WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

Friday, October 15, 1847.

AGENCY.

JAMES M. REDMOND, Post-master at Tarboro', is Agent for this paper, for Edgecombe and the adjoining counties. Mr. R. will take pleasure in receiving new subscribers and receipting for any moneys due us in that section.

JOSEPH MASON, Post's Buildings, corner of Hanover and Beaver streets, N. Y., is our agent, for receiving Advertisements in that city, for publication in the Journal. He will also receive subscribers for the same.

☞Mr. JAMES BURCH is our authorized agent to make collections due the "Journal" office in this town and county.

REMOVAL.

The "Journal" printing office has been removed to the second story of the building in which it has heretofore been carried on Entrance on Princess street, opposite the Bank of the State.

The Editor's office is now on Princess street, 2d door from the corner.

☞Entrance to printing office third door from the corner.

☞No Mail North of Richmond to-day, (Thursday.)

THE MEXICAN NEWS.

We give to-day in other columns all the intelligence which has reached us since the date of our last publication. The accounts are still vague and unsatisfactory. They are, however, much more favorable and reliable than those published last week. That Gen'l Scott is in undisputed possession of the city of Mexico, there can be no doubt. That our losses have not been anything like what they were reported by the Mexican papers, the news which we publish to-day will assure every one. We are glad, really rejoiced, to find that the report of the death of Generals Smith, Worth, and Pillow, was unfounded. We trust that in a few days we shall have more authentic details, as a bearer of despatches has gone through to Washington from Tampico

We gather, from all the "lights before us," that the Mexicans continue as obstinate as ever, and that any hopes of peace from a treaty are farther removed than six months since Speculation upon the probable result of our operations in that misguided and unfortunate land, would be vain. Indeed, we doubt whether there is a man in the Union who has any distinct idea of when or how this war is to end. Its termination seems just now to be involved in the deepest obscurity. We shall continue to lay before our readers all the intelligence bearing upon this momentous question which may come into our possession

THE NEXT HOUSE.—The result of the Maryland election, will undoubtedly give the whigs a small majority in the next House of Representatives. Mississippi and Lou siana cannot alter this result. We shall look with considerable interest to the proceedings of the House. If the whigs stick up to what they have hitherto professed, we presume that they will make some move to withdraw the troops from Mexico. But will they do this, now that they have a majority? or will they refuse to vote supplies? We predict that they will not dare do one or the other. We have no doubt but that they will throw every embarrassment they can in the way of the administration, but they will not dare either to refuse to vote supplies, or to withdraw the troops. Time, however, will shew.

THE NORTH CAROLINA REGIMENT.—We would call the attention of the reader to the two articles in to-day's paper, taken from the Tarboro' Press. They are well written and place the matter in its true light We trust that one day the people of North Carolina will have the *whole facts* before them, when they can judge whether the "Loco Foco" Press has been more severe upon Col. Paine, han he really deserved.

COMING TO THE POINT.—So the cat is at last out of the bag. Gen. Taylor, after a wonderfull quantity of mystification, in a late letter addressed to Dr Bronson, of Charleston, S. C., and published in the Intelligencer, says:

"*I have never yet exercised the privilege of voting; but had I been called upon at the last Presidential election to do so, I should most certainly have cast my vote for Mr. Clay.*"

This, we presume, has been thrown out for the purpose of giving the whigs to understand publicly what his (Gen. Taylor's) politics are. Finding that his neutral course was not favorably received by any one, and ascertaining that if there was any chance for his being run as a candidate for the Presidency, that chance lay with the whigs, Gen. Taylor lets it out that he would have voted at the last election for Mr. Clay. This is a pretty broad hint, and perhaps may have the effect with the whig party for which it was intended. We shall see what we shall see.

SEVERE STORM.—The Washington Union of the 8th inst., says:—"This region of country was visited last night with a terrific storm, causing considerable destruction of property, and, we learn, loss of life. The rain was accompanied at intervals by severe claps of thunder and flashes of lightning, and it is said that two persons were killed by the lightning stroke on the Capitol Hill. The railway culverts on either side of the village of Bladensburg, in this vicinity, with a portion of the railway embankment near it, have been washed away, the water standing in the village streets up to the second story of the houses. The flood in and about Fredericksburg, Virginia, is said by telegraph to have been as serious. In Georgetown, of this District, much valuable property—flour, wood, &c.—has been washed into the Potomac; and this morning, in the attempt to rescue some portion of the floating mass, three men (a white person and two negroes) are said to have been drowned. The Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is more or less injured in Georgetown and above—the injury at its terminus being principally confined to the basin.

COURT MARTIAL.—The Washington Union of the 11th inst. says: "The following are the members of the court-martial which has been instituted for the trial of Lieut. Col. Fremont, of the regiment of mounted riflemen:

Brev. Brig. Gen. G. M. Brooke, Col. 5th Inf.
Col. S. Churchill, Inspector General.
Col. J. B. Crane, 1st Artillery.
Brev Col. M. M. Payne, 4th Artillery.
Brev. Lt. Col. S. H. Long, Corps Top. Eng.
Lieut. Col. J. P. Taylor, Subsistence Dept.
Lieut. Col. R. E. DeRussy, Corps of Engs.
Brev. Lt. Col. H. K. Craig, Ord. Dept.
Maj. R. L. Baker, Ordnance Dept.
Maj. J. D. Graham, Corps of Top. Engs.
Maj. R. Delafield, Corps of Engineers
Brev. Maj. G. A. McCall. Asst. Adj. Gen.
Maj. E. W. Morgan, 11th Infantry.

"Capt. John F Lee, Ordnance Department, is appointed the Judge Advocate of the court.

"The court, we understand, is ordered to assemble on the 2d day of Nov. next, at Fort Monroe, Va., being the most convenient military station where adequate public quarters can be furnished for its accommodation."

FIRE AT RICHMOND.—A large and destructive fire occurred at Richmond, Va., on the 10th inst. Among the buildings it has destroyed, is the Shockoe Tobacco House, said to be one of the largest Tobacco Ware-houses in any part of Virginia. The fire is supposed to have originated from accident. It was the largest fire that ever occurred in Richmond. We have seen no estimate of the loss sustained, but from the accounts it must have been very heavy.

☞We have been requested to state that Mr. WM. D. COOKE, the Principal of the Deaf and Dumb Institute of North Carolina, will (with some of his pupils,) visit this place during the second week of November next, and will give an exhibition at the Masonic Hall, of which due notice will be given. The object of the friends of the Institution is to shew to the citizens of our State how much can be done for this unfortunate class of our race, and to excite an interest upon the subject, which may hereafter redound to the credit of our State. We understand that he will have with him, Miss LUCY MORRIS, a mute from our town, whose performances on a certain occasion in the city of Raleigh, excited so much interest. We hope our citizens will patronize the exhibitton, and, by their kindness and hospitality to Mr. Cooke and his pupils, evidence their good wishes for the prosperity of the Institution.

ELECTIONS.

MARYLAND.—The election in Maryland for Governor, members of Congress and the Legislature, took place on the 6th inst. The Baltimore Sun publishes returns from all the counties in the State. Thomas, the democratic candidate for Governor, has been elected by a majority of about 662, over Goldsboro'. (fed.)

CONGRESS.—The following are the names of the members elected to Congress:

1.	John G. Chapman, (fed.,) no opposition.	
2.	J. Dixon Roman, (fed.,) gain	316
3.	T. W. Ligon, (dem.,) about	1,300
4.	R. M. McLane, (dem.,)	542
5.	Alexander Evans, (fed.,) gain	465
6.	John W. Crisfield, (fed.,) about	800

LEGISLATURE—SENATE.—There were no senators to be elected this year. The Senate now consists of 13 whigs and 8 democrats

HOESE OF DELEGATES.—Under the amendments of the constitution providing for biennial instead of annual sessions of the Legislature, there will be no election next year for members of the Legislature. Those chosen this year will, therefore, continue in office till 1849.

The House of Delegates stands 25 democrats, 57 whigs.

GEORGIA ELECTION.—The election for Governor and members to the Legislature of Georgia, took place on the 4th inst. The Gubernatorial contest was severe and animated for several weeks prior to the election. The candidates were G. W. Towns, (dem.,) and Gen. Duncan Clinch, (fed.) The result has gone in favor of Towns, (dem.,) by upwards of 1,000 votes majority. We have not yet seen how parties stand in the Legislature.—Both parties seem to claim the victory.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The annual election for Governor, Canal Commissioners, one-third of the State Senators and members of Assembly, took place in Pennsylvania on Tuesday last. We may hear from the city of Philadelphia before we go to press.

From the St. Louis Republican, Sept. 30th.

BURIAL OF THE REMAINS OF CAPT. BURGWIN.

ORDERS No. 62. HEADQUARTERS, FORT LEAVENWORTH, 13th September, 1847.

The Lieut. Col. Commanding announce to the community the arrival of the *remains* of the late and lamented Captain John H. K. Burgwin, of the 1st Dragoons, who was mortally wounded on the 4th day of February, in the battle of Puebla de Taos, New Mexico, and died of his wound on the 7th of the same month. To dwell on the many virtues and good qualities of the deceased, would be supurfluous. Let it suffice to say, that for excellence of heart he had no superior, as the members of his company he so bravely led amidst the conflict of arms, as well as others, who enjoyed his acquaintance, will attest.—His mind was of no common order, and devoted to his profession, he had stored it with all that could make an accomplished officer.

The remains of the deceased will be interred at this post to-morrow at 12 m, with the usual military honors.

The order of procession will be as follows:

Military escort of one company of the U. S. Infantry, commanded by Brev. Maj Scott.
Band of the 1ts U. S. Dragoons.
The Ordnance Sergeant and non-commissioned staff of 1st Dragoons.

Pallbearers.	Captain Easton, U. S. A.	Asst. Surgeon Sanderson.
	Major Bryant, U. S. A.	Assistant Surgeon King.
	Lt. Col. Wharton, 1st Dragoons.	Major Boon, 1st Dragoons.
	Horse of the deceased.	

Officers and Soldiers of the Volunteers and Militia Citizens connected with the military establishment of the post.

Other citizens of the adjoining State, who are respectfully invited to attend the funeral.

Officers are requsted to wear crape on their sword hilts.

C. WHARTON,
Lt. Col. 1st Drag. Commanding.

In pursuance of the above order the remains of Capt. John H. K. Burgwin were interred in the solemn and imposing ceremony of the honors bestowed upon those who die in the service and cause of their country. Deep and affecting was the grief of the friends of the deceased, who had enjoyed his friendship and who appreciated his worth while living.—Sincere and sad the tears shed over his grave; and no less sincere and deep the sympathy felt by all for the sorrow, grief and anguish of the venerable parent, who alone, of all the relatives of the deceased, accompanied the earthly remains of his idolized son to their resting place.

It is the purpose of the father of Captain Burgwin to have the remains of his son removed to the family burying ground, Wilmington N. C.

Farewell friend and brother, thy warfare is o'er,
With the turmoils of life and its cares thou art done;
The shrill call of battle shall rouse thee no more—
To peace and to heaven, thy spirit is gone.

We weep for thy loss—though our loss is thy gain,
And memory still mourns as she looks on the past,
And recalls recollections she'll ever retain.
Of friendship and love, that are severed at last.

We weep for the brave, who so gallantly led
His heroic band, mid the wild storm of war,
And cheer'd them on o'er the dying and dead,
While the uproar of battle resounded afar.

We mourn for the brave, who now slumbers in peace,
Whose name and whose worth love and friendship enshrines
With a pious remembrance, that never shall cease,
'Till the spirits that mourn, are united with thine.

L. K.

HONOR TO THE SOUTH CAROLINA VOLUNTEERS.—A large meeting of the citizens of Charleston was held at the City Hall, Charleston, on the evening of the 6th October, 1847, in honor of the Palmetto Regiment. A series of spirited resolutions were adopted, and several eloquent addresses delivered on the occasion. We extract from the Charleston *Evening News* the following well-timed remarks made by Mr. Hayne:—

Mr. Hayne, on the part of the Committee of Sixty, stated that the Committee had unanimously concurred in the Resolutions he held in his hand, and he was prepared to report them for the consideration of the meeting. In submitting them, he begged for himself to say, that it had been a task most grateful to his feelings. They were drawn as no formal tribute of cold propriety; they came gushing from the heart; they expressed a feeling that was real—and if they did not meet a cordial response in every Carolina bosom, it could only arise from their expressing too coldly the sentiments they were intended to convey. Sir, it is scarce possible, he said, to use language of hyperbole, in regard to the gallant conduct of our Regiment. Impartial history will ratify our warmest panegyric. Their unabated ardor, their calm endurance, under such disastrous and discouraging circumstances—their Colonel killed, their Lieut. Colonel fallen, and half their own number weltering on the field; under each new command still fighting on, undismayed, with unbroken front and sustained discipline. These are facts which admit of no exaggeration. Frederick's trained troops could have done no more. Napoleon's veterans could not have surpassed them. No tale of Lacedæmon, Macedonia, or old Rome itself, exceeds this simple statement. Even the fictions of knightly daring scarcely excel the death scene of Butler. Beginning with his soldier-like letter to his friend and brother in arms, the gallant Worth. What a cool determination! "There will be fighting enough for all"—he bides his time; but when the "flashing of the guns" is really in his sight, *his* spirit, too, becomes impatient, and bursting from his bed of sickness, in spite of weakness, disease, and the commands of his physicians, he takes "*his* place in the picture."—Pale, haggard, and ghastly, his tall form is seen on his charger at the head of his Regiment. His horse is killed, and the tall, pale man, still advances at the head of his band, their chosen chief. He is wounded, falls, and is carried fainting from the field: again he rallies, and appears in front of his Regiment, and dies, still in every sense its leader.

Sir, I knew him well. He is associated with the most cherished recollections of my early manhood; with an eventful epoch in my life—a time which taught every man to know his fellow. The spirit he then evinced when danger but threatened, he has proved when he grappled it in close embrace on the field of Churubusco.

And his second in command, the gallant Dickinson! The bold spirit of his two grandsires, who, in old Mecklenburg, originated the first Declaration of Independence in 1775, shone in the grandson in 1847. At Vera Cruz—everywhere, he was anxious "to be near the flashing of the guns" He was a worthy compeer of Butler; a worthy scion of that staunch old stock.

Gladden too!—it was not his fault that he was not wounded. He shared the dangers that proved fatal to one superior, and so disastrous to another, and he still led on, unfaltering and unsubdued, and led on to victory.

Sir, said Mr. Hayne, I leave the filling up of "the picture" to those more fitted for the task. I will simply add that the blood of the old "Game Cock" has proved *game* in the third generation; that the name of DeSassaure again becomes historic; that Blanding, Dunnovan, and Moffat, familiar already to our ears, are henceforth household words, that the Cantey courage was again conspicuous. We regret that the laurels of the gallant young Adjutant have been so dearly purchased.

I must, said Mr. Hayne, be permitted, however, to pay a passing tribute of private friendship to one not unworthy of public regard. Lieut. Shubrick, of the United States Navy, two hundred miles from the sea, is found fighting the battles of his country, a private in the ranks of the Regiment of his native State. Late of the Squadron of the Gulf, he returned, tired out with the dull routine, to his native city. As the war continued, he applied to Government for permission to try his fortunes in the land service. He was allowed to report himself to Commodore Perry, and if no active service was required in the Navy, then he had permission to serve his country wherever he might be disposed to do so. On his way to Mexico he met the intelligence of the capture of Vera Cruz, and the death of Midshipman Shubrick, who fell at his gun in the siege.—The brilliant death of his kinsman only excited in him an honorable emulation. He was retained in the squadron until after the taking of Tuspan, in which he bore a part. We next find him under the walls of Mexico. Attached to the staff of General Shields, he lost his horse, and though humble his part in the drama—after that acting as a private in the ranks, where he fought to the end—it surely was not on that account the less honorable. His conduct was worthy of his lineage and his name. Though in one case "out of his element," as a SHUBRICK he was eminently "*in his element*" while fighting for his country. It was in the spirit of his father in 1812; of his grandfather in the war of the Revolution; and in the spirit which gave five gallant uncles of the name to the service of their country.

Mr. Chairman, said Mr. Hayne, I feel peculiarly gratified that South Carolina has so well sustained herself. I was for ten years an exile from her soil. And I learned that, beyond her borders, there were those who were disposed to consider her courage, as a people, as being rather in words than deeds. Sir, said he, some three years ago there was a huge device, got up in party excitement, which was originated somewhere on the Ohio—a mighty ball, in the form of a balloon; it took its course down that great river, then down the Mississippi, across from New Orleans to Mobile, and thence up to Montgomery. I, then a resident of that city, was absent on my circuit. I did not see it, but learned that it passed into Georgia. It touched in some ten States of this Union, and was paraded as a pagent. On it was inscribed the names of the different States of this Confederacy, with mottos thought appropriate to each; and among these was, "SOUTH CAROLINA—HEMP FOR TRAITORS." Through ten States this passed, and was hailed with hosannahs and loud huzzas. Sir, the TREASON of South Carolina is to be read in the report of the battle of CHURUBUSCO. Mr. Chairman, on that same "great ball" there was inscribed, in conspicuous juxta-position to "*South Carolina*—Hemp for Traitors;" another motto, "*Massachusetts—ever faithful.*" Is *her faith* evinced in the refusal of her holiday militia—Major General Howe, who proclaims it a disgrace, that an officer of the *army* did not ask leave *not to fight*, when it was required of him; and refuses on that account to pay military honors at the interment of the remains of the gallant LINCOLN, who fell at Buena Vista? I hope not, Mr. Chairman.

Sir, I have already transgressed, and will no longer withhold the Resolutions from the meeting; those who follow me, I trust, will do more justice to the subject.

WAR MEETING IN NEW ORLEANS.—Pursuant to a call made through the press of New Orleans, a meeting was held in that city on the 30th September, the Mayor presiding, "to take into consideration the refusal of the enemy [the Mexican Government,] to treat of peace, and to assure the [our] Government that the people of New Orleans, are ready, as they always have been, to prosecute the war with their persons, and if need be, with their money." The following resolutions, reported through J. C. Larne, Esq., were unanimously and enthusiastically adopted:

Resolved, That the present war with Mexico is one just and necessary for the preservation of the rights, and the assertion of the honor of our country.

Resolved, That it has been conducted with equal humanity and glory by the brave officers and soldiers of our army, and that they have earned for themselves a monument of imperishable honor.

Resolved, That the repeated offers by our Government of equitable and liberal terms of peace, and the repeated and insolent rejection of those terms by Mexico, leaves us no alternative but to prosecute the war with all the power of the country until peace is honestly sought by the foe, or Mexico finally subjugated.

Resolved, That it is the duty of every American citizen to do all in his power to aid our Government in the vigorous and successful prosecution of the war.

The meeting then, on motion, adjourned.

THE GREAT BRITAIN.—The inspection of this ship has been brought to a close, and all the scientific men who have been engaged in the examination agree in the opinion that she is quite sound, and free from all material damage in her hull. *Balt. Clip.*

FROST.—The Raleigh papers state that there was frost in that city on Tuesday morning last.

Read the following voluntary tribute to Wistar's Balsam, from the Kinderkook N. Y. Sentinel, dated July 31 1845:

"HOPE NEVER DIES."—The extraordinary virtues of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, in the cure of pulmonary complaints, have been attested by so many persons, that he who doubts its efficacy must be in truth a very septic. A remarkable cure of Consumption has recently been effected by this medicine in the town of Chatham, in this County, and which was related to us by Dr. Herrick, an eminent physician of that town, to whom we have permission to refer. A young lady who had long labored under an affection of the lungs, and who had been under the care of several physicians without experiencing any relief, was considered by her friends as beyond the reach of medicine, and she was informed by her medical attendant that she must die. All her own premoniations, also, pointed to the grave. Fortunately she was induced to send to the Kinderhook Bookstore for a bottle of Wistar's *Balsam of Wild Cherry*, as a last resort in her critical situation. Before its contents were exhausted, the young lady experienced great relief, and two more bottles were successively procured and administered. She is now happy in the restoration of health, and blesses the day when she first resorted to the use of this healing Balsam

None genuine, unless signed I. Butts on the wrapper.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by WM. SHAW, Wilmington, and by Druggists generally in North Carolina.

☞SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—The means of removing disorders and alleviating the sufferings which they occasion, when a cure is impracticable, are the great ends which medicines are designed to accomplish. We think it may be said with truth that this medicine, while it will alleviate pain in the worst cases of scrofula and other ulcerous and tumerous diseases, will also, in a very large majority of such cases, effect a speedy, perfect and permanent cure. Nor has it proved less efficacious in eruptions and other affections of the skin, than in those which attack the flesh and the glands.—While, therefore, we would not presumptuously claim infallibility for this preparation, we do sincerely believe on the authority of those who have tested its efficacy, and from our own experience, that in the complaints we have named, and many others arising from an unnatural condition of the blood, Sands' Sarsaprilla will restore the invalid to health.

Prepared and sold by A. B. & D. Sands, Druggists, 100 Fulton street, New York.

Sold also, by Wm. SHAW, Wilmington, N. C., and by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

Price $1 per bottle. Six bottles for five dollars.

☞The cause of the pressure upon the brain is a collection of morbid humors in the blood, which not only derange the circulation, but also by increasing the apparent quantity of the vital fluid, cause a distention or swelling of the blood vessels, a pressure upon the nerves which lead to the brain, and headache, giddiness, palpitation of the heart, insanity, apoplexy, *sudden death*, and other dreadful results.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills are always certain to relieve a pressure upon the brain; because they take out of the circulation those very humors which are the cause not only of all disordered motions of the blood, but of every malady incident to man. They also aid and improve digestion, as well as purify the blood, and therefore not only give health and vigor to the whole frame, but are always certain to prevent any evil results from a pressure upon the brain.

Beware of Counterfeits of all kinds! Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outward appearance the original medicine.—The safest course is, to purchase of the regular agents only, one or more of whom may be found in every village and town in the State. Principal Office, 169 Race street, Philadelphia.

For sale in Wilmington, N C, by George R. French and James W. Johnson, only Agents.

DIED.

In Onslow county, on the 6th of Agust, Mr. Joseph M French.

In Newbern on the 30th ult., Jeremiah Brown, Esq., in the 66th year of his age.

In Anson county, on the 21st August, Mrs. Mary Melton, in the 90th year of her age.

At the New Orleans Barracks, on the 19th ult., Capt. Robert Fenner, Assistant Commissary, U. S. A., aged 54 years. He was a native of Halifax, N. C., and for the last 20 years resided near Courtland, Ala.

In Fayetteville, on the 6th inst., Mr. Cornelious Robinson, aged 72,

On the 10th of August, near Talahassee, Florida, Mr. Cornelious Graham, aged 32, a native of Richmond county, N. C.

MARINE LIST.

PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 7—Brig Washington, Curtis, Boston, to Barry & Bryant.
Schr Abdel Kader, Atkins, Charleston, to E. J. Lutterloh.
Schr Harvest, Rice, New York, to G. W. Davis.
8—Schr Ohio, Webber, Boston, to Barry & Bryant.
9—Schr Romeo, Merrill, New York, to G. W. Davis.
Schr Jack Downing, Parker, Jacksonville, N. C., to G. W. Davis.
10—Schr Rochester, Tilby, Charleston, to E. Dickinson.
12—Brig John A. Lancaster, Loveland, Richmond, Va., to G. W. Davis.
Brig Verginia, Tredway, Philadelphia, to E. J. Lutterloh.
Brig Wanderer, Soule, New York, to E. Dickinson.
Schr Risk, Ellis, Boston, to Barry & Bryant.
Schr Ceylon, Philbrick, Camden, Me., to Barry & Bryant.
Schr Southerner, Dawson, Bristol, R. I., to Barry & Bryant.
Schr Aerial, Austin, Boston, to Barry & Bryant.
Schr Julia, Van Gilder, Philadelphia, to G W Davis.
13—Schr. J. Guest, Guest, Philad., to G W Davis.
Schr Jerodeman, Gosler, Wilmington, Del to Harriss & Russell.
14—Schr Thorn, Wainwright, New York, to W. O. Jeffreys.
Schr. A. F. Thorn, Sandford, N. Y., to R. W. Brown.
Schr A. J. DeRosset, Brewster, N. Y., to do.

CLEARED.

Oct. 7—Brig Æolus, Diviness, Havana, by E. J. Lutterloh.
8—Brig Albion Cooper, Mullikin, Boston by P. K. Dickinson.
9—Schr R. W. Brown, Francis, New York, by R. W. Brown.
Schr L. P. Smith, Young, New York, by R. W. Brown.
11—Brig Wissahickon, Murchin, St. Croix, by G. W. Davis.
Schr E. S. Powell, Powell, New York, by G. W. Davis.
Schr Sylia Eliza, Higbee, N. York, by E. J. Lutterloh
12—Brig Georgiana, Bedell, New York, by Harriss & Russell.
Schr Piedmont, Guirard, Jamaica, by DeRosset, Brown & Co.
Schr Constitution, Milton, Philadelphia, by Harriss & Russell.
Schr Eben Atkins, Whelden, Cape Haytien, by Barry & Bryant.
Schr Abdel Kader, Adkins, Philad., by E J. Lutterloh.
Schr. Wm. Henry, Snow, St. Kitts, by Barry & Bryant.
Steamer Wm. B. Meares, McRae, Fayetteville, by J. & W. L. McGary.
13—French Barque Havre & Martinique, Laloupe, Martinique, by G. W. Davis.
Brig Milton, New York, Havana, by Harriss & Russell.
Schr Romeo, Merrill, Philadelphia, by G. W. Davis.
Brig Anawan, Swasey, New London, by J Hathaway & Son.
14—Brig Mary Jane, Lermond, Wilmington Del., by DeRosset, Brown & Co.
15—Schr Harvest, Rice, Philadelphia, by G. W Davis.

MARRIED.

In Sampson county on the 28th ult., by the Rev. Joel Haines, Mr. James Linnon, to Miss Amy Ann King, all of Sampson.

At Red Hook, N. Y., on the 5th inst., Mr. Jno. Christian, of this town, to Miss Catherine Augusta Bonesteale, of Red Hook.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—Per pound.			
Hams,	$ 11½	a	$ 12
Middlings,	10½	a	11
Shoulders.	9½	a	10
Hog round,	10½	a	00
Western,	9	a	9½
*BEANS—Per bushel—*White,	1 25	a	1 40
BEESWAX—Per pound.	22	a	25
BUTTER—Per pound,	14	a	18
BEEF—Per barrel.			
Northern—Mess.	13 00	a	14 —
Do Prime,	9 00	a	12 00
CORN—Per bushel,	70	a	75
Meal,	80	a	85
COFFEE—Per pound,	7½	a	0
COTTON—Per pound,	none.	a	
CANDLES—Tallow—per pound	11	a	15
Sperm,	30	a	31
Adamantine,	26	a	28
FEATHERS—Per pound,	30	a	33
FLOUR—Canal—Per barrel,	7 00	a	7 50
Fayetteville,	5 25	a	6 00
HAY—Northern—Per 100 pounds,	65	a	85
IRON—Per pound,	4½	a	5½
LARD—Per pound, N. C.	12	a	12½
Western,	00	a	
LIME—Thomaston—Per barrel		a	1 00
LUMBER—River—Per M.			
Flooring Boards,	9 00	a	10 50
Wide, do.	5 00	a	5 50
Scantling,	4 00	a	4 50
Timber, Mill,	4 75	a	8 00
Shipping Timber,	8 12½	a	10 50
MOLASSES—West Indies,	25	a	26
MACKEREL—Per barrel.			
No. 1,	13 —	a	14 —
No. 2,	7 50	a	8 50
No. 3,	4 —	a	
NAILS—Per pound,	4½	a	5
NAVAL STORES—Per barrel—320 pounds.			
Yellow Dip Turpentine,	3 05	a	3 10
Virgin Dip,	3 05	a	3 10
Hard—			
Tar,		a	1 86
Pitch,	90	a	95
Rosin—No. 1,	1 —	a	
No 2,	50		—
No. 3,	20	a	22
Spirits Turpentine,	41	a	41½
OIL—Sperm—Per gallon,	—	a	1 —
PEAS—Ground—Per bushel,		a	1 18
Black Eye,	none	a	
Cow,	none	a	
PORK—Per barrel.			
Northern Mess,	16 00	a	
Prime,	14 00	a	14 50
Fresh,	0 —	a	0 —
RICE—Per 100 pounds,	4 50	a	5 00
Rough—Per bushel,	1 00	a	1 10
SALT—Per bushel.			
Turks Island,	42	a	50
Liverpool—sack,		a	1 35
SOAP—Per pound,	4	a	5
SHINGLES—Per M.			
Country,		a	2 25
Contract,	4 —	a	5 —
SPIRITS—Per gallon.			
Northern Rum,	37½	a	40
Gin,	41	a	42
Whiskey,	30	a	31
Apple Brandy,	40	a	42
STEEL—Per pound,	12½	a	25
STAVES—Per M.			
White Oak barrels—rough,	10 —	a	16 —
Dressed,	— —	a	— —
Red Oak Hogshead—rough	—	a	—
Dressed,	8 00	a	10 —
SUGAR—Per pound.			
New Orleans,	none	a	
Porto Rico,	7½	a	9
St. Croix,	8½	a	9½
Loaf,	11	a	14
TALLOW—Per pound,	7½	a	8
TOBACCO—Leaf—Per cwt.,	2 50	a	3
TARRASH—Per gallon,	20	a	22
WINES—Per gallon.			
Madeira,	70	a	2 50
Port,		a	3 00
Malaga,	—	a	—

FREIGHTS:

TO NEW YORK—			
Turpentine and Rosin, per bbl.,	40	a	—
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,	—	a	60
Rice, per hundred lbs., gross,	20	a	—
Cotton, per bale,	$1 25	a	
Cotton goods and yarns, per bale.	55	a	65
Tobacco, per Hhd.,	$3 —	a	4 —
Flax Seed, per cask,	1 00	a	—
Ground Peas, per bushel,	6	a	—
Lumber, per M.,	$7 —	a	—
TO PHILADELPHIA—			
Turpentine, per bbl.,	40	a	—
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,	60	a	—
Tar, per bbl.,	—	a	—
Ground Peas, per bushel, nom.		a	—
Lumber, per M.,	7 50	a	8 —
Cotton goods & yarns, per cubic ft.,	8	a	10
TO BOSTON—			
Turpentine, per bbl.,	60	a	65
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,	80	a	85
Lumber, per M.,	10 00	a	— —

Bank Rates of Exchange, Wilmington.

Bank checks on Philadelphia,	premium	1	per cent.
" " " New York,	"	1	" "
" " " Boston,	"	1	" "

WILMINGTON MARKET—Oct. 14.

BACON—The market for good Bacon Hams is quite bare, and prices continue firm at our highest figure; Middlings are abundant, and sales dull at quotations; Shoulders will not command more than our highest figure; Hog round is now held, and sales made, at 10½c. The market may be considered fairly supplied with all qualities except Hams, and a good article sells very quick.

CORN.—The receipts have been light during the week, but the stock on sale is sufficient to meet present demands. A small cargo of Corn and Oats from Hyde county, retailed from vessel during the week at 70c. for Corn, and 45 for the Oats. We quote to-day at 70 a 75 for prices from store, in quantities to suit purchasers. *Meal* is held at 80 a 85c. per bushel, at which sales have been made.

FLOUR.—Fayetteville Flour is quoted at 5 25 a $6 00.

HAY.—The market can only be considered fairly supplied with Hay. Quotations without change.

LARD—Continues scarces, and readily commands our highest figure.

LIME.—We hear of no receipts since last report.

NAVAL STORES.—About 3000 barrels of Turpentine have arrived and been sold since our last report. The price has not been as fluctuating as the week previous, and sales have been steady at $3 05 a $3 10, closing today at these rates. *Spirits Turpentine*—We hear of a sale of 40 bbls. this morning at 42c.; but we do not feel warranted in raising our figures from last week's qoutations. *Tar.*—Receipts are light. Sales have been made at $1 85 per bbl., 15c. lower than last report.

SALT—No arrival since this day week. Store rates are looking up, and we quote at 42 a 50c. per bushel for Turks' Island. Liverpool Sack, (at retail,) $1 50 per sack.

PEAS—The market has opened for Ground Peas, and some small lots have been brought to town and disposed of at $1 18 per bushel.

PORK—Northern barrel Pork has gone down still lower. We quote to-day for Mess $16, and Prime at $14 a $14 50.

RICE—Clean Rice continues firm at quotations. We hear of no sales of Rough Rice.

TIMBER.—Sales to-day, of one raft of mill timer, at $5 25, one at $6 75, one at $7, 1 at $7 50, 1 at $6 50, 2 at $8, and 1 at $4,75.

LUMBER—Rive—For last sales, see quotations.

SHINGLES—Dull at quotations.

We have made several corrections in our quotations of articles in the Grocery line, and refer the reader to our table above for a fair criterion of prices.

FREIGHTS—Are not so brisk as for some time back, but remain firm.

CHARLESTON, S. C. Oct. 9.

Cotton 10 a 11¼ cts.; Rice $3⅜ to 3¾; Corn 65 to 70 cts.; Flour $4¼ $6¼; Bacon, hams 8 to 12½c.; sides 8½ to 9; Lard 12 to 13 cts.; Sack Salt $1,30.

BOSTON, Oct 6.

NAVAL STORES.—The advices from England were quite favorable for Naval Stores, and stocks there were reduced. Spirits Turpentine is held at 50s; and Turpentine rough, has been sold at 10s 6d a 11s. This news has given more firmness to our market, but the sales have been light at 55 a 56c for Spirits Turpentine, and 7 a 800 bbls common Rosin at 80c per bbl., cash.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.

NAVAL STORES.—The news by the Hibernia is rather favorable, and 1500 bbls. Newbern and Washington Turpentine have been taken for export, at $3 50 per 280 lbs. The stock here is very moderate. Spirits Turpentine, with the recent very large receipts, is dull, and we have only to notice sales of a few hundred bbls. for consumption, at 49 a 50 and 51c., cash and time.—Further sales of 2 a 3000 bbls. Rosin have been made at 60 a 65c., and 70 a 75 for North County and Wilmington, delivered. Tar is quiet.

LIVERPOOL, Sept 18.

TURPENTINE.—2000 bbls. of good Rough have sold at the improved price of 9s. 3d. per cwt., and for Spirits 44s. to 45s. have been paid for small lots, the demand, however, not being free at these prices.

TO THE LADIES.

Dress Making.

MRS. C. M. PRICE respectfully informs the Ladies of Wilmington and vicinity that she has procured the services of one of the most fashionable Dress Makers at the North, and she is now prepared to make up LADIES DRESSES in a neat and fashionable style.

She has just received the *Latest Fashions*, and she assures those Ladies who may wish to have their dresses made up in a fashionable and neat manner, that she will be pleased to receive their custom. She will spare no pains in endeavoring to give satisfaction to her customers, both as regards cheapness and neatness of her work.

☞*Residence, 4th Street, first door North of the Odd Fellow's School.*

October 15, 1847—[5

New Firm.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have formed a Co-Partnership for the purpose of transacting a general DRY GOODS AND FAMILY GROCERY business, under the firm of PERRIN & HARTSFIELD

H. R. PERRIN,
A. A. HARTSFIELD.

Wilmington, N. C. }
October 15, 1847. } 5

NEW STORE.

South Side Market-Street, opposite the MARKET HOUSE.

THE subscribers are now opening their stock of DRY GOODS and FAMILY GROCERIES, which consists as follows:

Dry Goods.	Collins' and Simmons' Axes
Sattinets and Kerseys	Locks
Red and white Flannels	Rim and stock
Mouslin deLanes	Cupboard and trunk do
Calicoes [Checks	Till and Chest do
Bed Tick and Apron	Broad Axes
Kentucky Jeans	Drawing Knives
Bed and Negro Blankets	Coopers' Adzes
Vestings, Shawls