[From the Atlanta, Ga., Medical and Surgical Journal, for March, 1857.]

THE LATE JOHN NORCOM, M. D.

BY S. S. SATCHWELL, M. D., OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

DIED, in the town of Edenton, North Carolina, on the 22d of January, 1856, of pulmonary apoplexy, JOHN NORCOM, M. D., in the fifty-fifth year of his age.

He was a man of mark in the profession and in the community. Frank, educated, and high-minded as a man, he was skillful, high-toned, and accomplished as a physician. I knew him long and well—I was his office pupil. Then, and always afterwards, he honored me with his confidence and friendship. I am unwilling that a physician of his character, and a man of his undisputed worth, should pass away unnoticed.

It is due to the profession, that the character and services of our leading medical men should be made public.

The life of the physician is one of gentleness and a devotion to ministrations for the relief of suffering humanity, rather than of show and selfish aims.—They know but little of the properly educated physician, who charge that his great aim is money. He must eat and drink, and love an independent subsistence like other men, it is true; but the cares and anxieties and labors of such a man are based on higher motives, nobler impulses than the love of mammon.

In the hour of danger, he is greeted with warm and grateful welcome; in seasons of pestilence, he is hailed as the benefactor of his race. But when these trying times are over, how soon are his services forgotten; and when he dies, how soon does his name become cold in the hearts and upon the lips of men. Look around you in society, and who are the men that receive the honors and emoluments of life? Noisy political demagogues, factitious statesmen, visionary reformers, cunning speculators, and other pretenders in the various walks of life. These are the men who are crowned with popular applause, and with what the world calls success, while the real benefactors of our race, the men of science and worth, and honor, scorning to degrade themselves by using unworthy means of advancement, are elbowed aside by these pressing throngs of unscrupulous aspirants for power and wealth. In such a contest, and in such an age of restlessness, and shallow pretensions, the physician of genuine worth and merit, is apt to live unrewarded and to die unnoticed.

But it is not our purpose to dwell on these things, nor to descant on the merits of the medical profession farther than to remark, that no profession is so laborious and self-sacrificing as ours, and none so poorly rewarded in purse and public reputation.

Dr. Norcom was born and raised in Edenton, N. C. He was educated under the watchful eye of his father, Dr. James Norcom, an excellent scholar, and one of the most distinguished physicians of his day. John Norcom graduated with honor in the collegiate department of the University of Pennsylvania. He studied medicine under his father, and graduated in the medical department of the University of Baltimore. He then practiced with his father a year or two, deriving great advantage from his experience.—He then removed to Washington county, and practiced with success. He gained here, rapidly upon public favor; but he desired a better field for his talents; and in a year or two more removed to the town of Washington, in Beaufort county. There he soon took the lead in his profession. His skill and unwavering attachment to his profession, which ever characterized him, secured him a large practice, and many friends. But his young ambition urged him to seek a still better field of exertion. He removed to Baltimore, under favorable circumstances, and commenced practice. He did well. His social and professional walks in this city, were in the front ranks of the profession. But a severe and contagious disease brought affliction in his family. His wife became dissatisfied with Baltimore. His relatives and friends in North Carolina were strong and incessant in their petitions to him to return. He yielded. He gave up all his flattering prospects in Baltimore and returned to the town of Washington. He soon regained the large and profitable practice he had previously left, and re-instated himself as the leading physician in that whole section of country. This position he continued to maintain as long as he lived. He was well worthy of the distinction.

His fondness for his profession was proverbial. It caused him to store his mind, well disciplined by early training, with a vast amount of professional learning. The doctrines of the older authors, as well as the views of modern writers and cotemporary practitioners were familar to him. He kept himself well posted up in progressive medicine. With a mind thus learned and devoted, he brought to the bedside, a power of analysis, an accuracy of examination, and a judgment in the application of remedies, rarely surpassed. It was this fine discrimination, this power of analysis, and of applying remedies accordingly, that gave to him, as to every successful practitioner, such fine success in the treatment of disease. Hence it was, that his counsels were so often invoked in difficult and complicated cases far and near. It was on such occasions, so well calculated to try the metal of the physician, that Dr. Norcom was always ready. He was, indeed, a blessing to the community. Often, when superficial minds were torturing instead of relieving the patient by prescribing for *effects* and ambiguous symptoms, would he apply his critical mind to the investigation of the case, discover the *causes* often hidden, and obscure, and by an appropriate corresponding treatment, cure the case, and bear away the palm of victory. But he would never use it to the injury of the attending physician; rather would he seek to bolster him up, unless his conduct was intolerably outrageous. Often has it happened, that patients, afflicted with some severe and lingering chronic disease, have gone the rounds among regular and irregular practitioners, sometimes remaining for months under the treatment of some celebrated physician at the North, and at last, without relief and in the agony of despair, have applied to Dr. Norcom, and were cured by him. But Dr. Norcom lived in plain old North Carolina—too artless and honest to proclaim her renown in the popular bugle blasts of the times—and he never stood at the corners of streets to publish his own deeds; and hence, such triumphs of skill are unknown abroad.

When not engaged in active practice, he was at his office poring over his books—studying his cases, or in the bosom of his family instructing his children. He had no time for light company or the frivolous pleasures of the day. That time, which so many give to such frivolities, was appropriated by him, to more intellectual enjoyments, and to nobler purposes. His office was never sought by idlers, politicians, or demagogues: Dr. Norcom was not the man to give countenance to such characters. His friends were select, and no man enjoyed the company of his friends, at proper seasons, with a better relish, than he did. In refined and cultivated social circles, he was at home, and the delight of the company.

I have said, that in the hour of danger, hope and confidence settled upon him. At such times, even his bitter, personal enemies invoked his assistance, and he cheerfully extended it. In difficult cases, he was sent for far and near, to obtain his services in consultation. His practice was extensive, and he applied himself to it with much zeal and perseverance.

He had an elevated sense of the duties and responsibilities of his profession; he did all in his power, to add to its elevation and dignity; he disdained everything that was low and mean, both in and out of the profession; and he rebuked imposture and impertinence wherever he found either. He scorned those little tricks and artifices, so often used by narrow minds and mean men, to obtain practice. He often incurred the hatred of such men as a matter of course; but, he pursued the even tenor of his way, and made no compromises with demagogueism, hishonor, or dishonesty. He was the open, free, generous, independent spirit. Whatever his own judgment and conscience conceived to be right, he did and said; never enquiring what effect it would have upon his own popularity—he relied on his own worth and merit for success.

To his own brethren in the profession, he was kind, courteous and honorable. It was only in cases where the common feelings of professional honor and brotherhood were grossly infringed upon, by some empirical pretender, or diplomæd quack, that the vials of his wrath were stirred, in a professional sense. To the younger members of the profession, especially just starting in life, he was kind and encouraging; ever ready to aid them with advice and sympathy, and by putting into their hands profitable practice. He did not believe that gray hairs constituted wisdom, or in the anti-republican doctrine of hereditary transmission of practice. But, whenever any young medical man of honor, talent and merit, settled in the same town, or near him, however humble his origin, or oppressed by poverty, Dr. Norcom sought him out and did all he could to advance him. The deference which others have for the aristocracy of wealth or blood, was never felt nor shown by him; but the aristocracy of mind and merit secured his homage and esteem. He was emphatically a man of *principle*. For this, he was ready, with Roman firmness, to battle from the first to the last, and always; he would make no concessions to what is called policy, and no compromises with injustice or meanness, come from what quarter they might. He could look with no favor upon wealth or distinction obtained by intrigue or foul means.

In politics, he was never a partisan, but a patriot, warmly devoted to the interests of his native State and country. The dirty work of politicians; the degrading character of party tactics; the dishonorable means of all parties to obtain success, were so disgusting and revolting to his elevated feelings and high character, that he would never be a working member of any party, but sometimes voted with one party, and then again with another. He never believed that subserviency to party yoke was an element of patriotism. With his talents, he could have wielded vast political influence, if he had consented to sacrifice his independence and become a pliant party man.

Whatever affected the community in which he lived, he was always interested in, and manifested it by his advocacy of all those measures of moral and sanitary reform, that were for good. The cause of education secured his active exertions; and his benevolence was aroused by whatever was proposed for the moral, educational and religious interests of mankind.

Dr Norcom committed the fault, common to the profession of North Carolina, of writing but little for the medical press; and, yet, he was one of the best writers in our State. Much has been lost to the profession by this omission on his part, to record his views, derived from a long and discriminating observation and experience, in the practice of medicine.—He conversed with much fluency and ease, and was a lucid, logical and forcible speaker. His powers of writing and speaking, added to his acquirements and professional enthusiasm, would have enabled him to adorn a Professor's Chair, in any of the Medical Colleges. More than one application of this sort was declined by him. He preferred the private practice of his profession in the old North State.

His character, as may readily be supposed, made him strong friends and bitter enemies. The former clung to him through evil and through good report. The latter, now that he is gone, will not deny to him, good intentions, incorruptible integrity, superior talents, lofty purposes and elevated principles. In his friendships, he was sincere, reliable and disinterested; and when he made a friend, he adhered to him with idolatrous devotion. In this respect, and in his relations with his family—his love for his father, mother, brothers and sisters—his affection for his wife and children, I have never known a man to possess more fidelity, more attachment, more purity and ardor of love and affection. He evinced this by his deep interest in all that concerned them; his gentle, tender nature towards them, and his ever active efforts to advance their welfare and happiness.

His death was sudden, but so tranquil and resigned, as to give a reasonable hope to his friends, that he had made his peace with his God. He was sick but an hour or two. When suddenly and violently seized, his mother rushed to his bedside, and enquired what she should do for him. "Nothing," he answered, "Nothing. I am in the hands of a merciful God, whom I have feared and loved—He has called me, and I must go." And in a short time, before the services of a physician could be obtained, he expired.—Thus he died, and may it have been so ordered that he had quenched the darts of the wicked one, on the shield of Faith.

Love's Labor Lost.

From the subjoined article, which we take from the last Raleigh *Standard*, it will be seen that the Fayetteville *Observer* has been expending much ammunition for no purpose. It has been building up a man of straw, and knocking him down again, for its own amusement, but without hurting anybody but itself:—

Tax on Deep River Coal.

The Fayetteville Observer appears to be greatly distressed at the discovery which it professes to have made, to wit: that the late Legislature imposed a tax "on *all* coal that shall be shipped and conveyed from the mines on Deep River." And that paper insists that the "crowning act"—the "positive and iniquitous insult" in this matter is, that this tax is intended to be levied on coal gotten out and transported on the proposed Fayetteville Coalfields Road, and is to "be applied to make good the State's loss on the Deep River improvement." The Observer is egregiously mistaken—to use no stronger term—as we shall show.

The facts are as follows: The revenue law of 1854-'5, contained 130 sections. Nothing is said in that law about the tax on coal; but at the same session an act was passed "to authorize the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation Company to issue bonds, and for other purposes." Section 11 of this act provided for a sinking fund by the Company to be based on one per centum of the net profits, to be applied to the payment of the bonds authorized to be issued as they should fall due; and section 12 provided that "a tax of two cents per ton, on all coal that shall be shipped and conveyed from the mines on Deep River, shall be annually levied," &c.,—to be also applied to the payment of the principal of said bonds. This was a part of the charter of this Company, and was the law at the late session of the Assembly. [See acts of 1854-'5, p. 20.] We have stated the revenue act of 1854-'5 contained 130 sections. The present revenue law contains 133 sections—the 131st and 132d *being substantially the 11th and 12th sections of the Cape Fear and Deep River act, above referred to, enacted in* 1854-'5.

That is all. [See page 29 of the pamphlet "Revenue Law, 1856-'7," as printed and sent to the Clerks and Sheriffs of the different Counties.] The only difference is, that the 11th and 12th sections of the Cape Fear and Deep River act of 1854-'5, have been placed in the present revenue law, and appear there as secs. 131 & 132. And this transfer was proper, for the simple reason that this tax is a matter of revenue. It is to be levied on the C. F. & D. R. Co., as the present revenue law very clearly shows, and not on the Fayetteville Coalfields Road. Why did the Observer omit the 131st section? That, if published, would have explained the whole matter to its readers. No, it wanted a "crowning act" of capital for its party—it was anxious to show, or to produce the impression that the Fayetteville Road was to be taxed for the benefit of the Deep River Company. The 132d section, *by itself*, is calculated to leave this impression; and hence, the 131st section was omitted. In addition to this, however, the Fayetteville and Western Railroad Company has chartered rights, which the Legislature can neither take away nor impair. It is provided in the charter of that Company that the State may tax the coal which it may "ship and convey?" No. If, then, it was necessary that the Cape Fear and Deep River Company should assent, as it did assent, to the tax in this respect imposed on it in 1854-'5, before the tax could be levied and collected, how could such a tax, or any tax be imposed on the Railroad Company against its wish?—and especially a tax for the benefit of another Company? The idea is absurd. The Observer's article is totally unfounded. No tax has been imposed, and no one has sought to impose a tax on the Railroad Company referred to.

What now becomes of the Observer's "crowning act of the *late Legislature?*"

We observe that the Wilmington Herald, having been misled by the Observer, is somewhat exercised on this subject. We may expect the facts from the Herald, and something like justice in this respect to the late Legislature; but we look for nothing but unfair and bitter partizanship at the hands of the Observer.

NOTICE.

ON and after this day, January 12th, 1857, all *transient* Advertisements MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE, in cash, before they will be inserted.

Our friends in the country as well as in town will please bear this in mind, and remit the amount they are willing to lay out in advertising with the copy they wish inserted.

RUSSIA SALVE.

Is a purely Vegetable Compound of a rare and peculiar combination, and is the best Salve ever made for the cure of BURNS, FLESH-WOUNDS, and SORES of all kinds. Price 25 cents per box. A liberal discount by the dozen or gross. For sale in Wilmington, N. C. by

S. W. WHITAKER,
Agent for the proprietor.

Oct. 6th. 26-6m

☞ WE are authorized to announce Hon. WARREN WINSLOW, as a Candidate for re-election to Congress from this district, subject to the decision of a Democratic District Convention, should the party determine to call one.

March 11th, 1857

THE BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS!—is a delightful compound, highly and delicately scented by its own ingredients, to be used in the toilet—imparting beauty, comfort and health to the skin. It will effectually remove tan, sunburn, &c., and it imparts a flexible, soft surface to the skin, preventing its shrinking and becoming spotted.

For cleaning the teeth it has been considered far superior and far more medicinal than any compound yet known. It quickly renders them white as alabaster, prevents their decay and removes the tartar; prevents ulceration and strengthens the gums.

For shaving, this Balm gives a rich, penetrating lather and has no equal in rendering the beard soft, emollient and tender, so that, in removing it, it gives way at the slightest resistance to the razor, without producing the least sensation, leaving a fresh, white and delicate countenance.

This highly perfumed Balm gives life to the hair; an unsurpassed gloss is imparted to it and it becomes beautifully curled and firm. It promotes its increase and nourishes its roots. It ensures with certainty a new growth of beautiful hair to those who, even for years, by sickness or otherwise, may have been deprived of it. It removes dandruff, strengthens the cuticle and cleanses it, rendering the head lively and clean.

Price 50 cents per bottle; a liberal discount by the gross or dozen.

For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by

S. W. WHITAKER,
Agent for the Proprietor.

Oct. 8, 1856.—28-6m—6-6m

MARRIED.

On the 19th inst., at the residence of Charity E. Highsmith, by the Rev. Hugh McAlpin, JAMES C. ROBINSON to Miss MIRIAM E. HIGHSMITH, all of Sampson county.

In this town, on the 19th inst., by J. M. Stevenson, Esq., Mr. JOHN R. BOURDEAUX, to Miss CATHARINE A. PICKETT.

DIED.

In Greenville, on monday the 9th inst. Dr. Sam'l E. Marsh, in the 48th year of his age, a native of Bath, Beaufort Co., N. C.

In this town, on yesterday, the 22d inst., THOMAS DAVIS, infant son of Thomas D. and Mary V. Walker, aged 9 months.

In Mobile on the evening of the 18th instant, little KATE, daughter of L. J. Fleming, late of this town.

On Monday evening 23rd inst., Mrs. FRANCES M. BEERY, relict of the late Samuel Beery, aged 34 years.—Long and severe were her afflictions, but triumphant her end—with her latest breath praising God she closed her eyes on earth and sweetly passed away. Her sorrowing relatives and friends mourn, but not as those without hope, for they have the comforting assurance that she sleeps well, and that their loss is her eternal gain.

The friends and acquaintances of the family and of Mr. S. D. Wallace, are invited to attend the funeral this afternoon at 4 o'clock, from the late residence of the deceased, on Red Cross Street, thence to Oakdale Cemetery. *

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

ARRIVED

March 19.—Schr. North Carolina, Pattison, from Newbern, to W. H. McRary & Co.; with corn.

Steamer Sun, Rush, from Fayetteville, to A. McRimmon.

Steamer Magnolia, Stedman, from Fayetteville, to E. J. Lutterloh.

☞ Spoken on the 18th inst., by Steam tug Mariner, Frying Pan Shoals bearing E. by N. 12 miles, Schr. C. Shaw, from Philadelphia for Savannah; all well, and wished to be reported.

March 20—Br. Brig Benj. Cushing, Somes, from Gloucester, Mass., in ballast, to Adams, Bro. & Co.

Schr. Ellen Randall, Justice, from Little River, to Lamont & Monk; with naval stores.

21—Steamer James R. Grist, Banks, from Fayetteville, to Petteway & Pritchett.

March 22.—Steamer Flora McDonald, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T. C. & B. G. Worth.

Schr. W. H. Howard, Platt, from Sloop Point, to Rankin & Martin; with naval stores.

Schr. R. W. Brown, Derrickson, from New York, to A. D. Cazaux; with mdze. Experienced heavy weather on the passage, and threw over part of the deck load of lime, in consequence of its having taken fire.

Steamer Black River, Barber, from Fayetteville, to D. A. Lamont; with naval stores.

23.—Schr. Rosalie Beatrice, Cook, from Washington, N. C., to Stokely & Oldham; with corn.

Schr. Purse, Moore, from New River, to master; with naval stores and pea nuts.

March 23—Schr. Edward Stanly, Pugh, from Hyde county, to J. R. Blossom; with corn.

Schr. Sally Ann, Rose, from Hyde county, to DeRosset & Brown; with corn.

Schr. Iowa, Babbitt, from Hyde county, to W. H. McRary & Co; with corn.

Schr. Wave, Davis, from Hyde county, to W. H. McRary & Co.; with corn.

Schr. Mary Powell, from New London, Ct., to J. & D. McRae & Co.

Schr. J. J. Spencer, Langstaff, from Philadelphia, to T. C. Worth; with mdze.

March 24.—Schr. Telegraph, Stowe, from Little River, N. C., to Ellis & Mitchell; with corn.

Barque Saranac, Bigley, from Cardenas, to J. & J. L. Hathaway & Co.; with molasses. Left Barque Martha Anna, Messer, to load for Boston in a few days.

25.—Schr. Edward W. Perry, Sampson, from Philadelphia, to G. W. Davis; with mdze.

Schr. W. T. Harriss, Snowden, from Washington, N. C., to Stokley & Oldham; with corn.

March 25.—Brig Delmont Locke, Park, from Cardenas, to Kidder & Martin; with molasses and sugar. Sailed on the 18th inst in company with Brig G. W. Drislo, bound for N. York; and passed going in Barque Gen. Jones, Pendleton, from Baltimore.

March 25.—Schr. James Buchanan, Davis, from Washington, N. C., to Willard & Curtis; with corn.

Steamer Enterprise, Williams, from Haywood, to John S. Banks.

Schr. Fox, Williams, from wreck of schr. Brilliant, with portion of cargo, to Russell & Bro.

26.—Schr. Mary Abigail, Dickey, from wreck of schr. Mary Isabella, with portion of cargo, to Russell & Bro.

Schr. Lilly, Francis, from Charleston, to T. C. Worth.

Schr. Aid, English, from New York, to Keith & Flanner.

CLEARED

March 20.—Brig Hope, Biddle, for West Indies, by DeRosset & Brown; with lumber, &c.

Steamer Magnolia, Stedman, for Fayetteville, by E. J. Lutterloh.

March 21—Schr. David Faust, Morselander, for Philadelphia, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores, &c.

Schr. Adele, Griffin, for New York, by J. H. Flanner; with naval stores, &c.

March 22—Schr. Henry Finch, Falkenbury, for N. York, by George Harriss; with naval stores.

23—Schr. E. J. Talbot, Sweetland, for Richmand, Va., by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with lumber.

Schr. Agnes McLean, Dennis, for Jacksonville, by J. H. Flanner; with mdze.

March 24—Schr. Mary, Lester, for New London, Ct., by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with lumber.

Schr. Lillie Landers, Corson, for Philadelphia, by George Harriss; with naval stores and pea nuts.

March 25.—Barque Tivola, Brown, for Porto Rico, by Peirce & Dudley; with lumber and shingles.

March 25—Schr. Bennet Planner, Applegit, for N. York, by J. H. Flanner; with naval stores, &c.

26—Schr. Elizabeth, Patty, for Charleston, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with rough rice.

Schr. Ben, Henderson, for New Hanover County, by George Harriss; with naval stores, &c.

Schr. Lucy L. Sharpe, Sharpe, for New York, by George Harriss; with rough rice, &c.

Schr. J. H. Chadbourn, Wainright, for Boston, by J. H. Chadbourn & Co.; with lumber, pea nuts, &c.

KENANSVILLE, March 25th, 1857.

IN the year 1853, a printed hand bill over my signature, addressed "To the Public," was circulated in the county of Wayne and some of the adjoining counties. This publication contains charges and insinuations highly derogatory to the character of my nephew, Benjamin F. Cobb, which I am now satisfied were libellous. The various facts, charged in that publication in reference to Dr. Cobb, were then supposed by me to be true. At that time there was much excitement in the counties of Wayne, Duplin and Lenoir against E. Cobb, and many rumors were in circulation in reference to his character, and in connection with these, there were reports and rumors defamatory of Dr. Benjamin F. Cobb. These several reports and rumors involving the character of Dr. Cobb, I have since that time carefully investigated, and I am now satisfied that I did him gross injustice and wrong in the publication made by me as above stated; and as an act of simple justice to Dr. Cobb, I now declare that I believe him to be a gentleman of veracity, honor and integrity; and it is my wish that this declaration shall be published as a means of disabusing the public mind of any impressions unfavorable to the character and position of Dr. Cobb, which may have been produced by my first publication.

HENRY SASSER.
[30-2t*

IMPORTANT SALE.

IN PURSUANCE of a resolution passed by the Stockholders of the Cape Fear and Deep River Company, at their last meeting in Wilmington, on the 12th inst., I shall proceed to sell at public auction, on Wednesday, the 15th of April, at Exchange Corner, in the Town of Wilmington, TWENTY-SEVEN NEGROES, all of which are able bodied men, most of them young and very likely; also, at same time and place, ONE STEAM BOAT, and several TOW BOATS, the property of the said Company.

A credit of six months will be given upon purchasers giving bonds with approved security before the property is changed.

HENRY A. LONDON,
Sec'y and Treas. C. F. & D. R. N. Co.

March 27th, 1857 30-ts—168-6tbs

Weekly Herald copy till sale.

DENTAL SURGERY.

DR. J. H. FREEMAN would most respectfully inform the citizens of Wilmington and the surrounding country, that he is now prepared to perform all operations in his profession. Having had long experience, he flatters himself that he can give entire satisfaction. Teeth plugged to remain permanent and useful for life. Artificial Teeth inserted from one to a full set, in a manner so approved that Dame Nature herself would be deluded. Particular attention also to regulating Children's Teeth, the neglect of which presents so many horrid deformities—all corrected and success warranted. Those so unfortunate as to need the services of a skillful operator, would never have cause to regret a visit to his Rooms, on Front street, 3 doors above Lippitt's corner.

☞ ADVICE GRATIS. [March 27—30-3m*

THE SUBSCRIBER having been recently appointed County Surveyor for New Hanover County, respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage; he attends also to plotting of estates, leveling and draining of land and to drawing plans for houses and bridges. He promisses *good* work at *moderate* prices.

L. C. TURNER,
Wilmington, N. C.

March 27th, 1857 30-5t*

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS are hereby forewarned from hunting with gun, or dogs, or trespassing in any other manner on my lands, known as the ROBINSON LAND, and on all my lands between Buckhorn and Doctor's Creek, under the penalty of the law.

LEWIS HIGHSMITH.

New Hanover County, N. C., March 27th.—30-2t*

FRESH ARRIVALS.

PER SCHR. R. W. BROWN, from New York,
4½ bags GREEN RIO COFFEE;
25 matts JAVA COFFEE; low for cash at

GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO.'S,
No. 11 North Water st.

March 27.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

30 BBLS. SUPER. FLOUR;
20 bbls. FAMILY do. Low for cash at

GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO.'S,
No. 11 North Water st.

March 27.

FOR $10 A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT

IN MEETING-STREET, AT A RAFFLE, BY WM. ALLSTON GOURDIN, Office, No. 9 State Street, Charleston, South Carolina. All that LOT OF LAND, situated on the east side of Meeting Street, one door south of Columbus Street, in the city of Charleston, together with the TWO-AND-A-HALF STORY HOUSE thereon: Measuring and containing in front on Meeting Street 40 feet, by the same on back line, and in depth, from west to east 142 feet, more or less, butting and bounding west by Meeting Street, to the north on land by Jacob Cook, to the east on land of C. B. Sigwald, and south on land of John Weldon. The House is well located, on a good lot, has been recently painted, is in complete order, and contains some five upright rooms, and two half upright rooms, nice large pantry, two airy piazzas, opening upon the southeast and west, kitchen, cistern, marble mantle in drawing room, grates in parlors, fire places in two upper rooms, and gas throughout.

This is a very rare and good chance for obtaining for the small sum of ten dollars, a comfortable and pleasant house, well worth from five to six thousand dollars, ($5,000 to $6,000.)

Titles warranted by present owner.

The Raffle will take place at my Office just as soon as the entire chances are filled: and to the fortunate person, Titles, keys and command of Premises will be given on the very night of said Raffle.

For chances, particulars, &c., apply as above, at

NO. 9 STATE STREET.

March 27th, 1857 30-1t

NOTICE

To the Debtors and Creditors of Samuel Atkinson, deceased, late of the County of New Hanover.

AT THE MARCH TERM, A. D. 1857, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County of New Hanover, letters of Administration upon the Estate of Samuel Atkinson, deceased, late of said County, were duly granted by said Court to the Subscriber, who at the same time was qualified as Administrator of the said deceased in due form of Law.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and those having claims, accounts and demands against the Estate of the said deceased, are requested to present them for payment to the subscriber within the time prescribed by Law, or they will be barred of recovery by virture of the Act of the General Assembly of the State, in such cases made and provided.

STOKELY ATKINSON, *Adm'r.*

March 27th, 1847 30-6w

NOTICE

To the Debtors and Creditors of Woodman Costin, deceased, late of the County of New Hanover.

AT THE MARCH TERM, A. D. 1857, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County of New Hanover, letters of Administration upon the Estate of Woodman Costin, deceased, late of said County, were duly granted by said Court to the Subscriber, who at the same time was qualified as Administrator of the said deceased in due form of Law.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and those having claims, accounts and demands against the Estate of the said deceased, are requested to present them for payment to the subscriber within the time prescribed by Law, or they will be barred of recovery by virture of the Act of the General Assembly of the State, in such cases made and provided.

STOKELY ATKINSON, *Adm'r.*

March 27th, 1857 30-6w

UMBRELLAS.—Prepare for a "*Rainy Day.*" Go to BALDWIN'S—select an UMBRELLA FOR A GENTLEMAN, an UMBRELLA FOR A LADY, and one for a CHILD. You can't fail to notice the low prices. Three Cases opened to-day at 38 Market st.

IMPORTED CLOTHS.—Two large bales of FRENCH CLOTHS, just opened—manufactured expressly for *custom work.* Also, six pieces *Grenadine* Silk Netting, Cassimeres, &c., at BALDWIN'S, 38 Market st.

CASHMERETTE.—A new style of SOFT HATS, assorted colors,—they are light, durable, and low priced.

CHAS. D. MYERS,
Hat and Cap Emporium.

March 25.

NEW CROP MOLASSES.—313 Hhds. and 15 Tierces PRIME NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES, now landing from bark Saranac, from Cardenas. For sale by

J. & J. L. HATHAWAY & CO.

March 25.

CHAS. D. MYERS,

HAT AND CAP EMPORIUM, 34 *Market St.* WILMINGTON, N. C.

PANAMA, LEGHORN, AND PALM LEAF HATS, WOOL, FUR, SILK, AND MOLESKIN HATS, Cloth, Plush, and Silk Glazed Caps, by the case or dozen. At New York Wholesale Prices.

March 23. 166.

THE ATTENTION of the ladies is respectfully called to our rich and elegant assortment of MISSES', CHILDREN'S and INFANTS' FLATS AND HATS, including the different qualities of Leghorn, trimmed and untrimmed; Fayal Braid, a new style of goods; English Dunstable, Pedal Braid, &c. Just opened, at the Hat and Cap Emporium, 34 Market st.

CHAS. D. MYERS.

March 23.

MULLETTS.

100 BBLS. NO. 1 MULLETTS—in oak and pine bbls. Just received. For sale by

WILLARD & CURTIS.

March 13.

COOK'S MAP OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A LIMITED supply expected soon. Those wanting early copies will please leave their names at the Book Store of

S. W. WHITAKER.

March 9

J. M. ROBINSON & SON

HAVE now in store the following viz:
Iron Hollow Ware and Sash Weights.
Hoop Iron of the best quality.
Nails, Brads, and Spikes.
Iron Axels, Hubs and Spokes.
Timber and other Axes, all warranted.
Cast Steel Grubbing Hoes, Spades and Shovels.
Rice Sickles and Bramble Scythes.
Preserving Kettles, Sauce Pans, &c.
Mill, Circular, Cross Cut, and other Saws.
Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, and Fan Mills.
Barn Door and Smoke-House Locks, extra good.
Pad Locks that can't be matched.
Brass and Iron Wire cloth.
Wood Saws and Axes with handles in them.
Cotton Cord, Linen and Cotton Twine.
Best quality of Scissors and Needles.
Roger's & Son's, Wostenholmes, and some more of the real Barlow Knives.

Sept. 16, 1856.

SUGAR-SUGAR.

FIFTY BBLS. Yellow Coffee Sugar;
25 do. B. do. do.;
15 do. Crushed do.;
10 Hhds. P. R. (Light) do.; now landing. For sale by

WILLARD & CURTIS.

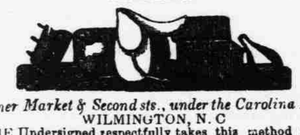
NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the late firm of HOUSTON & WEST, will please call and settle the same by the 25th inst., as further indulgence will not be given.

S. M. WEST.

March 13. 158-2w

CAROLINA SADDLE AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.



Corner Market & Second sts., under the Carolina Hotel,
WILMINGTON, N. C

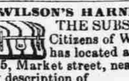
THE Undersigned respectfully takes this method to inform the citizens of Wilmington and surrounding country, that he has taken the store on the corner of Market and Second streets, under the Carolina Hotel, where he would be pleased to exhibit his stock, concisting of Saddles, Bridels, Martingales, Harness, Trunks, Whips, Spurs, and all articles usually kept in such an establishment, all of which he will sell low for cash, or on accommodating terms. Call and examine as he solicits a share of public patronage.

☞ Repairing done at short notice.

WM. L. JACOBS.

Oct 20, '56. 38-tf

WILSON'S HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.



THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs the Citizens of Wilmington and its vicinity, tha the has located a branch of his New York house at No. 5, Market street, near the Wharf, where he will keep every description of

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, WHIPS & TRUNKS

Every variety of Ladies and Gentlemen's riding Saddles, Fine Sole Leather TRUNKS, and every thing in his line. Having extensive facilities, he will keep constantly on hand, the most splendid and extensive assortment of Saddlery goods in the State, all of which will be sold at New York prices.

N. B. Repairing of Harness and Trunks done by the best workmen, and all orders for Harness executed with promptness and despatch.

MATHEW A. WILSON,
Importer and Manufacturer of Harness,
No. 59 Canal street, New York, and
No. 5 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

Sept. 20th, 1856 13-tf

OUR MOTTO IS "TO PLEASE,"

AT THE

Wilmington Saddle, Harness, AND TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Coach, Gig, and Sulky Harness; Lady's and Gentlemen's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c.; Trunks, Valises, Saddle and Carpet Bags, Satchels, fancy Trunks, &c. Always on hand a large supply of String Leather and Fly Nets, and all other articles usually found in such establishments, all of which he warrants to be of the best material and workmanship, and will be sold low for cash, or on *short credit* to prompt customers.

Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Medical Bags &c., made to order. Harness and Coach Trimmings sold at a fair price to persons buying to manufacture. Whips at wholesale

All kinds of Riding Vehicles bought and sold on commission.

JOHN J. CONOLEY.

WILMINGTON WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ It should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid.

BEESWAX, ℔ lb.	.23	@	.25
BELF CATTLE, ℔ 100 lbs.	6 50	@	8 00
BRICKS, ℔ M.	6 00	@	12 00
CANDLES, ℔ lb.			
Tallow	.16	@	.17
Adamantine	.25	@	.30
Sperm	.35	@	.50
COFFEE, ℔ lb.			
Java	.16	@	.18
Laguayra	.13	@	.14
Rio	.10½	@	.12½
St Domingo	.10½	@	.11½
COTTON, ℔ lb.	.12½	@	.13½
CORN MEAL, ℔ bush.	.00	@	.85
DOMESTICS,			
Sheeting, ℔ yd.	.8	@	.8½
Yarn, ℔ lb.	.17	@	.17½
EGGS, ℔ doz.	.12½	@	.15
EMPTY BARRELS, each,			
Spts. Turp.	1 65	@	1 75
FEATHERS, ℔ lb.	.50	@	.55
FISH, ℔ bbl,			
Mullets	5 50	@	6 00
Mac're, No 1	00	@	20 00
do. No. 2	00	@	13 00
do. No. 3.	6 50	@	7 50
Herrings, East	4 00	@	5 00
Dry Cod, ℔ cwt.	4 50	@	5 00
FLOUR, N. C. brands, ℔ bbl.,			
Family	7 50	@	7 75
Superfine	7 12½	@	7 25
Fine	0 00	@	6 75
Cross	0 00	@	6 25
GUANO, Peruvian,			
Under 1 ton, per lb.,			3½
One ton and under 5, per ton,	65 00		
5 tons and over, "	62 50		
LAND PLASTER, per bbl.	1 50		
Per ton	9 00		
GRAIN, ℔ bush.			
Corn	.76	@	.77
Oats	.60	@	.62
White Beans	1 75	@	2 00
Pease, Cow	.85	@	1 00
Rice, rough	0 90	@	.97½
do., clean, ℔ lb.	.4	@	.4¼
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs.			
Eastern	1 15	@	1 20
N. River	0 95	@	1 10
N. Carolina	0 00	@	0 00
IRON, ℔ lb.			
English, ass'd	.4½	@	.00
American, ref.	.5½	@	.00
do. sheer	.0	@	.00
do. hoop	.0	@	.7
Swede	.5½	@	.00
LIME, ℔ bbl.	1 00	@	1 05
do. fm store	1 35	@	0 00
LIQUORS, ℔ gall. (domestic.)			
Whiskey	.35	@	.37½
N. E. Rum	.50	@	.55
Gin	.45	@	.50
Brandy	.45	@	.50
do. Apple	.60	@	.75
do. Peach	.85	@	1 25
LUMBER, ℔ M., (River.)			
Floor. B'ds	.0 00	@	10 00
Wide do	6 50	@	7 00
Scantling	0 00	@	4 25
MOLASSES, per gallon.			
Cuba	.45	@	.46
NAVAL STORES,			
Turpentine, ℔ 280 lbs.			
Virgin	0 00	@	2 50
Yell