a preamble and resolution adopted by the Board of Education in reference to the investment of the Board of Education to the amount of $450,000 in special tax bonds and protesting against any legislation impairing the validity of said bonds. (The same that was read in the House on yesterday.

At the suggestion of the President the communication was read, as he believed it would throw some light on the subject under consideration.

The resolutions were adopted.

On motion of Mr. Sweet the communication from the Governor was referred to the Committee on Education, with instructions to report a bill guarding the interests of the Educational Fund invested in the special tax bonds.

Mr. Long moved a suspension of the rules, in order to take up and put upon its passage the bill relating to the powers and duties of the Superintendent of Public Works. This bill authorizes the Superintendent of Public Works, either in person or by proxy, to represent the State's stock in all the corporations or Joint Stock Companies in which the State has an interest, and to vote either in person or by proxy, in behalf of the State, at all elections of directors in such corporations or Joint Stock Companies at which the State is entitled to vote;

Provided, That the Governor shall appoint the directors for the State in all corporations or Joint Stock Companies when the charter of said corporations guarantee to him the right.

Mr. Moore of Carteret moved to lay the motion on the table, which was ruled out of order.

The motion to suspend the rules was voted down

CALENDAR.

By Mr. Love: Bill to repeal section 8, chapter 41, of an ordinance of the Constitutional Convention, ratified March 13th, 1868. This bill stops the pay of Code Commissioners.

Substitute from the Committee on the Judiciary for the bill continues the pay, but reduces it to seven dollars per diem to each member of the Commission for the time they are actually engaged in the duties of said office.

Messrs. Love, Robbins and Jones, of Mecklenburg, opposed the substitute offered by the Committee and urged the adoption of the original bill.

Mr. Winstead argued in favor of the substitute, which was rejected.

AYES.—Messrs. Beasley, Burns, Blythe, Forkner, Jones of Wake, Lassiter, Winstead and Wilson—8.

Mr. Welker moved to reconsider the vote, which was lost and the bill in its original form passed its second reading.

NAYS.—Messrs. Bellamy, Burns, Colgrove, Eppes, col., Forkner, Hayes, Lassiter, Stephens, Welker and White—10.

Bill to amend chapters 65 and 112 of the Public Laws. This bill removes all restrictions in reference to the gauge of the Central North Carolina, Atlantic and Ohio and Plaster Bank Railroads.

This bill was discussed at length, several amendments were offered and voted down and the bill failed to pass its second reading. Ayes 20, nays 20, the President voted in the negative.

Bill to secure fair trials. This bill provides that in every instance when a colored man is on trial that the jury shall be composed of at least six colored men.

A. H. Galloway, col., offered a substitute for the bill, which provides for at least six loyal men on the jury in such cases.

Mr. Jones of Mecklenburg moved to lay the bill and the substitute on the table, which was voted down. Ayes 16, nays 16, the President voted in the negative.

The substitute was adopted and was rejected on its second reading by the following vote:

AYES.—Messrs. Blythe, Colgrove, Forkner, Galloway, col., Hayes, Harrington, Jones of Columbus, Jones of Wake, Lassiter, Long, Martindale, Moore of Carteret, Smith, Stephens, Sweet and White—16.

NAYS.—Messrs. Barnes, Beall, Brogden, Burns, Eppes, col., Flythe, Graham, Hyman, col., Hawkins, Jones of Mecklenburg, Legg, Lindsay, Love, Mason, Melchor, McLaughlin, Murphy, Richardson, Respass, Robbins, Sweet, Whiteside and Winstead—23.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25, 1870.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Bill to enable the Northwestern North Carolina Railroad Company to complete the first division of their road (allows the Company to issue and sell first mortgage bonds to the amount of $500,000.)

Messrs. Vest, Vestal and Seymour advocated the passage of the bill.

After some little debate the bill was referred to the Committee on Judiciary, with instructions to report to-morrow.

On motion of Mr. Ashworth, the rules were suspended and the bill to allow Probate Judges to prove deeds, &c., was taken up and passed its several readings.

SPECIAL ORDER.

Bill to provide for the collection of taxes by the State and by the several counties of the State on property, polls and an income (machinery.)

Mr. Harris, of Franklin, moved to postpone the special order and consider his motion of yesterday, to reconsider the vote by which the motion to reconsider the Railroad appropriation bill was postponed until Tuesday next.

Upon the question of postponing the special order the yeas and nays were called, and resulted in a vote of yeas 45, nays 39.

Mr. Harris called the previous question on his motion.

The yeas and nays were called and the House sustained the call by a vote of yeas 50, nays 27.

The question then recurred upon Mr. Harris' motion.

The yeas and nays were called and the House sustained the motion by a vote of yeas 48, nays 23.

The question then recurred upon Mr. Seymour's motion postponing the consideration of the motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill repealing certain Railroad appropriations passed.

Mr. Seymour took the floor against any reconsideration of his motion. He made, while speaking upon the motion, a long argument in opposition to the policy and intent of the bill.

During his remarks Mr. S. said that if the bill became a law, that he expected Democrats in the next campaign would repeat Mr. Durham's declaration that the Republican party was a failure, the Governor a failure, and, in fact, the whole Republican administration of the State government an egregious failure. He viewed this matter as a vital party measure, and its adoption a death blow to the Republican party as well as to the credit of the State.

Mr. Pou obtained the floor and moved to lay on the table the motion postponing the consideration of the motion to reconsider the bill until Tuesday. (This motion carries with it the original motion to reconsider.)

The yeas and nays were called and the vote stood yeas 48, nays 30.

The following is the ballot:

YEAS.—Argo, Armstrong, Ashworth, Barnes, Blair, Boddie, Carey, Cawthorn, Davidson, Ellis, Franklin, Gatling, Gibson, Green, Harris, of Franklin, Harris, of Wake, Hawkins, Hendricks, Hicks, High, Hinnant, Hodnett, Humphries, Hudgings, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Kinney, Long, of Chatham, Long, of Richmond, McCanless, McMillan, Mendenhall, Moore, of Alamance, Nicholson, Pearson, Pou, Renfrow, Shaver, Siegrist, Smith, of Martin, Smith, of Wayne, Stanton, Strudwick, Sweat, Thompson, Williams, of Harnett, Williams, of Sampson—48.

NAYS.—Banner, Candler, Carson, Cherry, Clayton, Crawford, Dixon, Eagles, Forkner, French, Galahgan, Graham, Hayes, Ingram, Justus, of Henderson, Kelly, of Moore, Laflin, Malone, Mayo, Moore, of Chowan, Morris, Proctor, Robinson, Reynolds, Stevens, Sykes, Vestal, Vest, Wilson—30.

The special order was then resumed (bill to provide for the collection of taxes by the State and by the several counties of the State on property, polls and income.

The bill was considered section by section up to the hour of adjournment.

SENATE.

EVENING SESSION.

FRIDAY, Feb. 25, 1870.

On motion of Mr. Welker the rules were suspended in order to take up and put upon its passage the bill relating to the powers and duties of State officers. [This is the bill Mr. Long attempted to get up to-day, and relates especially to the powers and duties of the Superintendent of Public Works.]

The bill created considerable discussion and numerous amendments were offered, all of which were voted down and the bill passed.

Mr. Cook moved a reconsideration of the vote.

Mr. Stephens moved to lay the motion on the table, which prevailed.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, Feb. 26, 1870.

THIRD READING OF BILLS.

The following bills passed their third readings, viz:

Bill to authorize the County Commissioners of Richmond to levy a special tax.

Bill to authorize the County Commissioners of Columbus to levy a special tax (without limit).

Mr. Robbins said this whole policy of authorizing special county taxes at this time is a most unwise one, and I desire *once more* to protest against it most emphatically. I wish it may never be forgotten that I have opposed it, because it is imposing additional and improper burdens upon an already over-taxed people. In a very *few* cases it may be proper. But we have here a regular "Ring" on this matter; and so many gentlemen are offering bills of the kind and all voting for each others bills that it is impossible to check it. Good, bad and indifferent bills all go through. This bill, for instance, imposes no limit on the amount to be levied. It proposes to give the County Commissioners power to tax their people as much as they please. Of what benefit are the restrictions in the Constitution when they can be set at naught in this way? I venture to predict that the people will condemn this special county tax business, and that events will soon show how unwise it is to pass these bills so recklessly. I wish it to be well remembered that I protest against this whole policy earnestly and emphatically.

Bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors within three miles of Ashpole Church, Robeson county.

Mr. Bellamy moved to amend the bill so as to read, "within three miles of any Church in the State," which was adopted, and the bill failed to pass for want of a quorum. Ayes 20, nays 5.

FROM GOVERNOR HOLDEN.

A communication asking the Senate to confirm the appointment of D. A. Jenkins made June 23rd, 1869, and W. C. Kerr, made June 23rd, 1869, as Directors of the Institution of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, which was concurred in.

FROM THE HOUSE.

Bill to amend the charter of Little River Turnpike Company; referred.

Bill to incorporate the Onslow Branch of the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road Co.; referred.

Bill to regulate the manner for applying for pardons; referred.

Mr. Robbins moved to suspend the rules in order to take up the bill to prevent the sale of the reversionary interest in the Homestead; lost.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Feb. 26, 1870.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

By Mr. Foster: A joint resolution in favor of the Sheriff of Bladen county.—Lies over.

Mr. Sinclair was allowed to record his vote in the affirmative upon the bill repealing Railroad appropriations.

On motion of Mr. Ingram, the rules were suspended, and the bill in favor of H. D. Terry, was taken up and Senate amendments concurred in.

On motion of Mr. French, the bill to incorporate the Excelsior Planting Company was taken up and passed its several reading.s

Mr. Proctor gave notice that he would introduce a bill to change the name of Lumberton, Robeson county, to that of Proctorsville.

On motion of Mr. Dixon, the Senate resolution in favor of W. H. & R. S. Tucker, (paying $7, 4, for what, the resolution did not state.)

Harris, of Wake, col., said it was for crape.

The Chair stated that the crape was purchased when the gentleman from Pitt (Mr. Short) died, and upon the death of Senator from the same county, Mr. Rich, and the Senator from Sampson, Mr. Hall, and the crape not used was now in the Clerk's office, if gentlemen wished to use it &c.

Adjourned.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Feb. 28, 1870.

MEMORIALS.

By A. H. Galloway, col., from certain citizens of New Hanover protesting against the formation of a new county of certain townships in the county of New Hanover. Referred.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Murphy: Bill to amend an act relating to weighing Rosin at the port of Wilmington. Referred.

By Mr. Respass: Resolution authorizing and directing the Public Treasurer to borrow, not to exceed $180,000 of the special tax fund, for the support of the two Asylums, and to pay the per diem of members of the General Assembly. Lies over.

By Mr. Robbins: Resolution of inquiry concerning the expenses of the State government to-wit:

Resolved by the Senate, That the Public Treasurer is hereby respectfully requested to furnish this body immediately with a succinct report of the expenses of the State government of North Carolina for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1st, 1868, and ending Oct. 1st, 1869, said report to contain the aggregate amount paid out under each of the several heads of expenditures, excluding the amounts paid as interest on the State debt and also excluding sums paid and bonds issued under acts of appropriation to Railroads or Turnpikes.

Resolved further, That the Secretary of the Senate furnish the Public Treasurer with a certified copy of these resolutions immediately upon their passage.

After debate the resolutions were adopted.

FROM THE PUBLIC TREASURER.

To the Honorable, the General Assembly of North Carolina:

GENTLEMEN—I have the honor to inform you that a writ of *mandamus* has been applied for at the instance of L. O. Bayne, of New York, to compel me, as Treasurer of the State, to pay past due coupons held by said Bayne of bonds of this State issued for the Western Railroad Company. His Honor Judge Watts, refusing to authorize the issuing of the writ as prayed for, appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court of this State, where the case is now pending.

It is reported, and I think it likely the report is true, that very soon similar suits will be instituted on behalf of holders of coupons of other "special tax" bonds. As holding the funds collected under the special tax acts, I consider myself merely as a stake-holder, ready to pay the same in such manner as under the Constitution and laws it shall be decided by the highest tribunal they ought to be paid.

This communication is made in order that your honorable body may take such action in the premises as may be deemed advisable.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
D. A. JENKINS,
State Treasurer.

On motion of Mr. Cook it was referred to the Committee on Finance.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Consideration of the bill removing restrictions in reference to the gauge of the Central North Carolina, Atlantic and Ohio and the Plaster Bank Railroads.

Mr. Davis called the previous question, which was not sustained.

The bill was discussed at considerable length.

Messrs. Brogden, Graham, Jones of Wake and Love spoke in opposition to it, and Messrs. Davis and Welker advocated its passage.

Mr. Brogden moved to amend the bill by striking out "Atlantic and Ohio Railroad" wherever it may occur in it, which was adopted. Ayes 17, nays 16, and the bill passed its second reading.

Bill to require the Supreme Court to examine applicants for license to practice law, passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Robins, the rules were suspended, and the bill to prevent the sale of any reversionary interest in Homestead lands, was taken up and passed its second reading.

Resolution to allow the actual expenses of the Committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal Company, passed its second reading.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, Feb. 28, 1870.

House called to order at the usual hour.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

By Mr. Barnes: A bill to require a schedule for the personal property exemptions. Referred.

By Mr. Hicks: A bill to incorporate the Tommotta Iron Company. Referred.

By Mr. Malone: A bill making the stealing of fences a larceny. Referred.

By Mr. Welch: A bill in favor of S. Whitaker of Cherokee. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Ashworth the rules were suspended and the bill to amend chapter 70, section 83, Revised Code, was taken up (in reference to the organization of militia.

The question recurred upon a substitute reported for the bill by the Committee on Military Affairs, which was adopted.

The bill then passed its second reading by the following ballot:

YEAS.—Messrs. Ames, Ashworth, Banner, Barnes, Carson, Carey, Crawford, Dixon, Downing, Eagles, Forkner, Franklin, French, Gahagan, Hendricks, Hodgin, Hoffman, Hudgings, Ingram, Justice, of Rutherford, Kelly, of Moore, Kinney, Laflin, Leary, Long, of Richmond, Mayo, McCanless, Morrill, Morris, Proctor, Rea, Renfrow, Seymour, Smith, of Martin, Stevens, Sweat, Sykes, Vestal, Vest, and Wilson.

NAYS.—Messrs. Armfield, Boddie, Clayton, Davis, Davidson, Ellis, Farrow, Ferebee, Gatling, Gibson, Grier, Gunter, Hawkins, Hicks, Hinnant, Hodnett, Humphres, Jarvis, Justus, of Henderson, Kelly, of Davie, Malone, Nicholson, Painter, Pou, Robinson, Smith, of Alleghany, Smith, of Wayne, Thompson, Welch, Williams, of Sampson.

After the adoption of some unimportant amendments the bill passed its third reading.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Bill providing for the collection of taxes by the State and by the several counties of the State, on property, polls and income (known as the machinery bill.)

The bill was taken up and discussed section by section, passed its second reading, and made special order for 10½ o'clock on Wednesday.

On motion of Mr. French, the revenue bill was made special order for to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

Messrs. French and Malone presented a protest against the passage of the bill repealing Railroad appropriations. The protest was ordered to be entered on the Journal of the House.

On motion of Mr. Vest, the bill to enable the Northwestern Railroad Company to complete the first division of their Road was made the special order for 10½ o'clock to-morrow.

On motion the House adjourned.

Removal of Disabilities.

WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 28, 1870.

Editors Journal:—The following citizens of the Third District are relieved of their disabilities:

Robeson county—Jno. W. Alford, Jas. C. McRitter, Joseph Kinlow, W. B. Blake, J. R. Carter, Jno. A. Sellers, B. C. Rhodes, Noah Mercer, S. J. Cobb, Ed. Lilly, D. C. McIntyre, Hector McNeill, Normon McCrimmon, Roderick McMillon, Alex. McMillon, Adam Currie, John Leach, Malcolm Shore, S. D. Collins, Albert Lawson, T. M. Bond, Peter P. Smith, Wellington McNeill, Jas. Blount, Jno. W. Powell, W. C. McNeill, R. B. Gregory, Lyon Alford, Kenchin Atkinson, Jno. S. McArthur, H. H. Ellis, H. B. Reagan, Jas. A. Lawson, J. A. Rogers, R. M. Norment, W. S. Norment, Jno. G. Pope, Henry F. Pittman, J. T. Britt, Giles Williams, Benj. Williams, Murdock McRae, D. Morrison, A. H. Currie, Neill McNeill.

Brunswick county—Joseph Green, T. M. Smith, W. R. Bell, Jno. H. Brooks, R. H. Brown, Robt. McCrackken.

Anson county—S. W. Cole, Rowland Crump, E. R. Liles, W. G. Smith, Wm. Pickett, Duncan McNeill, R. T. Bennett, Wm. A. Rose, A. J. Dargan.

Richmond county—Sam'l J. Gibson, Charles Malloy, J. T. Roper, J. L. Yates, J. A. Baldwin, T. C. Leak, H. C. Wall, Jno. Johnson, J. T. Bradley, J. P. Little, S. M. Ingram, Jno. McKoy, W. P. McDonald.

New Hanover—Owen Fennell, Jas. F. Simpson, F. H. Bell, G. H. Bell, J. H. Ballantine, W. T. Monroe.

Bladen—T. D. McDowell.

Sampson—Wm. G. Fowler, R. C. Holmes.

Cumberland—D. G. McRea, O. H. Blacker, Wallie Draughon, R. W. Hardee, Jas. C. McRae.

Harnett—J. R. Grady, A. H. McWeill, J. H. Cofield, R. B. Smith.

Richmond—B. Cole, Dan'l M. McLaurin, Wm. Long, Jas. P. Smith, Peter McRea, B. W. Covington.

Montgomery—Jeremiah Luther, Henry Luther, C. W. Wooley, D. C. McBuloy, B. F. Simmons, C. C. Hilliard, P. C. Saunders, A. H. Saunders, Neill McInnis, E. G. L. Barringer, Wm. Ewing, J. C. Roper.

Moore—John J. McIntosh, John McCrimmon, A. A. T. Seawell, Jessee Muse, Arch. McCallum.

Duplin—J. D. Stonford.

STATE NEWS.

Our 'burg has been honored (?) within the last few days by the passage through here of both Littlefield and Swepson—the manipulators of North Carolina bonds—who have at last returned to Raleigh in response to the hundreds of anxious enquiries that have been made concerning them. We wonder what kind of an exhibit they will make concerning those bonds which they have been handing to the serious detriment of the State's interest?

Weldon *News*.

SEVERELY STUNNED.—During the prevalence of the severe storm on Sunday evening Capt. J. H. Prince, of Halifax while standing in his porch, was so severely stunned by a flash of lightning as to be thrown to the floor insensible. By the application of proper restoratives, however, he soon recovered, having sustained no positive injury.—Weldon *News*.

MURDER.—A report reached us yesterday, that a few evenings since, the wife of the Rev. Mr. Rawlins was shot through the window, and killed by a colored boy, discharged the day previous on account of bad conduct.

Mr. Rawlins is a Northern man, and in charge of a colored Methodist Church near Dallas, Gaston county. We regret that his wife has fallen a victim among those to whom he is ministering.

Charlotte *Times*.

SUPREME COURT—*Tuesday, March* 1, 1870.—Court met according to adjournment.

His Honor Justice Reade was absent, having been called home suddenly by sickness in his family.

The reading of the transcript in the case of Carter vs. Hoke was concluded, and the argument opened by Mr. Graham, counsel for the plaintiff. He was followed by Mr. Merrimon, for the defendants.

The case of the State vs. Lyttle, from Buncombe, was next called, and argued by Merrimon, for the defendant. The Attorney General will conclude the argument in behalf of the State to-morrow.

To-morrow cases from the 6th District will be called.—Raleigh *Sentinel*.

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

From Washington—Proceedings of Congress, &c.

WASHINGTON, March 2.

SENATE.—The Senate has been considering Railroads all day.

HOUSE.—The House is considering the Little Rock Railroad.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Election Committee will vote on Segar to-morrow.

The Sub Committee on the Louisiana Election will report to-morrow.

The disability bill still hangs in the Senate, Mr. Sumner having renewed the motion to reconsider, which Mr. Wilson withdrew.

The impression is strong that the Senate will confirm Bradley.

From Yokohama, Japan—Further Particulars of the United States Steamer Oneida.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 2.

The following from Yokohama, dated January 31st, has been received here:

"The most terrible accident and horrible exhibition of inhumanity ever known in the East occurred about twenty miles down this coast at half-past six o'clock on the evening of January 24th. The United States steamer Oneida, homeward bound, collided with the British, Peninsular and Oriental Iron Mail Steamer Bombay, Capt. Arthur Welles Byere. The Bombay struck the Oneida on her starboard quarter, carrying away her poop deck, cutting off her whole stern and running one of her timbers entirely through the bows of the Bombay at the water line. Three times the Oneida hailed the Bombay with "Ship Ahoy," stand by, and "Tarive, cut us down." Blew her whistle and fired her guns, all of which the officers of the Bombay say they did not hear, although guns were stinctly heard at this port, twenty miles away. The Oneida went down stern foremost in about twenty fathoms of water with twenty officers and fifty men. The Captain of the Bombay did not stop to rescue those on board, nor did he upon his arrival here, report the accident or inform the authorities. The first known of the disaster was next morning, when Dr. Saddards, surgeon, with fifteen of the crew, arrived here on foot. Only two cutters were available and the officers almost to a man refused to take them while a man remained on board.

From California.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.

The passengers, crew, baggage and treasure of the steamer Golden City were totally lost near Point St. Louise.

BY HAVANA CABLE.

HAVANA, March 2.

The Insurgent General, Napoleon Arango, who originated the rebellion in the Central Department has voluntarily surrendered to the authorities at Las Minas with seventy men. He promises to come to Havana to confer with the Captain-General as to the best means of ending the insurrection without further bloodshed.

The rebels have burned some warehouses at Incaro.

FROM HAVANA VIA KEY WEST, March 1,

A letter from Santiago de Cuba, dated February 18, gives the following account of the trial and execution of members of the Cuban Junta of that city:

"Eighteen well known citizens, charged with belonging to the Cuban Junta, were arrested and taken to an obscure place at San Juan, fifteen miles from this place, where they were tried by court martial and convicted of treason and sentenced to death. They were not allowed assistance of counsel or privilege of summoning witnesses in their defense. They were all executed soon after their trial. Among them were two Americans, namely, John Francis Pashnaude and Charles Dannery, a native of the United States."

CABLE DISPATCHES.

LONDON, March 2.

Lord Resedale's bill to amend the Irish Church laws passed to its second reading.

Mr. Gladstone opposes the bill to aid emigration.

The bill was defeated by a vote of 48 to 57.

There is much indignation over the Sadler and Heath boat race which came off yesterday. It is thought that the result was pre-arranged for betting purposes.

Fifty-six of the officers and crew of the steamer Oneida were picked up by the Bombay's boats on another account.

BERLIN, March 2.

Bismarck in a long speech opposed the abolition of the death penalty of Reichrath, notwithstanding he voted for abolition with a vote of 37 majority.

ROME, March 2.

For the first time since the year 1850 the police permit masks at carnivals.

The weather is unfavorable.

AMSTERDAM, March 2.

The Bank of Holland has reduced the rates of interest to four per cent.

From Washington—Proceedings of Congress, &c.

WASHINGTON D. C., March 2.

SENATE.—Last Monday the Senate being in executive session, on motion of Mr. Sumner the doors were opened for a moment, and during this unnoticed open session of about a minute he entered and made a motion to reconsider the vote on the passage of the so-called omnibus disability bil, and that motion is still pending. The motive assigned for this action is to reach the case of ex-Senator Clingman, who is among the number whose disabilities are to be removed by the bill

A resolution was introduced and laid over for future consideration requiring the President to communicate whether any step have been taken to suppress the slave trafficon the coast of Africa.

The Funding bill was discussed by Mr. Sumner in a long printed speech dissenting from views of the Finance Committee in regard to the nature of bonds in which the debt should be funded.

HOUSE.—The Indian appropriation bill was discussed.

Concerning treaties Mr. Butler said since the passage of the Fifteenth amendment all were unconstitutional and void.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The President to-day nominated Charles M. Lewis of Virginia, Minister resident to Portugal.

Whittemore says his friends in South Carolina have arranged for a series of public meetings in his district which will be addressed by him in vindication of his conduct in the disposal of his cadetship. The object is to arrange for his reelection to Congress.

The Senate while in executive session postponed till the 21st instant the nomination of Bradley as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, by a vote of 30 against 26. This gives time for the passage of the new law which will give Alabama, Texas and Mississippi a Judge resident within each district.

The Judiciary Committees report states in effect that the Legislature of 1868 was legal. That the government then organized was permanent; that the recent reorganization of the Legislature was unwarranted by law. 1st. In the control and direction of its proceedings by Harris. 2d. In the exclusion from taking the oaths and from seats of three members elect who offered to swear in and in the seating of the persons not having a majority of the votes of the election.

The Committee feel justified in omitting to recommend any farther legislation.

North Carolina Legislature.

RALEIGH, March 2.

The bill repealing all acts of the Lozislature authorizing special tax bonds or requiring taxes to be levied to pay interest on these bonds, has passed by a large majority. The House of Representatives, by a large majority, has refused to provide for any interest on either old or new bonds.

From Richmond.

RICHMOND, VA., March 2.

John L. Marye, Jr., who was elected Lieutenant Governor and W. H. Ruffner, Superintendent of Public Education, (Republicans) declined to vote in the case of Lieutenant Governor, claiming that the election was unconstitutional.

Thomas W. Rache, convicted of dealing in counterfeit tobacco stamps, has been sentenced to the Albany penitentiary for one year.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, March 3—NOON.

Stocks firm. Money easy at 5@6 per cent. premium. Sterling Exchange—long, 108; short, 109¼. Gold 115¼. Five-twenties of Sixty-two, ex-coupons, 113¼. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons, 65½; new, 45¾. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons, 68; new, 66½. Louisiana sixes, ex-coupons, new, 72; old, 72. Levee sixes, 72; eights, 82. Alabama eights, 94; fives, 62. Georgia sixes, ex-coupons, 82; sevens 92½. North Carolina sixes, ex-coupons, old, 45; new, 23¾. South Carolina sixes, ex-coupons, old, 87; new 80.

Flour 5@10 cents lower. Wheat 1 cent lower. Corn 1 cent better. New Pork dull—mess $26 25. Lard quiet at 14½ to 14¾ cents. Cotton steady at 23 cents. Spirits Turpentine steady at 44½ cents. Rosin quiet at $2 to $2 50 for strained. Freights dull.

The Season and Its Dangers.

The human body is chiefly composed of tissues and fibres as sensitive to every change in the condition of the atmosphere as the most delicate electrometer, or the quicksilver in a barometer tube.

The stomach, the skin, the nerves, the lungs, and the excretory organs are especially liable to be affected by these variations, and the best defence against their disastrous tendency is to keep the digestive machinery, which feeds and nourishes the whole system, in good working order.

If the stomach is weak or disordered neither the blood nor the bile can be in a healthy state, and upon the fitness of these two important fluids for the offices assigned to them by nature, and the regularity of their flow, health in a great measure depends.

When the air is heavily laden with chilling vapors, as it often is at this season of the year, the digestion should be an object of peculiar care. If it is weak and languid, the whole physical structure will be enervated. If it is vigorous, the entire organization will be strong to resist the untoward and depressing influence of a damp and vitiated atmosphere.

A pure and powerful tonic is therefore especially needed as a safeguard against the diseases most common in the spring, and Hostetter's Stomach Bitters being the most wholesome and potent medicine of the class at present known, a course of it is particularly adviseable at this period of the year. The stomach will thereby be toned and strengthened, the liver and bowels regulated, the nervous system braced up, and nature put in a state of active defence against the miasma which superinduces intermittent and remittent fevers, rheumatism, nervous debility, headache, hypochondria and other complaints which are apt to assail the untoned and unfortified organizations. The body is strengthened and without exciting the brain, and consequently no unpleasant reaction follows its reviving and renovating operation.

The following is an extract from a private Letter written by the Proprietors of the Plantation Bitters:

"We had no conception of the wide-spread suffering which exists, or of the almost infallible cures produced by the PLANTATION BITTERS, when we first commenced offering them for sale. We now find that every house has a weak child, an ailing parent, or debilitated aged member, who needs this tonic. Our laboratory has grown from a single room to an immense building, and our sales from a few bottles to many hundred dozen per day, and we are glad to know that they have done you so much good.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.

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Brown's Bronchial Troches, when allowed to dissolve in the mouth, have a direct influence to the affected parts; the soothing effect to the mucous lining of the windpipe allays Pulmonary irritation and gives relief in Coughs, Colds, and the various Throat Affections to which public speakers and singers are liable.

WELL-PLACED LOVE.

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN, ON THE HAPPINESS of well-placed affection, in early life, and the propriety of early Marriage, as a protection against the fearful abuses and social evils of the day. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.

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Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current.

BEESWAX, ℔ lb	35 @ 36
BARRELS, Sp'ts T., each	
2nd hand	2 00 @ 2 75
New	2 75 @ 3 00
CANDLES, ℔ lb.,	
Tallow	18 @ 21
Adamantine	18½@ 20
Sperm	50 @ 55
COFFEE, ℔ lb.,	
Java	35 @ 40
Laguayra	25 @ 28
Rio	18½@ 23
St. Domingo	25 @ 28
COTTON, ℔ lb.,	
Ord. to Mid'g	18 @ 21½
Strict Mid'g	00 @ 21½
COTTON BAGGING,	
Gunny, ℔ yd	22 @ 24
Dundee	30 @ 33
Flax	26½@ 27
Double Ante	27 @ 00
Rope, ℔ lb	7 @ 10
CORN MEAL,	
℔ bushel	1 25 @ 1 30
DOMESTICS,	
Sheeting,	
℔ yard	12 @ 16
Yarn, ℔ 5 lbs	00 @ 2 15
FEATHERS,	
℔ lb	65 @ 75
FISH, ℔ bbl.,	
Mackerel,	
No. 1	28 00 @30 00
No. 2	00 00 @00 00
No. 3	00 00 @00 00
Mullets	6 50 @11 00
Herring,	
East	8 00 @ 9 00
N.C. roe	9 00 @ 0 00
do cut,	8 50 @ 9 00
do gross	0 00 @ 7 00
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	9 @ 10
FLOUR, ℔ bbl., Northern	
Family	6 00 @10 00
Superfine	5 25 @ 5 50
Fine	5 00 @ 5 50
Ex. Super	5 50 @ 6 00
NORTH CAROLINA,	
Family	9 50 @10 00
Superfine	9 00 @ 9 25
GLUE, ℔ lb	18 @ 20
GUNNY BAGS	28 @ 30
GUANO, Peruvian,	
Per ton	00 00 @85 00
GRAIN, ℔ bushel,	
Corn	1 10 @ 1 20
Oats	75 @ 85
Peas, Cow	1 40 @ 1 50
Rice, rough	00 @ 0 00
Carolina	7½@ 8
HIDES, ℔ lb.,	
Green	5 @ 7
Dry	16 @ 16½
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs.,	
Eastern	1 35 @ 1 50
Northern	1 15 @ 1 30
IRON, ℔ lb.,	
English, ass'd	8 @ 10
American, ref.	0 @ 10
American,	
sheer	9 @ 10
Swede	10 @ 12
Hoop,	
℔ ton	125 00@130 00
LIQUORS, ℔ gal., (dom.)	
Whiskey	1 35 @ 2 25
Bourbon	2 00 @ 4 00
N. E. Rum	2 00 @ 3 00
Gin	4 00 @ 7 00
Brandy	4 00 @ 9 00
do Apple	2 75 @ 3 00
do Peach	3 00 @ 3 50
LUMBER, (River,	
Fl'r Bds	15 00 @17 00
Wide do	12 00 @14 00
Scantling	10 00 @12 00
LIME, ℔ bbl.	0 00 @ 0 00
From store	1 50 @ 1 60
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon,	
Cuba, hhds	45 @ 47
do bbls	47½@ 50
Sugar house	35 @ 36
do bbls	37 @ 40
Syrup, bbls	50 @ 1 00
NAVAL STORES,	
Turpentine ℔ 280 lbs.	
Virgin	0 00 @ 2 80
Yellow dip	0 00 @ 2 80
Hard	0 00 @ 1 65
Tar, ℔ bbl.	0 00 @ 2 00
Tar, in ordr	0 00 @ 2 20
Pitch, City	3 00 @ 3 25
Rosin, pale	4 00 @ 4 50
do No. 1	2 50 @ 3 50
do No. 2	1 60 @ 1 80
do No. 3	0 00 @ 1 55
Spirits Turpentine,	
℔ gal	43½@ 42
NAILS, ℔ lb.,	
Cut	5 50 @ 5 75
OILS, ℔ gallon,	
Sperm	0 00 @ 3 00
Linseed	1 40 @ 1 50
Machinery	1 75 @ 2 00
Kerosene	40 @ 42½
PEA NUTS,	1 30 @ 1 80
POTATOES,	
Sweet, bush	1 20 @ 1 25
Irish, ℔ bbl	3 00 @ 5 00
PROVISIONS, ℔ lb.,	
N. C. Bacon,	
Hams	18 @ 20
Middlings	18 @ 19
Shoulders	16 @ 17
Hog round	18 @ 19
Western Bacon.	
Hams	17 @ 21
Middlings	17 @ 18½
Shoulders	14 @ 15
Lard, N. C.	20 @ 21
do North'n	16 @ 20
Butter, N. C.	25 @ 30
do North'n	35 @ 42
Cheese	16 @ 20
Pork, Northern, ℔ bbl.	
City Mess	29 00 @29 50
Prime Mess	00 00 @00 00
Prime	00 00 @00 00
Rump	27 00 @28 00
SALT, Alum, per	
bag; 2 bush	1 75 @2 00
Liverpool, sack, ground	
cargo	0 00 @ 1 50
from store	1 60 @ 1 65
American	1 50 @ 1 55
SUGAR, ℔ lb.,	
Cuba	14 @ 15
Porto Rico	13 @ 14
C	14½@ 14½
B	15 @ 15½
A	15 @ 16
Crushed	16½@ 17
SOAP, ℔ lb.	
Northern,	6½@ 10
Wilmington,	
Ext. Family,	10½@ 11
Family	10 @ 10
Chemical,	9½@ 10
Pale	8 @ 10½
SHINGLES, ℔ M.,	
Contract	4 00 @ 5 50
Common	2 50 @ 3 00
STAVES, ℔ M.,	
W. O. bbl	00 00 @30 00
R. O. bbl	00 00 @00 00
TIMBER, ℔ M.,	
Shipping	00 00 @12 00
Mill, prime	10 00 @11 00
Mill Fair	7 00 @ 8 50
Mill, inferior to	
ord	4 00 @ 5 00
TALLOW, lb	10 @ 11

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKETS FOR THE WEEK ENDING THURSDAY, March 3, 1870.

TURPENTINE.—The market for this article opened on Friday last at an advance of 5 cents on previous days' quotations, and ruled steady up to Tuesday, when it gave way 5 cents, with sales at $2 80 for soft and $1 65 for hard, ℔ bbl. of 280 lbs—closing at these figures, with a moderate demand. Receipts for the week are smaller, and the sales comprise 2,226 bbls, as follows:

	Bbls.	Soft	Hard
Friday	250	$2