BY FULTON & PRICE, PROPRIETORS.

AS. FULTON, Editor...A. L. PRICE, Associate Editor

Terms of Subscription.

One year, invariably in advance.....$2 50
When payment is not made in advance.....3 00

No subscription received for less term than one year.

No subscriber permitted to discontinue his paper after the commencement of a subscription year, till the expiration of said year.

Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the above terms.

☞ Any person sending us five NEW subscribers, accompanied with the advance subscription, ($12 50,) will receive the sixth copy gratis, for one year.

Registered Letters, containing money for this paper, at our risk.

All letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

Wilmington Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: $2 50 IN ADVANCE

VOL. 13.....WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 5, 1857.....NO. 40.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Per Square of 10 lines or less—cash in advance.

One square, 1 insertion,		$1 00
Do. do.	2 insertions,	1 25
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☞ Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside charged 37½ cents per square for each insertion after the first.

Advertisements, upon which the number of insertions is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged 25 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

☞ No advertisement, reflecting upon private character can under ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, be admitted.

Professional and Business Cards.

C. POLVOGT,
Upholsterer, Princess, between Front & Water Sts.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

KEEPS constantly on hand SPRING, HAIR, MOSS, COTTON, SHUCK AND STRAW MATTRASSES AND PILLOWS, which he offers wholesale and retail cheap for cash. FEATHER BEDS, CHAIR CUSHIONS, LOUNGES, made to order. SOFAS and CHAIRS re-upholstered at short notice and moderate prices.
April 24, 1857 34-3m*

ALFRED ALDERMAN,
INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Will give prompt attention to all business in his line.
Feb. 20th, 1857 25-1y

JAMES O. BOWDEN,
INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
April 4, 1856.—[31-tf. WILMINGTON, N. C.

GEO. W. ROSE.
CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,
June 17 WILMINGTON, N. C.

S. M. WEST,
AUCTIONEER and Commission Merchant,
219-tf Wilmington, N. C.

JOSEPH L. KEEN,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to take contracts in his line of business. He keeps constantly on hand, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, PLASTERING HAIR, Philadelphia Press BRICK, FIRE BRICK.
N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest notice. [May 20—37-1y

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT,
WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market street, immediately opposite SHAW'S old stand, Wilmington, N. C. 5

W. H. McKOY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market.
☞ Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores and other produce.
☞ Liberal advances made on consignment.

LAW NOTICE.
M. S. SMITH. DE BRUTZ CUTLAR.
MESSRS. SMITH & CUTLAR, Attorneys at Law, will henceforth occupy an office directly opposite the Court House, in Wilmington, and practice in co-partnership in the county of New Hanover.
Mr. Smith would inform his clients in the adjoining counties, that Mr. Cutlar will act for him whilst absent on the circuit, and can always be found at the office.
July 25, 1856.—tf

WILMINGTON MARBLE WORKS,
Wilmington, N. C.
W. G. MILLIGAN, Proprietor, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to make and put up to order—Marble Monuments of all sizes, Tombs, Head-Stones, Furniture Tops, Mantles, Hearths, &c., of the best quality of American or Italian Marble, not to be surpassed in style or workmanship, and as cheap as can be procured from any establishment in the country, North or South.
Iron Railing—50 different styles for inclosing family lots, from 75 cents to $10 per foot, furnished and put up to order.
N. B.—Orders from all parts of the country, accompanied by the cash or satisfactory reference, will receive prompt attention; and all articles warranted to be as recommended, or no charge made.
Nov. 23d.—[12-tf.

DENTAL SURGERY.
DR. J. H. FREEMAN would most respectfully inform the citizens of Wilmington and the surrounding country, that he is now prepared to perform all operations in his profession. Having had long experience, he flatters himself that he can give entire satisfaction. Teeth plugged to remain permanent and useful for life. Artificial Teeth inserted from one to a full set, in a manner so approved that Dame Nature herself would be deluded. Particular attention also to regulating Children's Teeth, the neglect of which presents so many horrid deformities—all corrected and success warranted. Those so unfortunate as to need the services of a skillful operator, would never have cause to regret a visit to his Rooms, on Front street, 3 doors above Lippitt's corner.
☞ ADVICE GRATIS. [March 27—26-3m

NEGROES WANTED.
THE SUBSCRIBER IS IN MARKET FOR A number of likely Negroes, MEN AND WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS, for which the highest cash prices will be paid.
Those having such property to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call on the subscriber, at Wilmington.
DAVID J. SOUTHERLAND.
June 27th, 1856. 43-tf

$1 00.—ONLY ONE DOLLAR for ALL!
ONLY $1 00. ONLY $1 00. The Chances to Make Money, comprising Kinsler's, Carter's, Cooke's, Martin's, Dow's, Bowman's, Prescott's, Olivare's, Sampson's, Horne's, Johnson's, Sanborn's, Ballou & Co.'s, Stimpson's, Metropolitan, and many others.
All the above I will send to any address upon the receipt of one Dollar in bills, gold or stamps.
Address, MISS FRANK RIVERS,
Box No. 758 Haverhill P. O., Essex Co., Mass.
April 3, 1857. 31-2m.

LOOK UP YE DISCONSOLATE.
ANY PERSON who may be suffering with any thing of a Cancerous nature, will find me at my residence, twelve miles west of Society Hill, Darlington, South Carolina. If I do not effect a cure, my services and board will be gratuitously bestowed. I will attend to any call until the 15th of June, thence will decline until the 15th September; my object is to secure safety to the patient. I reserve the second week in March, which time I may be found at the Rock Spring Boarding House, Wilmington, N. C.
J. O. HALE, M. D.
Jan. 16th, 1857. 20-1y

$50 REWARD.
RUNAWAY from the Subscriber, about the first of July last, a Mulatto man named "DICK," about twenty-four years of age, five feet eight inches high, stout built, has rather a down look. He is supposed to be lurking in Dog-Wood Neck, All Saints Parish, South Carolina, where he formerly belonged to Mr. Montgomery.
The above reward will be paid for his return to me or his lodgment in any jail so that I can get him.
JAMES DARBY.
Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 24th, 1856. 66-4t—13-tf

NOTICE.
I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN the Hardware Business, in Wilmington, my son C. E. ROBINSON. The business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of J. M. ROBINSON & SON.
J. M. ROBINSON.
Wilmington, Jan. 1st, 1856

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FOREWARNED from tresspassing, in any manner, on my lands in Columbus county, N. C., under the penalty of the law.
Sept. 20, 1855.—3-tf A. C. DICKENSON.

NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS having now in operation a Steam Saw and Grist Mills in Wayne County, N. C., about three miles west of Mount Olive, are prepared to fill all orders for anything that can be got out of Long Leaf Pines *at short notice*, and hope by strict attention to business, to merit and receive the patronage of the surrounding public.
The Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road Company have now an opportunity of having their orders for lumber filled and lumber delivered at Mount Olive without trouble or delay. H. W. & L. G. GRADY.
Mount Olive, N. C., Dec. 19, 1856. 16-tf.

TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF INforming the public that he continues the Mill-Wright and Machinist business in their various branches. Founding, Framing, erecting Water or Steam Mills, erecting and fitting up engines and their necessary machinery, Hotchkiss water wheels, centre discharge wheels, Barker's wheels, over shot wheels or under shot, or breast wheels, or any other water wheels in use, Circular or upright Saws, Grist Flouring Mills, Bolting Reels, Elevators, Smut Machines, Horse Powers, Corn Crushers, Cotton Gins, Corn Shellers.
On application I will order and erect any of the above machines or any other in use. I have an experience of 13 years and have several experienced workmen in my employment. I am versed in the various improvements.—Those wishing work done in the above line would do well to give me a call. I return my sincere thanks for the liberal patronage received heretofore.
For further information address the subscriber at Pollocksville, Jones county, N. C. D. B. JOHNSON,
Sept. 26th, 1856. (4-1y) Mill-Wright and Machinist.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.
THE subscribers having erected a STEAM SAW MILL in the county of Duplin, N. C., near Strickland's Depot, are prepared to fill bills of any kind or quality that can be got out of long leaf pine. They would respectfully solicit a share of patronage from the public generally.
TAYLOR, LINTON & CO.
Jan. 11th.—[19-1y.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!
100 BBLS. Family, Super, Cross and Fine. Low for cash, at GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO'S.
May 15.

NOTICE.
THE FIRM OF WELLS, LAW & CO., which has been existing in the Turpentine business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The debts of the late firm of Wells, Law & Co., will be settled off as they become due, by J. R. Mc. Law & J. Mc. D. Law, who have bought the entire interest of Wells, Law & Co. in the Turpentine business.
J. R. Mc. LAW,
J. Mc. D. LAW.
Maysville, S. C., May 6th, 1857. 210-1t-37-3t

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

JUST RECEIVED.—10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Yellow Ochre, in Oil; 25 bbls. Blake's Fire Proof Paint; 40 bbls. Silver's Plastic Paint; 10 bbls. Linseed Oil; 5 bbls. Lamp Oil; 5 bbls. Common Oil; 5 bbls. Machinery Oil; 400 lbs. Chrome Green, Dry and in Oil; 200 lbs. Chrome Yellow, Dry, and in Oil.
A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,
Nov. 1 Druggist and Chemist.

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

200 OZ. Sulph. Quinine 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask Cr. Tartar; 1 cask Sup. Carb. Soda; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opium; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Mace; 10 lbs Sulph. Potass; 100 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipecac.
For sale wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT,
Feb. 23. Druggist and Chemist.

OILS! OILS!!—Just Received a fresh supply of Linseed, Train, Lard, Fish, Elephant, Whale and Sperm Oils. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

Schools.

NEW FEMALE SEMINARY.
THE TRUSTEES of the Kenansville Female Seminary, having erected during the past year a large, elegant and convenient Building, have now the satisfaction of announcing to the citizens of Duplin and the neighboring counties, that they have succeeded in securing, as principal, the services of T. Oscar Rogers, Esq., a graduate of the University of Virginia; an able scholar, and an experienced and successful Teacher.
He will be prepared to open the Seminary on Monday 26th January, and will be aided by a full corps of assistant Teachers, in all the various branches of a *thorough Female Education*.
The rates of Tuition will, in no case, exceed those in similar Institutions; and Board may be obtained in private families of the first respectability, and in the immediate vicinity of the Seminary.
The subscriber will attend to all applications made previous to the arrival of the Principal.
The Spring Session of the New Grove Academy, for boys, of which the Subscriber is Principal, will also commence on the 26th January. Address,
REV. JAMES M. SPRUNT.
Kenansville, Dec. 11th, 1856. 15-tf.
☞ Herald, Spirit of the Age and Newberne Express copy four times.

General Notices.

WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD.
THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with no unlimited supply of finished or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable rates.
SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, executed as well as can be done either North or South.
The best of reference can be given if required.
March 10 1854—27-tf JAMES McLARANAN.

Coach and Carriage Manufactory—Clinton, N. C.
BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its various branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the right for the county of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for themselves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, elegance and durability.
☞ REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice. ☞ Mill Ink and Gudgeons, made and warranted for ten years, for $10.
Clinton, May 9, 1856—36-tf.

THE SUBSCRIBER has on hand, at his Shop corner Walnut & Water Streets, a general assortment of CARRIAGES, of his own manufacture. Which he offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, among which may be found
COACHES, BAROUCHES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, WAGONS, &c.
Which will be sold low. Purchasers will find it to their advantage to call and examine before buying elsewhere.
Repairing done low, at short notice, and in the neatest manner, for cash only.
Nov. 21—18-tf. ISAAC WELLS.

CABINET FURNITURE.
SPLENDID ROSEWOOD SETS, oak dining room, mahogany and walnut furniture, at the old stand, No. 20 Catharine street, near East Broadway, New York. After a continuance of thirty-seven years by the subscriber, now again replenished with a large assortment of the newest and most approved patterns of good and substantial work. Shippers and country dealers will find it to their interest to call.
SOLOMON FANNING.
March 13th, 1857 28-3m

RALEIGH PAPER MILLS.
Rags Wanted.
TO BE DELIVERED AT THE RAILROAD STATIONS or at my warehouse in Raleigh, or they will be taken from the different stores in the State. Merchants and others buying rags will please advise me when they have a quantity on hand, or will send them to their nearest Railroad station, as I can still afford to pay the highest price in cash on delivery from store or at Railroad station, either in bank bills, checks or Northern funds.
Reference—Cashiers of our Banks in Raleigh, and the principal North-Carolina and Virginia Merchants.
C. W. BENEDICT.
N. B. Constantly on hand paper suitable for Cotton Factories and newspaper wrappers. Cotton waste wanted.
C. W. B.
March 20th, 1857 29-6m.

INSANE ASYLUM OF NORTH CAROLINA.
APPLICATIONS WILL be received at this Institution, addressed to the undersigned, until the 5th June next, for the office of Matron. Persons applying must present to the Board of Directors satisfactory testimonials of character and capacity for the place; and it should also be made known to the Board whether the applicants are married or single, and if encumbered, to what extent.
W. W. HOLDEN,
ED. CANTWELL, } Ex. Com.
R. P. BATTLE,
Raleigh, April 17, 1857 33-8t

PIANO FORTES.
JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED, one door South of my Furniture Store, a lot of very superior Pianos, from several Manufactories; the best I have ever offered in this place, sizes 6½, 6¾, 6¾ and 7 Octave, rosewood cases, full round and square finish, full iron frames, &c., &c. A small advance on Manufacturers' *wholesale prices*, will be asked, and the usual guarantees given.
JNO. D. LOVE.
Wilmington, N. C., May 8th, 1857 36-tf

FOR SALE.
WILL SELL, at private sale, ONE TRACT OF LAND, containing 1,000 acres, within one to two miles of Whiteville, Columbus county, N. C. Also, 960 acres, joining the W. & M. R. R., on Big Creek, Columbus county, N. C.
20 shares W. & M. R. R. Stock. For particulars, apply to ALFRED SMITH,
Whiteville, Columbus Co., N. C.
or JAS C. SMITH & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
April 28.—197-1w—35-2m.

NOTICE
To the Debtors and Creditors of Samuel Atkinson, deceased, late of the County of New Hanover.
AT THE MARCH TERM, A. D. 1857, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County of New Hanover, letters of Administration upon the Estate of Samuel Atkinson, deceased, late of said County, were duly granted by said Court to the Subscriber, who at the same time was qualified as Administrator of the said deceased in due form of Law.
All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and those having claims, accounts and demands against the Estate of the said deceased, are requested to present them for payment to the subscriber within the time prescribed by Law, or they will be barred of recovery by virtue of the Act of the General Assembly of the State, in such cases made and provided.
STOKELY ATKINSON, *Adm'r.*
March 27th, 1857 30-tc

NOTICE
To the Debtors and Creditors of Woodman Costin, deceased, late of the County of New Hanover.
AT THE MARCH TERM, A. D., 1857, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of the County of New Hanover, letters of Administration upon the Estate of Woodman Costin, deceased, late of said County, were duly granted by said Court to the Subscriber, who at the same time was qualified as Administrator of the said deceased in due form of Law.
All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased, are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and those having claims, accounts and demands against the Estate of the said deceased, are requested to present them for payment to the subscriber within the time prescribed by Law, or they will be barred of recovery by virtue of the Act of the General Assembly of the State, in such cases made and provided.
STOKELY ATKINSON, *Adm'r.*
March 27th, 1857 30-tc

General Notices.

AN ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL,
WILL BE OPENED in the Garrison, at Smithville, on Tuesday, June 2d, (at two o'clock) for a session of sixteen weeks, under the joint charge of L. Neginney and G. W. Jewett of Wilmington.
The school will be opened by Mr. J., who will conduct it alone till the arrival of Mr. M. early in July.
TERMS.
In the Common English branches.....$12 for the Session.
" " Higher " " } ..$16 " " "
and Language, Ancient and Modern, }
Pupils may enter at any time, and will be charged from such time to the end of the Session.
PAYMENTS:
One half in advance, the balance at the close of the Session.
May 28th, 1847. 224-1t-39-tf

COOPERS WANTED.
THE subscriber wishes to hire *immediately*, TWO GOOD SPIRIT BARREL COOPERS. He will be prepared to accommodate them with or without families. He is not particular whether white men or colored. His shop is near White Hall, Bladen county, N. C.
A. K. CROMARTIE.
White's Creek, Bladen co., N. C., May 18, '57. 39-3t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
DUPLIN COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.—April Term, 1857.
Bold R. Hood and others, vs. George Smith and others. } Petition for Account and Distribution.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Mary E. Grady, Sophia Grady, Curtis D. Grady, Juno Grady, and Martha A. Grady, defendants in this case, are not residents of this State; it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Wilmington Journal, a newspaper printed in the town of Wilmington, in this State, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendants, to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Kenansville, on the third Monday in July next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, to said petition, otherwise the same will be heard exparte, and judgment taken pro confesso as to them.
Witness, John J. Whitehead, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the third Monday of April, and in the eighty-first year of our Independence, A. D. 1857.
[39-6t—pr ad $5 75] JOHN J. WHITEHEAD, Clk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Duplin County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—April Term, 1857.
Fazil Burton and wife vs. Arthur Murray and others. } Petition to sell Slaves for Partition.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Arthur Murray, Herring Murray and William J. Pickett, defendants in this case, are not residents of this State; it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Wilmington Journal, a news paper published in the town of Wilmington, in this State, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendants, to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Kenansville, on the third Monday of July next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, to said petition, otherwise the same will be heard exparte, and judgment rendered pro confesso as to them.
Witness, John J. Whitehead, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the third Monday of April, and in the 81st year of our Independence, A. D., 1857.
[39-6t—pr ad $5 75] JOHN J. WHITEHEAD, Clk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
Duplin County.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.—April Term, 1857.
Bass Beaseley and others, vs. A. W. Carlton and others. } Petition to sell slaves for Partition.
IT APPEARING to the satisfaction of the Court that Lemuel Beaseley, John Beaseley, Hillory Beaseley, Bryan Beasely, and Austin Beaseley, five of the defendants in this case, are not residents of this State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Wilmington Journal, a newspaper published in the town of Wilmington, in this State, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Kenansville, on the third Monday in July next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, to said petition, otherwise the same will be heard, *ex parte*, and judgment taken, *pro confesso*, as to them.
Witness, John J. Whitehead, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the third Monday of April, and in the 81st year of our Independence, A. D., 1857.
JOHN J. WHITEHEAD, Clerk.
May 29.—9t. [Pr. adv. $5 75.]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.
DUPLIN COUNTY.
Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.—April Term, 1857.
George Smith vs. Kitty Kornegay and others. } Petition for sale of Slaves for Partition.
IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that George W. Kornegay,——Hines and wife Zelpha, two of the defendants in this case, are not residents of this State; it is therefore ordered, that publication be made in the Wilmington Journal, a newspaper published in the town of Wilmington, in this State, for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Kenansville, on the third Monday in July next, then and there to plead, answer or demur, to said petition, otherwise the same will be heard exparte, and judgment taken pro confesso as to them.
Witness, John J. Whitehead, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the third Monday of April, and in the eighty-first year of our Independence, A. D. 1857.
[Pr ad $5 75—39-6t] JOHN J. WHITEHEAD, Clk.

LAND, RAIL ROAD STOCK AND A NEGRO FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER will sell, to close an Estate, on Tuesday of next County Court, June 9th, 1857, at the Market House, at 10 o'clock, A. M., 231 acres of Land, fronting on the East side of Cape Fear River, with a good Dwelling and necessary out buildings.
10 shares of Wilmington and Manchester R. Road Stock, and one NEGRO WOMAN.
Terms six months credit with interest from day of sale, with satisfactory security.
JOHN A. SANDERS, *Ex'r.*
May 22. 38-3t*

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
New Hanover County. } In Equity.
Owen Holmes, Robert C. Nixon and others petition to sell land.
IN OBEDIENCE to a decree of the Court of Equity, made in the above cause, at the last Term of said Court, I shall offer for sale at public Auction, at the Court House, in the Town of Wilmington, on the 8th day of June next, it being Monday of the week of County Court, a parcel of land situated on Topsail Sound, in the County of New Hanover, containing two hundred and fifty acres, and bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stake in Rich Inlet Creek, running thence N. 45, W. 350 poles to a stake in Moore's head line in the Black Swamp, thence S. 40, W. 120 poles to a small Bay Tree; thence S. 50, E. 350 poles to an Oak, Corbin's Corner, now Nixon's Corner, thence N. 40, East to the beginning. The purchaser will be required to pay only 2½ per cent on the amount of the purchase in cash, and a credit of one, two and three years, with interest from date, will be given on the balance.
Given under my hand, at office, this 12th day of May, 1857. O. P. MEARES, C. and M. E.
May 15th, 1857. 37-ts

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Columbus County.
Superior Court of Law.—Spring Term, A. D., 1857.
ORDERED by the Court, that a Special Term of this Court be held for the County of Columbus, at the Court House in Whiteville, on the fourth Monday in June next, and that the Clerk of this Court give notice thereof by advertisement, for six weeks in the Wilmington Weekly Journal and Wilmington Weekly Commercial, and by advertisement posted up at the Court House door and other public places, requiring all suitors, witnesses and other persons having business on the *Civil Docket* to attend.
From the minutes. THOMAS L. VAIL, *Clerk.*
May 1st, 1857. 34-6w

SELECT MALE SCHOOL AT OXFORD, N. C.
THIS SCHOOL, which hitherto has enjoyed a high degree of prosperity, under the conduct of J. H. Horner, A. M., by whom it was originally established, will be reopened on the 15th of July, and arranged to prepare boys for advanced classes in the University.
For this purpose, Prof. A. G. Brown, whose reputation is well known as a teacher of the Ancient Classics, during the last thirteen years, at Chapel Hill, will be associated with the present Principal, and Rev. T. J. Horner will continue to be an Assistant Instructor.
The School, as thus organized, is designed to be permanent, and of the highest grade. As it is divided into a few classes, pursuing a regular course of studies, considerable time will be devoted to examination and lecture upon the subject of every lesson by each instructor in his own department.
Important advantages have been secured by the establishment of a literary society, with its library, and an efficient system of discipline, in which especial attention is given to the habits and deportment of the young men, when not engaged in the immediate duties of the School.
Its location is very eligible; the climate of Oxford is excellent, and the commodious building, lately erected, stands on an eminence in a beautiful grove beyond the corporate limits of the town, and near the residence of the Principal, and other private families, who will accommodate the students with board.
Two terms of twenty weeks each, coinciding with those of the University, compose the scholastic year, and the price of board and tuition is ninety dollars a term.
Applications should be made as early as practicable, accompanied with a statement of the age and proficiency of the applicant.
May 1st.—35-t15J.

FRESH ARRIVALS
PER SCHR. A. J. DeROSSET, from New York:
20 bbls. C Yellow Sugar;
2 " Lamp Oil;
50 boxes No. 1 and Pale Colgate's Soap. Low for cash, at GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO.'S.
May 15

Gild Your Feathers.

Young Love but seldom ask'd advice,
But when he ask'd but seldom took it;
But he'd been humbled once or twice,
And his proud spirit could not brook it.
So he got Wisdom to impart
His care and counsel for all weathers,
Which was to seek no maiden's heart,
Until he'd richly gilt his feathers!

Love smil'd; and soon his pinions bore
A golden blaze of beauty round him;
And maids, who'd scorn'd young Love before,
Now full of grace and sweetness found him!
Such taste—such spirit—such delight—
A wing to warm the worst of weathers,
Ha! ha! cried Love, but wisdom's right—
There's naught like gilding well one's feathers.

From the Washington Union.

Russia and Japan.

We find in one of our German exchanges the treaty recently concluded between Russia and Japan. We translate for our columns the most important articles:

Article 3. The government of Japan opens three ports to the vessels of Russia—namely, Simoda, in the principality of Idzou; Hakodadi, in the province of Hakodudi; and Nagasaki, in the principality of Khisen. At these three ports Russian vessels can repair damages, obtained supplies of water, firewood, provisions, and other necessary articles, and coal when it can be procured. The Russians will pay for these supplies in gold or silver money, and, in default of funds in the merchandise which composes their cargo.

Article 4. All necessary assistance shall be given in the two countries to the vessels of either that may be wrecked, as well as to their captains and crews, and the latter shall be forwarded to one of the open ports, where they shall be free from all restraint, subject only to the equitable laws of the country.

Article 5. Russian subjects shall be allowed to exchange the merchandise, articles, and moneys which they may bring with them for the merchandise and articles which they may desire to purchase.

Article 6. The Russian government may appoint, whenever it shall deem proper to do so, a consul at one of the above-named ports.

Article 7. Should any question arise or any difficulty have to be settled, it shall be scrupulously decided by the Japanese government.

Article 8. Subjects of Russia in Japan and Japanese in Russia shall enjoy perfect libertey, entirely exempt from any vexatious annoyance. In either case, when a crime shall be committed, the accused shall be taken into custody; but his trial shall be conducted according to the laws of his own country.

Article 9. In consideration of the close proximity of the two countries, Russian subjects, shall enjoy to the fullest extent all rights and privileges which the Japanese government has heretofore granted, or shall hereafter grant, to the subjects of other nations.

The foregoing articles are defined and explained in a series of additional articles, the chief of which are as follows:

Additional to article 3. In the two first ports designated in the treaty, Russian subjects shall be free to move about—that is, in the city of Simoda and its environs—within a circle of seven Japanese miles from the island of Inou-Cassari; and Hakodadi within a circle of five Japanese miles. They may visit the shops, temples, and lodge in the houses temporarily provided for them while special hotels are being prepared for their accommodation. They shall not however enter private houses, unless specially invited. At Nagasaki they must conform to the regulations prescribed for the subjects of other nations.

For the interment of their dead, there will be set apart, at each of the ports, a piece of ground, which shall be inviolably protected.

Additional to article 5. The landing of merchandise shall be made in a vessel designated for this purpose by the government. Merchandise and money imported by the Russians shall be there deposited.—After having selected in the shops the merchandise and articles which they desire, and having agreed with the venders upon the value, payment shall be made whether in merchandise or money, at the said vessel or entrepot, through the intervention of a Japanese officer.

Additional to article 6. Russian consuls shall be appointed from and after the year 1858.

The buildings and grounds necessary for the establishment of the consulate will be designated by the Japanese government. The Russians will be permitted to live thereat according to their own laws.

The privileges and concessions secured to Russia by this treaty, far surpass any favors ever before granted by Japan to any foreign nation, not even excepting the Dutch. The ancient chronicles affirm that prior to 1594 Tayco-Sama, being absolute monarch, opened to all trading people the ports of his empire, and commanded that no imposts on importations nor measurement should be collected either from Japanese or foreigners, and these privileges were found to be in force in 1638. In 1594 a treaty was concluded between this Emperor and the governor of Manilla, and by virtue of its provisions Spanish vessels traded with Japan until 1625. A saleable cargo for the Japanese market was raw silk, (about 1,600 piculs, of 133 pounds each,) silk stuffs, woolens, cottons, drugs, aromatics, medicines, spices, wines, and a great variety of miscellaneous goods. The Japanese gave in exchange chiefly gold, silver, and copper. Kœmfer relates that at that period the Portuguese took away at one time 2,350 boxes of silver, worth 2,350,000 taels, and their annual exports must have amounted to four and a half millions of taels in gold and silver.—Montanus, in his "*Gezantchap aande Kejzeren von Japan anno 1669*," says this was the value of the Portuguese trade annually with Japan.

But whatever may have been the privileges and value of this trade with Japan in ancient times, its ports were closed to all intercourse with foreign countries long before the United States came into existence as an independent nation, and all efforts to reopen this valuable trade have been fruitless. It has been tried by the Udited States—by France, England, Holland—but, somehow or other, it has seemed that the Japanese could not be made even to comprehend the meaning of commercial intercourse—Russian diplomacy, it appears, has been more successful. Without bloodshed or conquest, in a spirit of mutual amity and friendship, they have provided for entrepots by treaty stipulations; and wherever entrepots are established commerce will follow as certain as light follows the sun.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—A New York letter in the Baltimore American, says:

Yesterday morning a singular accident occurred on Union Race Course, by which a sporting man known as "Red-headed Bill," was badly injured, and a race horse valued at $1,500 almost instantly killed. As is customary every Sunday morning, all the race horses under training are taken from the stables and put upon the course for exercise. Red headed Bill's horse had just left quarter pole, and was about coming to the scratch, on the left of the track, when Lady Woodruff made her appearance on the right of the track—both animals going at a three-minute gait. They were only fifteen yards apart when the drivers perceived each other, and saw that a collision was inevitable. The shaft of Lady W.'s sulky entered the breast of Red-headed Bill's horse, passing through the heart and body into the intestines.

Both horses came down heavily, when the shaft was withdrawn. So violent was the concussion that Lady W.'s driver was thrown clear of the horses and vehicles some ten or twelve feet, lighting on his hands and feet in the middle of the track, escaping even the slighest injury. Red headed Bill fell between the vehicles and horses, receiving severe injuries about the body and leg. His horse rose upon three legs and walked across the track, dragging the remains of the wagon after him, and then fell. The animal raised his head quickly and looked towards the other horse, as if realizing his sad condition, and neighing shrilly, calmly laid his head upon the track and died without a struggle. Lady W. escaped with a slight wound in the breast.

"In the Interest of Civilization."

Of all the dicta of dictators and despots which history has preserved for us, says the *Journal of Commerce*, none perhaps conveys the self-sufficiency of arrogance and egotism in a more striking and sententious expression than the celebrated declaration of the French autocrat, "*L'etat c'est moi.*" The age for such words has passed away. Their unmittigated audacity would make their utterance perilous even at St. Petersburg or Constantinople. No potentate in Europe, in the wild intoxication of his power or ambition, will probably ever venture to suffer the like to escape his lips. Even in the benighted countries outlying on the frontiers of civilization, there is a multitudinous power forming behind the throne, which it is not safe for despotism to ignore; there is a slow but sure development of a people, with its serial ranks of intelligence, with its myriad hearted interests to be taken into account; and to say to them, "I am the State," would be an assertion too positive and peremptory to be uttered by the boldest autocrat the world will ever see again outside the dominion of utter barbarism. But what may not be *said* may be *acted* in modified forms, embodying the principle of this proud dictum, and perpetuating it in the subtle and sugared policy of national ambition.—In all its transmigrations from phrase to phrase, since Nebuchadhezzar's day, it has lost but little, if anything, of its power, as a selfish and self-acting motive. As evil spirits are allowed to transform themselves into angels of light, to do their malevolent work among men, so this principle, we may be sure, has not become obsolete or inactive. It has merely put off the obnoxious phraseology of "*L'etat c'est moi*," and taken to itself the attractive garniture of some splendid catch-word, full of the ring and tinkling, tinkling sound of Democracy and human progress in the ears of mankind, but retaining all its own *animas* and aim of self-interest. We think, with close observation, its cloven foot may be seen in the emblasonry of that new ensign raised for the rallying of the nations of Christendom, and bearing the seductive inscription, "IN THE INTEREST OF CIVILIZATION;" What an expanse of interests and aspirations is covered by this pretentious standard! In several qualities of attraction it beats the banner unfurled by Peter the Hermit in the Middle Ages.—How strongly it appeals to all countries and peoples! What wonder that it quickens the slow and feeble pulse of hope in the heart of "oppressed nationalities!" They shall be taken to the embrace of the great brotherhood of nations. They and all the little communities of men which have been hitherto overlooked and overrun in the race, shall be lifted out of the slough of despond and helped onward.—They shall share equally with the Great Powers in the victories won under this unselfish magnanimous banner. Truly, there is a grand sound and seeming in this new rallying cry. Apparently, the opposite poles are not more widely seperated than is this motto from "*L'etat c'est moi*" of the autocrat of France. But apply to it the test of candid, unbiassed scrutiny, and you will find it only a more plausible embodiment of the principle so repulsively expressed in the rough, bold words of that despotic Sovereign.—Follow the footsteps of the standard bearer of this policy. Take their range and issue. Admit all their incidental or lateral benefits to mankind, admit all that is generous in their inception and end; and still you will see a mighty SELF, with its personal interests, controlling the movement or directing it by the aims of its individual ambition.

In assuming this new standard, England has no reason to complain that here and there a nation should hesitate to follow her leading, and even doubt the unselfishness of her motives. Undoubtedly, she honestly wishes to advance civilization. But, then, there is something in the tone and attitude she assumes in working to this end. There is a direction which her steps habitually take,—which seem to say "*La civilization, c'est moi.*" She should not be surprised if even the United States should be slightly affected by this impression, and decline an active copartnership with her in some of the enterprises she sets on foot "in the interest of civilization." So long as she regards it as totally and aggravatingly incompatible with that interest