THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA.

WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1862.

COURTESY AND VERACITY COMBINED, characterize the Fayetteville *Observer* and shine out with peculiar brilliancy in its last number. In an article in that issue it *courteously* says that we are "panic struck" because we respectfully suggest that it should use some discretion in its revelations of matters and things here. In the same article it says first that the *Journal* "very considerately lectures him (its correspondent from Fort Fisher) and us as to our conduct." Again it says the *Journal* "coolly undertakes to lecture" it, the *Observer*. Now what is the truth in this respect? In the article so *courteously* commented upon by the *Observer*, the *Journal* said distinctly, "We write in no spirit of lecturing, still less of dictation, we are simply calling attention to what strikes us as imprudent—as wrong—inadvertently wrong no doubt, but none the less to be deprecated."

So much for our *courteous* and *veracious* cotemporary! Some animals, no matter which way you rub them, will reply with a grunt. Some people can neither give a civil answer nor put a fair interpretation upon anything

And still the *Observer* don't give that *name*. Comment is unnecessary.

We have little doubt of the *Observer's* sincerity in saying that it believes itself quite capable of managing its own business, and other people's too, from its constant carping and attempted surveillance over the columns of its cotemporaries, a matter which has sometimes been a source of annoyance, but most generally of amusement to us, as we know by experience that it could hurt nobody but itself, for if it and some other of our *courteous* and *veracious* cotemporaries had possessed the power, as they evidently exhibited the will, our chances of existence would have been small.

When the *Observer's* attention is called to its own blunders, courteously termed an inadvertence, it rears right up and abuses like a pick-pocket. It is a way it has got. A pleasant and diverting peculiarity.

We likened its actions, lately, to the movements of a bull at the sight of anything red. There is another animal that also becomes excited and struts under the same provocation. The *Observer* lately has presented more of the strut and gobble of a turkey-cock than of the pawing and bellowing of a bull.

THE news from the West, although not official, seems quite likely to be true. Until we know more about it we forbear comment. If Corinth is evacuated it may be for good reasons which we do not understand, and the necessity for its evacuation may not be a disaster, but we confess that it seems to us, involving, as we fear it will, the fall of Fort Pillow and Memphis to be something very much like a disaster.

Perhaps General Beauregard, having got rid of his surplus tents and baggage, his *impedimenta*, may mean to make a dashing campaign *a la* Jackson, and may have gone from the enemy's front with a view of taking him in the flank or rear. We cannot but hope that his apparent falling back is but the prelude to more active movements. We shall see.

AND again there is no mail from the North, and hardly a full one from the South, and not much by telegraph, and what there is is not particularly favourable. The day is depressing and the weather gloomy. This has its effect upon the spirits of all, and we confess that we feel ourselves to be no exception to the rule.

DETENTION ON THE W. C. & R. R. R.—The passengers by the above road due here yesterday at one o'clock did not get into town before ten o'clock last night, the detention having been caused by the tremendous rains of night before last and of yesterday morning, which swelled the waters at Brown Marsh and Bryant Swamp, washing the embankments at both places. The "oldest inhabitant," and *he* is considerably old, says that he never saw the waters so high at these places.

The train went out at the regular hour this morning, and will make its trip as usual, all the washes having been repaired.—*Daily Journal, 5th inst.*

A FRIEND has accidently found among his old volumes a "Register of the officers and cadets of the U. S. Military Academy, West Point, New York, June 1839." We find some items which we note for information.

Of the first class that which graduated that year, Isaac J. Stevens, now Federal Brigadier General at Port Royal, South Carolina, graduated first on the list in a class of thirty-two; Henry W. Halleck, the Western commander, we suppose, third; Jeremy F. Gilmer, of N. C., fourth; and Henry L. Smith, of Maine, 5th. Stevens is now 44 years and 2 months old; Halleck 47 years and 4 months.

Alexander R. Lawton, of S. C., whom we take to be the Confederate commander for the district of Georgia, graduated thirteenth in the class, being now 33 years and 6 months. Edward S. Canby, the Federal commander in New Mexico, graduated thirtieth, and is now 44 years and 10 months.

In the second class we find the names of James G. Martin, of N. C., fourteenth in his class, and Richard S. Ewell, of Virginia, fifteenth. General Martin being 43 years and 3 months, General Ewell 45 years and 8 months. Richard B. Garnett, of Va., was in the same class.

Robert S. Garnett was in the third class, as was also John F. Reynolds, of Penn.; Don Carlos Buell, of Indiana; Patrick M. Edmondston, of S. C. Buell is 44 years and 2 months old.

In the fourth class we find the names of Geo. A. Rains, put down to Alabama; Wm. S. Rosencranz, Ohio; Gustavus W. Smith, at large; Theodore T. S. Laidley, Virginia; Lafayette McLaws, Géo.; Daniel H. Hill, S. C.; Richard H. Anderson, S. C.; James Longstreet, Alabama; Earl Van Dorn, at large; Gaston Meares, N. C.

Rosencranz is 42 years and 9 months; Gustavus Smith, 40 years and 3 months; Lafayette McLaws, 41 years and 6 months; Daniel H. Hill, 40 years and 10 months. We forgot the redoubted Abner Doubleday, of N. Y., who is now 43 years and 1 month. Also Mansfield Lovell, appointed at large, who is now 39 years and 7 months.

The present position of these officers does not exactly correspond with the position they occupied in their classes. Don Carlos Buell stood low in his class, however he may have graduated, and on the Conduct Roll, stood within twelve of the bottom in a class of 231. Halleck was a "good boy;" Stevens, very fair; Rosencranz, respectable; Doubleday, passable; McLaws, Ewell, Martin, Lawton, Smith, Anderson, Lovell, Van Dorn, reasonable; Buell, Garrett, and others, were scholastically speaking, "bad boys."

We recognized some other names, but we mention only those best known in the present war.

THE Knoxville Tennessee *Register* of Tuesday, says that it has received a dispatch stating that Stonewall Jackson had achieved another splendid victory, this time on the soil of Maryland; that Banks, reinforced by ten thousand troops from Washington, made a stand at Williamsport, where Jackson attacked and routed him, taking three thousand prisoners, and is now pursuing the repeatedly vanquished Federal army towards Washington.

We need hardly say that all this is very doubtful, say more than doubtful. We give it as one of the rumours of the day.

REPORT, Rumour, the "Reliable Gentleman" and the Richmond *Examiner*, all have something to say about the whereabouts and present occupation of Jackson, all of these authorities locating that commander in Maryland, some at Frederick City, some at Hagerstown, and some at both places, and other some at neither place, but in advance of both. *Per contra*, the Petersburg *Express* mentions a report said to have been brought by passengers, that Jackson was again back in the Valley and hard pushed by the enemy. We shall see what we shall see of these things. What to believe, we hardly know.

That the fighting will be renewed at Richmond just as soon as the weather permits we regard as perfectly certain. That it will be fierce and deadly we have not the slightest doubt. The fortune of war is proverbially uncertain, but we are not without that reasonable confidence in the result which a belief in the justice of our cause, the ability of our Generals, and the valor and spirit of our troops is well calculated to inspire. We think it nearly certain that McClellan will offer battle, we are wholly certain that our army will accept it.

Col. Z. B. VANCE, who is in the service getting up his legion, has been nominated for Governor by a mass meeting of about fifty persons, recently assembled in the Court House at Raleigh. We have no time for the resolutions, which are pretty extensive reproductions of the *Standard's* editorials against the State and Confederate governments, and people generally who, "for the most part, have been and are now in office."

Col. Vance is a very respectable gentleman, and it is quite appropriate that he should be nominated by a meeting got up under the auspices which appear to have controlled that at Raleigh, since it is currently reported and generally believed that Col. Vance has said he would accept no civil office while the war lasts, which no doubt procured his nomination on the occasion referred to. If we "watch and wait," we shall see what we shall see.

The Accident at Camp Wyatt.

A letter from Fort Fisher dated June 5th says, "I learn to-day that five persons have died from the Camp Wyatt accident, and another is not expected to live—Thirteen were wounded in all. The shell they exploded was a percussion and not a fuse, as stated in the *Journal*. They unscrewed the cap part, and cleaned it out, as they thought, thoroughly; but unfortunately it contained a cylinder which was charged—in other words a shell within a shell. One of the men dropped a coal of fire in it, when it exploded. Before this was done, another one of the men exploded several caps *on the tube of it.*"

WE HAVE come across a peculiar looking sheet called "The Union Advance Picket," of the date of the 20th, ult., being an affair published by the Yankees now lording it at Washington, N. C.

The first announcement under the editorial head reads thus:—

☞ We have news from Richmond up to the 18th, at which time the Federal gunboats were above and below Richmond, commanding it. Mrs. Jeff. Davis is at Raleigh

This is a pretty specimen of Yankee lying.

The next noticeable thing runs thus:—

A PERJURER.—Ellison, a farmer living on the Plymouth road about three miles from Washington, where was found an officer's suit of military clothes, one day last week, after taking the oath of allegiance to support the government of the U. S., and not to give aid or comfort to the enemy, has packed up all his available effects and left for parts unknown; but is supposed to have gone towards Raleigh to the enemy. We fear that Ellison has made a bad move for his own personal safety, as Raleigh will be in a few days, if not already, in the hands of the Union forces. Ellison, where will you run to the next time? Ans. To Fortress Monroe.

If Mr. Ellison did take the Yankee oath, he acted not only wrongly, foolishly and weakly, as all who do so will find that that affords no protection from the marauding of the ruthless invaders. We say "if," because their saying so is no proof that it *is* so.

The next thing to be noticed is a communication from the Junior Respass, that nice young man.—We give it in full that all concerned or mentioned in it may have the full benefit of its statements. It is pretty evident that the attempt to get up a Lincoln regiment has proved a failure. Respass' letter reads thus:—

Washington, N. C., May 19th, 1862.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I hereby give notice to all concerned that I have resigned all connection with the Federal Army, and again return to private life. Hints having reached my hearing from sources who are inclined to associate my father's name with my actions, I would here say that he has not at any time urged, or even requested me to act as I have done, and that he has no knowledge of my service rendered in getting up the 1st Regiment Union Volunteers.

I am now neutral and shall remain so, hoping that the public will appreciate one who has only acted according to the dictates of judgment.

JOHN R. RESPASS.

No doubt in the world but the people will appreciate him, but will not believe that his father had "no knowledge of my [his] services in getting up the 1st Regiment, N. C. Union Volunteers," since that would have been impossible to any man who had eyes to read or ears to hear, and was situated as Mayor Respass was in relation to John R. Respass.

We copy the following Proclamation of Potter, who signs himself Col. commanding forces at Washington, N. C. The two concluding paragraphs are refreshing:—

PROCLAMATION.

The town of Washington is hereby placed under Martial Law.

Lieut. Jas. H. Turner, 24 h Reg't. Mass. Vols. is appointed Provost Marshal, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

No soldier or sailor will be allowed in the street without a pass from his commanding officer.

Citizens will be allowed to pass during good behaviour, until 9 P. M. After that time no pass is good except a special one from the Provost Marshal.

In accordance with a General Order issued by command of Major General Burnside, whoever shall utter one word against the government of the United States, will be at once arrested and closely confined. By order.

EDWARD E. POTTER,
Col. commanding forces at Washington, N. C.

The *Picket* is printed on four pages of about nine by fourteen inches in size.

WE HAVE had the opportunity of seeing a letter from the Eastern part of the State, giving details of matters and things going on in Newbern, Washington and vicinity, since the arrival of "Governor Stanly," who was to have spoken, and we suppose did speak in Washington on Wednesday, upon which occasion invitations were tried to be put out to get the people to come in to hear him, the Yankee authorities granting passes to go and return. Stanly has with him as his private secretary, a man named Midyett, formerly a merchant in Washington, but who went to California and returned thence with the "Gov." Midyett is said to be a Hyde county man.

By all accounts Stanly is greatly disappointed in not finding the Union feeling that he had expected. He is dissatisfied, and wishes he had staid where he was.—One of the first things he met in Newbern, is said to have been the skull of the first Governor Spaight, upon a pole, the Yankee soldiers having violated the graves and vaults, and taken all the iron burial cases they could find to send home dead Lincolnites in. They broke into and committed outrages in the vaults of the Donnel and Spaight families, near Newbern. When Mr. Stanly spoke to Burnside about it, he treated it lightly.—Said "that was nothing!"

Mr. Alfred Stanly has been released and is more bitter against the Lincolnites than ever, and even Ed. Stanly is said not quite to like the programme, but makes any number of promises of redress and reformation, none of which will be carried out. He has not the power, even if he had the best will in the world.

The lawless outrages of the Yankee soldiers still continue and even grow worse. But a few days since, a highly respectable gentleman riding along the road, was ordered by a party of soldiers to dismount. He said he was on urgent business, whereupon the officer in command cut him over the head with his sword, inflicting a serious wound.

Robbery of houses and farms, hogs and cattle, and all manner of depredations, and these without redress are the order of the day, and are bound to give the lie to Mr. Stanly's honied professions.

The 28th Regiment, N. C. T.

We have been favored with the use of a private letter from a member of the Twenty-eighth Regiment, to a citizen of Wilmington, from which we learn some particulars of the doings of that Regiment on the 27th ult., and subsequently.

The 28th went with the balance of the brigade from North Carolina to Richmond, thence to Gordonsville, thence to Rapidan Station, thence twenty-seven miles towards the mountains to join General Ewell; they were then ordered back to Gordonsville, and finally to Hanover Court House, eighteen miles from Richmond. After staying there some time they were sent three or four miles nearer Richmond.

On the 27th ult. the 28th was detached from the Brigade and sent out on picket duty. It went up the road, (down which it had come from Hanover C. H.) about two miles, where it took a road running nearly at right angles to the road from Hanover, which we pursued nearly two miles, when we were informed that the Yankees had crossed the road in our rear, and were, besides, in considerable force in front. Col. Lane then halted his men, faced them about, and marched them back in the direction from which they had come, proceeding very carefully. When the regiment had got back nearly to the junction of the two roads (that on which it was with that to Hanover C. H.) it was fired upon by the enemy, the fire being promptly returned by our men. Col. Lane then ordered a charge, which was made with a will.

We killed a good many of the enemy, took seventy prisoners, and drove the whole of them from their position, which we occupied for a considerable time. The enemy had artillery in the fight, and brought it to bear, but fortunately without doing any serious damage to our men. After remaining on the ground a considerable length of time, waiting for reinforcements, Colonel Lane got a dispatch from General Branch stating that he was engaging the enemy and could not possibly send reinforcements to him. Knowing that the enemy was around in large force, and perceiving that they were endeavoring to surround the regiment, the Colonel ordered a retreat, which was accomplished in as good a manner as could have been expected. The letter before us says: "I am sorry to say that a good many of our men straggled behind, being wearied down with fatigue, and quite a number have been captured, as the Yankee cavalry were in close pursuit of us. Our loss in killed and wounded did not exceed fifteen or twenty. We have nearly two hundred missing, but I am in hopes that some of them may come up"

We are pleased to learn that the loss in the 28th is less than had at first been reported, rumor having put down the missing at four hundred. The letter is dated June 4th, from the camp of the 28th Regiment, near Richmond.

Rumors, etc.

The Richmond *Examiner* says that General Jackson's head quarters have been and are at Winchester, and that only his cavalry has ever crossed the Potomac into Maryland. There is little doubt but that the enemy is swarming around him, but he has the position to strike at them separately, and cut them up in detail.

A rumour prevailed in Richmond on the day before yesterday, that some twelve hundred Yankee soldiers had been drowned out of the Chickahominy swamp, and had thus been forced to come and fall into our hands as prisoners. We find no confirmation of this report, and a report that General Jackson had had a fight with Shields near Strasburg, in which Shields was badly whipped, although not impossible, is still seriously doubted.

Passengers arrived here by last night's train, brought news of a fight or a skirmish between part of Col. Singletary's regiment and a body of Federal troops in the vicinity of Washington, N. C. The advantage, so far as we could learn, remained with our men, but was more than counterbalanced by the loss of their gallant Colonel, who was killed. We fear that of this latter fact there can be little doubt. Indeed, it was stated positively that his remains had been brought to Tarboro'. He was a brave man, ardent in his patriotism, and the service has lost by his death a gallant and enterprising officer.

Lists of Casualties.

We would earnestly request the commanders or other officers of our different regiments now in the field, to furnish us for publication, at as early a period as possible, the list of casualties in their respective corps.—There is deep anxiety felt to learn such details, as so many have friends and relatives in the field, and their publication in a paper of large circulation will tend to relieve this anxiety sooner, and more generally than any merely private communications could do Naturally we have furnished fuller details of the 18th than of any other regiment, mainly from the fact that that regiment was raised wholly in this district, largely in this immediate section, and from this fact we have been enabled to obtain such details, which were pressingly called for here. But we wish to hear from *all* our regiments, and shall publish all lists sent to us promptly, and be under obligations to those sending them.

Worthy of Imitation.

We publish elsewhere a list of contributions for the benefit of the sick and wounded of the Eighteenth Regiment, made at the Confederate Sword Factory in this place. The aggregate is quite liberal, and the example is one well worthy of imitation by other establishments here and elsewhere, similarly situated. Those necessarily engaged at home, owe to the cause, to the country, to the brave soldiers and to themselves, to give freely and liberally of their means for the relief, the support and the comfort of those enduring the toils, the privations and the sufferings of the camp, the field and the hospital.

WE publish, to-day, the full official report of the killed, wounded and missing in the 18th Regiment.—The list is a long one, considering the fact that the regiment was very much reduced in numbers before it went into the field, and shows at once the ordeal through which the regiment had to go, and which it did go through in a manner that drew forth praises from all who witnessed its conduct on the 27th. Several of those put down as missing, have probably since come in.

THE skies still continue gloomy and overcast, and the chances are against their clearing up this week, unless they do so to-night.

Gen. Mitchell Issues an Order.

HEAD QUARTERS, THIRD DIVISION,
CAMP TAYLOR, HUNTSVILLE ALA.,
May 2d, 1862.

To the Citizens of Alabama,
North of the Tennessee River:

Armed citizens have fired into my trains on the railway, have burned bridges, have attempted to throw my engines from the track, have attacked my guards, have cut the telegraph wires. All these acts will be punished with death, if the perpetrators can be found; and if they cannot, I will destroy the property of all who sympathise with the southern rebellion in the neighborhood where these acts were committed.

Unorganized leaders have no right to make war. They are outlaws, robbers, plunderers and murderers, and will be treated as such. O. M. MITCHELL,
Maj. Gen. Commanding 3d Division of the Army of the Ohio.

Colonel Morgan.

This gallant partisan chief arrived here last evening. He was greeted by an immense and enthusiastic throng at the depot. They called on him for a speech, but he thanked them for the compliment, and begged them to excues him, as he was *not a politician*

Atlanta Confederacy.

LIST OF CASUALITIES

In the Battles below Richmond, Saturday, May 31, and June 1, 1862.

We continue from the Richmond papers, the publication of the list of wounded of the North Carolina regiments in recent battles near Richmond. It will be seen that the list is very heavy. The list of killed has not yet been published in full.

Banner Hospital.

David Hoke, 23d Regiment, company
Jno. R. Elgson, 4th, C.
Pinckney W. Ramsour, 23d, B.
Capt. Wm. P. Hill, 23d, H
John H Charles, 4th, G.
Jno. A. Weddell, 4th, C.
Hugh Baxter, 4th, B.
Jas. T. Stone, 23d, G.
Capt. Thos. B. Tetterton,
Jno. W. Goodsey, 4th, G.
Miles Holtzhaur, 4th, C.
Chas. P. Arms, 4th, C.
Wm. Bunningham, 23d, A.
Jno. R. Muncerlyn, 23d, A
Andrew P. Rising, 23d, A.
Wm. F. Kenyon, 23o, F
Wm. S. Sudderick, 22d, A.
Sydnor Coffin, 22d, A.
Lawson Porch, 22d, A.
Pleasant R. Hermes, 22d, F.
Sergt. Mason T. Mitchell, 22d, H.
Jno. H. Beachman, 4th, G.
Wm. Perry, 4th, G
Jas. P. Sheppard, 27th, B.
Marshal W. Moore, 4th, C.
Ed. F. Martin, 4th, E.

Third Alabama Hospital.

A Fredkin, 4th, company K.
S. B. Underwood, 4th, H.
H. L. Melton, 4th, H.
H. S. Hunter, 23d, K.
A. M. Yode, 23d, F.
M. W. Holmes, 23d, G.
W. S. Lassiter, 5th, C.
J. T. Robb, 4th, C.
W. T. Brogden, 5th, F.
H. Purcell, 6th, L
J. M. Richards, 4th, G.
J. S. Feines er, 4th, C.
S. Claywell, 4th, C.
S. H. Robert, 4th, H.
J. H. Smith, 4th, B.
J. Daniel, 4th, D.
R. W. Nesbitt, 4th, H.
J. H. Sherrill, 23d, F.
W. Smitndeal 4th, K.
C. L. Miller, 4th, K.
H. M. Warner, 4th, F.
J. J. Valentine, 4th, F.
Wm. Lefebres 23d, B.
A. Kirksey, 23d, B.
J. Sanderson, 4th, D.

Globe Hospital.

W J Laycock, 7th regiment, company C.
W T Gresham, 6th, G.
J Holt, 6th, G.
W P Rees, 16th, I.
P G Cockrum, 16th, I.
M L Henley, 16th, I
J H Fletcher, 16th, I.
1st Sergt J P Johnson, 16th, I.
W J Edney, 16th, C.
J C Joiner, 4th, H

Chimborazo Hospital.

J. B. McCaw, Surgeon-in-Chief.

Beard, W S, co C, 4th, head.
Soon, J, co A, 6 h, back.
Cowan, N Y, co B, 4th, shoulder.
Cutler, W A, co E, 4th, chest.
Coot, R A, co D, 6th, leg.
Coggin, J, Lieut, co I, 23d, foot.
Clemens, W C, co I, 5th, hand.
Craver, W A, Lieut, co I, 22d, back.
Coffee, W, Lieut, co K, 6th, arm
Dillard, N H, co F, 6th, thigh.
Duke H, co E, 23d hand.
Frexler, A, Corporal, co B, Lee's battalion, thigh.
French, W J Sergt, co I, 6th, thigh.
Gabrier, A A, co K, 23d, upper lip.
Gibson, J W, co F, 6th, hand.
Hobbs, W C, co A, 4 h, arm.
Holman, O C, co B, 23d shoulder.
Howell, B, co C, 5th, thigh.
Hester, N W Corpl co H, 6th, thigh.
Irvin, J S, co B, 22d, thigh.
Ighems, H H, Lieut, co G, 4th, head.
Keefe, Jno, Lieut, co A, 6th, leg.
Lamb, J T, co G, 5th, hand
Larrance, J M, co M, 22d, lip.
Lewis, A A, co I, 6th, thigh.
Martin, J W, co B, 6 h, thorax.
Morrison, J B, co G, 18th, shoulder.
Mills, R A, co B, 4th, arm.
Murry, T H, co E, 4th thigh
McAthee, Isaac, co F, 6th, leg.
McKenney, J M, co G, 6th, thigh.
Nicholson, J R, Lieut, co C, 22d, head
Perdier, Wm, co F, 6th, heel.
Plumer, W S, co B, 4th, arm.
Slacklather, N M, co B, 23d, shoulder.
Stokes, G H, co A, 22d
Starlett, G M, co G, 6th, face.
Sasser, S H, co C, 5th, shoulder.
Scott, T J, co K, 29th, shoulder.
Turner, J h, co B, 4th, arm.
Widrick, W A, co B 5th, head.
Wilkerson, J W, co B, 4 h, arm.

Ross Factory Hospital.

Pendleton, B, Latham's Battery.
Rowles, J B, 4th co H.
Johnston, C S, 4th, co C.
Green, A, 23d, co C.
Goford, S S (dead) 14th.
Bibye, G, Latham's Battery.
Lain, J H, " "
Tomlin, N, 4th, co B.
Powell, S, 4th, co G.

Hoyster Hospital.

Liggett, R S, 4th, co E.
Farwell, J F, 23d, co F.
Ommery, Jacob, 4th, co A
Haynes, H, 23d, co G.

THE following is a list of the wounded North Carolinians, who, up to noon on Wednesday last, had died in the hospitals, as we find them in the Richmond papers:

ROSS HOSPITAL—S S Goforth, 4th Reg't.
SEABROOKS HOSPITAL—Lt J O White, 4th, C.; Capt. J H Miller, 23d, E.
CHRISTIAN & LEE'S HOSPITAL.—G R Howe, 4th, —; J T Crowell, 4th, —.

List of Casualties of the 23d Regiment North Carolina Troops.

Company A—Captain T D Jones, killed; Lt J W Sudderth, seriously wounded; Privates Samuel Estes, J M Powell, G W Justice, Jacob Tridd, D A Mull, killed; Sergt L H Oxford, Corpl E P Miller; Privates M Crager, M Deal, R Deal, Monroe Baler, J G Cloyed, W A Todd, Sidney Coffee, S F Harper, S G Powell, Joseph Harley, Pickens Barlow, E L Anderson, John McMillon, J H Stallings, John G Simmons, A M Single, M Hilan, Jacob Hilton, M P Bryan, and Sergt W S Sudderth, wounded. Total—6 killed, 25 wounded.

Company B—1st Lieut S H Adams, killed; 3d Lieut A L Finley, supposed killed; Corpl W L Bird, Privates G W Stokes, Martin Revafoot, killed; Sergt J P Tate, Privates W A Holyfield, W A La Shannon, W F Gibbs, Jno Martin, John Gwin, J G Poset, Martin Curtis, P F Sigley, Thomas Oden, Alfred Clayton, wounded; Hampton Comer, J J ——, missing. Total—5 killed, 11 wounded, 2 missing.

Company F—Lieut J A Hooper, wounded; Private J P Maxwell, killed; Privates Henry Long, A May, W C May, Y G Oliver, J Pistak, L W Ward, wounded.

Company G—Privates E Anderson, A J Candill, L A Stomper, A T Holloway, killed; Privates John Baldwin, N Reynolds, James Grace, H D Mabs, John Mabs, Calvin Conier, S B Dennis, R Hutchinson, D A Fox, C M Crouse, Alexander Toliver, H Gestomper, wounded; Sergts David Edwards, M S Alexander, and Privates H R Wagoner, M W Yates, E J Ham, Levi Collins, missing. Total—4 killed, 12 wounded, 6 missing.

Company G—Sergt C H Stokes, and Privates J A Elliott, Joseph Loveless, A J Smith, Thomas E Robinson, W F Saunders, Henry Snow, wounded. Total—7 wounded.

Company H—Lt Zikler, mortally wounded; Sergeant Mitchell, and Privates Samuel Doteson, wounded; Corpl Henderson Martin and Privates Forester and John Carter, missing. Total—3 wounded and 3 missing.

Company I—Privates E J Hemphill, W A Cravin, H H Reins, killed; Wm McSmith, Robt Lonnidus, W A Todd, Robt Thompson, Jonathan Hiebig, wounded; Privates D Faulkner, Kelley, Latham, Wm Rowlin, Steadman Williams, R F Redding, A F Hollis, Wm Mitchell, missing; also, Sidney Alford and John Latham, wounded. Total—3 killed, 7 wounded, and 7 missing.

Company K—Sergt W G Birly, S J Linden, and Privates S W L Brady, R J Bird, S J Scott, (formerly of co E,) T J Hooper, (probably not hurt.) J P Greenlief, wounded; Privates W G Curtis, A Bayley, missing. Total, 7 wounded and 2 missing.

Company L—Private A Wilborn, killed; Capt J F Stow, Privates J B Russell, Dobson Burrow, Jno E Thornborough, B B Brady, H Steed, Henry Lassiter, wounded; sergt M D Bishop, Private Geo Patterson, missing. Total—1 killed, 7 wounded, 2 missing.

Company M—Private Emsley Alread, killed; Lieut M B Kivet, Sergt J W Lawrence, Privates H E Smith, David York, A A Steel, L F Holden, J W Race, wounded; Lieut L F McMasters, Privates H C Sugler, Alphens Pugh, L C York, missing. Total—1 killed, 7 wounded, 4 missing.

Total in regiment—25 killed, 95 wounded, and 24 missing.

In addition, I add the loss of Col C E Lightfoot and Lieut Col J O Long killed, and Maj T S Galloway wounded, making an aggregate of 137 killed, wounded and missing.

P. E. CHARLES, Adjutant.

Official Report of the Casualties of the 18th Reg't North Carolina Troops, Col. Cowan, at the Battle of Hanover Court House, Va., May 27th, 1862.

COMPANY A—FROM NEW HANOVER—(GERMAN VOLUNTEERS.)

Capt T W Brown, Jr, missing.
First Lieut G A Johnson, mortally wounded—(since dead.)
Sergt John Bonsold, missing.
Corp'l A Simmons, wounded—brought off.
" Wm Hall, " left on field.
Private Owen Davis, " brought off.
" A Slobohn, " " "
" John Hoerner, " left on field.
" G D Hackerman, " " "
" H R Kybl, " " "
" Ernest Ortman, " " "
" Henry Stolter, " " "
" D Reeves, missing.
" J B Lewis "
" J B Sutton, "
" J M Simmons, "

RECAPITULATION.

Commissioned Officers,..... 2
Non " " 3
Privates,..... 11
Total,..... 16

COMPANY B—FROM BLADEN.

Capt W J Sykes, killed.
Serg't H Edwards, missing.
Corp'l J N Wilson, killed.
Private J Guyton, "
" O Hammond, "
" T N McGehee, "
" D P Shaw, "
" D J Jordan, wounded and brought off.
" R S Cheshire, " " "
" L Blackwell, " " "
" C L Hilburn, " " "
" H W Singletary, " " "
" N Edwards, " left on field.
" J E Nance, " " "
" Edward Pate, " " "
" R Roberts, " " "
" G Weeks, " " "
" William Lovett, missing.
" D Pate, "
" J F Buckley, "
" A Regan, "
" M B Singeltary, "
Drummer F Tilley, " Total,..... 23

COMPANY C—FROM COLUMBUS COUNTY.

2d Lieut Sam'l A Long, wounded, but fought the battle out.
Serg't E V Latta, wounded severely, and left on the field.
" W J Ley, " and brought off.
Corp'l Jas M Bennett, " " " "
" Charles Jones, " " " "
Private E Meares, " " " "
" W R Ward, " " " "
" S P Wilkins, " " " "
" D M Williamson, " " " "
" Wm Best, " " " "
" B Strickland, " " " "
" E Tait, " and left on the field.
" W D Rhodes, " " " "
" Moses Williams, killed.
" Jas M Long, "
" W W Long, "
" J L Ward, "
" J E Bellamy, "
" J M Jones, "
" W R Best, missing.
" E K Vance, "
" S A Vance, "
" Robert Wilson, "
" Daniel Green, "
" Burwell Williamson, "

COMPANY D—FROM ROBESON COUNTY.

2nd Lieut Neill Townsend, wounded, brought off.
Serg't Needham Thompson. " " "
Corp'l Elias Woodell, killed.
" Guilford W Edwards, "
Private, Amos Britt, wounded and left on field.
" Clark Barnes, " brought off.
" Neill Edwards, " " "
" Forney Privatt, " " "
" Elias Prevatt, " " "
" Ralph Reggon, " " "
" Hiniant Edwards, killed.
" Th F Gilbert, "
" John Barnes, "
" E J Britt, "
" Thos Capps, "
" K Lovitt, "
" James M Sherrell, "
" Bunyan Stancell, "
" John Britt, missing.
" Alva Lawson "

COMPANY E—FROM NEW HANOVER.

Serg't D P Stringfield, missing.
Corp'l D J Stringfield, "
" A Pridgen, wounded, brought off field.
Private, C M Taylor, missing.
" G A Harris, "
" Quincey Williams, killed.
" John J Edwards, "
" Owen Kinion, "
" D J Corbett, wounded, brought off field.
" T D Walters, " " " "
" Henry Moore, " " " "
" J L Pigford, " " " "
" H L Peterson, " " " "
" J F Pridgen, " " " "
" W T Stringfield, " " " "
" W F Brown, " left on "
" G F Debose, " " "
" W R Garriss, " " "
" A Flanagan, " " "
" A B Rocks, " " "
" G W Malpass, " " "

COMPANY F—FROM RICHOND COUNTY.

Corp'l, M Cathoun, wounded, brought off field.
" John F McNair, missing.
" N McN Smith, "
Private, A J Clark, killed.
" A B McLauchlin, "
" Alex'r Jones, "
" N Brown, wounded, brought off field.
" Wm Buchanan, " " "
" H P Graham, " " "
" John A Henderson, " " "
" A H McNeill, " " "
" H L Patterson, " " "
" A W Roper, " " "
" A A Buckabee, " left on "
" Jno M McLauchlin, " " "
" John F McLean, " " "
" W H McNeill, " " "
" Sam'l Wright, " " "
" H C Calhoun, missing.
" L Capalina, "
" D M Gibson, "
" John G Martin, "
" M McDuffie, "
" W H Murphy, "
" W H Nelson, "
" E Norton, "
" C N Thrower, "
" Wm Wallace, "
" John Hughes, "
" M McCormick, "
" D McKinnion, "
" A L McRae, "

COMPANY G—FROM NEW HANOVER—LIGHT INFANTRY.

Corp'l S J King, wounded; left on field.
" C. Flanner, missing.
Private Sam'l Dyer, killed.
" J B Morrison, wounded, brought off.
" T F Millis, " "
" J McK. Whitted, missing.
" Robert Millis, "
" Eli S Bright, "

COMPANY H—FROM COLUMBUS CO.

Corp'l G R Tilly, wounded, left on field.
" J Melvin Hinson, " "
" Major McKeel, missing.
Privates Bryant A Young, killed.
" A Marion Watkins, "
" John J Edwards, "
" Elias Newman, wounded, brought off.
" Wm Lemore Frink, " "
" Henry Barefoot, " "
" Wm M Harper, " "
" Wm J Hinson, " "
" John J Sibbett, " "
" John W Tedder, " "
" Dan'l K Sutherland, missing.
" Joseph Fisher, "
" John Proctor, "

COMPANY I—FROM NEW HANOVER—RIFLE GUARDS.

None.

COMPANY K—FROM BLADEN.

1st Serg't A Rinaldi, killed.
1st Corp'l J A Anders, "
Corp'l W J Maready, missing.
Corp'l T F Pridgen, "
Privates C W Bryan, killed.
" A King, "
" S B Tolar, wounded, brought off.
" W E Atkinson, " "
" A S Willis, " left on field.
" J Cromartie, " "
" J R Dunham, missing.
" W J McDuffie, "
" C Swindell, "
" J McKethan, "
" C Freeman, "
" Lewis Fair, "
" Henry Melvin, "
" D Furguson, "
" W J McMillan, "
" W H Sikes, "
" M V Sutton, "
" Jas Davis, "

RECAPITULATION.

Killed,..... 38
Wounded,..... 83
Missing,..... 63
Total,..... 184

The above list includes all missing up to this date, June 3d. Many missing on the day of battle have since come in. Those reported wounded and left on field, were, for the most part, carried to the Field Hospital, which afterwards fell into the hands of the enemy. We had no ambulance, and no means of bringing them off. There can be no doubt some left on the field are dead. It is possible some of the missing may yet come in—some of them are doubtless wounded—the most of them prisoners.

The Killed and Wounded.

The Second Florida Regiment went into the fight on Saturday with 835 men, and lost in killed and wounded, 187 men. The killed were as follows:

Major G. W. Call.

First Company—Captain C. S. Flagg, Corporal George Mickler, and Corporal Robert Syms.

Second Company—Captain J. H. Pooser, Privates W. Taylor, and R. J. Irwin.

Third Company—Private M. Papy.

Fourth Company—Lieutenant D. T. Reynolds, Privates H. Hoyt and A. L. Driggers.

Fifth Company—Captain N. Butler, Privates J. Parish, G. Stewart and N. Lang.

Sixth Company—Privates John Wilson, D. Richardson and S. Smith.

Seventh Company—Private Jesse Pennington.

Eighth Company—Captain T. A. Perry, Corporal J. M. Drew, Privates B. Lanier and J. Pigue.

Ninth Company—Corporal L. M. Gresham, Privates A. C. Roberts, J. H. Peeples, J. E. Tucker, and J. B. Carson.

Tenth Company—Privates N. Wilson, J. T. Bryant, J. L. Long, and Thomas L. Blanton.

Eleventh Company—Privates F. Burns and O. S. Shippey.

STONEWALL INTERRUPTS COMMUNICATION.—The Wheeling Intelligencer, of Monday last, says that there was no train from Baltimore on the day before, nor none sent out. The telegraph also ceased to operate east of Green Spring, which is 13 miles east of Cumberland. It very sagaciously inferred that the rebels had possession of the road, "perhaps at Martinsburg."

BY TELEGRAPH.

FOR THE JOURNAL.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, VA., June 6th, 1862.

There is a great freshet in the James River. The river is within fourteen inches as high as the flood of 1847. The water is several inches deep at the intersection of Cary and 17th Street, and is still rising, and more rain threatened. All quiet along the lines this forenoon.

ANOTHER VICTORY REPORTED FOR JACKSON.

RICHMOND, June 7th, 1862.

The Lynchburg Virginian, of yesterday, reports, on the authority of an officer wounded in the fight, a victory of Jackson over Shields at Strasburg. No official information of the fight has been received. The River is falling here.—All quiet along the lines this morning.

FROM MOBILE.

[Special to the Columbus (Ga.) Daily Sun.]

MOBILE, June 2.—Corinth has been evacuated by the Confederates. Details have not been received, but it is reported there was no loss of property.

Heavy skirmishing occurred Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, in which the Confederates got the best of it. At last accounts the Confederates were at Baldwin, thirty miles below, on the Mobile Road. The sick were removed.

The telegraph wires from Corinth have been removed and the bridges destroyed.

The Cotton and sugar in Memph's have been burnt.

Fort Pillow and Memphis have been abandoned.

From the Valley.

The Lynchburg Republican of Tuesday has the following:

It appears from the reported movements of the Federal forces in the Valley, that Old Stonewall may yet have more fun in store for them.

Shields and Geary were on Saturday at Rectortown, in