



WINSLOW, S. C.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 23, 1857.

Mr. H. W. ADKINS, of Danbury, is our authorized Agent for Stokes and adjoining Counties.

The "Mexican Preamble."

We copy in another column, from the Raleigh "Standard," an account of the proceedings of the House of Commons, upon the Resolution of Mr. Reeves, of Surry, to draw black lines around those words in the Preamble to the resolution granting supplies to our troops during the Mexican war, in which the conduct of the late lamented President Polk is reflected upon.

It affords us great pleasure to record this action of the General Assembly. We think it was due to the spirit of the times—to the facts of history, and to the name and memory of one of our best and ablest Presidents.

The incidents connected with and giving rise to the late war between the United States and Mexico, are familiar, we presume, to all our readers, and it is unnecessary to review them.

Whatever the changes in the names of parties, or even in their position upon minor questions, these two controlling ideas will be found to operate. The one, cherishing a jealous guardianship of national honor and right—a spirit of expansive and comprehensive patriotism—and a firm confidence in the capacity and strength of self-imposed and self-directed government, would suffer no scruples to obstruct the course of national or personal right, and giving to the people all doubtful or untried powers, would repose in their patriotism and ability.

These two influences were naturally brought into action at the time of the war with Mexico; and while our National government, administered upon Democratic principles, successfully maintained the honor of the nation and the rights of the people of Texas, by a succession of the most brilliant victories the world ever saw, our State government, in the hands of the opponents of those principles, recorded upon the journals of legislation, their hostility to the position assumed by the Executive.

But time has shown the folly of the course, and the people have spoken their condemnation of it. Like the resolutions of censure against Gen. Jackson, passed by Congress in a time of high excitement, this aspersion of the conduct of Mr. Polk has met its just and merited rebuke.

Mr. Wm. S. Shaub, of this County, writes to us that he slaughtered, between Christmas and New-Year, two hogs, one of which weighed 453, and the other 558 lbs. nett.

We record this, not as a matter of surprise or wonderment, for doubtless there have been many hogs raised whose weight when killed was far greater; but there seems to exist among many of our agricultural friends, a spirit of emulation and enterprise which is highly commendable, and which, if properly cherished, must lead to beneficial results.

Nothing can be of more real interest and advantage, to all classes, than the prosperity of agriculture. All must agree that it is the basis of every branch of industry and art. Whatever has a tendency, therefore, to further the science or enhance the interests of agriculture, is of importance not only to those engaged in tilling the soil, but to all who depend for their support on the labor of their hands.

Great improvements have been made of late in the science of agriculture, by the introduction of more systematic methods of cultivation, the employment of new and concentrated fertilizers, and the use of more effective farming implements. The public press has done much to disseminate useful information, and to extend the knowledge of valuable discoveries; associations for mutual exertion and advancement have

been formed, and efforts have been made in many ways to elevate the pursuits of agriculture and its kindred interests.

We need, in this section, an association of the character alluded to above. We ought to have a good, practical AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. Let it be composed of the practical farmers and working men of the country, and of all whose labor is their means of life. Such an association, properly conducted, would be of immense value to the industrial interests of our people. It would stimulate latent energies, and arouse them into action. It would institute a spirit of mutual inquiry, which would necessarily lead to mutual advantage. The annual Fairs of such an organization would be occasions for the display of the fruits of our industry and resources, and the gratification of our pride in the accomplishment of noble aims.

We propose the formation of such a Society. We would suggest that it be composed of the farmers and working-men of our own and one or two adjoining Counties, and that steps be taken to render the enterprise permanent. What say our agricultural friends? We invite their attention to the matter, and should be glad to have their views.

Terrific Snow-Storm.

We were visited, on Saturday night and Sunday last, with the most violent snow-storm we ever witnessed. It began about 9 o'clock on Saturday night, with rain and hail, and continued, almost incessantly, for more than twenty-four hours. The wind blew a perfect gale, and the cold was intense. On Monday morning the ground was covered with snow to a depth rarely seen in this climate—the drift being in many places five to eight feet deep. The roads were rendered almost entirely impassable, and are at this time much blocked up with snow.

The mails have been detained—it being impossible, we suppose, for the cars to run, and very difficult to travel on the stage routes. As a consequence, we have little news of a recent date to publish. The mail from Fayetteville, which reached us on Thursday morning, is all that we have had from below since Monday morning—and that does not bring us anything late. It is probable, we think, that the mails from the North will be detained a long time, unless the weather should undergo a sudden change—a circumstance which we are not disposed to consider at all likely.

We read an article some time since, which argued that a gradual change was taking place in the climate of this country—that it was growing colder—and advancing some very plausible grounds in support of the theory. We cannot say how it may be in future, but the experience of last winter and of this would seem to favor such a conclusion.

In reply to Mr. Outlaw, Mr. Settle delivered a thrilling and most impressive speech, in which he depicted the condition of things in 1846, when this preamble was forced upon the Democrats, and most feelingly alluded to Louis D. Wilson, of Edgecombe, who had vainly appealed to the Whig leaders of that day to abandon the preamble; and who went, under the preamble, to meet the enemies of his country, and died in a foreign land.

Among other amendments offered by the Know Nothings, intended to clog the resolution of Mr. Reeves, was the following, by Mr. Mann:

Resolved, That five thousand dollars be appropriated out of the State Treasury, for the purpose of erecting suitable monument to the memory of the gallant Louis D. Henry, of Edgecombe—the said monument to be erected in the town of Tarboro.

Mr. Mann did not discover his ridiculous mistake until his resolution was voted down. Subsequently, he put in a resolution for a monument to Louis D. Wilson, of Edgecombe; whereupon Mr. Bridgers thanked him for his appreciation, manifested, even at this late day, of the character and services of this illustrious son of Edgecombe; but told him that Edgecombe had already erected a monument to his memory, and needed no such gratuity from the State Treasury. [Applause.]

And Mr. Lewis, in the course of his overwhelming replies to the opposition, expressed his surprise at their readiness to vote swords and monuments to those who had fought in what they had stigmatized as an unconstitutional and unjust war.

During the debate Mr. Leach of Davidson, addressed the House, and said some things which disgusted, and others that occasioned merriment on the Democratic side. Mr. Erwin asked him if he believed the "Mexican Preamble" spoke the truth; and he replied he thought it did! Mr. Caldwell offered an amendment reflecting on President Polk for "granting a pass to Santa Anna"—rejected, yeas 5, nays 72. Mr. Settle drew the attention of the House to the fact that Mr. Leach of Davidson, was within the bar of the House, and refused to vote on this amendment.

We never witnessed a more factious opposition than that exhibited by Know-Nothing leaders to this resolution; and most conspicuous among those who were most factious, were Messrs. Caldwell, Mann and Ferebee.

Mr. Reeves the mover of the resolution stated in reply to Mr. Ferebee that he alone was responsible for it; that he had pledged himself before the people to introduce it; and that as he had determined not to be governed by any action of his party upon the subject, so he had not asked its advice.

Debate in the House of Commons.

The Raleigh Standard gives the following account of the Debate on Mr. Reeves' "expunging resolution," in the House of Commons on Thursday, the 15th inst.:

"The remainder of the session of the House, until about seven o'clock, was occupied in the consideration of the resolution offered by Mr. Reeves, of Surry, proposing to expunge the objectionable language in the preamble to the resolution of 1846—47, appropriating \$10,000 to the North-Carolina volunteers, commonly known as the "Mexican Preamble." Mr. Reeves proposed to expunge said preamble from the journals of the House; and on motion of Mr. Settle, the amendment being accepted by Mr. Reeves, it was finally resolved, and the resolution passed in this shape by a vote of 69 to 19—that the words "by the action of the Executive and the subsequent sanction of Congress," should be expunged by the principal Clerk of the House, by drawing black lines around the same; so as to leave it "whereas, this Resolution is involved in a foreign war," &c.

An animated debate took place on the resolution, which lasted from twelve o'clock to seven, the House remaining in continuous session for about nine hours.

Mr. Reeves spoke first, in an eloquent strain, in favor of the proposition; and was followed by Mr. Ferebee at some length in opposition. In the course of Mr. Ferebee's remarks he was catechized by Mr. Erwin in relation to some partisan views which he had taken, in which Mr. Ferebee came off second best.

Mr. Settle followed in support of the resolution to expunge, and was replied to by Mr. Baxter, who stated that he believed the words objected to were true when passed by the Legislature, and he believed so still; but at the time, in 1846, he saw the injustice of compelling the Democrats to vote for the appropriation and the preamble together, and so stated to his Whig friends who then controlled the House. He thought the proposition ought to have been rescinded, and not to expunge.

The debate was continued by Messrs. Erwin, Bridgers, Lewis of Wake, Settle, Reeves, and White of Bladen, in favor of the resolution to expunge; and by Messrs. Baxter, Caldwell, Sharpe, Ferebee, Outlaw, Lackney, Foster, Mann, Cox of Perquimans, Crump, Ogburn, McIntosh, Scott, Benbury, Leach of Davidson, and others in opposition. Every parliamentary expedient was resorted to by the Know Nothings—who thus took upon themselves this infamous act of the Whig party of 1846—to postpone the resolution and prevent action upon it; but the Democrats were determined to remain in session, and so repeatedly announced, until the resolution should be perfected and adopted.

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We have no fear that the opposition will be able to make any party capital out of this movement.—As it has been commenced we trust it will be consummated and let them make the most of it. Let them if they dare go before the people on this subject—they will be overwhelmed by general patriotic indignation. Justice and

truth have slumbered for ten long years; but they have at length stepped forth to vindicate the facts of history, the good name of Jas. K. Polk, and the fair fame of the Republic.

Great Snow-Storm.

BUFFALO, January 8.—At our latest dates from Fort Des Moines, Iowa, it has snowed incessantly for two days. Travel was interrupted in all directions, and many persons who were out came near perishing.

Honoring one's Guests.—At a large and rather promiscuous party up town, the other night, (one thousand invitations having been issued,) the host exhibited the latest novelty of the season. Two policemen in uniform were stationed at the entrance of the supper room. Whether this display was necessary to keep "Young New York" in order, or to prevent the mysterious disappearance of silver, is not known. Neither explanation is complimentary to the city.

PATRIDGES NOT TO BE SHOT.—We see it stated in several of our State exchanges, that the great scarcity of partridges in every section of Virginia, has induced all true sportsmen to enter into solemn pledge not to shoot one of them this season, and to use their best endeavors to prevent the others from doing so. In view of the almost total destruction of this species of game birds from cold and starvation last winter, true sportsmen, in all sections of the country ought to take a similar pledge.

DIED.

In Hope, Indiana, on the 1st inst., at the residence of L. W. Keelin, while returning from a bridal tour to her home in West Tennessee, Mrs. MARGARET A., wife of F. A. Keelin, in the 20th year of her age.

To gaze upon the loved in death, To mark the closing, beamless eye, To press dear lips—and find no breath, This, this is life's worst agony. But God, too merciful, too wise, To leave the lone one in despair, Whispers, while snatching these we prize, "My kingdom come! ye'll meet them there!" [Com.]

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various goods like BACON, BEEF, BUTTER, etc., with prices per lb or per bushel.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

Table listing market prices for Fayetteville, including BACON, COFFEE, COTTON, etc.

Table listing market prices for various commodities like FLOUR, WHEAT, etc.

Table listing market prices for LARD, SPIRITS, and other goods.

Table listing market prices for SALT, MOLASSES, SUGAR, and BEEF.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED, being desirous of removing West, offers for sale his Tract of Land, six miles East of Danbury, on the waters of Snow Creek, adjoining the Lands of James Davis and others.

List of Letters Remaining in the Post-Office at Winston, N. C., the first day of Jan. 1857.

Amos White, W. A. Daniel, A. Taylor, W. S. Daniel, Austin Slater, Thomas E. Darden, Philip Stutz, Robert Delap, D. H. Starbuck, Miss Sarah Green, William Shouse, L. A. McGlahon, Serena Oliver, J. W. Conrad, J. J. Overton, Samuel D. Crane, A. Overton, Herbert P. Cook, Doctor Pritchard, Mrs. Conrad, J. M. Phinket, Col. Thos. J. Blakley, 4, Sec. Winston Lodge, 2, Miss C. J. Brown, R. H. Linville, Rev. W. W. Alban, E. W. Lineback, 2, Mrs. E. E. Albee, James Lineback, E. Moon, Doctor Pritchard, Lesly Morris, C. S. Hauser, Ervin S. Miller, Elizabeth Hiatt, John W. Miller, W. A. Harper, S. M. Magee, J. F. Haisfield, Anderson J. Joyce, Jno. Downing, Dr. H. T. Weatherly.

RAGS! RAGS!!

1000 LBS. of rags wanted immediately at BARRON & STAFFORD'S, January 16, 1857. 34-4f.

Printing and Wrapping PAPER

Of all sizes, and of the best quality, for Sale by R. L. PATTERSON & CO., Salem, N. C., January 12, 1857. 34-2m.

PUBLIC SALE.

AS Executors of the last will and testament of John Butler, deceased, we will sell at public auction, at his late residence in Old Town, on Wednesday & Thursday the 4th and 5th days of February next, the

HOUSE & LOT

on which said deceased resided at his death, including the Pottery Shop and all the tools and implements used therein, and three other

VALUABLE TOWN LOTS,

two of which have valuable improvements thereon; also a tract of Land adjoining thereto, containing

FIFTY ACRES,

some acres of which is very valuable Meadow. Also a tract of ten acres of Meadow Land on Mill Creek, adjoining Christian Hauser, and others, quite near Old Town. At the same time and place, we will sell the following personal estate, viz: one valuable

NEGRO MAN;

all the STORE GOODS, consisting of Dry Goods, GROCERIES, TIN-WARE, &c. A large amount of

HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,

consisting of Beds and Furniture, Desks, Bureaus, Tables, Clocks, large Wash Kettles, Stoves, &c. One Mare, one CARRIAGE, one WAGON and harness, three Hic-cow Cows, three Shoats, some five hundred pounds of Pork,

80 BUSHELS OF WHEAT,

twenty bushels of CORN, a quantity of HAY, FODDER, STRAW, &c.; a very large quantity of excellent CROCKERY-WARE, together with many other articles too numerous to mention. A credit of 12 months will be given and bond and approved surety will be required from the purchaser.

TRUST SALE.

By authority of a Deed of Trust, executed to me, as Trustee, by Thos. J. Borer and Livingston Clinard, for the purposes therein specified, I will proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, at their store house in Salem, on the 10th inst. of next month, (February) all their

STOCK OF GOODS,

(amounting in value to near \$7,000, counting them at first cost), consisting of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, HATS, BONNETS, SHOES,

and a great variety of DRY GOODS,

such as are usually kept in stores in this section of country. Among the Dry Goods are a great many whole pieces. There are over 200 pieces of Calico, and about three hundred pieces of Ribbons, a large portion of which are whole.

Ready-Made Men's Clothing;

several first rate Stoves, a very superior Iron safe, and a great many articles too numerous to mention in an advertisement.

STORE-HOUSE AND LOT

belonging to the said Borer & Clinard. The terms will be made known at the time of sale.

Also will be sold, at the same time and place, a field in cultivation, containing about five acres, a short distance west of Levin Brice's and adjoining Alexander Ackerman and others. The said Borer and Clinard hold this field by lease, and the terms of sale will also be made known at the time of selling.

C. L. BANNER, Trustee. Salem, January 9th, 1857. 34-2w.

SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES!

SOUTHERN MILITARY ACADEMY LOTTERY, CLASS M.

To be drawn in the city of Mobile, Alabama, in public, on Saturday, January 20, 1857, on the plan of SINGLE NUMBERS.

30,000 Tickets—3,280 Prizes! More than one Prize to every ten Tickets!

Table showing prize amounts for the lottery, including 1 Prize of \$40,000, 10 Prizes of \$1,000, etc.

FORT GAINES ACADEMY LOTTERY,

CLASS 23, To be Drawn in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, in Public, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1857, on the Plan of SINGLE NUMBERS.

30,000 Tickets—3,307 Prizes: Nearly one Prize to every nine Tickets!

BRILLIANT SCHEME!

Table showing prize amounts for Fort Gaines Academy lottery, including 1 Prize of \$25,000, 10 Prizes of \$2,000, etc.

3,307 Prizes amounting to \$204,000. Whole Tickets \$10; Halves \$5; Quarters \$2.50.

The first 307 Prizes are decided in the usual manner. The 3,000 Prizes of \$10 will be determined by the last figure of the Number that draws the Tickets whose number ends in 1 will be entitled to \$40. If the number ends in 2, then all the Tickets whose number ends in 2 will be entitled to \$40, and so on to 9.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk: Certificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets, \$60

10 Half " 30, 10 Quarter " 15

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates either to S. SWAN & Co., Atlanta, Ga., or S. SWAN, Montgomery, Ala.

SOUTHERN MILITARY ACADEMY LOTTERY,

CLASS N, To be Drawn in the City of Mobile, Alabama, in public, on FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1857, on the Plan of SINGLE NUMBERS.

John Hurlst and W. W. McGuire, Esqs., Commissioners.

30,000 Tickets—3,295 Prizes. More than one Prize to every ten Tickets!

BRILLIANT SCHEME!

Table showing prize amounts for Southern Military Academy lottery, including 1 Prize of \$60,000, 2 Prizes of \$2,000, etc.

4 Prizes of \$250 Approx. to \$40,000 Prize are \$1,000

4 " 200 " 10,000 " 800, 4 " 175 " 10,000 " 700, 8 " 125 " 5,000 " 1,000, 8 " 100 " 2,000 " 800, 4 " 75 " 1,000 " 600, 4 " 65 " 250 " 200, 3,000 " 60 are 180,000

3,295 Prizes amounting to \$326,000. Whole Tickets \$16; Halves \$8; Quarters \$4; Eighths \$2.

The first 216 Prizes are decided in the usual manner. The 3,000 Prizes of \$60 will be determined by the last figure of the number that draws the \$60,000 Prize. For example, if the Number drawing the \$60,000 Prize ends with No. 1, then all the Tickets whose number ends in 1 will be entitled to \$60. If the number ends with No. 2, then all the Tickets whose number ends in 2 will be entitled to \$60, and so on down to 0.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk: Certificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets, \$100

10 Half " 50, 10 Quarter " 25, 10 Eighths " 12 1/2

Address all orders for Tickets or Certificates either to S. SWAN & Co., Atlanta, Ga., or S. SWAN, Montgomery, Ala.

Plan of Swan & Co's Lotteries.

30,000 Numbers corresponding with those on the Tickets are placed in one Wheel. The Prizes are placed in another wheel. A number is drawn from the number wheel, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other wheel. The Prize drawn is placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.

IN ORDERING TICKETS,

Enclose the money to our address, for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail.

The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the drawing.

Purchasers will please write their signatures plain and give their Post Office, County and State.

Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

All prizes of \$1,000 and under, paid immediately after the drawing; other prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

All communications strictly confidential. Prize Tickets cashed or renewed in other Tickets at either office.

MOUNT AIRY MALE ACADEMY,

SURRY CO., N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION begins the 1st Monday in January, 1857. Tuition from \$5.50 to \$15.00. Board from \$5 to \$8.00.

R. H. SMITH, PRINCIPAL. GAVIN H. LINDSAY, A. B., Assistant.

FOR RENT.

I have for rent, in the village of Wauington, Forsyth County, a LARGE AND COMMODIOUS STORE-HOUSE, with Warehouse and Counting-Room attached. Said Store-house is prominently and conveniently situated, and is an excellent business site. I feel confident, indeed, in the assertion that it is one of the best locations for the sale of Merchandise, in Forsyth County. Persons desiring such a stand, can rent the property upon accommodating terms. For further particulars call upon the subscriber. JOHN KELLER. Wauington, N. C., Jan. 1, 1857. 3t pd.

Hats, Hats.—If you want a fashionable Hat, call at BARRON & STAFFORD'S.