

On the 1st day of January, Hon. J. W. Ellis was installed in the gubernatorial chair of North Carolina, recently occupied by Governor Bragg.

The very large majority by which our present Governor was elected—his great personal popularity—his strongly expressed views during the canvass, will give to his recommendations unusual influence and a weight which does not attach to the gubernatorial office per se.

The Legislature of North Carolina will, we presume, re-assemble to-day for the transaction of business, none the worse for its brief recess.

How long can things go on so? We all know that juries and magistrates at the North have long been in the habit of setting at naught the provisions of the Fugitive Slave law.

So much for one section. Now for the corresponding action, or, perhaps, we should say reaction, in the other. We allude specifically to the re-opening of the slave trade.

What now is the course which parties in some of the Southern States avow their intention to pursue. They have experimentally violated the law of the land—have, as one of their organs, John Mitchell's Southern Citizen, avows, landed two or three valuable cargoes of negroes which have been purchased and distributed over the South.

We must confess that things look rather dark and doubtful for the continuance of any bond of union between parties who openly and mutually ignore all the conditions of the bond.

We re-publish from the Fayetteville Observer the letter of Captain Wilkes, to Hon. Warren Winslow, containing a synopsis of his forthcoming report on the Deep River Mines.

UNITED STATES FUNDS.—It appears from the Treasurer's monthly statement that on the 27th December the amount in the several depositories, subject to draft was \$2,591,536 31.

As we sit down to write, the hours of the old year may be easily numbered—before we close, they will be fewer, and by the time this article meets the eyes of our readers the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight will have passed away forever.

Will we do so?—who knows! Who does not know how frail are all human resolves?—how, year after year, mankind follow on in the beaten track, always to be good, always to be happy, always ready to welcome the good time coming but never come.

Both views are mistaken. All the locomotives and telegraphs that ever dazzled the vision of the ardent disciples of progress, have not one soul among them. They are mere subordinate agencies, and must not be confounded with the great end of human happiness, too much of which has already been sacrificed in the wild hunt after position—in the ruthless pursuit of wealth and power.

But for all this shall we find with the mechanical improvements of the age, or shake our heads and cry woe, woe? By no means. The inventions of the age are good in their place. They are valuable. They contribute to human comfort. The enterprising spirit of the age is good, at least it is far preferable to stagnation.

These civilized desires—these feverish efforts to obtain wealth or acquire position, lead to those expansions in business and those extravagances in social life which cause revulsion in the one and embarrassment and unhappiness in the other.

And of deaths it has had its share, but no more. Some epidemic visitations there have been at New Orleans and Charleston. Some lives have been lost by accident on sea and land, but these hardly affect the grand aggregate of mortality.

These be the woful days, the saddest of the year, and this first of January is unquestionably the day on which Job was born, and which he wished to have stricken from the calendar of the Almanac of the land of U. What with negro hiring, and a fearful looking for of bill and bonds, and the liability to have the deuce to pay, with many other things too numerous to mention, we wonder that people are not ashamed to talk about a happy New Year, which is a barefaced humbug and a mockery.

Mr. Geo. H. Kelley has sent us a box of Red Crayons, marked E. Faber, 133 William Street, N. Y., which we find very convenient for marking, directing papers, etc. For sale at Kelley's Bookstore, Market Street.

Supreme Court. This tribunal commenced its session in this city, on Thursday last. Judge Ruffin appeared and qualified as one of the Judges. The Court then proceeded to elect a Chief Justice, when Judge Richmond M. Pearson was elected to fill that honorable position.

amount shipped being double that of last year, and largely in excess of any former year! In the article of Rice there has been little doing, as owing to the low rates very little of the new crop has yet been offered.

We look to the Legislature for some avenue to the Coalfields. If we can get it, then we see no reason why Wilmington should not continue to grow and prosper, nor why the State should not be benefited by her growth and prosperity.—Daily Journal, 1st inst.

The interest which our neighboring States, of South Carolina and Virginia, take in our affairs is refreshing, if not flattering, and reminds us of that solicitude displayed by a creditor towards his debtor, or a guardian towards his ward, whom he designs keeping in a perpetual minority in order that he may continue to employ the resources of said ward for his own use and behoof.

It is a task alike thankless and profitless to impugn the motives or question the impulses of individuals, and it is one that we would never voluntarily impose upon ourselves. We regret that a similar reticence has not been deemed necessary by the advocates of the Danville Connection, or that their zeal should have led them to speak with harshness of their fellow-citizens in other parts of the State, especially in this section, accusing them of illiberality, sordid views of interest, etc., while the cry has been taken up by others whose feelings ought to be more in common with those of the people of their own seaport towns, and thus it has been sought to get up a hostility against Wilmington, by accusing her of asking for everything, and getting it, too, although, when the figures of what she has got are asked for, it will be found that she stands among the lowest upon the list of beneficiaries, while she most certainly stands first in the amount she has given towards developing the resources of the State.

At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the Washington National Monument Society, held at the office of the Society in Washington, on the 28th ultimo, the committee appointed to examine the condition of the Monument and other property of the Society, made a report, from which we learn that in six years prior to Feb. 22d, 1855, when the government of the work was wrested from the control of the Board now re-instated, the obelisk had attained a height of one hundred and seventy feet from the surface of the ground; that everything pertaining to the prosecution of the work was on the place and in the best order; that since that time two courses of marble, each two feet high have been added to the monument; that of this a sufficient quantity of marble was on the ground dressed and finished, and ready for setting to make a course, and of the other a number of rough blocks were on hand; that these were dressed by the persons in possession, and the balance was made up of condemned marble which had been accumulating for years; and finally, that it will require an expenditure of at least \$2,000 to place the fixtures and machinery in a condition to enable the board to resume the progress of the work. Such were the wonderful doings of "Sam."

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SUICIDE IN PRISON.—We learn that a man named Whaley, confined in Keanesville (Duplin county) Jail, for shooting and wounding a Mr. Judge, one of the patrol of said county, hung himself with his suspenders, on the 30th ult. When the keeper entered the Jail, Whaley was discovered to be standing on his feet but quite dead. It is supposed he committed suicide on the belief that Mr. Judge had died of his wounds. Mr. Judge, at last accounts, was still living, and slight hopes are entertained of his recovery.

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—Report of Hon. CHARLES MANLY, TREASURER OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES.—The resources of the University consist of 1000 shares of stock of the Bank of the State, 7 N. C. bonds, 1 Virginia do., 55 Wilmington bonds, \$53,320 96 of individual bonds, \$13,104 86 of cash on hand; in all, at par value, \$130,956 82.

North Carolina Legislature.

[Reported Expressly for the Journal.]

JANUARY 1st, 1859.—No business was transacted to-day, there not being a quorum in either branch, except to inaugurate Gov. Ellis. Gov. Ellis addressed the Legislature, and delivered a powerful and eloquent address in the name of our government and the revolutions on such changes in other lands. The former he regarded as the result of the rule of the majority. He next touched upon the tendencies of all nations to the democratic theory of government, and expressed a desire to see that theory universally reduced to practice. He spoke of his advanced age, and of the fact that he had not long to live, and that he would not leave to posterity a legacy of debt, and that he would not leave to posterity a legacy of debt, and that he would not leave to posterity a legacy of debt.

Gov. Ellis next took a glance at our State policy of government, alluding to the condition of our schools, colleges, asylums, to the spirit of religious toleration which characterized the State; and then alluded to our material progress—our 2,000 miles of inland navigation, our 600 miles of railroad, &c., &c., and thought that notwithstanding all the heavy outlay on these public works, there was more individual wealth and comfort in the State to-day than ever before.

Coming to the question of internal improvements, he said the views held by him in the late campaign were unchanged. He thought it doubtful whether certain interests, he instanced the iron interest and that of agriculture in what he reported took to be the West, had received full attention. He intimated that the Western N. C. Railroad should be completed and that a coalfields road should also be pushed on. The address was very guarded on these points—not a word having been said to lead to a conclusion as to what work to reach the coalfields was preferred. The Governor thought a rigid system of economy would speedily complete the works in hand; but he would not recommend the adoption of new projects unless urgently needed. To complete our works he more than intimated that posterity owed something to the present generation for their exertions, and plainly hinted that said posterity ought to pay its share.

He next alluded to the credit of the State and counseled a strict adherence to public faith. He believed ample means would be provided to meet our liabilities and he recommended the sinking fund to the fostering care of the Representative.

The Governor concluded with a few remarks on national politics. He thought this State in common with her Southern sisters, should maintain a dignified bearing. The address, he said, upon the South had given rise to the charge of disunion, but he did not think the aggressions justified the opinion that we cannot have all our constitutional rights in the Union. If, however, dissolution should occur, then we would be prepared, &c.

Mr. Newwood, a bill to incorporate the University Railroad Company. Mr. Bryan, of New Hanover, a bill to amend the charter of the Bank of Wilmington. Mr. Leffers, a bill to incorporate the Beaufort Steam Ferry Company. Mr. Love, a bill to prevent the adulteration and sale of adulterated liquors.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 28.—The steamship Philadelphia is below with Havana dates to the 26th inst. The new Spanish military officers have made overtures to the French government to intervene to prevent any revolutionary movement contemplated by the inhabitants of Cuba. Concha has not been consulted in the matter, but there is good reason to believe that there is a revolutionary movement on foot among the people of Cuba, which is soon expected to break out there. A large number of Americans are now in Cuba to aid in the movement, and they are confident of success if France declines to interfere. A Cuban gentleman just arrived from the Island says that the people and a part of the army were in favor of revolution, but they fear the intervention of the European powers.

General W. S. Rellan confirms the statement that strong efforts are making by the Spanish authorities of Cuba to obtain the intervention of France. Commercial Intelligence, Dec. 24.—Sugar closed quiet but firmer, at 9 1/2; the stock on port 22,000 boxes.—Sales of clayed molasses at 4-1/2. Lard dull at 17-1/2. Exchange on London 113. Bills on New York 3-1/2.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A special messenger, overland from Mexico, brings reports from Guaymas to the 25th of November. The St. Mary's had arrived there. Sonora was agitated, in consequence of intestine political animosities. The Captain of the St. Mary's has released Goerlitz, an American citizen, from prison. The Captain refused to salute the local authorities, nor would he pay the customary honors to Governor Pesquera, on his arrival, who was engaged in a war against the State of Sinaloa. Information has also been received of the capture of the city of Guaymas by General Godegardo, one of the army commanders. The city was captured by pillage, in retaliation for the assassination of Blancarte, a former commandant.

Fire and Loss of Life. HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 29.—Five large buildings in the same block with the telegraph office were burned last night. Two persons perished in the flames. At noon to-day, there were no signs of the Liverpool steamer now due with later foreign news. Later from Nicaragua. NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—Advices from Nicaragua report that Irsari has been recalled. Two more British ships-of-war had arrived at Greytown. The Nicaraguan government was in fear that 500 filibusters were coming down from California in the Hermann. The Yatch Wanderer. SAVANNAH, (Ga.) Dec. 29.—The case of the Wanderer being continued, the first witness refused to testify, and was imprisoned for contempt. Capt. Frazier, of the steamer Augusta, testified that he carried one hundred and seventy negroes within two miles of Augusta, on the 15th of December. They were unable to speak English, and he believed them to be Africans. Capt. Chryslor, of the steaming Lamar, refused to testify.—The case was continued. Numerous witnesses are in attendance, and much interest in the proceedings is manifested.

Arrival of the Steamer Illinois.—Further from California.

NEW YORK, Dec. 29.—The steamer Illinois from Havana and Aspinwall, with passengers from the latter port to the 20th inst. from San Francisco to the 6th inst., has arrived, bringing \$1,494,000 in gold.

Sir Gore Ouseley sailed from Panama on the 8th for Central America, in the war sloop Vixen. An immense fire had taken place at Valparaiso, doing damage to the extent of \$3,000,000—insurance \$1,726,000. The fire originated in the Union Club, and burnt the entire range of buildings from the passage of the Plaza del Orden to the Quinebrado de San Juan. Some of the firemen lost their lives, and a number of persons were seriously injured. Montevideo dates to the 1st state that the U. S. steamers Fulton, Water Witch and Harriet Lane had arrived there.

A petition has been brought before the Peruvian Congress to sell guano from Chincha river at \$30, to be delivered alongside ship, to any purchasers. The bill was likely to pass. Ecuador was still blockaded, the only vessels allowed to enter the port being the steamers. No fighting had occurred, but Ecuador was rapidly raising an army. The American ships, Lizzie Thompson, and Georgiana have been fitted out as transports to carry troops against the Peruvians.

The surveying schooner, Fenimore Cooper, reports some ten or twelve of the reported islands and shoals on the route from San Francisco to Honolulu to be myths. Joel McDonald, an ex-policeman, and John Leavy, constable, were killed by thieves whom they were attempting to arrest at Columbia, California. One of the murderers was captured and hung summarily. There were three others.

Benjamin F. Moulton, a well known expressman, was killed at San Francisco by Joseph W. Brewer. Thos. Brown and Marshall Multon were killed, and John Chambers badly wounded, near San Andreas, Calaveras county, by a Mexican, in self-defense. A Train of Cars Swamped in a Flood.—Forty Lives Lost. AUGUSTA, Dec. 21.—Forty persons were killed or drowned this morning in the train from Columbus to Macon, in consequence of the heavy flood produced by the incessant rains of the last few days. The cars were completely submerged.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 31.—The morning train to Macon ran off the track at Adams' Mills, in consequence of a culvert being washed out by the heavy flood. J. H. Miller, engineer, the fireman, and wood passer, and conductor Snell were killed and several passengers were drowned. The number and their names are not yet known. About a dozen persons were aboard the train, and among them were saved, a young couple, a train hand, and brought the news. His account is rather confused, but further particulars are expected. The morning train from Macon also ran off the track two miles from Columbus, and the fireman and a wood passer were killed. G. W. Smith, the engineer, had his jaw broken. The passengers were uninjured.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 21.—The train due here this morning from Macon ran into a culvert near this place, killing two of the hands and injuring the engineer. The train going to Macon, with twenty-nine persons on board, including the hands, fell through the bridge, sixteen miles from this city, killing seventeen persons.—The following bodies have been recovered; Two Misses Grieco, of Salem, Alabama; Wm. H. Snell, a train hand; a lady and three children, of Texas; two ladies from Columbus, names unknown. The other bodies have not been recovered. Twelve persons were saved.—Dr. Walker, of Columbus; Dr. Phillips, of Alabama; S. W. Blaker, of New York; Conductor Snell; a gentleman from Texas and another from Alabama, and four others, names not ascertained. Among the killed it is believed is Thomas O'Brien, of Charleston; Laura West, of Georgia; Mr. Van Ness and Celeste Sharp, and W. P. Dupe, of the city of Houston county.

The Reported Revolutionary Movement in Cuba.—The Difficulty between Spain and Mexico. WASHINGTON, Dec. 31.—Late and direct intelligence from Havana reiterates that much excitement prevails there concerning the President's message, but affords no basis for the belief that a revolutionary movement is contemplated. The general tone of the advices is such as to warrant the opinion that the intervention of the French government has not been requested for any purpose. While it is repeated that the authorities at Tampico have, through the efforts of the Captain General of Cuba, satisfied the claims of certain Spanish subjects—this being an isolated case—the additional statement is made that the difficulties between the government of Spain and that of Mexico are in a fair way of an early adjustment.

From the Boston Post. Escape of a Slave.—A Boston Police Judge on a Wild Goose Chase. On Monday afternoon, with stealth and quiet, Police Judge Russell, Deputy Sheriff Irish, several of the harbor police, and a few "friends of the black man," acting upon information received from Holmes' Hole, where the vessel under notice had previously called, went down the harbor to the narrows and there boarded the brig "William Purrrington," from Wilmington, N. C., with a board of *habes corpus* to serve upon the body of a fugitive slave who had escaped by coming from the vessel while at Wilmington. But, though such a flight had been made, the slave was not found, he having escaped by some means unknown to the captain, and the party returned to the city. The mate of the William Purrrington furnishes the following account: "The vessel left the river on the 4th inst., and on the morning of the 6th, during the mate's watch, a negro was found sliding away in the steward's pantry. He was ordered out, and when he came from the pantry, whom he belonged. He replied that his name was Philip Smith, and that he belonged to the widow Smith.—He said he had been on board the vessel ten days when discovered, having visited the brig when she was loading in the river, and hid himself in the pantry on board.—The mate immediately told Capt. Bryant of the presence of the slave, when the captain gave orders for the vessel to return and land the negro, who was taken from the vessel with a W. S. wind, and had got within five miles of that port, when the wind changed to N., and blew a gale, which drove the vessel far out to sea. After being knocked about in the gale for three days it moderated, and they again bore up for the southern coast, and made Cape Charles, but could not reach Norfolk on account of the head wind. Although the captain was very desirous to land the negro, as he wished to escape being amenable to the laws of North Carolina in carrying away a fugitive slave, yet he was compelled by head winds and a scarcity of provisions, to relinquish his object, and accordingly put away for Boston. The vessel arrived off this harbor on Sunday night, and while coming up she went ashore on Lovel's Island. While the vessel was ashore, and before sunrise, the slave jumped the side of the vessel, and before he was missed, he had made good his escape from the vessel, by having a passing sloop, who took him on board and brought him up to the city. He has not been seen since by any one connected with the brig."

The Cuban Revolutionary Movement. NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 29.—It is currently reported here that the emigration of Americans to Cuba has been going on quietly for months past, and is supposed to be invited by the revolutionists. A secret agent of the government, located here, is unable to detect any illegal emigration. A RUSSIAN ANECDOTE.—In a new work, "A Handbook of the Principal Families in Russia," just published by Ridgway, we find a good anecdote of a Circassian slave enabled by the Emperor Paul. "After the campaign of Italy in the year 1799, when Suwarrow returned to St. Petersburg, Paul sent Count Koutassoff to compile the illustrious General upon his safe arrival. "Excuse my dear Count," said Suwarrow, "an old man whose memory slackens; I can recollect nothing about the origin of your illustrious family, or perhaps you got your title of Count for some great victory." "I never was a Soldier, Prince." "Oh, then, you have no doubt been an ambassador?" "No." "Minister?" "Neither." "What post, then, did you occupy?" "I had the honor to serve his Majesty in the capacity of butler." "Well, that is very honorable, my dear Count." Suwarrow then rang the bell for his own butler, and addressed him—"I say Troshka, I have told you repeatedly every day that you must give up drinking and thieving, and you don't listen to me. Now, look at that gentleman; he has been a butler like yourself, but being neither a butler nor a soldier, he has been a knight of the Russian order, and Count of the empire. You must follow his example."

Dr. Deems' Appointments. WILMINGTON DISTRICT. January, 2, Wilmington, Fifth street. 8, 22, 23, North, Scott's Hill. 29, 30, Onslow, Richards. February, 12, 13, Wilmington, Whiteville. 19, 20, Sampson, Cedar Creek. 27, 28, Bladen, Bethelham. March, 12, 13, Bladen, Whiteville. 19, 20, Duplin, Carlton's. RAIN AND FRESH.—The long-continued rains have produced a heavy fresh in the Cape Fear. We hear of the passing down the river of portions of the Locks and Dams, one of which is said to have struck against the Clarendon Bridge, with tremendous force, but without damaging it.—Fayetteville Observer, 3rd inst.

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED per Adams & Co's Express, at Kelley's New Bookstore, some fine New Year presents. Women of Great Names, from the collection of the Gallery of Female Loveliness, heroism and influence, in Portrait steel engravings; by Frank B. Goodrich. Lady's ALPHABET, with original Memoirs, Songs for Little ones at Home. Morning Children, illustrated, a Tale calculated to childhood, very interesting. The Sheepfold and the Common, or the Evangelical Ramble, a valuable production. The New Priest in Connection Bay, a new and interesting work. Lucy Howard's Journal; by Mrs. L. H. Stouriey, a very pleasant book for all. A Lexicon of Freemasonry, a new improved edition. The Julia, by the Author of a New, a new and pleasant work. Adventures of Captain Simon Suggs taking the Census, Georgia Scenes, Characters and Incidents. Cyclopedia of Wealth and Honor, by W. E. Burton. Fields Park Culture, a manual for the cultivation of the Pear.

Montheith History of the U. S., a new School Book. Webster's New University Pronouncing Dictionary. Willards History of the United States. Andrews Latin Lessons, National 4th and 5th Readers, the best now in use. First Book of Science, by Norton and Porters, new and best book. Lecky's Beckoner and Coin Book, Southern Harmony. Rollo Books, Jones Books, Lucy Library. Charles Lamb's complete works in 4 and 5 volumes.

THE BEST LIVERY IN THE WORLD. MERCHANT'S CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL. Just received and for sale in Wilmington, N. C., at 25 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 per bottle; wholesale and retail by J. H. BURGESS & SONS, 108 N. B. and get an Almanac for 1859 gratis, with testimonials of its wonderful cures. Dec. 20th, 1858. 89417-5W

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE:—20 bags Rio Coffee; 20 lbs. C. Sugar; 20 lbs. best Rio Coffee; 2 hds. light brown Sugar; Butter and Cheese; 10 bags Laguayra Coffee. For sale at T. C. CRAFT, No. 48 Market St. Dec. 29th, 1858.

JUST RECEIVED. 25 BOXES CRACKERS—Butter, Sugar, Lemon, Boston, Congress and Cup. 10 boxes Cheese—a first-rate article. 10 bags best Rio Coffee. For sale by L. H. BURGESS & SONS, S. E. cor. Market & Second sts. Dec. 29th, 1858.

STOKLEY & OLDMAN are constantly manufacturing the BEST FAMILY FLOUR, at the CAPE FEAR FLOUR MILLS, Wilmington, N. C. For sale at the Mills, and at their store, No. 5 South Water street: In whole barrels and half barrels; In bags containing one-half; In bags containing one-fourth; In bags containing one-eighth. They keep constantly on hand, at the Mill, and at their store, FRESH ROASTED HOME MADE COFFEE, ED COHN, COFF-WEED, SHORTS, BRAN, &c., &c. They also keep for sale: CORN at wholesale and retail; OATS at wholesale and retail; PEAS at wholesale and retail; JAY at wholesale and retail; Marshall's Family Flour; Liverpool ground ALUM SALT in sacks; North Carolina FLOUR on consignment. Dec. 28th.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, County of New Hanover. IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER passed at the Fall Term of the Superior Court of Law, held for the County of New Hanover, a Special Term of said Court will be held at the Court House, in the City of Wilmington, on the Fourth Monday in January next; at which Term, parties upon the State Docket and their witnesses need not attend. WRIGHT Clerk. By DEBRUITZ CUTLER Deputy. Dec. 24th, 1858. 94-6W-dk-v.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. ON THE FIRST OF OCTOBER, 1858, I ASSOCIATED with my wife and brother, John C. Heyer, a business which heretofore has transacted under the firm of John C. Heyer & Co. JOHN C. HEYER, Dec. 8th, 1858. 27-3m-7-3m.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. THE NEXT ORDINARY DRAWING OF THE ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY, conducted by the Spanish Government under the supervision of the Captain General of Cuba, will take place at HAVANA, on SATURDAY, January 8th, 1859. \$324,000. SORTEO NUMERO 610 ORDINARIO. CAPITAL PRIZE—\$100,000. 1 Prize of \$100,000; 6 Prizes of \$20,000; 1 Prize of \$10,000; 20 Prizes of \$5,000; 40 Prizes of \$2,500; 80 Prizes of \$1,250; 160 Prizes of \$625; 320 Prizes of \$312 1/2; 640 Prizes of \$156 1/4; 1280 Prizes of \$78 1/8; 2560 Prizes of \$39 3/8; 5120 Prizes of \$19 6/8; 10240 Prizes of \$9 7/8; 20480 Prizes of \$4 8/8; 40960 Prizes of \$2 4/8; 81920 Prizes of \$1 2/8; 163840 Prizes of \$0 6/8; 327680 Prizes of \$0 3/8; 655360 Prizes of \$0 1/8; 1310720 Prizes of \$0 1/16; 2621440 Prizes of \$0 1/32; 5242880 Prizes of \$0 1/64; 10485760 Prizes of \$0 1/128; 20971520 Prizes of \$0 1/256; 41943040 Prizes of \$0 1/512; 83886080 Prizes of \$0 1/1024; 167772160 Prizes of \$0 1/2048; 335544320 Prizes of \$0 1/4096; 671088640 Prizes of \$0 1/8192; 1342177280 Prizes of \$0 1/16384; 2684354560 Prizes of \$0 1/32768; 5368709120 Prizes of \$0 1/65536; 10737418240 Prizes of \$0 1/131072; 21474836480 Prizes of \$0 1/262144; 42949672960 Prizes of \$0 1/524288; 85899345920 Prizes of \$0 1/1048576; 171798691840 Prizes of \$0 1/2097152; 343597383680 Prizes of \$0 1/4194304; 687194767360 Prizes of \$0 1/8388608; 1374389534720 Prizes of \$0 1/16777216; 2748779069440 Prizes of \$0 1/33554432; 5497558138880 Prizes of \$0 1/67108864; 10995116277760 Prizes of \$0 1/134217728; 21990232555520 Prizes of \$0 1/268435456; 43980465111040 Prizes of \$0 1/536870912; 87960930222080 Prizes of \$0 1/1073741824; 175921860444160 Prizes of \$0 1/2147483648; 351843720888320 Prizes of \$0 1/4294967296; 703687441776640 Prizes of \$0 1/8589934592; 1407374883553280 Prizes of \$0 1/17179869184; 2814749767106560 Prizes of \$0 1/34359738368; 5629499534213120 Prizes of \$0 1/68719476736; 11258999068426240 Prizes of \$0 1/137438953472; 22517998136852480 Prizes of \$0 1/274877906944; 45035996273704960 Prizes of \$0 1/549755813888; 90071992547409920 Prizes of \$0 1/1099511627776; 180143985094819840 Prizes of \$0 1/2199023255552; 360287970189639680 Prizes of \$0 1/4398046511104; 720575940379279360 Prizes of \$0 1/8796093022208; 1441151880758558720 Prizes of \$0 1/17592186044416; 2882303761517117440 Prizes of \$0 1/35184372088832; 5764607523034234880 Prizes of \$0 1/70368744177664; 11529215046068469760 Prizes of \$0 1/140737488355328; 23058430092136939520 Prizes of \$0 1/281474976710656; 46116860184273879040 Prizes of \$0 1/562949953421312; 92233720368547758080 Prizes of \$0 1/1125899906842624; 184467440737095516160 Prizes of \$0 1/2251799813685248; 368934881474191032320 Prizes of \$0 1/4503599627370496; 737869762948382064640 Prizes of \$0 1/9007199254740992; 1475739525896764129280 Prizes of \$0 1/18014398509481984; 2951479051793528258560 Prizes of \$0 1/36028797018963968; 5902958103587056517120 Prizes of \$0 1/72057594037927936; 11805916207174113034240 Prizes of \$0 1/144115188075855872; 23611832414348226068480 Prizes of \$0 1/288230376151711744; 47223664828696452136960 Prizes of \$0 1/576460752303423488; 94447329657392904273920 Prizes of \$0 1/1152921504606846976; 188894659314785808547840 Prizes of \$0 1/2305843009213693952; 377789318629571617095680 Prizes of \$0 1/4611686018427387904; 755578637259143234191360 Prizes of \$0 1/9223372036854775808; 1511157274518286468382720 Prizes of \$0 1/18446744073709551616; 3022314549036572936765440 Prizes of \$0 1/36893488147419103232; 6044629098073145873530880 Prizes of \$0 1/73786976294838206464; 12089258196146291747061760 Prizes of \$0 1/147573952589676412928; 24178516392292583494123520 Prizes of \$0 1/295147905179352825856; 48357032784585166988247040 Prizes of \$0 1/586340655691703251712; 9671406556917032517120 Prizes of \$0 1/1172681311383406503424; 19342813113834065034240 Prizes of \$0 1/2345362622766813068848; 38685626227668130688480 Prizes of \$0 1/4690725245533626137696; 77371252455336261376960 Prizes of \$0 1/9381450491067252275392; 154742504910672522753920 Prizes of \$0 1/18762900982134504506784; 309485009821345045067840 Prizes of \$0 1/37525801964269009013568; 618970019642690090135680 Prizes of \$0 1/75051603928538018027136; 1237940039