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 All bills for yearly advertisements col-
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 ments must be paid for in advance.
 Job work, Cash on Delivery.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

TIONESTA LODGE
 No. 369,
L. O. of O. F.
 MEETS every Friday evening, at 8
 o'clock, in the Hall formerly occupied
 by the Gaudy Temple.
 W. R. DUNN, N. G.
 O. W. SAWYER, Sec'y. 27-1f.

MILES W. TATE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
 Elm Street, TIONESTA, PA.

W. P. Mercillott,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, cor. Elm and
 Walnut Sts., Tionesta, Pa. I have
 associated myself with Hon. A. B. Rich-
 mond, of Meadville, Pa., in the practice of
 law in Forest County. 10-1y

F. W. Hays,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, and NOTARY
 PUBLIC, Reynolds Hukill & Co.'s
 Block, Seneca St., Oil City, Pa. 32-1y

V. KINNEAR, N. B. SMILEY,
KINNEAR & SMILEY,
 Attorneys at Law, - - - Franklin, Pa.

PRACTICE in the several Courts of Ven-
 ango, Crawford, Forest, and adjoining
 counties. 30-1y.

HARRIS & FASSETT,
 Attorneys at Law, Titusville Penn's.

PRACTICE in all the Courts of Warren,
 Crawford, Forest and Venango Coun-
 ties. 40-1y

CENTRAL HOUSE,
BONNER & AGNEW BLOCK, L.
 AOKER, Proprietor. This is a new
 house, and has just been fitted up for
 the accommodation of the public. A portion
 of the patronage of the public is solicited.
 40-1y

LAWRENCE HOUSE,
TIONESTA, PA., WILLIAM LAW-
RENCE, PROPRIETOR. This house is
 centrally located. Everything new and
 well furnished. Superior accommoda-
 tions and strict attention given to guests.
 Vegetables and Fruits of all kinds served
 in their season. Sample room for Com-
 mercial Agents.

FOREST HOUSE,
S. A. YARNER PROPRIETOR. Opposite
 S. Court House, Tionesta, Pa. Just
 opened. Everything new and clean and
 fresh. The best of liquors kept constantly
 on hand. A portion of the public patron-
 age is respectfully solicited. 4-17-1y

Empire Hotel.
TIDOUTE, PA. H. EWALD, PROPRIETOR.
 This house is centrally located,
 has been thoroughly refitted and now
 boasts as good a table and beds as any
 Hotel in the oil regions. Transient only \$2.00
 per day. 22-6m

C. B. Weber's Hotel,
TYLENSBURGH, PA. C. B. WEBER,
 has possession of the new brick hotel
 and will be happy to entertain all his old
 customers, and any number of new ones.
 Good accommodations for guests, and ex-
 cellent stabling. 10-3m.

DR. J. L. Acomb,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, who has
 had fifteen years' experience in a large
 and successful practice, will attend all
 Professional Calls. Office in his Drug and
 Grocery Store, located in Tidoute, near
 Tidoute House.

IN HIS STORE WILL BE FOUND
 A full assortment of Medicines, Liquors,
 Tobacco, Cigars, Stationery, Glass, Paints,
 Oils, Cutlery, all of the best quality, and
 will be sold at reasonable rates.

DR. CHAS. O. DAY, an experienced
 Physician and Druggist from New York,
 has charge of the Store. All prescriptions
 put up accurately.

M. S. HAY, JES. P. PARK, & E. KELLY,
HAY, PARK & CO.,
BANKERS
 Corner of Elm & Walnut Sts., Tionesta.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.
 Interest allowed on Time Deposits.
 Collections made on all the Principal points
 of the U. S.
 Collections solicited. 18-1y.

D. W. CLARK,
 (COMMISSIONER'S CLERK, FOREST CO., PA.)
REAL ESTATE AGENT.
 HOUSES and Lots for Sale and RENT.
 Wild Lands for Sale.

I have superior facilities for ascertaining
 the condition of taxes and tax deeds, &c.,
 and am therefore qualified to act intelli-
 gently as agent of those living at a dis-
 tance, owning lands in the County.
 Office in Commissioners Room, Court
 House, Tionesta, Pa.
 4-11-1y. D. W. CLARK.

NEW BILLIARD ROOMS!
 ADJOINING the Tionesta House, at
 the mouth of Tionesta Creek. The tables
 and seats are new, and everything kept in
 order. To lovers of the game a cordial
 invitation is extended to come and play
 in the new room.
 G. T. LATIMER, Lessee.

WM. F. BLUM,
BLACKSMITH
 AND
WAGON-MAKER.
 Corner of Church and Elm Streets,
TIONESTA, PA.

This firm is prepared to do all work in
 its line, and will warrant everything done
 at their shops to give satisfaction. Partic-
 ular attention given to
HORSE-SHOEING.

Give them a trial, and you will not re-
 gret it. 13-1y.

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON SHOP.
 THE undersigned have opened a first-
 class Blacksmith and Wagon Shop, in
 the Roberts shop, opposite the Rural
 House. All work in either line promptly
 attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Horseshoeing a Specialty
 22 1/2 L. SPEARS & H. W. ROBERTS.

NEW HARNESS SHOP.
 JUST opened in the Roberts Building op-
 posite the Rural House. The undersig-
 ned is prepared to do all kinds of work
 in his line in the best style and on short
 notice.

NEW HARNESS
 A Specialty. Keep on hand a fine assort-
 ment of Curly Combs, Brushes, Harness
 Oil, Whips and Saddles. Harness of all
 kinds made to order and cheap as the
 cheapest. Remember the name and place
 W. WEST, Roberts Building,
 22-1y Opposite Rural House, Tionesta.

H. C. HARLIN,
Merchant Tailor,
 IN the Lawrence Building, over Super-
 ior Lumber Co. Store. The best stock
 kept constantly on hand, and made up
 in the best manner and newest styles. 19-1y

MRS. C. M. HEATH,
DRESSMAKER, Tionesta, Pa.

MRS. HEATH has recently moved to
 this place for the purpose of meeting
 a want which the ladies of the town and
 county have for a long time known, that
 of having a dressmaker of experience
 among them. I am prepared to make all
 kinds of dresses in the latest styles, and
 guarantee satisfaction. Stamping for braid-
 ing and embroidery done in the best man-
 ner, with the newest patterns. All I ask
 is a fair trial. Residence on Water Street,
 in the house formerly occupied by Jacob
 Shriver. 14-1f

Frank Robbins,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
 (SUCCESSOR TO DEMING.)
 Pictures in every style of the art. Views
 of the oil regions for sale or taken to order.

CENTRE STREET, near R. R. crossing.
**SYCAMORE STREET, near Union De-
 pot, Oil City, Pa. 20-1f**

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.
 ELM STREET,
**SOUTH OF ROBINSON & BONNER'S
 STORE.**

Tionesta, Pa.,
M. CARPENTER, - - - Proprietor.

PHOTOGRAPHER,
 Pictures taken in all the latest styles
 of the art. 26-1f

NEW JEWELRY STORE
 In Tionesta.

M. SMITH,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
 At SUPERIOR STORE.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.
 A Large and Superior Stock of
Watches,
Clocks,
 and Jewelry,
 CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

MR. SMITH has fine machinery for
 making all parts of a watch or clock
 that may be missing or broken. He war-
 rants all his work. The patronage of the
 citizens of Forest County is most respect-
 fully solicited. All he asks is a fair trial.
 4-1f

ADVERTISERS send 25 cents to Geo.
 A. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y.,
 for their Eighty-page Pamphlet, showing
 cost of advertising. 13-4f

ADDRESS

Of The Republican State Committee.

To the Republicans of Pennsylvania:

You are called upon, once more, to
 make a stand in defence of your prin-
 ciples. The party which, by its polit-
 ical heresies, plunged this country into
 a bloody war, stands arrayed against
 you on precisely the grounds which it
 occupied in 1860, and proposes to re-
 open all the old controversies which it
 was thought had been settled by the
 war, and it therefore becomes neces-
 sary to sustain at the polls the govern-
 mental policy which has prevailed un-
 der a Republican administration.

"An undefiled and restored Consti-
 tution," which is equivalent to the
 Southern demand for "the Constitu-
 tion as it was," is what the Democra-
 cy of Pennsylvania asks for in the re-
 cently issued address of its State Com-
 mittee. It wants to ignore or rule out
 the thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth
 amendments to the Constitution, and
 restore the Constitution as it stood be-
 fore the war. It sets up a pretence
 that those amendments are null and
 void, and if it should return to power
 we may naturally look for an attempt
 to enforce a relapse to the condition of
 things that existed prior to the Rebel-
 lion.

The recent armed uprisings in the
 South, accompanied by numerous mur-
 ders, outrages innumerable, open re-
 bellion, and the establishment of a
 reign of terror to intimidate the un-
 armed and peaceful citizens, had the
 full sanction and sympathy of the
 Northern Democracy, and were plain-
 ly but part of a general plan to re-
 establish the old order of things.

The part of the Northern Democra-
 cy is to lull the people into a false
 security, and steal back into place upon
 false pretences, if possible. The part
 of the Southern Democracy is to set
 up a reign of violence, and by such an
 intimidation of the weak as will keep
 them from the polls, to install them-
 selves into offices to which they could
 never otherwise attain. The two work
 together in perfect harmony, and their
 joint triumph would utterly annihi-
 late all the beneficial results of the
 war.

It is the part of the Republicans of
 Pennsylvania to crush this conspiracy
 by thoroughly defeating those engaged
 in it, and they can do this only by
 rallying heartily to the support of
 their State ticket, and by cordially
 supporting their local nominations, so
 as to secure the election of a large
 majority of the Congressmen and a
 decisive majority in the Legislature.

The people of Pennsylvania do not
 want to return to "a restored Constitu-
 tion," or "the Constitution as it
 was." They do not want to come
 back again under the insolent rule of
 the Southern oligarchy, or to put their
 varied and grand industrial interests
 at the mercy of the free trade dema-
 gogues who control the Democratic
 party.

But, strong as are their convictions
 upon this subject, they can enforce
 them only in one way, and that is at
 the polls. They must elect men in har-
 mony with their well-known views
 and interests; and this can be done
 only by securing a thorough defeat of
 the Democratic party.

The last Democratic State Con-
 vention did not dare to open its mouth
 in favor of protection to American indus-
 try, or against the ratification of the
 Reciprocity Treaty, which is free trade
 in disguise. It had not the courage to
 take sides with the party in other
 States on those questions, and was
 equally cowardly in declining to take
 the other side. On the two great ques-
 tions which involve the material inter-
 ests of the State, the prosperity of
 its people, and the development of its
 wealth, it was as silent as the grave.
 No one doubts that the sympathies are
 with the enemies of our material pro-
 gress, and the rule is as good in this
 case as in every other—"He that is
 not for us is against us."

If, therefore, the people of Pennsylv-
 ania want to defend and promote the
 growth and prosperity of their State,
 they will not entrust its destinies to
 the hands of a party that dare not
 open its lips in their favor. The Democ-
 ratic party of the nation is for free
 trade, and the outspoken part of it is
 in favor of repudiation; and it is for
 the people of Pennsylvania to decide
 whether they will again permit such a
 party to control, and by controlling to
 ruin their future prospects.

The Republican party of the State
 has had possession of the Government
 since 1861, and has proved in that
 time its claim to continued public con-
 fidence. It has administered the govern-
 ment honestly, faithfully, economi-
 cally, and justly. The State has grown
 with rapid strides under its fostering
 care; the laws are everywhere judicious-
 ly enforced; and it needs but the
 maintenance of the protective policy
 on the part of the National Govern-
 ment, to secure our advance, at an

equally day, into the front rank of all the
 States.

When the Republicans assumed the
 reins of the State Government in 1861
 they found a State debt of over \$40,-
 000,000, and the breaking out of the
 Rebellion entailed an immediate addi-
 tion to that debt of \$3,500,000 for
 arming the people and defending the
 State, so that they began their admin-
 istration with the burden of over \$43,-
 000,000 of debt. That debt has now
 been reduced to \$24,000,000, a reduc-
 tion in round numbers of \$19,000,000
 in thirteen years, or \$1,500,000 yearly.
 This reduction has been accomplished
 by economy and honesty in the admin-
 istration of the finances, and not by
 taxation. The State tax on real estate
 was repealed in 1866, and that on per-
 sonal estate in 1873, so that while the
 State is free from direct taxation it is
 still rapidly and steadily extinguish-
 ing its debt.

This is a handsome record to present,
 and is a complete answer to all the
 ridiculous charges that have been
 trumped up of corruptness and ex-
 travagance. The State has never been
 better or more honestly managed un-
 der any administration, and we point
 to this record with pride in the con-
 trast it presents to the policy which,
 during the rule of the Democrats, in-
 flicted upon the State a debt of \$40,-
 000,000, accompanied with a heavy
 burden of direct taxation.

We desire to remind our Republican
 friends that the Legislature to be cho-
 sen this fall will have in its hands the
 election of a United States Senator for
 six years. It is of the utmost impor-
 tance, therefore, that, ignoring all
 causes of local distraction, they should
 unite actively, firmly, and harmoni-
 ously in behalf of their local candi-
 dates for the Legislature throughout
 the State. Every Democrat elected to
 the Legislature in Republican coun-
 ties on a local issue, will vote only for
 a Democrat for United States Senator,
 and no true Republican will, by his
 vote, render such a result possible.

We also entreat our friends to pay
 no heed to the attempt to delude them
 into the belief that the Republican
 party is opposed to the new Constitu-
 tion. It was a Republican State Con-
 vention which first demanded a revision
 of the old Constitution so as to
 secure the suppression of special leg-
 islation; it was a Republican Legisla-
 ture which called the Constitutional
 Convention; the Constitutional Con-
 vention was itself Republican; it was
 the Republican vote of the State which
 secured the adoption of the new Con-
 stitution; and it was a Republican
 Legislature which framed the legisla-
 tion necessary to carry its provisions
 into effect. The party record is too
 clean upon all these points to be ques-
 tioned or doubted.

The business depression which has
 fallen upon the country in the past
 year has been blamed upon the Govern-
 ment and as the effect of Republi-
 can policy; but as the same depression
 was prevalent throughout Europe, it is
 clear that it must be due to other
 causes. The country is already rapidly
 recovering from its effects, a result
 which, when panics occur here-
 tofore, required several years to accom-
 plish; and as the only remedy which
 Democracy offers is free trade and a
 return to the destructive policy which
 produced the ruinous revulsions of
 1837 and 1857, the people will find
 it much safer to trust to the policy un-
 der which the country is now recuperat-
 ing than to fall back upon the ex-
 ploited one that prevailed under Democ-
 ratic rule.

We earnestly urge upon our friends
 throughout the Commonwealth to
 wake up to the real importance of the
 pending election, and by energetic
 work to render certain a Republican
 victory. Such a victory is not to be
 won by supineness, and folding the
 hands in careless neglect of the great
 issues at stake. Victory, if won, must
 be sought, and not waited for. Active,
 energetic, unflinching effort is essential
 to assured success. It is not in the
 power of the Democracy to carry this
 State of themselves, but carelessness
 and neglect on our part may aid them.

Organization, work, and the cultiva-
 tion of a spirit of conciliation and
 harmony where local differences have
 prevailed, will accomplish much; and
 we appeal to the Republicans of the
 State, as they love their cherished
 principles, as they are devoted to the
 promotion of the material interests of
 the Commonwealth, as they value the
 preservation of the peace of the Union
 and its perpetuity, as they desire the
 permanent establishment of the pro-
 tective policy, as they value honesty,
 integrity, and fidelity in their public
 servants, to put on a fresh zeal for
 their sacred and righteous cause, to re-
 new their hearty devotion to their prin-
 ciples and the welfare of the country,
 and by a strong and determined rally
 at the polls, to crush out at once the
 hopes of those who would light again
 the fires of rebellion at the South, and
 the purpose to co-operate with them

which animates their Democratic co-
 adjutors at the North.

By order of Republican State Com-
 mittee. RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman.

**WHY SHOULD WE CHANGE OUR RUL-
 ER?**

(From the Philadelphia Press.)
 We are in the midst of an impor-
 tant political campaign, involving the
 election of State officers for the first
 time under the new Constitution. For
 ten years past the Republican party
 has almost unintermittently held con-
 trol of all the departments in the State
 government, administering them so
 faithfully that no charge of malfeasance
 or allegation of faithlessness of any
 kind could shake the confidence of the
 people in their rules, because results
 fairly shown and practically felt con-
 vinced them that there was no
 necessity for a change. Why, then,
 should we change now?

Why, for instance, should the peo-
 ple of Pennsylvania refuse to elect
 Harrison Allen Auditor General? Wherein
 has he failed to do his duty? He has
 been tried; his record is open to all
 the world; his deeds are known to all
 men, and it can be truly written of
 him that no man who ever held the
 same office was more faithful than he
 has been in the discharge of all his
 duties. He has collected the public
 revenues, or seen that they have been
 returned to the Treasury, with a close
 scrutiny. He has sternly forced the
 payment of back taxes from corpora-
 tions with an impartiality which no
 longer requires litigation on the part
 of the law officers of the Common-
 wealth, and he has reduced the public
 debt so steadily and regularly that
 our securities are now selling at a
 higher premium than the bonds of any
 State of the Union.

Mr. Temple, the Democratic candi-
 date, may be a good man, and might
 possibly make an efficient Auditor, but
 all this must be proved, and there is
 more or less risk in every test. Gen-
 eral Allen has been tested and found
 faithful. He has the true metal in
 him, and we all know what he is. It
 is not business like or prudent to dis-
 charge a faithful, true servant to en-
 gage a stranger.

Again, why should we send General
 Beath adrift—muster him out of office,
 to muster in General McCandless? Beath
 has given every possible evidence of
 his faithfulness in civil as well as
 military life, while McCandless, al-
 though a gallant soldier, uniformly
 noted with the disloyal Democracy.
 Beath fought like a hero to the end of
 the war, leaving a leg on the battle-
 field as a tribute of his devotion to his
 country. McCandless while in the
 army was constantly criticizing the
 civil power of the Government which
 directed the struggle for the Union,
 and was unreserved in his expression
 of sympathy for the political party
 which gave aid and comfort to treason
 —carrying that sympathy to such a
 height that he resigned his commission
 as a soldier at an early date in the
 war because his politics were not re-
 cognized in the policy of the war for
 the Union.

Why should Pennsylvania make
 John Latta Lieutenant Governor in-
 stead of Arthur G. Olmstead? When
 Latta was in the Senate he voted on
 all questions with sympathizers with
 treason, he denied the right of a sol-
 dier in the field to a vote; he scouted
 the proposition of freeing the slaves in
 the district of Columbia, and voted
 against the resolution instructing our
 Congressmen to support that measure;
 and when he was a member of the
 House he opposed all State aid of the
 Centennial. Mr. Olmstead's record as
 a loyal man is as sound as that of any
 man in the State, and his character as
 a legislator is above reproach. No
 man has ever dared to charge him
 with corruption. His votes and his
 voice in the halls of legislation were
 always on the side of right, and his
 manly devotion to the National Govern-
 ment in the hour of its peril, and to
 his State, are part of the proud
 records of the Commonwealth.

We give these facts to the people of
 Pennsylvania for fair consideration,
 now that by their votes the men before
 them for State officers will be rejected
 or accepted. The Republican party
 bases its record on facts of well-doing
 and faithfulness to the Government it
 has administered. It never asks for
 an honor until it deserves it. It never
 presents an unworthy man as a candi-
 date. It has no rewards for the foes
 of the country; and the people have
 always trusted it. Why, then, should
 they make a change of rulers now?
 Let the ballot-box answer in November.

The Vicksburg Times of last Satur-
 day put the following question to the
 Democrats of Vicksburg: "If a peace-
 able contest with the ballot at the
 polls is only contemplated, why the
 demand for firearms in the South, un-
 precedented since the dark days of
 secession and civil war?"

SOUTHERN OPINION.

The following peaceful overtures we
 take from various Southern papers.
 These papers and opinions are backed
 by nearly every Democratic paper in
 the North:

"The Southern men are the only
 friends the negro has in any part of
 the world. It becomes us to be their
 friends."—Jeff. Davis' speech at Mem-
 phis.

We intend to beat the negro in the
 strife, the warfare, the unending bat-
 tle of life, and defeat means but one
 thing—extermination!—Birmingham,
 Alabama, News.

"The whole South prefers an em-
 pire." "Let us compel the North, by
 a state of war, to change its form of
 government."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Against the Republican party our
 hate must be unquenchable, our war
 interminable and merciless. Every
 Southern State should swarm with
 White Leagues, and we should stand
 ready to set the moment Grant signs
 the civil rights bill.—Atlanta (Ga.)
 News.

The shooter has only to kill or
 wound his man to make himself cer-
 tain of escape. We never convict
 anybody of murder except a nigger or
 a pauper.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Without entering into any argument
 to sustain our position we assert that
 the government now in possession of
 Louisiana will retain its hold. * * *
 Of one thing we are assured, however,
 the people are in bloody earnest. They
 are determined to sell their lives dear-
 ly.—Galveston Mercury.

The Arkansas Republican, of Lit-
 tle Rock, has had a standing offer for
 the past two years to pay \$1,000 for
 evidence, in a single instance, where a
 Southern white man has ever been
 punished as the law directs for killing
 a negro. The offer remains untaken.

"Our work is only begun; we must
 finish it. 'War to the knife, and from
 the knife to the hill' until we redeem
 the country and the State."—Vicks-
 burg Herald.

Capital fled from us, says the ad-
 dress of the McEnery committee of
 New Orleans. This is cool. Capital
 rushed eagerly to the South to fill the
 openings left by the desolations of the
 war. The South needed capital, and
 the inducements were great for capital
 to go there. How was it received? The
 first condition for the security of
 capital was the surrender, on the part
 of the capitalist, of his political and
 social opinions, whenever they differed
 from those which are held as orthodox
 in the South. The penalty of this
 is not only social ostracism, but the
 insecurity of property. A white Repub-
 lican is regarded there as the associ-
 ate of negroes; is held in contempt
 and subjected to insults which brave
 men will not, indeed, hesitate to en-
 counter in the way of their duty, but
 which no man who regards his com-
 fort will seek. It would just suit old
 John Brown, and some of the more
 contentious men and women too, who
 "have a mission," and who delight to
 be persecuted, and are all the more
 likely to go into just such inconve-
 nience and just such danger. But they
 are not the people who develop the
 resources and build up the industries
 of a community. The South needs
 capital and drives it away. Only those
 to whom capital is most useful have
 the power to repel it. There is every-
 thing in the natural condition of the
 South to attract capital; there is every-
 thing in the conduct of the people
 to keep it away, and to drive it away
 after it has gone there, in spite of
 them. Capital has fled from them as
 the lamb does from the wolf, as men
 flee from pestilence. If the people of
 the South want the capital of the
 North, they know how to get it; if
 they don't want it, they know how
 to drive it off. By their acts, not by
 their professions, are men judged.—
 Providence Journal.

When a colored man kills a white
 man in the South he is promptly ar-
 rested, and either tried and executed
 or hanged without trial by a vindic-
 tive mob. When a white man kills a
 negro, the offender is carefully guarded
 from violence, furnished with excel-
 lent counsel, and generally escapes
 with no further punishment than the
 loss of his time and the inconvenience
 of an arrest. We make the following
 assertions with the confident belief
 that they can not be truthfully gain-
 said:

1. That since the war no