The Somerset Herald.

GEORGE R. SCULL, Editor.

WEDNESDAY.....June 7, 1899.

The Bedford Inquirer states that from fifteen to twenty deer have been killed by dogs in that vicinity within the past two months.

The old rule for planting corn in hills was four grains to the hill—"one for the blackbird, one for the crow, one for the cut-worm, and one for to grow."

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

The Duke d'Arcos, the new Spanish minister, has arrived in Washington, and that country is now directly represented there for the first since Polo retired, before the outbreak of the war.

Cambria Steel Company eclipsed all records Saturday, when it paid out in cash wages more than $191,000. The best previous record was a few weeks ago, when the pay was $178,000. The company has now on its pay rolls more than 8200 men.

About thirty-five years ago Chauncey Depew deposited $100 in a Peekskill savings bank. The president of that institution laughed at Senator Depew for having forgotten this small account, and was astonished to hear Mr. Depew reply: "Forgotten it? Well, I guess not. It amounts to about $400 with interest now, and it's going to keep right on growing. That was the first $100 I ever owned, and I've kept my eye on it."

The recent cyclone in Blair County has led to a novel contention between the County Commissioners and the insurance companies. During the cyclone the court house clock, dial plates, and machinery, valued at $1,600, were swept out of the tower and destroyed. The Commissioners claim that the wreckage was due to a bolt of lightning, while the companies maintain that the winds alone did the damage. Last week the Commissioners notified the companies to pay the amount of the loss under the clauses in their policies insuring against lightning.

An order to reduce speed to 60 miles an hour on curves would be considered startling on the railroads in this part of the country where as a general rule 60 miles an hour is the maximum speed on the most favorable stretches of track. The Wabash has, however, issued an order to reduce speed to 60 miles an hour on all curves. Not long ago President Ramsey was riding over the road in his private car, and when a curve was struck the big Atlantic engine was making 80 miles an hour and it appeared as if the cars were running on one side. President Ramsey then issued the unique order to reduce speed to 60 miles an hour on curves.

With the inauguration of the check system the Baltimore & Ohio men are advised that the checks are worth their face value and they are requested to report to the treasurer any disposition on the part of the banks or others to make a discount in cashing them. They will be cashed by company agents to the extent of their funds on hand, but the agent is not expected to anticipate a pay-day. The checks will be received as payment in any business with the company. They are distributed to the employes through the station agents nearest the point of employment. At bulletined places they are distributed by the paymaster. The system abolishes the practice of assigning wages or giving orders on the paymaster. The checks are made payable at banks along the road.

When Commodore Dewey left Washington in November, 1897, to take command of the fleet in the Pacific ocean, he did not ride on a pass or a half rate ticket. Being a personal friend of S. B. Hege, General Agent of the Baltimore & Ohio passenger department in Washington, the now famous sea fighter bought two first-class tickets from Washington to San Francisco via the B. & O., Chicago & North Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific lines. Lieut. Brumby, his flag officer, accompanied the Admiral and they departed on November 27th. Some time ago, Manager of Passenger Traffic D. B. Martin of the B. & O. set out to collect the coupons of the ticket, and only recently secured all of them. He has had the ticket, containing Dewey's signature, lithographed, and is issuing facsimiles as souvenirs.

Gov. Stone on Friday mailed a letter to James Sweeney accepting his resignation and denying that he has attempted to interfere in the contest for State delegates in Tioga county.

"I am in receipt of your letter of the 31st," the Governor says, "tendering your resignation as watchman of the State library, and assigning as your reason that you have been asked to take part in the campaign for the election of delegates in Tioga county. I have not requested you nor any one else to go to Tioga county to assist in the election of delegates. I have not authorized or requested any one to ask you or any one else to do political work in that county. The people of Tioga county are sufficiently intelligent and capable to elect their own delegates without your aid or my interference, and I am entirely content that whatever issue there may be in this controversy shall be decided by the voters of that county. I accept your resignation."

In speaking of the Republican nominees for county offices, the Uniontown News Standard has this to say of Mr. P. A. Johns, a former resident of Rockwood, and well and favorably known throughout this county:

P. A. Johns, nominee for register and recorder, is a son of the late Peter A. Johns. He is 38 years old, and is so well known that he needs no introduction. "Doll" Johns probably knows personally and can call by name more people in Fayette county than any other man living. He is also one of the most active Republicans of the county and has great popularity among the rank and file, especially among the younger voters. While "Doll's" name seems to be familiar as an official, he has held only the subordinate positions of deputy collector and deputy sheriff, where the compensation is not large. The only nomination which he ever received before was that for sheriff in the disastrous year of 1892 when the whole ticket went down. No matter who is on the ticket, he is always for it, and his untiring zeal in calling out and organizing the voters will count much for the success of the ticket next fall. He is an excellent official and will discharge well the duties of the register and recorder's office, to which he will be elected.

Governor Stone has approved an act passed by the Legislature which will insure better country roads. According to the new law, Supervisors are now compelled to remove the loose stone from the country roads at least once a month during April, May, June, July, August, September, and October of each year. The work is to be awarded to the taxpayers, and the compensation is to be credited on the road tax assessed in the different townships. The law affects townships only. The act is one of the most important laws made in favor of good roads, and all overland travelers will favor its practice to the utmost extent.

The following is a copy of the act, which was approved May 24:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, etc.*, That from and after the passage of this act, the Township Supervisors and Road Commissioners of the several townships of this Commonwealth shall, annually, on the first Monday of April, enter into a contract with one or more taxpayers to remove and take away the loose stones from the main traveled highways in such townships at least once a month during the months of April, May, June, July, August, September, and October of each year.

SEC. 2. The Supervisors or Road Commissioners as aforesaid may delegate the authority conferred by this act to the Pathmasters, and in any case the compensation allowed to the person or persons performing said work shall be made by crediting the amount upon the road tax assessed against them.

Conductor Waite, of the Somerset & Cambria passenger train, is visiting at his old home in New Jersey.

Mr. D. B. Scott, of Cadiz, Ohio, spent Sunday at the residence of his brother—John R. Scott, Esq.,—in this place.

A Strawberry and ice cream festival will be held at the Lichty Church, in Somerset township, on Saturday evening.

Miss Marion Hoffman and Mr. W. E. Beachy's two children, of Johnstown, are visiting Mrs. John S. Shafer, on Union street.

Communion services were held in the United Evangelical church Sunday evening. The sermon was preached by Presiding Elder Curry.

Mr. Edward L. Barron and Miss Ella Forespring, of Trent, were united in marriage on Sunday, June 4th, Rev. A. B. Miller, of New Centreville, officiating.

Rev. Lavan and daughter—Miss Martha—are visiting with Ligonier friends. They expect to return home in time for Rev. Lavan to occupy his pulpit next Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley, and their daughter—Miss Mabel—of New York, are expected here this week, when they will take possession of their handsome Main street residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hancock, and two little sons, of Danville, Pa., arrived here Saturday and will remain until after the Krebs-Thomas wedding, which takes place this evening. Mrs. Hancock is a sister of the bride.

The hail storm that swept over this section Monday afternoon of last week did considerable damage to growing crops. Farmers living in the neighborhood of Pleasant Hill church report that their wheat was totally ruined.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Eudsley, former residents of this place, but now of Johnstown, left last week on a trip to the Pacific slope, where Mr. Eudsley will attend to business for the Cambria Iron Company. They will be absent about a month.

Johnstown's new High School building, said to be one of the finest structures of its kind in the State, if not in the entire country, was dedicated Thursday evening. State Superintendent Schaeffer and City Superintendent J. M. Berkey were the principal speakers, the latter's address being a notably able one.

Mr. Ed. Kautz, his son Charles, and a friend went fishing in Somerset county Tuesday, starting early in the morning and reaching the fishing grounds before sun up. When they returned late in the evening they brought with them seven dozen of the finest trout that have been seen about town for some time. The stream from which the fish were taken is known to but very few and the fishermen refuse to divulge its whereabouts.—Johnstown Tribune.

The epidemic of measles that has prevailed in Somerset and surrounding country during the past month has about died out. Very few families escaped the disease, and in many instances entire families were afflicted. The old theory that measles cannot be contracted more than once by the same person was exploded, as hundreds of children and grown persons who had previously suffered from the disease were attacked a second, and in several instances, a third time.

At a meeting of Town Council, Thursday evening, proposals were opened for the proposed issue of $20,000 water refunding bonds. The bids of the First National and Somerset County National Banks, offering four per cent. interest were accepted, their bids being the lowest received, and the bonds will be equally divided between the two banks. The present issue of water bonds bear five and four-tenths per cent. interest. The refunding bonds will be issued on June 30th.

Cards have been received by Somerset friends of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene A. Sage, announcing the approaching marriage of their daughter, Ellen Robinson, to Mr. Elmer Lendell Fellows, on Tuesday evening, June the twentieth, at eight o'clock, at Saint Andrew's Church, New Berlin, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Sage were residents of this place for a number of years, when the former was actively identified with the dairy interests of the county, being the head of a firm operating five or six large creameries, the first erected in this section of Pennsylvania.

Harry Russel Schroyer, who pleaded guilty to six bills of indictment charging him with burglary, robbery, carrying concealed weapons and jail-breaking, was called before the court for sentence last Wednesday afternoon. When asked what, if anything, he had to say before sentence was imposed, he made a short plea for a light sentence, declaring that he had made up his mind to lead an upright life hereafter. Judge Longenecker inquired why the prisoner had broken jail twice, when Schroyer promptly replied: "Well, I thought it was their business to keep me in, and that it was my business to get out." He said that the assault made by Elly and Zerfoss on Deputy-Sheriff Baker had been planned several weeks before he was arrested and brought to jail the second time. Judge Longenecker sentenced him to three years in the penitentiary on the two bills of indictment charging the defendant with burglary—eighteen months in each case—and on the remaining bills to pay a fine of $1 and the costs of prosecution in each case. Sheriff Hartzell took Schroyer to the penitentiary Friday morning.

An exciting scene was witnessed on the public square Monday evening when two sorrel horses, hitched to a buggy in which Associate Judge George J. Black and his son Milton were seated, became unmanageable, one of the traces having become detached from the single tree. Judge Black tugged vigorously on the reins and succeeded in heading the horses for an electric light pole at the corner of Snyder's drug store, where Elias and Camins caught hold of one of them, only to be thrown under the feet of the team, the buggy passing over his body and inflicting slight injuries. The running gears of the vehicle struck a fire plug near the corner when the occupants of the buggy were thrown out and the horses broke away. Meanwhile Doctor Bills, who was standing on the sidewalk conversing with several gentlemen, in order to protect himself, caught hold of the horses and was dragged for a rod, when he was thrown under their feet, but fortunately escaped uninjured. The horses cavorted around the square, one of them clearing the iron railing in front of Frease & Kooser's store at a bound, for sometime before they were captured.

The following additional particulars of the death of E. O. Davis, notice of which was published last week, are taken from the Bradford Record, of May 29. "Edward O Davis died at the hospital at 4 o'clock this morning. Death was caused by an abscess on the brain. One year ago last March Mr. Davis underwent an operation for an abscess in the pleural cavity. Four weeks later he was operated upon again. He recovered and was about the streets for several months, but latterly began to fail and four weeks ago last Wednesday another operation was performed which disclosed tubercular conditions. It is said that the operation was successful, however, but the condition of the blood caused an abscess to develop on the brain and the patient gradually failed until death released him from suffering. Mr. Davis was 36 years of age and unmarried. He had been a resident of this city about 12 years. For about a year he was manager of the Rochester Hotel, but for a number of years he was associated with his brother in the meat business on Congress street. He had a wide circle of acquaintance and was very popular personally. He leaves a mother, aged 80 years, a resident of Somerset, and three brothers, George L. and Ross Davis, of Somerset, and W. C. Davis, of this city. The remains will be taken to Somerset for burial, leaving here at 2:15 p. m."

"BOSSES" COMPLETE SLATE.

The "Committee" Decide on Horner and Boose for State Delegates.

THEY WILL NOW DEVOTE THEIR ATTENTION TO "'LEARNING' THE PEOPLE HOW TO VOTE INTELLIGENTLY."

The program of the pretentious Somerset "bosses," ably assisted by "big boss" S. U. Shober, who has so decidedly bossed the county Commissioners' office for the past nine years, was finally completed Friday, so far as slating a ticket for the people to vote is concerned, when the "committee," appointed at the "compare notes" meeting held early in May, met and decided that the loyal Republicans of Somerset county should be represented in the coming State Convention by two Insurgent Chiefs, namely D. J. Horner and John R. Boose.

When the following letter was sent by the "bosses" to the chosen few among the insurgents in the various precints of the county it was thought not to contain the name of any candidate, but the fact that "Danny" Horner is and has been for the past thirty years a standing or receptive candidate for almost any office in the gift of the people, elective or appointive, was apparently not considered:

SOMERSET, PA., April 26, 1899.

DEAR SIR:—

After a consultation with a number of our friends it has been thought it would be well for us to compare notes on Tuesday evening next at the office of J. A. Berkey, Esq., as to political matters in the county. That will be the date of the school directors' convention for the election of a county superintendent. There will be presents a representative gathering from all over the county. Be sure to come. Come to that office not later than 8 o'clock. Remember the date—Tuesday evening, May 2d, next.

Very truly yours,

S. A. Kendall,	Chas. F. Cook,
S. U. Shober,	C. J. Harrison,
H. F. Barron,	J. A. Lambert,
J. G. Ogle,	D. J. Horner,
W. H. Koontz,	A. F. Dickey,
	F. J. Kooser.

How, in response to the above invitation some forty trusted friends of the "bosses" met with them in caucus on the evening of May 2d, and after diligently "comparing notes" proceeded to fire B. T. Pollin, N. E. Berkey and other candidates for Prothonotary from the field in order that John G. Emert, who has held the lucrative post of clerk to the Commissioners for the past six years, might have a clear track; how "boss" Shober forced all other aspirants to quit the race for Register and Recorder, as he proposed to nominate his man Kimmel for that position; how a "committee" was appointed to fix up candidates for County Commissioner, and how that committee met and at the dictation of "boss" Shober, after, we presume a brief season of fasting and prayer, solemnly concluded it would never do to run counter to the wishes of so powerful a "boss" as "boss" Shober, and forthwith proceeded to inform Joseph Horner and Peter Bowman that when they were distributing cards and electioneering for the office of County Commissioner they were only dreaming, and to proclaim W. N. Moser and U. D. Braucher, the slated and "endorsed" candidates for that position, is now a matter of ancient history. The selection of candidates for Delegates to the State Convention was the final work of the "committees" appointed by the "compare notes" meeting, and now, having themselves decided on candidates for every position to be filled at the coming Republican primary, considerately relieving the common voter of the labor of selecting or choosing his own candidates, they, in the classic language of Candidate Horner, propose to spend the remainder of the campaign in an effort "to 'learn' the people how to vote intelligently," that is, to vote without a scratch the ticket, they, the "bosses," have selected.

These lessons on "intelligent voting" are given in secret, behind closed doors, and by such past-masters in the art of "intelligent voting" as D. J. Horner, W. H. Koontz, J. A. Berkey, and a limited number of their talented and experienced instructors. We presume the questions treated include such subjects as "How to Scratch a Ticket," "The Advantages of Minority Rule," "How to Intelligently Vote the Democratic Ticket at the General Election if the Man of Your Choice is not Successful at the Primaries," "The Best Method of Bolting Party Caucuses and Defeating Party Nominees," and other kindred topics.

True, the discussion of such topics at the organization of a "McKinley League" would seem to be out of place. President McKinley has always been known as a firm believer in party regularity, organization, majority rule, and unalterably opposed to "kicking," "bolting," or "scratching" a regularly nominated ticket, so that the name is apparently a misnomer, and, we are informed that the "McKinley League" scheme has already been abandoned as it was considered too dangerous a "fake," it being difficult to make voters believe that it was necessary to hold secret meetings, where none but the truly good could be admitted, for the innocent purpose of organizing a "McKinley League."

The first lessons in "intelligent voting" were given at Jenners some ten days since, but the doctrine attempted to be taught does not seem to have been acceptable to the Republican voters of that township, who naturally think themselves sufficiently intelligent to do their own voting without instructions from Assemblyman Koontz, his side-partner and ubiquitous shadow, D. J. Horner, J. A. Berkey, et. al, and they rightfully resented the insult attempted to be placed upon them, and to such an extent that the "bosses" received word from one of their "sub-bosses" at Jenners a few days after the meeting to the effect that "that mestin' had stirred up mullin in Jenner township, and that unless the slated candidates could get in there and stem the tide, Jenners could be counted as lost to the cause of 'boss' dictation and minority rule."

Stonycreek township Republicans were given their first lesson in "intelligent voting" last week, as were the Republicans of Meyersdale, and, now that the last "committee" has made its report the "instructors" will have time to visit the remaining precincts of the county in rapid succession.

It has been suggested that a number of changes in the curriculum will have to be made or the slated ticket will surely suffer defeat. The people are demanding that Assemblyman Koontz, instead of telling them how he helped "lick" Quay, and how to vote the ticket he assisted in slating, explain why he did not oppose the passage of the seven month school term bill, why he remained dumb as an oyster while this measure was before the House, why it was that he could find time and voice to go up and down the State making political speeches in an effort to sow dissension and discord within his party, yet could not find time or voice to serve his constituents by opposing this measure so distasteful to a large majority of them. They would also like him to explain his course in bolting the Republican caucus, refusing to vote for the party nominee for United States Senator, blocking needed legislation, and preventing the passage of measures providing sufficient revenue to meet the demands on the Treasury and necessitating the reduction of the public school appropriation. They are also anxious to have him explain why he and his colleague Kendall delayed the introduction of the bill proposing to salary certain county officials until the time for advertising it so that it could be properly introduced had gone by, and then attempted to sell their constituents a "gold brick" by introducing it when every intelligent schoolboy in the county knew that it could not be considered, and that its attempted introduction was a "fake" of the rankest kind.

When these and a few other matters that the people are interested in have been fully explained by Assemblyman Koontz, they will still have other matters to be explained by his fellow "bosses" before they conclude to "vote intelligently," or to vote the "boss" dictated ticket.

The Republican voters of the county had sufficient confidence in Assemblymen Koontz and Kendall to elect them last year, and how they betrayed that trust and set the wishes of their constituents at defiance, every one who is familiar with their record at Harrisburg last winter knows. They now ask the Republican voters of the county to endorse their action and to elect a ticket they and their fellow "bosses" have named for them.

The "bosses" have completed their ticket; will the people nominate it, or will they elect candidates of their own choosing?

The choice is with them.

Crooked Eyes Should Be Straightened.

The crooked eye loses its sharp vision, besides, the deformity. There is no danger or pain in the operation. Consult Dr. Sadler, the Oculist, of 804 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, at the Somerset House, Somerset, on Wednesday and Thursday, June 14 and 15; Jones House, Meyersdale, on Friday and Saturday, June 16 and 17.

'FAKE' REFORMERS AT THEIR OLD GAME.—TRYING TO "FAKE" THE PEOPLE.

The hypocrisy of these so called reformers was never more strikingly illustrated than the present attempt to deceive the voters of the county by charging the regular Republican organization of the State with being responsible for the increase of the minimum school term, and for clipping $1,000,000 from the school appropriation.

So far as Governor Stone's action in cutting down the public school appropriation is concerned there is not a citizen of Pennsylvania, except the hypocritical reformers who are seeking to gain a factional advantage, who does not regret that he was compelled to do so—but, when the bolting members of the Legislature refused to provide sufficient revenue to defray the current expenses of the State government, the Governor was left no alternative.

The entire question is a very simple one. The State revenues had to be increased or the expenditures cut down, and we venture to assert that there is not an honest taxpayer in Somerset county who does not believe that it is far wiser to curtail expenditures than to build up a debt that must ultimately be paid by taxation.

Representatives Koontz and Kendall were, we believe, the only two members of the Flinn-Martin faction who voted against increasing the minimum school term and the extent of their influence, if they had any and exerted it, must be judged by the vote cast against the bill in the House, a total of forty-one, while one hundred and forty-one votes were cast in favor of the bill. In order to escape further censure for their inactivity and lukewarmness to the interests of their constituents they now attempt to hold the regular Republicans responsible for the success of the measure, which was supported by nearly every bolting Republican and their Democratic allies. It would be equally unfair for the friends of Representatives Koontz and Kendall to shift the responsibility for the failure of the bill to salary certain county officials, or the bill to make wholesalers retailers of whisky, as to charge Governor Stone with protecting the brewery interests to the detriment of the public schools of the State.

Not satisfied with misrepresenting the facts in connection with the passage of the school bill, against which Representative Koontz failed to utter a word, the "fake" organ in its last issue and by printed circulars scattered throughout the county falsifies the report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction, hoping to thereby divert the attention of the Republican voters of the county from the record made by their Representatives at Harrisburg.

The voters of the county know where to place the responsibility for the cut in the school appropriation and they are not going to be deceived by the hypocritical vaporings of the tools of Bosses Flinn and Martin into supporting a county ticket dictated by a few would-be bosses in Somerset at a midnight caucus, called for the purpose of "comparing notes" with sub-bosses from a number of the election districts who were invited to be present.

Discharges from the Ear, Deafness

Neglected, are *certain* to grow worse. Scientifically treated, every case can be benefited. Consult Dr. Sadler, of 804 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, at the Somerset House, on Wednesday and Thursday, June 14 and 15; Jones House, Meyersdale, on Friday and Saturday, June 16 and 17, for *all* diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat.

Farmers' Institutes.

The County Board of Farmers, Institute Managers, will meet at the County Commissioners' office on the second Tuesday of June, to arrange for the place where Institutes are to be held this season. All of our people who desire Institutes, ought to attend this meeting and present their claims. This Board is composed of the Local Member of the State Board of Agriculture, and one representative from each County Agricultural Society, the Pomona Grange and County Alliance. If you find that you cannot attend this meeting, address a letter with your request to Chairman of Board of Institute Managers, care of County Commissioners.

A suitable hall for the meeting ought to be provided, free of charge, by the locality wishing the Institute.

N. B. CRITCHFIELD,
Chairman of Local Committee.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine but doctors order it, because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee and costs about ¼ as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

New Oleo Law In Force.

Anxiously waited by the dairymen, and equally feared by the oleo dealers, the new law respecting the sale of oleomargarine went into effect June 1st. The law, which will be particularly hard on small dealers and the proprietors of boarding houses, provides that

"Every person who shall sell or have in his or her possession oleomargarine, butterine or any similar substance shall first obtain from the department of Agriculture, through its agent, the dairy and food commissioner, a license authorizing him or her to engage in the sale of oleomargarine, for which license he or she shall pay, if a retailer, the annual sum of $100; if a hotel proprietor or restaurant keeper, $50, and if a boarding house keeper, the annual sum of $10. Before any person shall sell or have in his or her possession oleomargarine he or she shall be required to procure a sign or signs clearly setting forth that he or she is engaged in the sale of oleomargarine; these signs shall be hung in a conspicuous place."

A violation in the smallest letter of this law may result in the trial of the offender in either the civil or criminal courts.

Three deputies, under dairy and food Commissioner Levi Wells, are busy arranging to enforce the statute against those dealers who have not as yet paid the fee required by the law and provided themselves with signs. It is likely that still more men will have to be employed if a house to house inspection is to be made.

By a vote of 11 to 1 the Presbyteries of the United Presbyterian church have agreed to the use of tobacco by members and church officers; 8 to 4 to its use by theological students. The result was announced at the general assembly in Philadelphia last week.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menacers to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CAN'T HANG A MAN TWICE.

Unique Position of Samuel Peter Meyers, Twice Convicted of Murder in the First Degree.

CASE WITHOUT A PARALLEL.

At 4:15 o'clock Wednesday afternoon the jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree in the case of Samuel Peter Meyers for the killing of John Lenhart. The jury retired shortly before 2 o'clock and their deliberations occupied two hours. The solemn countenances of the jurors when they filed into the box boded ill for the defendant and no surprise was expressed when their verdict was announced. The defendant was noticeably affected during the formalities of taking the verdict, and once resumed his seat, but quickly arose to his feet when Attorney Holbert told him to do so. His face was ashen white and he shifted uneasily from one foot to the other. When the verdict had been recorded Attorney Holbert asked that the jury be polled and as each juror arose to his feet Meyers elevated his eyes and looked straight into the face of the juror. Mr. Holbert received permission from the Court to file motions for a new trial and in arrest of judgment within four days after the stenographer has filed a transcript of the evidence.

The Meyers case is said to be unique in the history of criminal jurisprudence. So far as is known Samuel Peter Meyers is the first man in Pennsylvania, or in the country, who has been twice convicted of murder in the first degree, only three days intervening between the findings of the two juries, as he may be the first man in the State to be sentenced to death twice on the same day. Anticipating that the application for new trials will be denied and that the two cases will be taken up for review by the Supreme Court, and that the verdicts will be affirmed by that body, his counsel may still have recourse to the Board of Pardons. Should the Board of Pardons refuse a pardon or commutation of sentence it will then devolve upon the Governor to issue two death warrants to the Sheriff of the county, one directing the execution of Meyers for the murder of Michael Karney and the other directing his execution for the murder of John Lenhart. The Sheriff will make return to the court of the execution of the condemned man on the first warrant, thus completing the record in the Karney case, and the warrant in the Lenhart case will be endorsed "for execution of this warrant see warrant in Commonwealth vs. Meyers, No. 8, Sept. term, 1898, O. & T. of Somerset county, Pa.," which will also close the record in the Lenhart case.

Strange as it may appear the finding of the jury in the case against Meyers for the murder of Karney did not reach the ears of the jurors in the case against Meyers for the murder of Lenhart until after they returned their verdict, and it is needless to add that each one of the twelve men drew a long sigh of relief when they learned that the two verdicts were the same and that the prisoner, if executed, will be executed in consequence of the verdict returned by the first jury. The various phases and complications growing out of Samuel Peter Meyers' willful murder of two men will furnish food for conversation throughout the county for a long time.

Should counsel for the defendant carry the cases to the Supreme Court it is more than likely that they will ask to have the cases sent back for retrial on the ground that the defendant is a paranoiac, the most dangerous class of lunatics known, being able to distinguish perfectly between abstract right and wrong, but unable to control his will and actions in certain cases. Counsel for defendant made their arguments to the juries along that line.

Constable Nelson Lenhart, of Summit township, a brother of John Lenhart, one of the men murdered by Meyers, was untiring in his efforts to work up the Commonwealth's case, and the result of his labors was shown in both trials, the Commonwealth presenting its side in both instances clearly and forcibly, zealously guarding against the introduction of extraneous matter that might tend to perplex the minds of the jurors.

The Meyers case adds another to the notable murder trials in the Somerset county court during the past ten years. If the Meyers case is without a parallel, the same can be said of the Nicely and Roddy cases, in each of which two brothers were found guilty of murder in the first degree and were executed on the same scaffold for almost a similar crime.

Headache, Weak Eyes, Eye-Strain.

Often those who see sharply suffer severely from headache, after even moderate use of their eyes, but, seeing so well, attribute the pains to other causes; and yet, medicines fail to cure. The trouble is in *irregular* refraction, and can only be relieved by the most skillful adjustment of glasses.

Consult Dr. Sadler, the Oculist, of 804 Penn Ave., Pittsburg, on ALL diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE, and THROAT, at the Somerset House, Somerset, on Wednesday and Thursday, June 14 and 15; Jones House, Meyersdale, on Friday and Saturday, June 16 and 17.

Co-Operative Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Berlin, Penn's,

The only Fire Insurance Company in four counties that insures stores, merchandise, town and farm property; and of this class of insurance it is the only known Fire Insurance Company that issues policies for five years, and allows the assured to withdraw any time by giving five days' notice, when the premium note will be returned with the full amount of cash deposit, without any extra charge for short-rate insurance. The total assessments in five years can not exceed the amount of the note.

The opponents of Mutual Insurance would have the insured believe that a Mutual Company can only exist a few years. Let us see. There are more than two hundred and fifty Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in this State, and more than one hundred have been in business, on an average, over thirty years, and more than thirty have been in business, on average, over fifty years. Some long-winded Mutuals—and it seems they have come to stay.

The Insurance Commissioner, in his report, says: "The honestly-managed Mutual Companies afford the best class of protection at the least possible cost, while those organized for the benefit of speculative managers are simply worse swindlers than the rightly-abused lotteries." Opponents of Mutual Insurance would have the insured believe that all Mutuals are of the latter class, but try the Co-operative with at least part of your insurance, and be convinced that we are of the former, that affords the best class of protection at the least possible cost.

Write for information.

JAC. J. ZORN, Secretary,
Berlin, Penn'a.

Announcements
—FOR THE—
JUNE REPUBLICAN PRIMARY.

To the Editor of the Somerset Herald:

You will please announce the following named gentlemen as candidates for the various offices designated, at the Republican Primary Election, to be held on

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1899.

H. M. BERKLEY,
Chairman Rep. Co. Com.

For Sheriff,
JAMES B. SAYLOR,
Of Somerset Borough,
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Sheriff,
FRANK B. BLACK,
Of Meyersdale Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Sheriff,
JOSIAH L. BERKEY,
Of Lincoln Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Prothonotary,
M. D. REEL,
Of Shade Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Prothonotary,
GEORGE W. KEMP,
Of Lower Turkeyfoot Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Prothonotary,
JOHN G. EMERT,
Of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Register and Recorder,
JOHN S. SHAFER,
Of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Register and Recorder,
JACOB G. KIMMEL,
Of Stonycreek Township,
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Treasurer,
FREEMAN J. HOFFMAN,
Of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Treasurer,
PETER DUMBAULD,
Of Milford Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For County Commissioner,
JACOB KOONTZ,
Of Quemahoning Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For County Commissioner,
ZACH. SNYDER,
Of Rockwood Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For County Commissioner,
U. D. BRAUGHER,
Of Somerset Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For County Commissioner,
W. N. MOSER,
Of Elk Lick Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held saturday, June 24, 1899.

For County Commissioner,
JOSIAH WOY,
Of Somerset Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Auditor,
CHAS. H. SCHNUCKER,
Of Somerset Township,
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Auditor,
SAMUEL M. SAYLOR,
Of Summit Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Auditor,
JONATHAN J. WELLER,
Of Summit Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Auditor,
JOHN A. BRANT,
Of Brothersvalley Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Auditor,
JOHN C. GNAGEY,
Of Somerset Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Poor Director,
WM. J. GLESSNER,
Of Stonycreek Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Poor Director,
W. W. YOUNG,
Of Somerset Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Coroner,
Dr. CHAS. F. LIVENGOOD,
Of Jenner Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For County Surveyor,
WM. M. SCHROCK,
Of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday. June 24, 1899.

For Delegate to State Convention,
FRED. ROWE,
Of Meyersdale Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Delegate to State Convention,
EDWARD HOOVER,
Of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Delegate to State Convention,
JOHN R. BOOSE,
Of Milford Township.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899.

For Delegate to State Convention,
DANIEL J. HORNER,
Of Somerset Borough.
Subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, to be held Saturday, June 24, 1899

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of William Willis, late of Quemahoning township, Somerset county, Pa., dec'd.

The undersigned duly appointed by the Orphans' Court of Somerset County, Auditor, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1899, to distribute the funds in the hands of the adm'r to and among those legally entitled thereto, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointment at his office in Somerset borough, on Friday, June 23, 1899, at 1 o'clock p. m., when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper.

PARKER & PHILLIPS

We Are Busy

Because our goods are right, our prices are right and because we have the latest in everything. People will not buy old style or trashy Goods.

Curtains, Carpets and Wall Paper.

We are selling lots of Carpets, Curtains and Wall Paper, because they are not the common patterns, but all new and up-to-date styles and cost you LO more than the cheap common stuff.

In Silk Waist Patterns,
Plain and fancy Dress Goods,
Dress Silks, Novelties,
Linings and Trimmings, we have a large stock of choice styles at special low prices.

Wrappers,
Tailor Made Suits,
Skirts,
Ladies' Waists. You can always see something new. New styles coming in daily.

Cotton Dress Fabrics, Special Low Prices.

We always keep in close touch with the markets. It enables us to give you the lowest prices on Summer Goods.

40 pieces Amoskeag Dress Ginghams, at	5 c.
30 pieces of thirty-six-inch-wide Percals, at	7 c.
30 pieces Marabout Lawns, forty inches wide, at	7 c.
20 pieces Organdies Etolle, 33-inches wide, at	8 c.

These are a few of the Cotton Dress Goods bargains.

Plenty More Bargains in

Stockings, Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons, Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Belts, Stamped Linens, Ladies' Ties, Corsets, Ladies' and Children's Mitts and Gloves, Kid Gloves, etc.

Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods.

In Shirts, Ties, Stockings, Gloves, Handkerchiefs and Underwear, we have just received a new line at special low prices.

PARKER & PHILLIPS.

Mrs A E UHL

With a store full of bargains, bought for cash at the proper time, I am able to offer extra inducements to customers in prices and qualities of goods.

My Stock of MILLINERY GOODS IS COMPLETE.

The latest styles can be had here. Trimmed Hats and Bonnets and Sailors in great variety. Hats and Bonnets will also be trimmed to order in a short time; prices are the lowest and qualities best. Workmanship unequaled. All are invited to call and examine my Millinery Stock.

My Stock of Lawns,

Organdies, Dimities, Chintzes, Percales, etc., is very large, prices range from 5c up. In White Dress Goods we show Piques, Lawns, India Linens, Nainsooks, Dimities, with a complete line of Laces and Embroideries for trimming.

Handsome Tailor-made Suits are selling at from $7.00 to $12.00 per suit

Ready made Woolen Skirts from $1.00 to $5.00,

Linen Duck Skirts, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Summer Corsets, 25c, 50c and $1.00 each.

Silk, Pique, Lawn, Percale Shirt Waists in great variety of styles and prices.

Stockings that keep their color can be found here in great variety, embracing the new styles in drop stitch and open work, either in black, white, tans or fancy styles.

Great Bargains IN LACE CURTAINS. Prices Ranging from 40c to $5.00.

Ladies' and Children's