The House receded from its amendment to the Minesota territorial bill, fixing the 10th instant as the period when it shall go into effect, and so the bill stands passed.

The Senate bill to provide for the running and marking of the northern boundary of Iowa was passed.

The Senate amendments to the bill providing that all moneys collected from customs, &c., shall be paid directly into the Treasury, without deduction or abatement, were agreed to, and the bill stands passed.

NIGHT SESSION.—The only business of importance transacted in the House is noticed in the preceding Senate report. The proceedings were chiefly confined to the reports of the conference committees, and to the passage of private bills.

Mr Vinton made a report, similar to that made by Mr Atherton in the Senate, from the committee of conference on the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, viz: that the committee were unable to agree; and the House again proceeded to the consideration of Mr. Walker's amendment, which constituted the principal subject of difficulty.

Mr Ashman moved that the House insist on its amendment, but withdrew the motion.

Mr McClernand moved that the House recede.

Mr Wentworth moved to lay this motion on the table. Lost.

Mr McClernand's motion was then decided in the affirmative—111 to 106.

Mr Moorehead moved to strike out of Senate amendment the words "west of the Rio Grande," and add a proviso, that nothing therein shall be construed to affect the claim of Texas to a just and true boundary. Adopted, *186 to 20.*

A long discussion ensued on a point of order, as to whether the only question was not concurring *in the Senate's amendment.*—The Chair decided against the point raised.

Mr Bayley appealed, and Mr Wentworth moved to lay the appeal on the table, when Mr Bayley withdrew it.

Mr R. W. Thompson proposed a substitute, as a compromise, essentially the proposition of Mr Webster in the Senate, though somewhat modified.

Mr Bayley raised the point that the amendment is not in order. The Chair overruled it, and Mr Bayley appealed.

Mr Wentworth moved to lay the appeal on the table, and the yeas and nays were ordered. The clerk was proceeding to call the roll, when there was considerable excitement in the area, a little to the right of the Speaker's chair. Some members appeared to be holding Mr Meade, who was greatly agitated. The Sergeant-at-Arms appeared to be endeavoring to pacify him. *Mr Giddings* was standing near the spot, *on the opposite* side of the area from *where he usually sits*, and not far from Mr Meade's seat.

The Speaker called upon members to take their seats.

Mr Bayley insisted that the members should take their own seats, as a member had come over there to insult one of his colleagues.

Mr Giddings retired to his own side of the house, and Mr Meade to his seat.

A call of the House was refused, 13 to 193.

Mr Collins moved that the House adjourn, as the Chair decided the motion not to be in order without the concurrence of the other House.

Mr Collins appealed, but the Chair was sustained.

Mr Thompson's amendment was then adopted—111 to 105.

Mr Pettit moved to lay the bill, as amended, on the table. The Speaker ruled the motion out of order.

Mr Pettit then moved to reconsider the last vote, and proceeded to debate, at some length, the amendment, when Mr McClernand called him to order, as speaking with a view to obstruct the business of the House.

The Speaker decided Mr Pettit to be in order, but the House overruled the decision.

The question was then taken, by yeas and nays, on concurring in the Senate amendment as amended by the substitution of Mr Thompson's compromise, and it was decided in the affirmative, 110 to 104.

Mr Pettit raised the point that the constitutional existence of the House had ended, it now being after 12 o'clock, though the clock had but a quarter past 11, at which point it assumed for the remainder of the night.

The Chair overruled Mr Pettit's motion.

Mr Vinton rose and stated the absolute necessity for passing the bill, and moved that the House recede from all the other disagreeing amendments. The House receded accordingly, without a division.

Mr McDowell—Mr Cobb temporarily occupying the Chair—offered the usual complimentary resolution to the Speaker, for the dignity and impartiality with which he had discharged the duties of the Chair.

Mr Andrew Johnson moved to amend the resolution so as to make it read "undignified and *partial in his conduct* as a presiding officer," and *proceeded* to give his reasons for offering the *amendment*. His amendment was rejected, only 15 members voting for it, and the resolution was then agreed to, without a division.

Some other business was disposed of, when a resolution was introduced to pay the clerks, assistant door-keepers, messengers, pages, &c., the usual extra pay, which, after amendment, was adopted.

While the latter was under consideration, Mr Johnson, of Arkansas, offered an amendment granting $500 to one of the door-keepers, for his expenses in taking home the body of Hon. James A. Black. It was objected to, and Mr J. made some angry remarks, and, as I understand, subsequently accused Mr Fickling of opposing his resolution. Mr F. denied it; but Mr J., it is stated, persisted, and called him "a d—d puppy." A scuffle ensued, and Mr Inge, of Alabama, struck Mr F. with his cane over the forehead, causing blood to flow. When first noticed from my desk, Mr Johnson was violently pushing Mr Ficklin over the seats, and both were striking and struggling. They were immediately surrounded and separated, Mr Ficklin's face bleeding freely, and he was led out into the Sergeant-at-Arm's room.

Mr Thompson, of Miss., moved that the House adjourn *sine die*, but the motion was negatived.

After some further business, a resolution was agreed to that a message be sent to the Senate informing that body that the House had disposed of the business before them, and were ready to adjourn *sine die*.

The Speaker delivered his address, and then the House adjourned.

A Good Hint.—A Dutchman from the West went to pay his excellency, the President, a visit. He happened to call just as the President and four others were sitting down to dine. The President asked him to be seated, and at the same time inquired if there was any thing new or strange in the country. "No, I think not, except one of my cows hash five calves." "Ah?—indeed, and did they all suck at one time?" "No sar," replied the Dutchman, four on 'em sucks while the tudder looks on, shuts as I dosh!" The hint was so significant that a clean plate was immediately ordered, and the Dutchman seated at the table where he partook of a comfortable dinner with his excellency the President.

A boy called on a benevolent lady friend of mine, telling a piteous yarn of destitution, requesting her to relieve the starving wants of a poor family. The lady presented a fine cured shoulder of pork. In about half an hour the boy returned and said, "Pleas marm, can't you take this back and give a ham, as mother says she has too many shoulders?"

Cin. Chron.

Fifty three Sabbaths in '48.—There were 53 Sabbaths, last year. In the hundred years, from 1849 to 1949, says a correspondent of the New York Evening Post, there will be seventeen of these years.

From the Washington Union.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

A number of gentlemen in the Treasury Department being desirous themselves of evincing to the Hon. R. J. Walker, Secretary of the Treasury, their appreciation of his uniform kindness and urbanity to them in his official intercourse, and believing that this feeling pervaded the whole department, and knowing that, at the close of his official labors, his time would be seriously encroached upon if calls were made in the usual manner for leave-taking advised him of their desires on the subject, and expressed a hope that he would fix upon some particular hour when the gentlemen of his department could call upon him & take official leave of him. The Secretary was pleased to accord with their desires, and fixed the hour of 12 yesterday for the interview.—The time for a general notice of this fact was short: indeed, in some of the offices, knowledge of the matter was not acquired until a few moments before the hour fixed upon; yet the attendance was very general, and calculated, from that fact, to make a deep impression upon the Secretary, and at the same time gratify each participant in the scene, by the evidence that his own feelings for the Secretary were so universally reflected by his associates.

The kind and feeling Chief Clerk of the department, who carries his heart in his hand, addressed the Secretary in the library-room of the Treasury Department, informing him that the gentleman present were desirous, as their official intercourse with him was about to terminate, to take him by the hand ere that connexion was severed—to thank him for the kindness and consideration that had always characterized his conduct towards them—and to wish him a long continuance of health, and a full measure of success, prosperity, and happiness in all his future undertakings. To which the Secretary replied:

"GENTLEMEN: During the period that we have been associated together, our intercourse has been to me of the most agreeable character. You have always treated me with kindness and courtesy. I do not know that one unkind word has ever passed between us, and I am sure that no unkind feeling has been entertained, on my part, towards you. We are now to be separated in our official intercourse; but I shall remain a permanent resident in this city, for the purpose of practising my profession, exclusively, in the Supreme Court of the United States. I doubt not I shall frequently meet many of you. I shall sympathise with you in your griefs, should you have any, and always rejoice in your welfare and prosperity. I now take leave of you."

The voice of the Chief Clerk was thick and husky with the feelings of his noble heart; and as the gentlemen advanced, one by one, at the close of the Secretary's reply, to take him by the hand, each, in so doing, giving utterance in a few words to the promptings of his heart, the feelings of the Secretary, wound up to the highest pitch, could be restrained no longer, and the pearly drops flowed thick and fast down those manly cheeks, now wrinkled with care and labor in the service of his country. The sentiment was contagious, and there was scarce a dry eye in the assembly, and you saw none emerging from that room without visible evidences of his heart having been engaged in the scene. They were tears of gratitude on both sides, and, like the showers of spring, caused flowers to spring up in the hearts of all, from seed which had long lain dormant, and of which the possessor had not even the knowledge until the time and season arrived for their full development.

Address of Colonel Jefferson Davis, chairman of the committee appointed to notify General Taylor of his election.

SIR: We have been deputed by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States officially to inform you that they have, in the manner provided by the constitution, ascertained that you have been legally and constitutionally elected to fill the office of President of the United States for four years, to commence with the fourth day of March, 1849, and to present to you your certificate of election, as proclaimed by the Vice President of the United States on the second Wednesday of February of the current year.

In conveying to you this evidence of the high confidence reposed in you by the people of the United States, we tender to you our cordial good wishes, and earnest hope that you may find in the Chief Magistracy the honor, the glory, the happiness which should wait upon patriotism, and flow from a nation's prosperity.

Many causes, such as difference of pursuit, of circumstance, of education, or of mental characteristic, divide now, as they have heretofore divided, the people of the United States into political parties; but it is a proud spectacle to see the conflict of opinion, after having raged with its wildest fury through the course of a canvass, subside into peace at the returns of an election, and no other power ever be required to enforce the result than the power of that respect which American citizens feel for the laws and institutions under which they live.

A majority of the Senate of the United States are of the political party which most strove to defeat your election. I accord in political creed with that majority. To select me, under these circumstances, to announce to you your election to the highest office in the United States, will, I trust, be received as a token of their acquiescence—not reluctant admission, but respectful acquiescence in the decisions of the people. I feel, sir, that I can offer you assurance that from them your administration will not encounter factious opposition; that as far as difference of opinion will permit, they will give that sincere support which our common interest and constitutional obligations might lead you to expect.

The character of your election—the general feeling of admiration and gratitude for your long, arduous, and most brilliant military services—a life of earnest devotion to your country—your whole country—give high hope and expectation in the public mind that, on taking the chair first held by Washington, and which is sacred to every American heart, you will be able to hush the winds and still the waves of sectional strife—to pursue the constitution, with all its harmonizing compromises—to promote the permanent prosperity, and further illustrate the honorable fame of our Union.

Substance of Gen. Taylor's Reply.

The President elect, in signifying his acceptance of the office to which he had been chosen by the people, avowed emotions of the profoundest gratitude, and declared his distrust of the ability to fulfill the expectations upon which their confidence was based, but gave assurance of a fixed purpose to administer the government for the benefit and advantage of the whole country.

In alluding to the fact to which his attention had been drawn, that the chairman of the committee represented a public body, a majority of whom were opposed in political opinion to the President elect, and accorded with that majority, he recognised in it the deference to the popular will, constitutionally expressed, on which rest the strength and hope of the republic; and he said that it was to have been expected of the Senate of the United States. He expressed an ardent wish that he might be able in any degree to assuage the fierceness of party, or temper with moderation the conflict of those who are only divided as to the means of securing the public welfare.

Having been reminded that he was about to occupy the chair once filled by Washington, he said he could hope to emulate him only in the singleness of the aims which guided the conduct of the men who had no parallel in history, and could have no rival "in the hearts of his countrymen."

In conclusion, he announced his readiness to take the oath of office on the fifth of March proximo, at such hour and place as might be designated; and expressed to the committee his thanks for the manner in which the duty assigned to them had been discharged.

☞The Rev. P. J. COFFEY, will Lecture in the Catholic Church on this (Friday) Evening, at early candle light, and also on Sunday evening.

A CARD.

The undersigned begs to return his grateful acknowledgements, to Mr. Daniel Downing, Chief Engineer to the Steam Ship Guadalquivir, for the kind and flattering notice, which he gave in the Journal Extra, and in the Commercial, of his services as a Pilot.

J. A. THOMPSON.

MOZART HALL!

BY particular request, a CONCERT will be given at the *MOZART HALL, on this (Friday) Evening, 9th inst.*, by the celebrated Violinist, Mons. DESIRE' IKELHEIMER—Mons. J. BRADY, of the Royal Academy of Paris—and HERR GRIMEE, Instrumental Musician.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Performance to commence at 8. Tickets 50 cents—to be had at the Washington Hotel, Book Store, and at the Door.

March 9.—[26-1t

Scarlet Fever usually commences with nausea and sickness, great thirst, headache, redness of the eyes, &c. In two or three days a pricking sensation is experienced, and an eruption of a fiery redness begins to appear, first on the face and arms, and finally a uniform redness covers the whole body.

In cases of Scarlet Fever, Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills should be taken every night on going to bed, in such doses as to produce copious evacuations by the bowels. This course, if properly followed up, will in a short time subdue the most violent attack of Scarlet Fever, at the same time the digestion will be improved, and the blood completely purified.

Beware of Counterfeits of all kinds. Some are coated with sugar; others are made to resemble in outward appearance the original medicine. The safest course is, to purchase of the regular agents only.

For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by George R. French, Agent, who will supply country dealers and planters at the Philadelphia prices.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, wholesale and retail, 169 Race st., Philadelphia; 288 Greenwich st., New York, and 198 Tremont st., Boston.

MARRIED.

In this town, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Crook, Mr. Armand D. Love to Miss Mary Gardner, daughter of Junius D. Gardner, Esq., all of this place.

In Rockingham, Richmond county, on Thursday evening, 1st inst., by the Rev. Evander McNair, Thomas J. Morisey, Esq., Attorney at Law, of Sampson county, to Miss Frances Jane Covington, daughter of the late Gen. Covington.

In Sampson county, on the 4th inst., by Young Wilson, Esq., Mr. John Hargrove, to Miss Nancy Wiggins, daughter of Mr. John Wiggins, all of Sampson county.

DIED.

In Onslow county, on the 1st inst, John Hancock, son of Owen Huggins, aged 20 months, after a lingering disease of nearly three months, with the whooping cough.

In Savannah, Ga., on Thursday the 1st inst., Mr. John Dunstan, aged about 25 years, formerly of North Carolina. He had not been in Savannah exceeding two months previous to his death.

Suddenly, at her residence, in Duplin county, on the 4th inst., Mrs. Elizabeth Wright, widow of the late Thos Wright, Esq.

MARINE LIST.
PORT OF WILMINGTON.

ARRIVED

March 1—Steamer Evergreen, Watson, Fayetteville, to John Banks.

2—Spanish Steamship Guadalquivir, Manuel Labardora, Havana, in distress, to G W Davis.

4—Schr John Potts Brown, De Ath off, Philadelphia, to DeRosset & Brown.

5—Schr L P Smith, Miller, New York, to DeRosset & Brown.

6—Steamer Henrietta, Evans, Fayetteville, to John Banks.

7—Schr Elouise, Robinson, New York, to E J Lutterloh.

Schr Sea Lion, Thayer, Tampa Bay, Florida, in distress, to G W Davis.

Schr Mary Powell, Williams, N York, to G W Davis.

Brig Nithroy, Rendell, St. Domingo, in distress, to G W Davis.

8—At Smithville, Brig New England, Granger, from Havana bound to Providence, R. I., in distress, to G W Davis. The New England was bound from Havana to Providence, with a cargo of Molasses and Sugar; had been out 45 days, and experienced very severe gales and heavy weather, and was blown off the coast four times. She put in for provisions, wood, and water. The Captain came up in the Line Boat this morning, and has procured everything necessary for the Brig, and will return to-morrow, (Friday,) and proceed to sea the first opportunity.

IN BELOW—BOUND UP.

Br Brig Fanny, Brig Lucy Atwood, Schr Vandalia.

CLEARED.

March 2—Schr Gen Boyd, Hill, Newburyport, by E Dickinson.

Brig Lion, Sedgley, Boston, by Harriss & Drake.

Schr Minesota, Richardson, Boston, by Harriss & Drake.

3—Schr Vine, Kelly, Nevis, by Geo Harriss.

4—Schr Eli Townsend, Corson, Baltimore, by G W Davis.

Schr Martha Ann, Millis, Shallotte, by Geo W Davis.

Steamer Evergreen, Watson, Fayetteville, by John Banks.

7—Schr Horton, Strout, Havana, by Harriss & Drake.

DISASTER.

The Schr Elizabeth, ——, from Washington, N C, bound for this port, went ashore last Friday evening on the New Inlet bar. Vessel and cargo, Corn and Peas, a total loss. She was consigned to J R Blossom.

March 8—The Brig Julia Hellen, was off the Bar this morning in a leaky condition. Sent up town this morning, for a Steamer to bring her inside.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are cautioned against receiving or negotiating a Note dated in January, 1838, for Fifty Dollars, ($50,) drawn by me and payable to John McLendon, as I HAVE ALREADY PAID SAID NOTE. RHETIS WOOD.

New Hanover county, N. C., March 9, 1849. } 26-2t

TO THE LADIES.

JUST opened this day, a splendid assortment of Curls, of various colors and sizes. Call soon at J. WILKINSON & CO'S.

March 9.—[26-3t]

Commercial copy.

Saddle, Harness, and Trunk MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has recently received large additions to his stock of Saddle and Harness mountings, &c., of the latest and most improved style, and is constantly manufacturing, at his store on Market street, formerly occupied by Guy C. Hotchkiss, every description of articles in the above line.—From his experience in the business, he feels confident that he will be able to give entire satisfaction to his customers, and all others who may favor him with a call. He has now on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of

Coach, Gig, Sulky, and Buggy Harnesses; Lady's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c.; Gentlemen's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Spurs, &c. &c.,

all of which he will warrant to be of the best materials and workmanship. He has also a large assortment of

Trunks, Valises, Saddle and Carpet Bags, Satchels, fancy Trunks, &c.,

and all other articles usually kept in such establishments, all of which he offers low for *cash*, or on *short credit* to prompt customers.

Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Medical Bags, &c. &c., made to order.

REPAIRING of all kinds done with neatness and despatch. Old Saddles and Harness taken in part pay for new. JOHN J. CONOLEY.

N. B.—All accounts standing on my book over six months, will be charged with interest. All persons indebted to the subscriber for last year will please call and settle, as by so doing they may prevent what would be disagreeable to them and unpleasant to him, as persons sometimes have to do unpleasant things in self-defence. J. J. C.

March 9, 1848

COW PEAS.

500 BUSHELS, for sale by

m2 HOWARD & PEDEN.

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE.

ALL varieties, for sale low at

m2 HOWARD & PEDEN'S.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—Per pound.			
Hams,	$ 7½	a	$ 8
Middlings,	6½	a	7
Shoulders.	6	a	6½
Hog round,	6	a	6½
Western,	4	a	6
BEANS—Per bushel—White,	90	a	1 05
BEESWAX—Per pound.	18	a	20
BUTTER—Per pound,	20	a	22
BEEF—Per barrel.			
Northern—Mess.	12 50	a	14 00
Do Prime, nom	7 00	a	9 00
Beef, on the hoof, per cwt.,	5 00	a	5 50
CORN—Per bushel,	45	a	50
Meal,	55	a	60
COFFEE—Per pound,			
Rio,	7	a	7½
St. Domingo,	6	a	6½
Laguyra,	7	a	7½
Cuba,	7	a	7½
Java,	10	a	11
COTTON—Per pound, none.		a	
CANDLES—Tallow—per pound	14	a	16
Sperm,	33	a	37½
Adamantine,	28	a	30
EGGS—Per doz.	10	a	12½
FEATHERS—Per pound,	33	a	35
FLOUR—Canal—Per barrel,	6 75	a	7 25
Fayetteville,	4 50	a	5 00
HAY—Northern—Per 100 pounds,	60	a	65
IRON—Per pound,	4½	a	5½
LARD—Per pound, N. C.	7	a	7½
Western,		a	
LIME—Thomastown—Per barrel	—	a	—
LUMBER—River—Per M.			
Flooring Boards,		a	
Wide, do.		a	5 00
Scantling,		a	4 00
Timber, Mill,	4 00	a	5 00
Shipping Timber,		a	0 00
MOLASSES—West Indies,	19	a	20
New Orleans,	25	a	28
MACKEREL—Per barrel.			
No. 1,	—	a	—
No. 2,	—	a	—
No. 3,	—	a	3 50
NAILS—Per pound,	4	a	5½
NAVAL STORES—Per barrel—320 pounds.			
Yellow Dip Turpentine,	2 25	a	2 30
Virgin Dip new		a	
Hard—	1 25	a	1 30
Tar,		a	1 15
Pitch,	—	a	1 00
Rosin—No. 1,	—	a	
No. 2,	85		90
No. 3,	—	a	60
Spirits Turpentine,	28	a	
OIL—Sperm—Per gallon,	75	a	1 37
PEAS—Ground—Per bushel,	90	a	1 00
Black Eye,	55	a	60
Cow,	50	a	55
PORK—Per barrel.			
Northern Mess,	13 50	a	14 00
Prime,	10 00	a	11 00
Fresh,	4 50	a	5
POTATOES—Irish, per bbl.	2 75	a	
Sweet, per bushel,	40	a	50
POULTRY—Chickens, live,	12	a	20
do dead,	15	a	25
Turkeys, live,	60	a	75
do dead,	70	a	80
RICE—Per 100 pounds,	2 62½	a	2 75
Rough—Per bushel,	75	a	80
SALT—Per bushel.			
Turks Island,	17	a	18
Liverpool—sack,	1 20	a	1 30
SOAP—Per pound,	4	a	6
SHINGLES—Per M.			
Country,	75	a	1 00
Contract,	4 —	a	5 —
SPIRITS—Per gallon.			
Northern Rum,	28	a	30
Gin,	30	a	31
Whiskey,	27	a	30
Do. Old Nick,		a	75
Apple Brandy,	33	a	37
STEEL—Per pound,	12	a	25
STAVES—Per M.			
White Oak barrels—rough,	5 00	a	6 00
Dressed,	— —	a	— —
Red Oak Hogshead—rough	6 —	a	8 —
Dressed,	9 00	a	12 00
SUGAR—Per pound.			
New-Orleans,	4	a	5¾
Porto Rico,	5½	a	6
St. Croix,	7½	a	8
Loaf,	10	a	11½
TALLOW—Per pound,	8	a	8½
TOBACCO—Leaf—Per cwt.,		a	
VARNISH—Per gallon,	20	a	22
WINES—Per gallon.			
Madeira,	70	a	5 00
Port,	1 25	a	4 00
Malaga,	40		60

NOTE.—River Lumber, Tar and Turpentine are always sold in the water, and are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.; say on lumber 50c to $1 per M; tar and Turpentine about 10c. per bbl. For dry virgin or mixed turpentine a deduction is made according to quality.

FREIGHTS:

TO NEW YORK—			
Turpentine and Rosin, per bbl.,	35	a	40
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,	55	a	60
Rice, per 100 lbs.,	—	a	21
Cotton, per bale,	61 50	a	
Cotton goods and yarns, per bale.	50	a	—
Tobacco, per Hhd.,	$4 —	a	4 50
Flax Seed, per cask,	90	a	1 00
Ground Peas, per bushel,	6	a	—
Lumber, per M.,	5 00	a	6 00
TO PHILADELPHIA—			
Turpentine, per bbl.,	30	a	35
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,	50	a	—
Tar, per bbl.,	30	a	35
Ground Peas, per bushel,	6	a	6½
Lumber, per M.,	5 00	a	6 —
Cotton goods & yarns, per cubic ft.,		a	6
TO BOSTON—			
Turpentine, per bbl.,	50	a	
Spirits Turpentine, per bbl.,	65	a	—
Lumber, per M.,	7 00	a	8 —

Bank Rates of Exchange, Wilmington.

Bank checks on Philadelphia,	premium	1½	per cent.	
" " " New York,	"	1½	"	"
" " " Boston,	"	1½	"	"

WILMINGTON MARKET—March 8.

Bacon.—The stock of Hams and Shoulders fair—quotations a fraction lower than this day week; a prime lot of Hams brought 8½ cents a few days since. No Middlings on the market. Stock of Western Bacon very light.

Beans—White, stock light, and but very little enquiry for the article.

Corn.—Received from Bladen 1000 bushels, not sold. Stock in Store materially reduced.

Flour.—There is but a light stock of first description Fayetteville flour on market. No change in prices.

Hay.—We learn of no sales since last report. There is a scarcity in the prime quality.

Lard—Supply of N. C. Lard fair. No change in price.

Lime.—None received since last report.—The article is much enquired for, and a cargo would sell quick at a fair price.

Lumber.—We learn that there is a large quantity of Lumber on the market, and that scarcely any demand exists for it. There have been only two rafts sold during the week ending this morning, viz: one of Inch Boards at $8 per M, and one of Wide Boards and Scantling, at $5 for Boards and $4 for Scantling.

Molasses—None received since last report.

Naval Stores—The receipts of Turpentine have been lighter the past than the previous week. The sales have reached about 4240 bbls—1470 bbls at $2 25 for Soft, and $1 25 for Hard—2770 bbls at $2 30 for Soft, and $1 30 for Hard. *Spirits Turpentine.*—Sales have reached 325 bbls at 28c per gallon, bbls $1 75 not returnable. There has been no sales to-day. We learn, however, that the price is looking up; but in the (supposed) absence of orders, no sales have been effected;—28½c offered, and 30c asked. *Rosin*—Sales of 100 bbls No. 2 Rosin at 90, and 1100 bbls No. 3, at 60c. *Tar*—Sales of Tar have reached 1667 bbls—all taken at $1 15.

Peas—There has been considerable enquiry for Ground Peas during the week—prime qualities brought, this morning, $1 per bush. Black Eye Peas are said to be scarce. Stock of Cow Peas becoming light—quotations without change.

Pork—Stock of Northern Mess Pork light. Fresh Pork has been selling at the market at about $5 per hundred.

Salt—None received since last report.

Staves—No transactions to report; our quotations are merely nominal.

Shingles—Sales of a prime article at $3 per M.

Timber—Sales of 4 rafts during the week, at prices ranging from $4 to $5 per M, according to quality. The receipts have been quite light and but few rafts remain unsold.

Freights—Have advanced a shade. See table for last rates paid.

NEWBERN, March 5.—Turpentine—Supplies of this article continue moderate, and prices are uniform at $2 15 for dip, and $1 25 for scrape. Tar—Unchanged, price $1 15. Corn—Receipts moderate; price $1 90 a $1 95. Peas—Cow peas, 35 a 40c. Bacon—Small sales at 6½ a 7c. Lard—Sales 7½ a 8c.

BALTIMORE, March 6.—The flour market exhibits no special change; the tendency is downward. Sales of 1,200 bbls mixed and straight brands Howard Street at $4 81½ a $4 87½. Sales of 200 bbls City Mills at $4 87½. Corn meal is held at $2 62½. Rye flour $2 50. Nothing doing in wheat; the market is dull. Corn is firmer; sales of white at 46 a 47 cts., and yellow Maryland and Pennsylvania at 51 a 58c, as to quality. Oats 27 a 29c. Rye 61c. The Provision market is dull, and holders are not able to obtain, generally speaking, their asking prices. We quote Mess Pork at $11 a $11 50, and Prime $9 75 a $10. Bacon unchanged. The Grocery market is steady, and prices unchanged. Whiskey is dull; small sales at 22½ a 23½c, in hhds. and bbls.

Sun.

Telegraphed to the Charleston Courier of 7th inst.

NEW YORK MARKET.—*Cotton*—Yesterday, (our accounts being down to 6 o'clock, P. M.,) there were 1000 bales Cotton sold at New York. The market was quiet, but no buoyancy. Last quotations were sustained.

Sales of Rice were made at $3 06 to $3 18. Flour was dull, and a slight decline experienced. Orleans was quoted at $5⅜. Pork, dull at last quotations. The Stock market was firm at 113½ for New Loan, and 111½ for Treasury Notes.

CHARLESTON, March 7.—*Cotton*—The sales yesterday footed up 2,300 bales, without any change in the prices current on the preceding day, at prices ranging from 5½ to 7¼c.

Rice—There was a good demand yesterday for Rice. Sales 600 a 700 tierces from $2 62½ to $3 per hundred. The prices prevailing the previous day were fully sustained.

Rough Rice—No transactions to report.

To the Public.

WITH surprise and indignation, the undersigned have seen a certificate over our names, published in the Wilmington Chronicle and the Journal, purporting to give the substance of a remark which we had heard by a lady, whose name is mentioned in said publication.

It is due to ourselves to say that J P. Jordan who has published said certificate, has used our names without permission, and acted without our knowledge or consent. We further say, that what he has published as our certificate, is incorrect in substance and meaning, very different from any remark we have ever heard made by the lady, whose name he has also taken the liberty of bringing before the public. We did on one occasion hear her say that if her husband had listened to her, he would have gone and put an end to Jordan's existence, or scattered his brains, and saved his friends their present vexation and disturbance. Given under our hands March 2d, 1849.

ALICE STALLINGS,
MARY ANN SAVAGE.

The above was sworn to and subscribed before me on the above date. A. LAMONT, J. P.

WE feel it to be our duty to publish the said certificate, lest erroneous impressions might be created on the minds of some who may not yet know as well as ourselves, the disposition of J. P. Jordan, to transcend his limits, act under false pretences, and impose on ignorance. A short time ago he made an intrusive call on us at home, apparently with a view to extort from us whatever impressions we might have heard that would be evidence serviceable to him in suits, which it is said he has instituted against a number of the citizens of New Hanover and Duplin Counties, on a charge of having attacked him, or as common report has it, for having T-A-R-R-E-D and F-E-A-T-H-E-R-E-D him. He expressed a determination to have us summoned to Court as witnesses;—we assured him that we knew nothing that would be advantageous to him, so far as we could judge. He insisted in teazing us to give him a statement, which he could show to his Lawyer, assuring us that such would save us the disagreeable task of attending Court, an unpleasant task to any woman, particularly so to those of our age and circumstances. We stated to him only a part of our conversation, which we had heard, feeling reluctant and a delicacy to tell him how mean we thought he was, and how well he deserved all the chastisement, scorn, and contempt, which he told us he had received at the hands of our citizens. ALICE STALLINGS,

MARY ANN SAVAGE.

March 9, 1849—[26-3t

LIST OF LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office at Wilmington, N. C., 28th February, 1849.

Those whose names appear on this List will please ask for advertised Letters.

[25-3t] DAN'L DICKSON, P. M.

Allen N	Ellington C A	Niemeijer E
Allen B	Fayson S	Nichols Pompey
Allen A	Foy H R	Nickles Wm
Albertson S	Flower R	Nicholas Ann
Aron D	Foster J w	Oneill C C
Arnet J	Foster T Y 3	Pope J N 2
Amos T	Foster T J	Pettipher R
Ashe Virgil	Foster J C	Pickett mrs E J 2
Brookshire T F	Felwoen M	Prince J
Brown A	Floretta	Pason T
Bill mr	Grimme C 2	Pease H
Barksdale W H	Geyer E K	Petterway J
Burney R	Gilbert J D	Pandolfu G B
Bunch J H	Gaber M	Pfleiager John
Beutcher J	Glazier Z B	Reid J 2
Brister J C	Green wm	Roberts wm
Belcher W K	Gippson R	Ricly G
Barker J	Gardner J D jr	Richardson N
Bates Thos	Grimes Margaret	Raljin B
Behr J	Hobson J F 3	Risley H J
Brown W C & Co	Herrick W E 3	Rochelle J G
Bishop J E	Hardy A w 2	Register John
Betts Harlan and Hollingsworth	Hudson T J	Rowell Dan'l
	Hudson Martha	Rider J
	Hankins Wm	Ranney H N
Benson J	Howell H	Richards J S 2
Barney R S	Hewlet S	Sharp Win 2
Bleloch J 2	Herring Susan	Shaw J J 2
Borgwin T P	Holden T J	Somer J
Burgwin H K	Heath G	Snow J
Babcock H 2	Hunter S W	Stanly J A
Barbes J	Harris J	Smaw Francis
Barter A H	Hasler J	Stephens M
Boon W	Hawkins J W	Stephens Ira
Baldwin S A 2	Hu I John	Sloan Win
Browner Jesse	Hunt M J	Stevens Wm
Bryan mrs D	Hedrick Cynthia	Samson Isabella
Brock Francis	Hudson Martha A	Shobar Elizabeth
Blackburn Sarah	Johnson J	Smith P [A
Baber Mary J	Johnson T J	Smith E J
Boyen Caroline	Jackson J 2	Smith John
Burton Mary J	Jenkins D	Smith G w
Brocket Ann M	Jones Eliza	Smith & Gastner
Brown Mary	King Duncan	Thompson wm
Brown Susan	Kriete J F	Theus J H
Brown J P	Lindsay Thos	Tarbell G S
Copps H	Langdon W J	Teideman J H
Cook J C	Loven J	Torrey wm
Cook J	Lees J	Torrey B
Coney Jas	Larkins E	Udall J C
Coney C J	Long R	Vernon J M
Cannova C	Long J W	Wood L 2
Curtis G T	Love L J	Wadsworth R M 2
Chadwick E	Lannier Margaret	Wicker C C 2
Conner Thos	Merritt T S	Walters W B
Coffin J E	Mallory A B	Walton O
Crone John	Meeds J	Walton G
Calvert W H	Murrell Z C	Watson J H
Colburn H	Morgan D	White G
Cuttler Wm	Musgrave & Whitaker	White J W
Chestnutt Mary	Morehouse G M	Wyman J jr
Chapman Sarah	Murphey Wm	Willet J H
Connell Mary Ann	Moore Ann D	Willets S
Doison E	Moore Emily	Wilson F O
Dale J H	Moore Elsy	Winn J D
Durant T A 3	Mitchel Rocksy A	Williams D H
Dye J C 3	McMillan F A B	Williams N
Droze John 2	McLauchlin A 2	Williams Amelia
Drew Joseph	McClenney J	Winburn R
Davis Sarah J	McGardy J	Wright miss Mary
Deal Lucy Ann	McDaniel B	Watters Mary
Everett O	Nixon Henry	Waldin July Ann
Elan D T	Northam J D	
Edler M		

CAMPHINE! CAMPHINE!!

AT 40 cents per gallon. For sale at the Store of J. G. BAUMAN.

March 2—[25-tf

JUST RECEIVED,

PER SCHR. URIANA, 200 pair Children Shoes;

50 pair Gent's calf pegged Boots, extra quality;
25 " Ladies Lasting Gaiters;
40 " " welted Ties;
50 " " " Buskins;
25 " kip pegged Boots. For sale by

M2] GRAY & JONES.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
(LATE HANOVER HOUSE,)

FRONT STREET, WILMINGTON, N. C.

THIS HOUSE has lately been re-opened, under the superintendance of the undersigned, who have given it a thorough overhauling, and newly fur