Massachusetts.

To the student of revolutionary history, familiar with the early deeds of patriotic devotion of the sons of Massachusetts, how painful must be the present attitude of that once proud and honored Commonwealth! Foremost in bidding defiance to British aggression, first to measure her strength with that of her powerful foe, earnest and active in producing union and concert of action among the colonies, national in her sentiments and feelings, and self-sacrificing in her ambition, she seems have been inspired to lead the way to freedom and independence. Her own great son, and the able and eloquent defender of the Declaration of Independence, on the floor of Congress, was the first to surrender, on the part of New England and Massachusetts, all claims to the leadership, and, for the sake of union and harmony, to propose General Washington as Commander in Chief of the American armies.

Throughout the revolution she freely poured out her blood and treasure in defence of the liberties of the country, and the valor and devotion of her citizen soldiery were exhibited on almost every battle field from Maine to Georgia. Since the period of the revolution, Massachusetts seems to have gone mad. Her people were the first after the revolution to break out in open rebellion (Shay's) against the laws and constituted authorities of the State, and their example was so contagious that the wisest and best men —Madison, Knox, and Washington—were fearful that the spirit of insubordination would spread with direful effect into other States. From the defeat of the elder Adams, and the overthrow of the alien and sedition laws, she has arrayed herself against the great democratic party, and, as a matter of consequence, against her country and the honor and integrity of the national Union. Bold and treasonable in her opposition to the late war with England and the administration of Madison, first in getting up the Hartford Convention, she was only stopped in her treasonable designs by the defeat of the British and the glorious victory of New Orleans.

Since the annihilation of the federal party, brought about by its oppositition to its own country in time of war, Massachusetts has seized upon a new hobby —and that is negro slavery. She seems to have no bowels of compassion for the white race. All her sympathy is for the negro. The poor white emigrant, a lordly justice of the peace will send from her shores, because he might become a slight burden to the State; yet, at the same time, she will spend thousands of dollars, and disturb the public peace and quiet of the land in endeavoring to rescue an Anthony Burns from the hands of the law, and from his master, to whom he rightfully belongs under the law and the Constitution. Her representatives in Congress exercise no influence for the public good, because they have but one idea, and are actuated by but one motive—and that is hostility to the interests and domestic institutions of nearly one-half the States of the Confederacy. Her Senator (Sumner) left the country for Europe, breathing hatred and enmity against the entire South.

Is such the spirit that animated the Hancocks, the Adamses, and the Warrens of the revolution? Is such the spirit that animated the people of Massachusetts and Boston when Washington, with a national, not sectional army, entered Boston and liberated it from British rule? But, fanatically wild as a majority of the people of Massachusetts are, there is still consolation in the reflection that there are within her limits pure and high-minded men, who love the Union, and who know no country but the United States of America, —men who will support and sustain their country, whether bounded by the Sabine of Rio del Norte.—Such men are the Everetts, the Winthrops, and the Choates, and such a man was the late Judge Story, of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Washinton Union.

THE BURDELL DRAMA.—Porter's Spirit of the Times thinks that Mrs. Cunningham will establish the fact of her marriage with Dr. Burdell. It says:

"The struggle for the dead man's estate in the above named dreadful drama is still hotly going on between the fearful widow and the eager relatives of the deceased, and the prospect at the present is that the former bold player will succeed. The Misses Cunningham, as was to be expected, fully sustain the assumption of the mother, and Miss Helen, though not able to render testimony as direct as the sister who was a witness of the nuptials, makes herself of almost equal value to the case by an identification of the plain wedding ring which made solemn bondage on her mother's finger on that interesting occasion. We are of opinion, therefore, that Mrs. Cunningham will be adjudged the widow of Harvey Burdell, deceased; that her right of dower, and perhaps of administration, will be conceded by the court; that the prosecution will fail to convict her at the oyer and terminer of the crime of murder; and, finally, that she and her interesting family will be reunited, (perhaps in the pleasant mansion at 31 Bond street, from which the docter failed to eject them,) and live abundantly, if not happily, upon the means which he could not take with him in his sudden, unprepared flight."

The Iowa Election.

According to the telegraphic reports, the black republicans carried the State of Iowa by a very large majority at the late election. We did not credit these reports at the time of their publication, and we are pleased to discover that the intelligence received by the mails fully confirms our want of faith. We copy the following from the Davenport Democrat of the issue of April 14:

"THE STATE REDEEMED!—THE BLACK REPUBLICANS ROUTED!!—From the returns that we have received from different counties in the State, we are satisfied that the entire democratic State ticket is elected, and the State nobly redeemed from the thraldom of treason, under the rule of black republicans. Grimes already trembles in the gubernatorial chair which he disgraces, and the voice of the people is again heard loudly rebuking the demagogues and corruptionists who have led them to the very verge of national anarchy and sought to debauch patriotism, and prepare the way for a revolution that could end only in the national ruin. Reason has again ascended the throne so long usurped by passion; and old Jacksonian Democracy, with its broad constitutional platform, again reigns sovereign in the ascendant.

"Last November the union of know-nothings, republicans, and deluded Germans enabled the Fremont party to defeat the democracy by over 7,000 votes plurality, and to-day, just five months later, the horrid treason of black republicanism has been unmasked and the traitors rebuked by the people."

AN AFFECTING SCENE.—During his remarks at a meeting recently held in Augusta county, Alabama, in honor of the late S. W. Harriss, the Hon. William L. Yancey, described with much feeling, an interesting and affecting scene which occurred in the sick chamber of the lamenteddeceased a few days before he breathed his last. It will be remembered that Mr. Harriss died in Washington. He was fully sensible of his situation at the time referred to, and his bedside was surrounded by his wife and family, when Mr. Harriss observed upon a table near him an accordeon, which he requested should be given him.—He reached forth his scrawny hands and felt for the keys of the instrument, and lifting his eyes to Heaven, his form emaciated and his countenance pale, began to play that solemn and eloquent hymn "Old Hundred." Having finished and his countenance growing radiant as he proceeded, with a smile upon his face, and a look of love, he gently, yet confidently exclaimed, "Oh! it will not be many days ere I shall sing that hymn in Heaven." Thus, says a cotemporary, the dying testimony of another man is added to strengthen our faith in the efficacy of the Christian Religion.

THE AMENDED DALLAS-CLARENDON TREATY IN ENGLAND.—The London papers announce the reception by the English government of the Dallas-Clarendon treaty, as amended by the U. S. Senate. The Liverpool Albion quotes what purports to be the amendments, and adds:

Whatever decision Lord Palmerston may come to on this important treaty, our readers may rest sure of one thing, and that is, that if Lord Palmerston shall consent to submit to the degrading terms offered by the United States, the British public will know nothing of the matter until the treaty is signed and past recall.

A NEW LAW IN OHIO.—A bill has become a law in Ohio which provides that all property held for religious purposes shall be deemed to be the property of the congregation, and shall be held by a corporation for that purpose, for organizing which the bill also provides: but in cases where it has already been deeded to an individual, for the church, exclusive of any rights of the congregation, it may remain in his hands until his death or removal; after which it must pass into the possession of the contemplated corporation. But if no such corporation has been formed, it shall pass to the State, to be held in trust for the congregation.

Speech of the English Minister in New York.

Lord Napier was an invited guest at the supper given by the St. George's Society in New York on Thursday night. In reply to a toast to "Her Majesty's Ministers on this continent," he said:

Her Majesty's Ministers will be highly gratified when they learn that their names and that their offices are held in such high estimation, regard and memory by their fellow-countrymen residing in the United States. I myself, gentlemen, in my own personal capacity, am sensible that I am undeserving of the acclamations and of the approval which you have deigned to bestow upon my name. But I see in the manner in which you have received it a warm revulsion of those feelings of sympathy and regard which may be suspended or obscured for a time, as between America and England, but which are ever to be found in the affections and interests of the two countries. [Cheers.] Gentlemen, the office which I have the happiness to fill, and in which you have done me the honor to wish me well, is one which has been familiar to my hopes and wishes from a very early period of my life and services. [Cheers.] I must still maintain that there is not a more grateful, a more glorious and a useful employment than that employment which I share with my venerable friend, the United States Minister in London—the employment of holding aloft the ensigns of peace and of friendship between the two great branches of the English race. [Applause.] Gentlemen, I have undertaken my duties at a most auspicious period I can assure you that I have met on the part of the President of the United States, on the part of Gen. Cass, and on the part of all the Ministers and functionaries of the United States with whom I have been brought into contact, every manifestation of that cordial and friendly disposition which animates the government and the community of Great Britain.—[Haar, hear, and cheers.]

There are no questions worthy any degree of anxiety or apprehension pending between the two countries. [Cheers.] I am sometimes disposed to hope that the time may soon come when there will be scarcely any subject of official correspondence at all. [Cheers.] If I must not flatter myself with that agreeable prospect of official vacuity, if I must look forward to my fair and natural share of discussions and debates, we have certainly, gentlemen, in the experience of the past the best grounds for believing that there will not be a question so difficult or so complicated that it may not meet with a prompt, with a peaceful, and with an honorable solution.—[Loud and continued applause.] Gentlemen, *I desire more than cordiality—I desire co operation.*—[Cheers.] Now, gentlemen, I do not wish to alarm the citizens of the United States who are here, by raising before their averted eyes the phantom of entangling alliance. Entangling alliances, gentlemen, is a kind of political spectre, which seems to have descended with undiminished terrors from the period of the Revolution to the present day. [Laughter.] There may be useful co-operation where there are no written engagements; and, gentlemen, where the heart is wanting there may be written engagements without useful co-operation. [Applause.] All that I wish, gentlemen, is that our respective governments shall mutually make an early and sincere declaration and avowal to each other of their views and intentions with reference to all subjects that involve the common interests of the two countries—[applause] —whereby, gentlemen, they will have the benefit of mutual good offices, and of mutual counsel, and they will be able to avoid those one-sided resolutions, and those startling announcements that are apt to disturb the confidence of commerce, and to excite the jealousy and sensibilities of two high spirited nations. [Applause]

The only entangling alliance, gentlemen, that I shall venture to recommend to your attention is the submarine cable between Liverpool and New York. [Loud applause.] Gentlemen, since my arrival I have sometimes observed an impression in the United States that the development of this country is regarded with jealousy in England. This, gentlemen, is an erroneous opinion. You will hear me out in affirming that the last vestiges of former prejudices, caused by the animosities of the two unhappy wars, are being very speedily extinguished. [Applause.] The peaceful and legitimate expansion of the United States is a matter of satisfaction and pride to every reasonable Englishman. [Hear, hear.] That expansion affords the best resort and relief to our superabundant population—it forms the best market for our increasing industry—it is the triumph of our labor and our arts, of our language, our religion and our blood. [Hear and applause.] No thoughtful Englishman can contemplate this unparalled spectacle of future predominance without emotions of thankfulness and exultation—no thoughtful foreigner can regard it without a sigh, because Providence has not reserved the prospective empire of the world for his own tongue and his own race. [Loud applause.]—Gentlemen, these sentiments of sympathy and good will to which I give a feeble utterance are, believe me, not rare or partial in our country, nor do I derive them from obscure authority. [Applause.] I have gathered these sentiments in the benevolent pages of a Carlisle, in the wise conclusions of an Aberdeen, and in the eloquent declarations of an Elgin. I have heard these sentiments declared and enforced from the benches of government, and I have heard them echoed back from the benches of the opposition.—These sentiments have been inculcated in me with sincere and careful emphasis by the Earl of Clarendon, and by that noble viscount who is first in the councils and the hearts of the British people. [Loud and continued applause.] Finally, gentlemen, I have received these sentiments as a fruitful trust from the hands of my sovereign, and I will not lay up this profitable talent in a diplomatic napkin.

Lord Napier resumed his seat amid manifestations of enthusiasm.

From Central America.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The Herald has advices from Honduras to April 1st. Mr. Seymour, the new British superintendent, was sworn on the 26th, and on the next day he was sworn as Her Majesty's lieutenant governor of the Bay Islands. It was rumored at Honduras that the Guatemalian army in Nicaragua has been defeated. Also that Salvador had declared in favor of Walker.

Strong prejudices still existed in Honduras and Guatemala against our countrymen. In Guatemala six Americans had been summarily shot, and others banished from the country by order of Gen. Carrera. Three persons, named Buchanan, Van Buren and Robert Taylor, appealed to Mr. Savage, who had charge of the legation of the United States in Guatemala, who told them he could not do anything for them, and was fearful that he should himself have to leave, as there was no limit to the power of Carrera, who was very much enraged against the people of the United States. A good deal of bad feeling was created by the American ship Rawina having been charged extra tonage dues at Partook tar while loading mahogany.

From Santa Fe.

ST. LOUIS, April 27th.—A file of the Santa Fe Gazette of March has been received. The remains of Indian Agent Dodge had been found and was interred at Fort Defiance.

Gov. Merriweather has gone to visit Major Puebles. Indian depredations have been extensive, and frequently numbers of them have been overtaken and killed by the troops.

Major Fry had arrived at Albuqueque with $150,000 for the government.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The administration has taken rest in the matter of the appointments. Owing to the accumulation of current business at the Departments, the Cabinet meetings have not been so frequent as heretofore. The Treasury Department has innitiated measures for ascertaining the amount of taxation of all kinds in each State, and the sums necessary for the maintenance of the government of the principal cities.

Exports of Cotton to Europe.

NEW ORLEANS, April 20.—The exports of cotton from this port to Great Britain during the past week were 20,000 bales—a decrease of 29,000 as compared with the same week in 1856. The exports to France during the same period were 16,000 bales. From Mobile the exports during the week were 7,000 bales —an increase of 2,000 over the same week last year.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF THE NATIONAL HOTEL EPIDEMIC.—"H. M. S.," writing to Porter's Spirit of the Times, from Boston, says:

"How I did want to go to Washington to the inauguration. Perhaps it is lucky that I didn't. I met an office-seeking friend of mine on the street a few days since. 'Got home, eh?' says I. 'Yes,' says he. 'Got the office?' says I. 'Nary an office,' says he. 'What did you get?' says I. 'I got the beller-ache,' says he, and with a muttered sentence, which sounded something like 'r—r—rats,' he pressed his hand to his stomach and vanished."

☞ At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Moore's Creek Monument Association, held at the Court House, Tuesday evening, 21st April, 1857, on motion of A. J. Grady, Esq, it was

Resolved, That those gentlemen appointed to receive subscriptions towards erecting a Monument on Moore's Creek Battle Ground, be requested to collect and forward the several amounts received by them, at their earliest convenience, to Donald McRae, Secretary and Treasurer of Moore's Creek Monument Association.

On motion of Dr. E. A. Anderson, it was resolved that the proceedings of this meeting be published one week in the daily, and two weeks in the weekly papers of this place.

JAS. KERR, Chairman.
D. MACRAE, Secretary. 196-1w-34-2t.

☞ WORTH KNOWING.—Prof. Wood, whose advertisement will be found in another column, has discovered a remedy for the gray and bald, which is at once practicable and cheap. It requires no dyeing, no wig, nor extraordinary trouble. There can be no doubt whatever of its efficacy. We have seen testimonials almost without number, and from men of great intelligence, high standing and moral worth.

Those who have been bald for years are now wearing their own hair, and appear ten years younger than they did six months ago. As in most cases gray hairs and bald heads are both premature and unnatural, it is a duty to remedy them by the natural and undoubted means which Prof. Wood has invented, and now kindly offers to the afflicted. Read his advertisement, try his wonderful remedy, and give the Professor a new testimonial.—*Memphis Whig.*

For sale in Wilmington by WALKER MEARES & CO., and by Druggists generally.
April 21.—191-2weod—34-2t.

MARRIED.

In Richlands, Onslow county, on the 26th inst., by H. Cox, Esq., B. SOUTHERLAND, Esq., of Duplin county, to Miss Z. AMANDA ERVIN, daughter of A. Ervin, Esq., of Onslow.

At St. James Church, on Wednesday, the 22d inst., by the Rev. Dr. Drane, WM. H. C. WHITING, U. S. Army, to Miss KATE D. WALKER, second daughter of John Walker, Esq.

DIED.

In Sampson County, on the 26th of April, Mr. SAMUEL JOHNSON, aged 70 years 7 months and 14 days. Mr. Johnson had been a member of the Methodist Church about 40 years, in which time he sustained the character of a truly devoted Christian. in his death the Church has lost one of its most substantial members, the community a most worthy citizen and his children an affectionate father. COM.

Departed this life, near Starksville, Lee County, Geo., April 8th, 1857, Mrs BARBARY C. ROGERS, consort of the Rev. David Rogers, and daughter of Phill. and Zilpa Southerland of Duplin County, N. C., after a protracted illness of seven weeks.

Biblical Recorder please copy.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

ARRIVED

April 23—Schr. Wm. H. Smith, Hughes, from New York, to A. D. Cazaux.
Schr. L. P. Smith, Cooper, from New York, to A. D. Cazaux; with mdze.
Brig Captain Tom, Peirson, from New York, to J. C. Smith & Co.
Schr. Raven, Wyman, from Baltimore, to Russell & Bro.; with mdze.
Schr. Aid, English, from New York, to Keith & Flanner.
Schr. Lane, Sherman, from N. York, to Peiree & Dudley.
Schr. Lillie Sanders, Corson, from Philadelphia, to Geo. Harriss; with mdze.
Schr. Myrover, Jackson, from New York, to T. C. Worth; with mdze.
Schr. Lavinia, Hatsell, from Jacksonville, to Rankin & Martin; with naval stores.
24—U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBokkelen.
April 24—Schr. Two Marys, Day, from Conwayboro', S. C., for New York, laden with naval stores, put in with sails split, leaky, &c., and will have to discharge cargo for repairs. To George Harriss.
Schr. L. S. Levering, Corson, from New York, to J. & D. McRae & Co.
Schr. Paugussett, Waples, from Philadelphia, to G. W. Davis; with mdze.
25—Steamer James R. Grist, Banks, from Fayetteville, to Petteway & Pritchett.
April 25—Steamer Flora McDonald, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T. C. & B. G. Worth.
27—U. S M. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBokkelen.
April 27—Barque Mary C Fox, Gooding, from Cardenas, in ballast, to G. W. Davis.
Schr. Presto, Hallock, from Key West, in ballast, to J. H. Flanner.
Schr. Devil Bug, John, from Smithville, to Willard & Curtis; with naval stores.
Schr. Eureka, Davis, from Lockwood's Folly, to Willard & Curtis; with naval stores.
Schr. Ann Maria, Brown, from Lockwood's Folly, to Willard & Curtis; with naval stores.
April 28—Schr Tilla E., Turner, from Dighton, Mass., to George Harriss.
29—U S M Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBokkelen.
April 29—Schr. Caroline Virginia, Douglass, from Hyde county, to D. Pigott; with corn.
Schr. Ann E. Davis, Weeks, from Little River, N. C., to DeRosset & Brown; with corn.
Brig R. C. Dyer, Bradman, from New York, to J. & D. McRae & Co.
Brig Mary McRae, Crocker, from Richmond, Va., to J. & D. McRae & Co.
Schr. Alvarodo, Stanly, from Sedgewick, Me., to J. & D. McRae & Co.
Barque Radient, Flinn, from Providence, R. I., to Wm. M. Harriss.
Schr. Ben, Henderson, from New York, to George Harriss; with mdze.
Schr. N. B. T. Thompson, Barnes, from Philadelphia, to George Harriss; with mdze.
Tern. Schr. Maria Pike, Applegit, from New York, to George Harriss; with mdze.
Schr. E. W. Farrington, Robinson, from New York, to J. H. Flanner; with mdze.
Schr. Adele, Griffin, from New York, to J. H. Flanner; with mdze.
Schr. F. Nickerson, Gooding, from New York, to Cumming & Styron; with mdze. for T. C. Worth.
Schr. Lewis Chester, Somers, from New York, to T. C. Worth.
Brig John Hathaway, Smith, from New York, to J. & J. L. Hathaway & Co. On the 23d inst., Albert Miller, (of Providence, R. I.,) second mate, fell from foretopsail yard on the railing, and was lost overboard.
Schr. Helene, Stutes, from New York, to A. D. Cazaux; with mdze.

CLEARED:

April 23—U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. VanBokkelen.
24—Schr. Kalulah, Helah, for Venezuela, by Peirce & Dudley; with lumber.
Schr. Lavinia, Hatsell, for Jacksonville, by Rankin & Martin.
April 24. Schr J H Burnett, Worth, for New York by J R Blossom; with naval stores.
25. Schr Exchange, Burch, for Baltimore, by Russell & Bro.; with naval stores.
Schr Wide World, Dickinson, for New York, by A D Cazaux; with naval stores.
Schr. Worth, Allen, for New York, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores.
U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. VanBokkelen.
April 27—Schr. Wake, Wainwright, for New York, by George Harriss; with naval stores.
Schr. John, Burton, for New York, by George Harriss; with naval stores, &c.
April 28—Schr. Aid, English, for New York, by Keith & Flanner; with naval stores.
Schr. Jonas Smith, Spates, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with naval stores, &c.
U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H VanBokkelen.
Steamer Sun, Rush, for Fayetteville, by A. McKimmon.
April 29—Tern. Schr. L. B. Cowperthwaite, Beatty, for New York, by George Harriss; with naval stores, &c.
April 30—Schr. David Faust, Morselander, for Philadelphia, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores, &c.
U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. VanBokkelen.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } Columbus County.

Superior Court of Law,—Spring Term, A. D., 1857.

ORDERED by the Court, that a Special Term of this Court be held for the County of Columbus, at the Court House in Whiteville, on the fourth Monday in June next, and that the Clerk of this Court give notice thereof by advertisement, for six weeks in the Wilmington Weekly Journal and Wilmington Weekly Commercial, and by advertisement posted up at the Court House door and other public places, requiring all suitors, witnesses and other persons having business on the *Civil Docket* to attend.

From the minutes. THOMAS L. VAIL, *Clerk.*
May 1st, 1857. 34-6w

SELECT MALE SCHOOL AT OXFORD, N. C.

THIS SCHOOL, which hitherto has enjoyed a high degree of prosperity, under the conduct of J. H. Horner, A. M., by whom it was originally established, will be reopened on the 15th of July, and arranged to prepare boys for advanced classes in the University.

For this purpose, Prof. A. G. Brown, whose reputation is well known as a teacher of the Ancient Classics, during the last thirteen years, at Chapel Hill, will be associated with the present Principal, and Rev. T. J. Horner will continue to be an Assistant Instructor.

The School, as thus organized, is designed to be permanent, and of the highest grade. As it is divided into a few classes, pursuing a regular course of studies, considerable time will be devoted to examination and lecture upon the subject of every lesson by each instructor in his own department.

Important advantages have been secured by the establishment of a literary society, with its library, and an efficient system of discipline, in which especial attention is given to the habits and deportment of the young men, when not engaged in the immediate duties of the School.

Its location is very eligible; the climate of Oxford is excellent, and the commodious building, lately erected, stands on an eminence in a beautiful grove beyond the corporate limits of the town, and near the residence of the Principal, and other private families, who will accommodate the students with board.

Two terms of twenty weeks each, coinciding with those of the University, compose the scholastic year, and the price of board and tuition is ninety dollars a term.

Applications should be made as early as practicable, accompanied with a statement of the age and proficiency of the applicant.

May 1st.—35-t15J.

TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

THE subscriber respectfully announces himself as a candidate for re-election upon 6th day of August next, to the Office of Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of said County. Grateful for the confidence and support which his fellow-citizens have heretofore extended to him, he trusts that his efforts to merit that confidence will secure to him a renewal of their suffrages; and in the event of his re-election, he can only pledge a continuance of his honest effort to discharge faithfully and acceptably the duties of said office.

SAMUEL R. BUNTING.
April 27th, 1857. 196-te
Herald and Com. copy te.

☞ WE are authorized to announce Hon. WARREN WINSLOW, as a Candidate for re-election to Congress from this district, subject to the decision of a Democratic District Convention, should the party determine to call one.
March 11th, 1857

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having been duly qualified Executor of the last Will and Testament of Annie Munce, deceased, at March Term, 1857, of the County Court of New Hanover county, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make payment; and all persons having claims against said estate to present them for payment within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. JAMES KERR,
April 6, 1857—[34-4t] Ex'r.

LOST OR MISLAID.

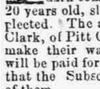
A MOROCCO POCKET BOOK, bound with an elastic strap, containing the following Notes, viz: One on John C. Ormsby, given I think, on the 10th April, 1857, for $191, (one hundred and ninety-one dollars) one day after date;—one Note on David Williams, for the sum of Thirteen dollars and 64 cents, given the 10th of April, 1857; and one on David Murray, for the sum of Twenty-five dollars, interest from date, given the 7th of March, 1856. I forewarn all persons from trading for said Notes.

O. W. MURRAY.
April 24th, 1857 34-3t

NOTICE.

IN pursuance to an order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, passed at March Term, 1857, I will sell at Simpson's Store, on Saturday, 2d day of May next, on a credit of six months, ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY ACRES OF LAND, adjoining the lands of James Simpson and others, as the property of Robert T. Henry, deceased.
Apl. 3, 1857—[31-tds] GEO. ALDERMAN, *Adm'r.*

$20 REWARD.



RUNAWAY from the Subscribers on the 6th inst., two negroes, JASPER and JOHN. JASPER is about 20 or 25 years old, stout built, about 5 feet high, dark complected, peculiar eyes. JOHN is about 18 or 20 years old, slender built, weighs about 120 lbs., dark complected. The above negroes were hired from Mr. Henry S. Clark, of Pitt County, N. C., and will probably endeavor to make their way back to said County. The above reward will be paid for their confinement in any jail in the State so that the Subscribers can get them, or ten dollars for either of them. JORDAN & WILLIAMS.
Conwayboro', S. C., April 10th, 1857 182-1w—33-tf

30TH APRIL.

ADDITIONAL supplies per Adams' Express Company, consisting of
200 pairs new style Drap'de'tae Pants;
50 fine Cassimere Coats;
50 do. Black Pants;
Silk Shirts and Drawers, all sizes;
1 case Umbrellas;
10 dozen Silk Ties;
50 do. Summer Cravats and Ties;
4 do. Superb Suspenders, Silk, Thread and British.
Balbriggan Half Hose, 9 to 12 inch, at
BALDWIN'S,
April 30th 38 Market Street.

THE PRINCE OF THE HOUSE OF DAVID; or, three Years in the Holy City. Being a series of the Letters of Adina, a Jewess of Alexandria, sojourning in Jerusalem in the days of Herod, addressed to her father, a wealthy Jew in Egypt, and relating as by an eye-witness, all the scenes and wonderful incidents in the life of Jesus of Nazareth, from his baptism in Jordan, to his crucifixion on Calvary. Edited by Rev. Prof. J. H. Ingraham, Rector of St. John's Church, Mobile. For sale at WHITAKER'S BOOK STORE.

HAROLD TRACEY, or Phases of Life. By J. F. Smith, author of Stanfield Hall, Minnie Grey, Harry Ashton, Ellen DeVere, Woman and her Master, &c. For sale at
April 30. WHITAKER'S BOOK STORE.

FOR SALE.

WILL SELL, at private sale, ONE TRACT OF LAND, containing 1,000 acres, within one to two miles of Whiteville, Columbus county, N. C. Also, 900 acres, joining the W. & M. R. R., on Big Creek, Columbus county, N. C.

20 shares W. & M. R. R. Stock. For particulars, apply to ALFRED SMITH,
Whiteville, Columbus Co, N. C.
or JAS C. SMITH & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
April 28.—197-1w—35-2m.

Office Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Co., Wilmington, N. C., April 27th, 1857.

DIVIDEND NO. 11.—The Board of Directors of the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road Company, have declared a semi-annual dividend of three and a half per cent on the capital stock of said Company, payable on and after the 15th May next.

The transfer book will be closed from 1st to 15th May.

JAMES S. GREEN, Secretary.

Raleigh Standard and Register; Fayetteville Observer and Carolinian; Norfolk Herald; Goldsboro', Tarboro, Halifax and Weldon papers will please copy till 15th proximo.

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN

WHOSE sands of life have nearly run out, discovered while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die.—Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow-beings as request it, this recipe, with full and explicit directions for making it up and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to inclose him one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the recipe, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement. Address
Dr. H. JAMES, No. 19 Grand street, Jersey City, N. J.
April, 6th, 1857 178-1m—32-1m

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

THE UNDERSIGNED has just opened at the Store on North Water Street, formerly occupied by Messrs. Wessel & Eilers, a new and complete stock of goods suitable for the town and country trade, and offers them at as low prices as any other store in the place. Among them may be found the following:

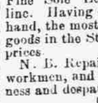
16 boxes Tobacco—World's Fair brand;
40 do do Hazart do;
5 do do Columbia do;
15 kegs Coffee; 50 kegs Nails;
3 hhds. Porto Rico Sugar;
5 bbls. Clarified do;
50 boxes Colgate's Pale Soap;
50 do Scaled Herring;
65 bbls. Common Whiskey;
5 do Bourbon do;
25 do Apple Brandy;
5 do North Carolina Peach Brandy;
20 boxes Cheese; 10 kegs Butter;
20 do Adamantine Candles;
10 do Black Pepper; 100 gross Matches;
12 do Cinnamon; 10 boxes Saleratus;
5 bbls. Malaga Wine, an excellent article;
200 Round Shaves—L. Wood's make;
30 Ploughs do do do;
10 bbls. Soda Biscuit;
5 cases Shoes—assorted qualities;
75 reams Wrapping Paper;
5 bbls. No 1 Mackerel. Besides a good many other articles, too numerous to mention, which will be sold low for cash by G. PRIGGE,
Nov. 26th 37 North Water Street

WILSON'S HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs the Citizens of Wilmington and its vicinity, that he has located a branch of his New York house at No. 5, Market street, near the Wharf, where he will keep every description of SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, WHIPS & TRUNKS. Every variety of Ladies and Gentlemen's riding Saddles, Fine Sole Leather TRUNKS, and every thing in his line. Having extensive facilities, he will keep constantly on hand, the most splendid and extensive assortment of Saddlery goods in the State, all of which will be sold at New York prices.

N. B. Repairing of Harness and Trunks done by the best workmen, and all orders for Harness executed with promptness and despatch. MATHEW A. WILSON,
Importer and Manufacturer of Harness,
No. 59 Canal street, New York, and
No. 5 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.
Sept. 20th, 1856 13-tf

OUR MOTTO IS "TO PLEASE,"
AT THE
Wilmington Saddle, Harness, AND TRUNK MANUFACTORY.



THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of **Coach, Gig, and Sulky Harness; Lady's and Gentlemen's Saddles, Bridles, Whips, &c.**; Trunks, Valises, Saddle and Carpet Bags, Satchels, fancy Trunks, &c. Always on hand a large supply of **String Leather** and **Fly Nets**, and all other articles usually found in such establishments, all of which he warrants to be of the best material and workmanship, and will be sold low for *cash*, or on *short credit* to prompt customers.

Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Medical Bags &c., made to order. Harness and Coach Trimmings sold at a fair price to persons buying to manufacture. Whips at wholesale

All kinds of Riding Vehicles bought and sold on commission JOHN J. CONOLEY.

TRUNKS.

LADIES AND GENT.'S TRAVLING TRUNKS AND Bonnet Boxes, sold cheap by
April 24 HEDRICK & RYAN.

SEAMLESS BAGS.

1000 2 and 2½ BUSHEL BAGS.
April 24. HEDRICK & RYAN.

STRAW MATTING.

FIFTY BALES WHITE AND CHECKED STRAW Matting from last importation.
April 24 HEDRICK & RYAN.

BLACK DRESS SILKS.—10 pieces 24 to 36 inches Bisch off Silks. HEDRICK & RYAN.
April 24

DOMESTIC GOODS.

WEEKLY addition to our stock of Domestic Goods.
April 24 HEDRICK & RYAN.

WILMINGTON WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ It should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, higher rates have to be paid.

BEESWAX, ℔ lb.	.23	@	.25
BELF CATTLE, ℔ 100 lbs.	7 50	@	9 00
BRICKS, ℔ M.	6 00	@	12 00
CANDLES, ℔ lb.			
Tallow	.16	@	.18
Adamantine	.25	@	.30
Sperm	.35	@	.50
COFFEE, ℔ lb.			
Java	.16	@	.18
Laguayra	.13	@	.14
Rio	.10½	@	.12½
St Domingo	.10½	@	.11½
COTTON, ℔ lb.	.00	@	.00
CORN MEAL, ℔ bush	.85	@	.90
DOMESTICS,			
Sheeting, ℔ yd.	.9	@	.9½
Yarn, ℔ lb.	.00	@	.21
EGGS, ℔ doz	.15	@	.18
EMPTY BARRELS, each,			
Spts. Turp.	1 70	@	1 75
FEATHERS, ℔ lb.	.45	@	.55
FISH, ℔ bbl,			
Mullets	5 50	@	6 00
Mac'rel, No 1	00@20	00	
do. No. 2	00@13	00	
do. No. 3.	9 00@	9 50	
Herrings, East	5 25@	6 00	
Dry Cod, ℔ cwt	4 50	@	5 00
FLOUR, N. C. brands, ℔ bbl.,			
Family	7 25	@	7 50
Superfine	0 00	@	7 00
Fine	6 50	@	6 75
Cross	6 00	@	6 25
GUANO, Peruvian,			
Under 1 ton, per lb.			.3½
One ton and under 5, per ton,			65 00
5 tons and over, "			62 50
LAND PLASTER, per bbl.			1 50
Per ton			9 00
GRAIN, ℔ bush.			
Corn	.73	@	.75
Oats	.55	@	.60
White Beans	1 75	@	2 00
Pease, Cow	.00	@	1 00
Rice, rough	.0 90	@	.97½
do., clean, ℔ lb.			.4¼ @ .4½
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs.			
Eastern	1 15	@	1 25
N. River	0 85	@	.90
N. Carolina	.0 00	@	0 00
IRON, ℔ lb.			
English, ass'd	.4½	@	.00
American, ref.	.5½	@	.00
do. sheer	.0	@	.00
do. hoop	.0	@	.7
Swede	.5½	@	.00
LIME, ℔ bbl.	1 00	@	1 05
do. fm store	1 35	@	1 40
LIQUORS, ℔ gall. (domestic.)			
Whiskey	.55	@	.37½
N. E. Rum	.50	@	.55
Gin	.45	@	.50
Brandy	.45	@	.50
do. Apple	.60	@	.75
do. Peach	.85	@	1 25
LUMBER, ℔ M., (River.)			
Floor. B'ds	.0 00	@	10 00
Wide do	6 50	@	7 00
Scantling	0 00	@	4 25
MOLASSES, per gallon.			
Cuba	.50	@	.51
NAVAL STORES,			
Turpentine, ℔ 280 lbs.			
Virgin	0 00	@	3 50
Yellow dip	.0 00	@	2 60
Hard	0 00	@	1 60
Tar, ℔ bbl.	.0 00	@	1 35
do., in order	1 50	@	1 60
Pitch	.0 00	@	1 50
Rosin, No. 1	1 75	@	4 12½
do. No. 2	1 37½	@	1 75
do. No. 3	1 20	@	1 30
Sp'ts Turp., ℔ gallon	.42	@	.43
Varnish, ℔ gal.	26	@	.30
NAILS, ℔ lb.	