The Somerset Herald.

EDWARD SCULL, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY.....July 15, 1891.

THE wheat yield in fifty counties in "poor mortgaged Kansas," lying along the Rock Island Road, is estimated at 24,500,000.

A Louisville preacher the other day exclaimed, "Thank God there are no newspapers in heaven!" Does the reverened gentleman think that preachers will be needed there.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* pertinently inquires, "Would it not be better for Chairman Andrews to 'retire under fire' than that the Republican party of Pennsylvania should be retired under fire?"

ARE the Democrats mad because the country is prospering? If not, why do they continue to assert that the Treasury is bankrupt, and persistently oppose the establishment of new manufacturing industries?

A lot of Missouri "White Caps," a few nights since, attempted to whip a citizen. The man's wife shot two of them with a rifle and drove the balance away. The State ought to pension that woman for her resistance of mob law.

THE People's party in Kansas has rejected the overtures of the Democrats in that State for an alliance. One alliance with Democrats was enough for the Kansas farmers. Kansas will long remember the alliance that defeated Ingalls.

THE Allegheny County Republican Committee, on Saturday last, endorsed the three Judges (one of them a Democrat) lately appointed by Governor Pattison, and it looks as if there was a row on hand.

A dispatch from Vernon, Texas, says "the farmers are in distress. They had calculated on twenty bushels of wheat to the acre, and it is threshing out thirty, and they have to build new bins and buy new sacks." Another argument for the Alliance party.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has appointed a grandson of old Ben Wade, a grandson of General Sherman, a son of General Baldy Smith, and a son of Commodore Ramsay as cadets at West Point. There is nothing in blood if they don't, every one, make good and true soldiers.

WHEN the Republicans first came into power a Democratic National Administration had just obtained a loan of $25,000,000 at 12 per cent.; now a Republican Administration is placing a loan of double that amount at 2 per cent. The difference between Democratic and Republican financeering needs no further comment.

IF Pennsylvania should go Democratic this fall, Governor Pattison will be a leading candidate for the Presidential nomination next year, say our Democratic friends. Ah! could that little "if" only be eliminated? Says an oft-told tale, "If the dog hadn't stopped —— he would have caught the rabbit."

"THE Lord intended this for a Republican year, and the Lord doesn't make any mistakes. I never in my life saw such a prospect for the farmers in Ohio as at present," says Congressman Enocks, of Ironton, Ohio. Republicanism and prosperity are synonymous terms in this country. It is as impossible to make the people vote the Democratic ticket when they are prosperous as it is to make a child cry when it is happy.

THE Democratic press lets no opportunity escape to denounce the wasteful and iniquitous pension laws. As there is about a million of voters personally interested in these laws, it is a matter of much moment to them to know what the Democratic party intends to do about them. Do they intend to wipe these laws from the statute books? If not, then why keep up the howl against laws they do not propose to repeal?

EVERY working day in the year they make one hundred boxes of tin at Apollo, in our neighboring county of Armstrong, and yet the tin plate liars insist that we do not and cannot make tin in this country. A score or more of factories for the manufacture of tin are being erected in different parts of the country, as rapidly as money, skill and energy can rush them to completion. The making of tin in this country is now a certainty.

DOWN in Louisiana they are not in love with Mr. Cleveland, the Farmers' Alliance wing of the Democracy having declared against the ex-President because, as one of their orators announced, he "has succumbed to the influence of Wall street." Notwithstanding the constant efforts of the friends of Mr. Cleveland to bolster up his candidacy, his chances of success in the next Democratic National Convention are not rosy.

IT is alleged that the Democrats are passing the hat among the importers in New York to raise money to defeat McKinley for Governor of Ohio. Of course, every importer of foreign manufactures is hostile to the McKinley tariff bill and will take a whack at its author; and also, of course, they are backed by the Democratic press of the country, who in this particular are fighting the interests of the nation.

THE success of Secretary Foster in refunding the outstanding 4½ per cent. bonds at 2 per cent. has knocked silly the Democratic calamity howlers. So low a rate of interest has never before been reached in this country. While we are being told by the Democratic press that money is scarce, that free silver coinage must be adopted to increase the amount of currency needed for business, the government finds money so plenty that it has no difficulty in getting over fifty millions at 2 per cent. This fact proves also the utter falsity of the charge, coming from the same source, that the Treasury is bankrupt. The truth is, and everybody knows it, that the credit of our government is so good that it can borrow money at a lower rate than any other nation on the globe, and because this is the result of Republican financial management the silly attempt is made by the Democratic press to alarm the country with tales of impending bankruptcy and ruin.

DEMOCRATIC organs are already beginning to charge that McKinley will make his campaign with boodle furnished by the "protected manufacturers." The illimitable cheek of these organs can be conceived by reading the charges made the other day in the Stark county Democ[illegible] Canton, the home of Major McKinley: "It was openly charged on the floor of the convention that the Campbell delegates were paid $3 a day to attend this convention, just as they were paid to go to the polls and vote for Mr. Warwick last fall; that 25 per cent. of the voters in Stark county were purchasable, and that 2,000 had been hired to vote for Warwick in order to defeat McKinley; that the five editors of Democratic papers in the county were renegade Republicans, who had been bought by the Campbell and Warwick wing of the Democracy. These and other charges were made in Major McKinley's district, not by McKinley's friends but by his enemies, and by those who participated in the steal of McKinley's district. These Democrats did more than make the charges; they offered to prove them, and one delegate presented his account book with the names of 2,000 voters who were paid to vote for Warwick, with the prices, but Governor Campbell's friends would not allow him to read the interesting schedule." Both factions of the party contributed to this testimony of its venality and corruption. And yet, in the face of these admissions, Democrats have the gall to talk about a boodle campaign on part of the Republicans!

Why He Runs for Governor.

WM. McKINLEY, Jr., in New York Recorder.

The Republican party is right, and therefore must win. It has always been right. From 1856 to 1891 it has been conspicuously, courageously and effectively for the whole country.

It has never been against the country. Never for a moment in the thirty-five years of its life has it ever been suspected of being against the country.

It has obeyed the Constitution, and would have everybody else obey it. It believes in that instrument, and placed in it the great cardinal principle of equality among men.

It has brought the country to the highest financial standing and credit.

It has, by its industrial policy, secured to the United States the first rank in manufactures, in mining and in agriculture; and, to the masses of the country, the largest rewards for their labor, genius and energy.

The Conspiracy against Prosperity.

Since the federal government was inaugurated no such gigantic and malignant conspiracy against the public welfare has been known as that which is now being waged by the Democratic leaders, the Democratic press and a portion of the Democratic party. The Rebellion was a war of principle. Constitutional constructions were in controversy which could only be decided by the arbitrament of arms. But this new rebellion has in it no element of the manhood which caused men from the south to stake their lives on the righteousness of their belief. It is a war on the prosperity of the country, and its effects are as disastrous to the followers of Democracy as to Republicans, and strike at all sections alike. It was started with the deliberate intention of breaking down the Republican party, by making times hard, but it would grind the Democrat and the Republican alike if it succeeded. It is the creation of Democratic leaders, is being waged in the Democratic press, and is aided and abetted, encouraged, fostered, promoted and carried on by Democrats only. They cry that times are hard and charge it on the Republican party. They assert that the people are ground down to a bare living and charge it on the Republican party. They charge that gold is being driven out of the country because of Republican financial policy, and that the departure of gold is disastrous to business. They assert that the crops are poor and that prices for farm products are so low that the producers cannot live. They declare that a United States Treasury that has $133,000,000 of cash on hand is bankrupt. They declare that the payment of pensions is draining money from the pockets of the people. They insist that the government is grossly extravagant in its expenditures. They claim that monopolies are eating up the substance of the people. In fact, there is no evil which can come from the administration of government affairs which they do not charge has come upon the country or is coming upon it.

There never was a greater series of lies invented, told, persistently retailed and repeated than has been thrust upon the public through the Democretic press along these lines for two years past. With the facts as to the condition of the country this article will not deal at any length. Every intelligent man in the United States, by an inspection of his own condition, his home comforts, his liberty and freedom, the educational advantages of his children, the circumstances that surround him, can for himself, if his mind is unbiased, refute the charge that there is a dismal present and a more dismal future outlook for the people of this country. The nations of the earth present no other such spectacle of a happy and contented and prosperous people as in the United States, and this prosperity is both present and prospective.

It is the motive that actuates these efforts of the Democracy to prove that the contrary is true with which *The Press* is in conflict. Every patriotic instinct is violated by the conspiracy to decry national prosperity. The meanest traits of human character are brought out. The most despicable sentiment is conjured up and nourished. The cry that the country is going to the dogs but merely because if the people can be made to believe that it is, until after 1892, the Democratic party may elect a President on that issue. It is the cry of "McKinley prices" of last fall, put forth again in new shape, but for the same purpose. There can be no doubt that this broad conspiracy for such a purpose has no inconsiderable effect upon the condition of things. The constant reiteration of such charges makes men timid, conservative to inaction and even panicky. Yet there is no occasion for the belief that this gigantic conspiracy will succeed. On every hand evidences of better times and increasing prosperity are accumulating to such an extent and with such prominence that the people would not be worthy of citizenship if they were not sufficiently intelligent to know the truth. New industries are being created, the crops will be second to those of no year since the nation was formed, prices of products range higher, there will be greater demand for manufactured products, and the general business of the country is improving in tone and healthfulness.

Only the wilfully blind can fail to read the signs. Only the malicious can misrepresent them. But the answer of the people to the conspirators who are seeking to depress and repress the growth of prosperity for their political ends should be as overwhelming as an avalanche and bury them out of sight.—*N. Y. Press.*

State Crop Bulletin.

The Weather Crop Bulletin, issued by the Pennsylvania State Weather Service in co-operation with the United States Weather Bureau, for the week ending July 10, 1891, remarks:

The temperature during the past week has been considerably below the normal, an apparent deficiency of from 7 to 10 degrees per day throughout the State. The lack of sunshine and cold has retarded the growth of corn. Rain has been plentiful, and in many places too much has fallen to be of benefit to crops.

Harvesting and haying is progressing. Large crops have been housed and much more is ready to reap. The late rains have delayed the harvest. The yield of wheat is reported as excellent and of fine quality. The oats crop will be larger than was anticipated.

The heavy hail-storm of the 3d did much damage to corn, tobacco and fruit in the central portions of the State. The storm was very severe in some localities, and its course extended along the Susquehanna River through the State.

The crops as a whole are reported as being in a very satisfactory condition, and the season to be regarded as a prosperous one.

Talk With Secretary Blaine.

BAR HARBOR, Me., July 12.—"Dying, eh?" said Secretary of State James G. Blaine, when called upon by a correspondent to-day. "Well, I guess not much. I am feeling first-rate to-day. To be sure the weather is a trifle too hot and sultry and rather fatigues me, but other than that I am in pretty good spirits and expect to be myself again soon.

The correspondent then settled down for a pleasant chat, and in discussing the various absurd reports circulated about his health Mr. Blaine said: "There has been a good deal of imagination worked in with a few facts into the reports.

"A curious thing about newspapers," said the Secretary, "is that while one gets a thing outrageously wrong on one side, another gets it just as wrong on the other trying to contradict it. They like sensation. They will stretch a fact. They imagine that a truth would not be interesting to their readers. Now I have been ill, not as ill as some would have me, and certainly not as frisky as others have made out, running over the hills, riding horseback and chasing squirrels with my grandchildren.

"Mrs. Blaine is kind enough to read two hours a day to me, though I tell her she will be sick from such action. She reads all the editorials in the noted dailies, and once in a while, to feed my fancy, she turns on to a magazine and sifts the ideas of the literati.

"I have had nothing to do with office since I arrived in Bar Haror. My physician put his foot right down and said if ever I expected to get well I must stop thinking and rest.

"You are not interested in the political rumors then?"

"Not at all. Why should they interest me? I am happy among the trees with my wife and children. I know they are false and when I am well enough I will prove them false. Now I am simply getting myself into shape to deny them and fill my post at the Capital."

"It has been rumored that you will be a candidate for President next year.

To this question the Plumed Knight gave no reply. He simply settled back comfortably in his bamboo rocker and laughed a good healthy laugh, which started from his boots and never stopped rising till it reached his cheeks, where that noticeable dimple shook with fun.

Just then Mrs. Blaine entered. She was in good spirits and said she would be glad to contradict any false statement about her husband's health. "He has been very sick, though," said she, "and we were very much worried. We have been so unfortunate of late I feel that any mishap that turns up may prove fatal. But, dear me, he is so much better now that he is contentedly settled at Bar Harbor, that our fears are drawn away by facts."

The Curse of Kansas.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Ex-Congressman W. B. Perkins, of Kansas, is in the city on business in the departments. Speaking of the situation in his State, he remarked that the success of the Farmers' Alliance was the greatest curse that ever befell the State. "When we were afflicted with the grasshopper, the drouth and all those plagues, we had the sympathy of the people at large," he continued, "but since we have indorsed the Alliance by electing its men to Congress, the public has lost confidence in us as a State. Money is scarce, and it is almost impossible to borrow it. The money that has been in the market has been withdrawn. The leaders of the Alliance have declared for what is practically fiat money and the repudiation of debts.

"Mr. Peffer has publicly said that the people of Kansas are too much involved to pay their debts. Mrs. Lease, one of their champions, is going about organizing societies to prevent the foreclosure of mortgages and collection of debts. My successor, Mr. B. H. Clover, comes to Congress to secure legislation on a platform that declares that the residents of cities are supported by the farmers, and it would be cheaper to keep them in the poor houses than as tradesmen in the cities."

Referring to the actual condition of business in Kansas, he said: "In all the State, save in a few cities in the mineral belt, there is not a nail being driven or a shingle put on. All improvement has stopped, and the intelligent farmers are beginning to realize that instead of helping them, the Alliance has added to their evils and precipitated additional misfortunes upon them.

Much Married.

PORT JEFFERSON, N. Y., July 19.—Oliver W. Petty, aged 20, son of a well-to-do merchant in this village, has brought suit against his wife Katie for divorce. Katie is locked up in the Riverhead jail on a charge of bigamy.

She was tried the last term of court, but the jury disagreed. Her maiden name was Mott, and she has had a remarkable career. She never went to school, and at the age of 12 years married a man named Nugent. Four months after she married another man named Gridley.

Two years later, when she was but 14 years of age, she married a man named Fox. Young Petty was her fourth husband, and she met him when she was 17 years of age at Patachogue. Petty took his bride to his father's house, and it was not long before his father learned something of Katie's past life. Her arrest for bigamy then followed, and she was taken to Riverhead jail, where she has since remained.

When she was placed on trial the girl testified that she did not know what marriage was until she became the wife of Fox. She never regarded herself as the wife of either of the other men.

Her counsel claimed that none of the marriages, save that with Fox, were legal, and the law had dissolved the bond which would have been a bar to her marriage with Petty. The young woman does not look to be more than 16 years of age.

A Boy Forced to be a Burglar.

PITTSBURG, July 9.—Little Charlie Snowden, a bright chap of but eight summers, fell into the hands of the Pittsburg police about midnight last night, and told such a blood-curdling tale in such a convincing way that he has been turned over to the Humane Society for safe-keeping until the proper authorities can be heard from.

Charlie says his father is a professional thief holding forth at Wheeling, and because he wanted to train the lad up as a burglar the boy fled to Pittsburg. The boy declares that his father, whose name is George Snowden, is the leader of a gang. It was their practice to use the lad to crawl through windows and coal holes of the houses they wanted to burglarize. If he refused they threatened to kill him.

Recently, when the gang supposed Charlie to be asleep, they one night planned a desperate burglary near Wheeling. Next day the boy heard that the old man they robbed was killed in the encounter. Charlie wanted to tell the police, but was afraid, so he did the next best thing—he ran away. Inspector McAleese is confident the boy is not telling a fairytale, and he has taken the case in hand.

Will Try to Get Rain.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Colonel Dyrenforth, of the Department of Agriculture, with two assistants, left here to-day for the interior of Texas, where he will make further experiments in the feasibility of producing rain in arid rigions by exploding balloons charged with oxygen and hydrogen at a considerable height in the air. Tests will also be made in exploding dynamite attached to the tails of huge kites, in connection with the theory that rain may be produced by the concussion of explosions in midair.

The dynamite is to be exploded in the same manner as are the balloons, that is, by a slender wire leading to the kites and connected with an electric battery on the ground. Colonel Dyrenforth will seek some sequestered spot in Texas where the noise will not disturb any one and then make a thorough and exhaustive experiment as to whether or not rain can be produced when needed by means of explosions near the clouds.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

One Shot Killed Both.

NORFOLK, July 11.—A double murder was committed early this morning in Warwick county, this state, Leon McPherson being one unfortunate victim, and his little girl, aged six, the other. The cause resulted from a feud between the McPherson family and that of Joseph McRay. A short time before the fatal difficulty the two men had a dispute over the ownership of certain ground. Blows were passed between the two men and a threat was made by McRay to shoot his antagonist if he built his fence on his ground, which McPherson swore he would do.

Nothing more was said until this morning, when Leon McPherson took his tools and with materials, proceeded to erect his fence in spite of his neighbor's threats, and when his work had been nearly completed his little girl, aged about eight years, brought him his dinner in a pail. He had scarcely opened it when a sound in the shrubbery behind him was quickly followed by a loud explosion, and the father lay lifeless beside the dead body of his daughter.

A negro laborer at work in the vicinity claims to have known of the difficulty and saw the shooting. The negro called for assistance and the bodies of the father and his child were carried to the house. The grief-stricken wife and mother came to this city to-day. The murderer escaped. A lynching party started in pursuit, but failed to overtake the fugitive.

The Grasshopper Plague.

TOPEKA, KAN., July 12.—Much alarm is felt over late reports from eastern Colorado and the western line of the State, indicating that the grasshopper plague may possibly reach the cultivated portion of the state before the corn is out of danger. The grasshoppers began hatching out nearly three weeks ago, and were at first supposed to be confined to a limited extent of country. Now they cover the ground from Bovina to Hugo, 15 miles south; to Limon Junction, 16 miles west, and for a distance of four miles east. How far northward the column reaches no one has yet ascertained.

Farmers in the state are seriously alarmed and are calling on the state government to assist them in heading off the pest. Contrary to rule, the grasshoppers appear to be hatching out in wet weather as well as dry and are even more numerous than usual. The grass upon which they feed is this season rich and juicy, and they seem to gain strength rapidly. As they devour corn and fruit alike, and eat anything green, they can do millions of dollars damage to the state. The prevailing winds at this time of the year are from the southwest, and if they are not caught in a wind from the west they will pass up into Nebraska, only to be brought into Kansas next year, in which case ruin would come to all crops.

Robbed of $1,300

UNIONTOWN, July 6.—Wm. Foster is a farmer living in Franklin township, not far from Vanderbilt. Mr. Foster is a hard working man aged about 60 years, and owns a small farm. He does not spend his money foolishly as most people do, but puts it away in an old sock, believing it to be more safe there than in one of Fayette county's many good banks. This fact became known to some of our desperadoes, and last night two of them called on Mr. Foster. They did not ask for admission to the house, but impolitely walked into his bedroom, rudely awakened Mr. Foster, and leveling their revolvers at his head, bade him arise and produce his ducats. Mr. Foster of course was frightened and of course did not realize what was going on; but the visitors soon made him understand what they were after, and gave him only so many minutes to produce what money he had in the house. It was only a few minutes until they had obtained $1,300 from their host, who handed it out without much complaining. The thieves thanked him and left the house, backing out and pointing their revolvers at Foster. The two men were masked, and well disguised in every way. Mr. Foster is one of Fayette county's well known citizens.

More Mammoth Caves.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—The discovery of two large caves in Josephine county, Oregon, has been reported. Two openings in one cave were discovered. These openings look like small fissures in a great limestone bluff, which extends for miles and appears massive and solid outside but is honeycombed within with cracks and crevasses. Many of the passages within the cave are described as of great beauty, containing in them semi-transparent stalactities, giant milk white pillars, pools and streams of pure clear water.

The party spent a week in exploring the cave and found innumerable passeges and chambers and several miles from the entrance they discovered a small lake of clear water and a waterfall 30 feet in height. All kinds of grotesque figures were found in the various chambers. Large numbers of flash light photographs were taken. It was estimated that the main body of the cave was 1,500 feet from the surface of the mountain and the cavern itself appeared to be fully as large as Mammoth Cave in Kentucky.

Brother Against Brother.

BUTLER, PA., July 12.—What will likely turn out to be a murder occurred in Jefferson township last night. For a long time bad blood has exhisted between John and Adam Mininger, brothers. Last night John drove up to his brother's barn and wanted to feed his horse. Permission being refused he advanced toward Adam in a threatening manner, and applied vile epithets to both Adam and his wife, who was milking the cows.

As John neared him, Adam drew a 38-caliber bull-dog revolver and opened fire. The first shot struck about two inches above John's heart, who started to run to a neighbor's house. He was closely followed by his brother, who succeeded in firing four more shots into his head.

The prostrate man was taken into the house of a neighbor and a doctor summoned who succeeded in extracting the four balls from his head, but could not get out the one above the heart. He is still living, but the doctor says he cannot recover. He is a bad character and has served terms in both penitentiary and work house.

Adam came to town shortly after the shooting and surrendered himself to the authorities and is now in jail.

The Prohibition State Convention.

State Chairman Patton has issued his call for the Prohibition State Convention to meet in the Opera House at Harrisburg, on Wednesday, August 26, 9.30 a. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for State Treasurer and Auditer General and 18 candidates for delegates-at-large to the Constitutional Convention provided for in the act of Assembly approved June 19, 1891.

A Remarkable Case.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 9.—A case which will attract attention in medical circles is reported to-day from Lamar, Arkansas. Mrs. Eliza Ryan, 80 years of age, who has been totally blind for 30 years, had a tooth pulled srom the upper jaw. The root of the tooth was nearly an inch in length.

When it was extracted Mrs. Ryan complained of intense pain in her eyes, and later cried out that she could see plainly, her sight having been restored.

Honey Bees a Plague.

DANVILLE, KY., July 11.—This section in Washington county, near this city, is just now suffering from a honey-bee plague. There never have been so many bee trees in the forests, and this spring the bees have taken possession of the houses, barns and churches in Springfield, the county seat. A number of swarms have occupied the attic of the Court House. A large swarm settled in a lawyers' office and stopped his business for some days until he could starve them out.

Two or three swarms, coming from different directions, settled on Colonel Thomas Grundy's house. It is built of brick, but a crack in one end of it let them in between the ceiling of the lower and the floor of the second story. Here they became so troublesome that an effort to dislodge them was made, but failed. The crack in the wall was cemented, and they crawled out into the rooms wherever there was a crack or space around the windows and doors. The dining room was abandoned by the family and given up to the new guests, but as they could not get back to the swarms they perished by the bucketful.

Yesterday a swarm alighted on a pedestrian, and he had a struggle to keep from being smothered or stung to death.

Entirely too Strict.

KANSAS CITY, July 9.—There is a serious split in the Hedrickite branch of the Mormon church at Independence, Mo. A majority of the members have withdrawn from the church and are seeking admission to the recognized branch all because Elder Hall, chief of the Hedrick branch, tried to institute certain reforms among his followers. He required the sisters to dress in plain black dresses and sun bonnets without ribbons laces and frills. He forbade the men to use tobacco. Disobedience, he said, would be punished with expulsion. The frivolous brethren and sisters, however, rather than give up their tobacco and their frills gave up their church, which now only consists of 13 members.

A Wonderful Drill.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Fulton Gardiner, of this city, has invented an electric drill, which, he claims, will bore a hole of any desired depth, doing the last foot of it as easily as the first. The power is applied directly at the tip, without the use of shafting, and the only limit to the depth bored will be the depth that the electric current can be conducted.

Gardiner brought his invention to the notice of the mining department of the World's fair to-day. He wants to show it in operation at the fair, and proposes to drill a hole to the center of the earth.

Farm Hands Wanted Out West.

FARGO, DAK., July 9.—There is an unusually excellent stand of wheat in Minnesota and North Dakota. The rains have been seasonable and the growing temperature just right. The Red River Valley, in which there has never been a general failure, promises to beat its best record, when it produced 35,000,000 bushels of wheat. There is much anxiety among the farmers there owing to the scarcity of hands, and it is feared that considerable grain will be lost unless help is secured. Farmers are offering from $2 to $2.50 per day and board for harvesters.

Lancaster's Wild Hog.

LANCASTER, July 9.—A wild hog which has been troubling the farmers of Lancaster county for some time was caught this morning, but not before it gave a posse of 15 men a chase for two long hours. He was caught alive, tied and taken to the village, where scores of people gathered around to see him.

He is a long, thin, white animal and can run like a deer. The animal did a great deal of damage to the crops during the night and slept during the day, and his conduct became so bad that the farmers organized a posse with the foregoing result.

Riches, Beer and Poison.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 12.—Martin Farrell this morning drank a pint of beer containabout two ounces of paris green. The poison is supposed to have been put in the liquor by Mrs. Farrell, who recently expressed a determination to get rid of her husband in a way of her own. The wife several years ago inherited a fortune of over $50,000, and the couple have been drinking and quarreling ever since. They got on a spree last night, and when Farrell arose this morning to take another swig of the beer he took the poison.

The doctors got around with a pump in time to save his life. Mrs. Farrell's dress was smeared with the poison, and she was locked up.

A Whole Town Scared.

WILKESBARRE, PA. July 12.—This morning at 1 o'clock a disastrous cave-in occurred at the old slope of the Kingston Coal Company, near Larksville, five miles from this city, and the inhabitants of that village, which is built directly over the mine are in great fear of their lives and their property. The cave-in was caused by the snapping of the old timbers in the slope.

For hundreds of feet in all directions the surface is covered with large seams and cracks, some of them a foot wide and extending down into the works. A number of houses in the vicinity are damaged. A dozen men were at work in the mines at the time, but they all escaped through a second opening.

Torn by a Mowing Machine.

ALLIANCE, O., July 11.—J. B. Whipple, a farmer near Atwater, near here, was thrown from a mowing machine near here to-day, in front of the knives. He was terribly mangled and one leg was severed.

The two-year-old son of farmer John Lewis, near Palmyra, went to the field to see his father mow grass with a machine. Unobserved in the high timothy, his father ran upon him with the cutter bar, and the child was shockingly mangled, one arm being entirely severdd.

A Dog Causes Trouble in a Church.

BEAVER FALLS, July 13.—At the morning services resterday at the Baptist church a dog dodged past the usher and fled to the pulpit, where the Rev. Mr. Bristol was preaching. The pastor kicked the dog, and it howled so loudly that half a dozen other dogs ran into the church to find out what was wrong. The congregation became excited, but the pastor quieted the memoers. The man who owned the dog and the preacher are not on good terms, and there is talk of reporting the case to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

$9,000,000 for Maple Sap.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 8.—Maple sugar growers seem to be budding by the score from every limb of every tree that looks like either a maple or an oak in the country. The new sugar bounty of 2 cents per pound explains the buds. From present indications, based upon recent research, the output of maple sugar is to be computed at about 450,000,000 pounds, the bounty on which will be $9,000,000. Internal revenue officers are beginning to be amazed.

1891. 1891.

Highland Stock Farm!

ALHAMBRA. 11,105. Brown Stallion. 15.3 hands high. Weight 1220. Record 2.30. Son of Mildictown 108. Sire of Maude 2.21¼. Orange Bud, 2.21¼. Fancy 2.24. Nelly Irvin 2.29 and six others in the 2.30 list. First dam by Frank Pierce, he by Long Island Black Hawk, he by Andrew Jackson, he by Young Cashaw, by Imported Grand Bashaw. Alhambra is but second cross from Rysdyks Hambletonian No. 10, the sire of George Wilkes, Electioneer, Middletown, and others. We expect to put two or three of Alhambra's get in the 2.30 list, or better this season. In order to put his service within the reach of all, will charge but $25 insurance.

BOSTON. Light Bay, 15½ hands high, will weigh when matured 1050 to 1100, by Alhambra, 11,105. First dam Midday by Borbon Chief 383, he by Mambrino Chief 11, second dam Midway, by Boston thoroughbred, sister in blood to Lady Russie, dam of Miss Russel, the dam of Maud S., whose record, 2.08¾, stands unequaled to-day. Also, dam of Nutwood, 2.18¾, whose service fee is $1,000. This is the cross that produced Sunol, 2.10¼ at 3 years old. Palo Alto 212½, being the Hambletonian and thoroughbred cross backed up by Mambrino Chief blood. There is no reason why Boston should not be a trotter of the first water, and the producer of early and fast speed. Individually he is the finest looking horse in the County. Insurance, $30.

BELMONT JR. Bay, 2 Years old. Will be 16 hands, by Grosjean 5267, Record 2.30, by Belmont 64, sire of Nutwood 218¾, Wedgewood 2.19 and 55 from 2.30 to 2.20. Dam, Sue Dudley, the dam of Mambrino Dudley, 2.19¾. Dam of Belmont Jr. Noonday, she by Alhambra, 11,105. Second dam Midday by Borbon Chief 383, by Mambrino Chief, 11. Third dam Midway, thoroughbred by Boston.

STRATHEARN Imported Clyde Draft Horse weighing 2,000 pounds, has proved himself a remarkable getter. His yearling produce sold last fall at $125; two-year olds $150. $250 could have been had for a three-year-old filly, and $280 was the price P. Dunshadd got for a coming four-year-old. To parties breeding, would say, use full bloods; the cost may be a few dollars more in the start, but in the sale you will realize fifty or more dollars above the price of common bred stock. Insurance $15.

SHIRE HORSE **JOHNNY.** Gray, weighing 1,800, got by Invaruric, a horse that weighed 2,440. His dam was a Nigger mare weighing 1,800. These two horses cost more money than any two imported horses ever owned in the county. Insurance $10.

Well-bred mares are scarce in my neighborhood, and to induce men to send mares from a distance I have put the fees of my trotting horses at about half their actual worth. Mares kept on grass at 50 cents per week. The above horses will stand from April 1st to July 1st at my barn, two miles north of Somerset.

P. HEFFLEY.

TO FARMERS, STOCKMEN, HORSEMEN,

And others, of Somerset County!

G. F. COUNTRYMAN, Veterinary Surgeon and Auctioneer, Registered—of eight years' Veterinary Practice and of the Ontario Veterinary College, Canada, offers his services in the practice of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery. Treats diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Swine, and performs Surgical Operations. Castrating and Spaying, Reducing of Fractures, setting broken bones, reducing of Hernias (Ruptures.)

NEUROTOMY—Separation of Nerves) in chronic foot lameness.

TENDENOTOMY—For straightening crooked or wry tails. Obstructions in cows, teats removed and Teat opened up and brought to its proper use.

SCIRRHOUS or enlarged cords, tumors, blemishes, growths, warts and windgalls (puffs) in young animals permanently removed. Stiff joint injury and lameness, and lameness from ringbone, spavin, curb and splint, cured in a few weeks, and if not of long standing entirely taken away. Atrophy of the Muscles, (sweeney) sore and weak eyes cured, distemper, lung fever, chronic cough, heaves, colic in horses, hoven (bloat in cattle) &c., treated with success. Anthrax, (black leg or bloody murrian), prevention and remedy.

DENTISTRY—Special attention given to repairing of horses teeth, wolf teeth. Aching, split and diseased teeth extracted. Sharpand uneven edges of molars smoothed up, invisor teeth taken off, &c. The above conditions of the teeth often cause weeping or cloudy eyes, quidding or dropping of food, holding head crooked, driving on one line, imperfect mastication, indigestion, cribbing, hide bound, loss of flesh, &c., all of which are removed by my method of operating on the teeth. Horse teeth dressed for appearance and age.

OBSTETRICS—I took special instructions while at Toronto, Canada, in this line of my profession, and am supplied with all of the most improved instruments for the management of difficult cases. I have had considerable practice in this line and have been successful.

CASTRATION.—I also took a special course of instruction at Toronto in ridgling and inguinal scrotal castration and in spaying, and have traveled with and taken instructions from and assisted some of the most successful operators in this line in the United States. I have adopted their most humane and successful method and am supplied with the most approved and safest hobbles.

I am read up in anatomy and am supplied with instruments for anything I meet with in operating, hence I am prepared to do better and safer work than those not having had these advantages. I guarantee satisfaction in most every operation, or make no charge. I consult in my practice some of the most eminent veterenarys in the U. S., Canada, and England.

I can in many cases give advice and prescribe without seeing the patient, or by letter, by stating general symptoms and giving sex, age, color, and of how long standing, and what treatment, if any, has been resorted to, &c. Charges for this, $1, invariably in advance.

I will go some distance for a club of eight, Ridgling or Hermized colts or any other work that will justify. Write me for circulars, rates, &c.

AUCTIONEERING—I do all kinds of auctioneering. Have had six years' experiency, and have listened to some of the best auctioneers in the U. S. and Canada, and caught on to their best ways and methods of holding a crowd and soliciting bids. Plenty of talk, life and energy. Country and live stock sales a specialty. Sobriety, punctuality and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges beyond competition. Give me a call in this direction. I will save and make you money.

I can be found at home, and ready to go, at all times during the next three months excepting on Tuesdays and Saturdays of each week, at which times I will be at Bendford's or Snyder's Drug Store, Somerset.

In acute diseases and diseases of colts, and of the respiratory organs, and in paralysis, difficult parturition, fractures, injuries, &c., come at once. A supply of best medicines always on hand. Charges reasonable, and in case of death I will be liberal. Address—

TESTIMONIALS: About 8 years ago I had a heifer that broke her hind leg between the knee and pastern. I called on Mr. Countryman. He set the leg, bandaged it, &c., and gave directions how to treat it during hot weather. Made several visits. The leg got as well and straight as ever. JOHN HAY, Jefferson Twp.

Mr. Countryman did Ridgling castration for me. The operation was skillfully and quickly done, and the animal lived and did well. He also did other veterinary work for me. He is read up in the anatomy and practice of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery. Mr. Countryman is a useful man in the community, and should be liberally patronized.

H. H. FLICK, Gettysburg, Pa.

G. F. Countryman, V. S., LAVANSVILLE, PA. P. O. Box, 260. (DAILY MAILS.)

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HAS JUST RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF THE

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ALL STEEL FRAME

SPRING-TOOTH HARROW

which is a wonderful improvement in

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Teeth quickly adjusted by only loosening one nut. The best

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Ever Invented. The tooth is held in position by a Ratchet, with which it can be adjusted so as to wear from 15 to 18 inches off the point of the tooth, which is four or five times as much wear or service as can be obtained from any Spring-tooth harrow in existence. Call and examine this Harrow,

JAMES B. HOLDERBAUM

Have Your Eyes Tested.

"A." SHOWING SPECTACLES Properly fitted to the Eyes.

P. L. CASEBEER, OF THE FIRM OF

NEFF & CASEBEER

Has been to Cleveland, Ohio, and taken a a full course of instruction under Julius King, M. D., on how to fit Spectacles properly, and has purchased a full line of all styles of

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES.

Also, a complete set of Test Lenses, to test the Eyes.

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Give us a call. We guarantee satisfaction. No charge for testing eyes.

NEFF & CASEBEER,

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PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

L. M. Woolf & Son,

HAVE BRISK TIMES NOW IN THE

Boys' and Children's DEPARTMENT!

We are deep in the work of fitting out the boys and little ones; fitting them for school, for church, for play, with bright, neat, handsome and serviceable garments, all new, manufactured for us and delivered to our Stock room at an original cost 25 per cent. under prices paid by the smaller dealers. This means much from those who buy from us—Time, Money, Patience, all three are saved by trading where values are considered.

L. M. WOOLF & Son,

GUESS

HOW MANY GRAINS OF CORN

THERE ARE ON FIFTEEN EARS.

THOMAS, KARR & OGILVIE,

The Clothing Hustlers of Johnstown, give a guess with every purchase on the number of Grains of Corn on the fifteen ears in the sealed jar in their windows, and the party who guesses the correct amount, or nearest to it between now and

SEPTEMBER 1st.,

will be entitled to the Elegant Piano now on Exhibition in their windows Don't fail to

TRY YOUR LUCK

as everybody has the same chance. The farmers, however, ought to make the best guesses.

John Thomas & Sons',

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MAMMOTH STORE,

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Is one of the wonders of Johnstown, with its Several Departments. In Department "A" are Dry Goods In Department "B," Boots and Shoes. In Department "A" arpets. In Department "D," lothing, Hats, and Furnishing goods. Department "E," Groceries. Department "F," Feed.

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