels, and are not to be desired, and it is rue the Jews have more than their share of them. But it is true, on the other hand, that there are thousands of Jews who have both wealth and manners, and who are as well grounded in all that makes the gentleman or lady as anybody. Hilton made a mistake in rejecting the Jews as a race,—he should have rejected the bad Jews. The people will not brook a line so drawn. Class distinctions are out of place in this country, and forty Judge Hiltons with forty times the Stewart estate back of them, can not make them. It will kill the trade of the Stewart establishment, and will hurt the Grand Union Hotel. For whether one likes Jews or not, fair play is the jewel. The papers are full of the subject.

THE TWEED SUIT.

Townsend, Tweed's attorney, publishes a tremendous arraignment of Fairchild, the Attorney-General. Townsend claims that Fairchild deceived Tweed, by promising to let him go if he would make a clean breast of it; that Tweed did so promise and stood ready to give information that would have saved the State two millions, and would have brought the whole gang to justice; but that Fairchild in the interest of John Kelly and to smirch the reputation of certain men, used such portions of what Tweed confided to him as would serve his purpose, and then refused to let him go on the score that his testimony is worth nothing. The true inwardness of it all is that Tweed is about as honest as a thousand more who are in both parties. There is a very wide-spread dread of seeing him on the stand, which is probably the reason why he is kept in duress. There are Republicans who took Tweed's money, in fact his gigantic frauds could not have been carried out without help from the Republican party, and they are shaking in their shoes. There are plenty of Democrats whom the public esteem who are spotted with it, and there is a wide-spread uneasiness that Tweed, when he does get on the stand, will prove a bull in a china shop and kick over a great many very pretty kettles of fish. No one knows whom the old man will strike when he gets within striking distance, and there are hundreds who do not want him to have a chance to hit. As it stands, the prosecution has been an absurd farce. No one has been punished but Tweed, and he is no worse than the rest of them. Sweeny gets off by paying back about a twentieth of what he stole, and Ingersoll was out within a few weeks of the time he went in, and the rest of the gang have never been hurt a particle. The prosecutions have cost the city four times as much as has ever been realized from the thieves by restitution, and so absurd has it become that the moral effect of Tweed's imprisonment is gone. For, owing to Fairchild's treatment of the case and the skillful manipulation of his attorneys, Tweed is now looked upon as a martyr, and is more pitied than blamed. It is a sad ending. New York is in as bad hands to-day as it was when Tweed reigned, and is entering upon another term of fraud and corruption. The twenty millions that the big ring stole, only served to whet the appetite of those who got a bite of it for a full meal.

POLITICAL

The city is stirred up on the silver question. New York is inflexibly opposed to the remonetizing of silver, and the business world stigmatizes the making silver a legal tender as only another form of inflation. Debts due other countries can no more be paid in silver than they can in greenbacks, and the production is so enormous that a still further decline is considered certain. The city will fight it to the death, and gold is the only standard that is acceptable; every Member from the city will be instructed to favor no financial scheme that looks to make anything but gold the standard of values. The cleansing of the Custom-House is going on satisfactorily. The old suckers are mostly cleaned out and a class of men who are willing to work for the government are in their places. The post-office, never so bad as the Custom-House, for skilled men were necessary there, is also being shorn of many men, and a stricter discipline and more efficiency in the service is being had. In short, there is a cleaning up all round, which is as gratifying as it was unexpected. The people have discovered that President Hayes was in dead earnest in the matter of civil service reform, and they rejoice exceedingly. But it strikes the old bummers with awful force. Those who have already lost their heads fill the bar rooms with their lamentations. It is a bad time for office-holders, who depend upon the strength of "Our Member." "Our Member" isn't as great a man as he was once. The merchants report a better feeling among the business men of the South. As absurd as was the howl about military occupation, the removal of the troops from the South did have some effect in stimulating that section. The Southern people have now a certainty of a policy, and they can make their calculations accordingly. The sentiment in the city is overwhelmingly in favor of the President among men of all parties who have anything to risk, and he is growing in strength every day.

PIETRO.

Burglar Shot.

WASHINGTON, N. J., June 28.—A farmer named Cranston, living near Hackettstown, this morning shot and killed Burton Mitchell, who was attempting to burglarize the house of the farmer. Mitchell was a member of a gang of marauders who for some time past have been the terror to the farming communities of Warren and Hunterdon counties.

Killed by Lightning.

HALIFAX, June 26.—A house in Trinity, Newfoundland, was struck by lightning. William Guy was instantly killed and his wife rendered insensible.

The Killing of Capt. Jones.

The Columbus (Ga.) *Enquirer* has the following in reference to the killing of Capt. Catesby F. Jones in Selma, Ala.: "Capt. Catesby F. Jones, who was second in command of the iron-clad Merrimac at the time she nearly destroyed the Federal fleet in Hampton Roads, died in Selma, Ala., on Thursday last from wounds received at the hands of A. J. Harrall, a leading merchant of that place, the day previous. From all the information we can gather, it seems that Jones' son, aged 7, and Harrall's son, aged 10, became involved in a difficulty and fought, young Jones whipping Harrall. Upon investigation Mrs. Jones found her boy was to blame, and wrote an apologetic note to Mrs. Harrall, who was a near neighbor, and made her boy carry the note, with instructions to apologize to young Harrall, and also to give some fruit to the latter to add to the pleasantness. On the arrival of young Jones, Mrs. Harrall, without perceiving the note at all, told her boy he had to whip Jones' boy, whereupon they fought, which would have resulted in a second victory for Jones but for the interference of Mrs. Mabry, who took young Jones home, and told Capt. Jones of the fact. He got his hat and usual walking-cane and went to Harrall's arriving at the residence, he was asked by Harrall if he came for a difficulty. He answered 'No, but you acted very contemptibly in allowing the boys to fight.' Other words ensued, and Harrall, drawing a pistol, shot Jones in the right breast, from which he expired the following day."

SOMERSET MARKET

Corrected by COOK & BERKITE.
DEALERS IN
CHOICE GROCERIES, FLOUR & FEED.

Apples, dried, ℔ lb	5c
Applebutter, ℔ gal	40@50c
Bran, ℔ 100 lbs	$1 50
Butter, ℔ lb (keg)	18@20
Butter, ℔ lb (roll)	18c
Buckwheat, ℔ bushel	90c
" meal, 100 lbs	$300
Beeswax, ℔ lb	25c
Bacon, shoulders, ℔ lb	10c
" sides, "	12½c
" country ham, ℔ lb	12c
Corn, (ear) ℔ bushel	90c
Corn, (shelled) ℔ bushel	90c
Corn meal ℔ lb	2c
Calf skins, ℔ lb	8c
Eggs, ℔ doz	12½c
Flour, ℔ bbl	$7 50
Flaxseed ℔ bu. (56 lb)	75c
Hams, (sugar-cured) ℔ lb	15c
Lard, ℔ lb	12½@15c
Leather, red sole, ℔ lb	30@33c
" upper "	35@70c
" kip "	75@90c
Middlings, white, 100 lbs	$1 10
Oats, ℔ bu	30@35c
Potatoes, ℔ bu	50@60c
Peaches, dried, ℔ lb	15c
Rye ℔ bu	$1 00
Rags ℔ lb	2½
Salt, No. 1, ℔ bbl, extra	$2 25
" Ground Alum, per sack	$2 00
" Ashton, per sack	$4 50
Sugar, yellow ℔ lb	10@12½c
" white "	12½@14c
Tallow, ℔ lb	7c
Wheat, ℔ bus	$2 20
Wool, ℔ lb	40@50c

New Advertisements.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

ASK the recovered dyspeptics, bilious sufferers, victims of fever and ague, the mercurial diseased patients how they recovered health, cheerful spirits and good appetite; they will tell you by taking SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

The Cheapest, Purest and Best Family Medicine in the World.

For DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, &c., &c.

This unrivaled Southern Remedy is warranted not to contain a single particle of Mercury, of any injurious mineral substance, but is

PURELY VEGETABLE,

containing those Southern Roots and Herbs, which an allwise Providence has placed in countries where Liver Diseases most prevail. It will cure all Diseases caused by derangement of the Liver and Bowels.

The SYMPTOMS of Liver Complaint are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth; Pain in the Back, Sides or Joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; Sour Stomach; Loss of Appetite; Bowels alternately costive and lax; Headache; Loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; Debility, Low Spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the Skin and Eyes, a dry cough often mistaken for Consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few; but the LIVER, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of disease, and if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and DEATH will ensue.

I can recommend as an efficacious remedy for diseased Liver, Heartburn and Dyspepsia, Simmons' Liver Regulator. LEWIS G. WYNKOP, 1625 Master Street, Assistant Post Master, Philadelphia.

"We have tested its virtues, personally, and know that for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and Throbbing Headache, it is the best medicine the world ever saw. We have tried forty other remedies, before Simmons' Liver Regulator, but none of them gave us more than temporary relief; but the Regulator, not only relieved, but cured us."—ED. TALMAGE AND MESSENGER, Macon, Ga.

BAD BREATH!

Nothing is so unpleasant, nothing so common, as bad breath, and in nearly every case it comes from the stomach, and can be so easily corrected if you will take Simmons' Regulator. Do not neglect so sure a remedy for this repulsive disorder. It will also improve your Appetite, Complexion, and general Health.

SICK HEADACHE.

This distressing affliction occurs most frequently. The disturbance of the stomach, arising from imperfectly digested contents, causes a severe pain in the head, accompanied with disagreeable nausea, and this constitutes what is popularly known as Sick Headache. For prompt relief

Take Simmons' Liver Regulator, or Medicine,

As a Remedy in

MALARIOUS FEVERS, BOWEL COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, MENTAL DEPRESSION, RESTLESSNESS, JAUNDICE, NAUSEA, SICK HEADACHE, COLIC, CONSTIPATION and BILIOUSNESS.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Price $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.

July 4.

STATEMENT

OF THE

SOMERSET BOROUGH school district, for the year ending June 30, 1877.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. on hand at last settlement	$ 14 60
From State appropriation	272 32
From taxes collectors	1,200 41
From Josiah Keller	25 29
Total receipts	$ 1,512 62

EXPENDITURES.

Salaries of teachers	$1,250 00
Janitors, fuel and contingencies	142 99
Repairs to property	196 46
Warrants for payment of certificates	927 77
Unpaid warrants of last year, paid this year	292 93
Salaries of Treas. and Sec	69 79
Total	$ 2,879 93

LIABILITIES OF DISTRICT.

Due on outstanding warrants	$ 571 00
Due on outstanding certificates	245 43
Total liabilities of district	$ 816 43

RESOURCES OF DISTRICT.

Amount due from collectors	$1,309 22
Net surplus to credit of district for the new year	$ 492 79

July 4.

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Court of