THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
SUPERIOR COURT ONSLOW COUNTY.

Henry W. Petteway, Administrator, Plaintiff, of Peter Ambrose, deceased, *Against* John A. Petteway, Wm D. Bryan, Ambrose Barry, Murrill Barry, Victoria Barry and Peter E. Barry, Defendants.	Petition to sell Real Estate to make it Assets.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION OF the Court that Ambrose Barry, Murrill Barry, Victoria Barry and Peter E. Barry reside beyond the limits of this State, and have property in this State, and that the Plaintiff has a cause of action against them, it is ordered that publication be made once a week for six weeks in the Wilmington JOURNAL, a newspaper published in the city of Wilmington, in this State, notifying the said Ambrose Barry, Murrill Barry, Victoria Barry and Peter E. Barry, of the filing of the petition in this action, and directing them to appear before this Court on or before the 25th day of July, A. D. 1870, and answer the petition, or the same will be heard *ex parte* as to them, and a decree of sale awarded *pro confesso* as to them.

It is furthermore ordered that a summons and copy of the petition for each of the said Defendants be sent by mail, directed to their respective Postoffices.

Witness my hand and official seal, SEAL at office in Jacksonville, this 25th day April, A. D. 1870.

A. C. HUGGINS,
Clerk Superior Court Onslow County.
april 29 12-w6w*

$100 TO $250 *per month guaranteed. Sure pay.* Wages paid weekly to Agents everywhere, selling our *Patent Silver Mould White Wire Clothes Lines.* Business permanent. For full particulars, address

GIRARD WIRE MILLS, Philadelphia, Pa
april 29 12-weow2m*

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE FOREWARNED against trading for a note made by me to Messrs. Tolar & Mulford, for eight hundred dollars due August 1st, 1870, as I have paid it in full and have their receipt to that effect.

May 6th, 1870. W. J. TOLAR.
may 27 16-3m

MARRIAGE GUIDE.

BEING a private instructor for married persons or those about to be married, both male and female, in everything concerning the physiology and relations of our sexual system, and the production and prevention of offspring, including all the new discoveries never before given in the English language, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This is really a valuable and interesting work. It is written in plain language for the general reader, and is illustrated with numerous Engravings. All young married people, or those contemplating marriage, and having the least impediment to married life, should read this book. It discloses secrets that every one should be acquainted with; still it is a book that must be looked up and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cts. Address, Dr. WM. YOUNG, No. 416 Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ AFFLICTED AND UNFORTUNATE.—No matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native and foreign—who advertise in this or any paper, get a copy of Dr Young's Book and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

Dr. Young can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publications, at his office, No. 416 Spruce street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.
oct 22 37-1ych

MARRIED.

In Brunswick county, on the 23d instant, by Edward W. Taylor, Esq., Mr. JAMES W. HARRIS to Mrs. SUSAN A. REYNOLDS, all of Brunswick county.

DIED.

In Tarboro', N. C., on the 17th of June, 1870, SUSAN DELLA, wife of Col. John M. Perry, in the 29th year of her age.

Of Typhoid Dysentery at the residence of E. Hansley, near Mt. Olive, little THEODORE, youngest child of C. A. and M. J. Hamner, of Wilmington.

STATE NEWS.

ROBESON county boasts of cotton blossoms, and of stalks eighteen inches high.

CHARLOTTE is to have a new Market House at a cost of $10,000.

THE Conservatives of Cabarrus county have nominated Dr. John L. Henderson for the House, and Nelson Slough for Sheriff.

A new trial has been granted by the Supreme Court to James Shirley, colored, convicted of murder and sentenced at last term of Edgecombe Superior Court.

SOME of the State exchanges *will* persist in calling the Williamston and Tarboro' R. R. the Wilmington and Tarboro' R. R. There is no such road as the latter.

CLARKE, Holden's new Brigadier Colonel, has returned to Newbern, from Washington City, having perfected arrangements there for arming and equipping his legalized Ku-Klux.

CENTRAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—This Society will hold its twelfth annual Fair at Henderson, N. C., on the 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th of October next. Hon. K. P. Battle and Prof. W. C. Kerr will deliver the addresses.

A MAN named Emory, a watchman at the R. & G. R. R. depot, in Raleigh, was shot on Monday night last, by some unknown party. The wound is a severe one, the ball having entered the mouth, knocking out three teeth and lodging near the left ear.

SAYS the *Standard*: At the late commencement of the University of North Carolina, the Doctorate of Divinity was bestowed on Rev. Mr. Buxton, of Asheville, Rev. Mr. Meynardie, of Shelby, Rev. Mr. Purefoy, of Orange, and Rev. Mr. Welker, of Greensboro'.

[And how about Rev. Mr. Ashley, of Cape Cod?]

HON. A. H. Jones has introduced into the House of Representatives a bill "to incorporate branches of the contemplated Southern Trans-Continental Railway Company, under the name and style of the Western North Carolina Extension Railway Company." The bill proposes to build the uncompleted portions of the Western Extension, the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad, and the Spartansburg Railroad, by the granting of public lands sufficient to defray the expense.

THE *Robesonian* learns that Mr. David McDuffie, of Fayetteville, who was shot and wounded by a party of disguised men at Averysboro, N. C., about two weeks ago, died on last Sunday about 2 o'clock a. m.

It was at first reported that Mr. McDuffie was not seriously hurt, and the intelligence of his death was altogether unexpected.

He was a quiet, peaceable and inoffensive man, and we have heard no cause assigned for the dastardly and cowardly act which has deprived the community of another of its best citizens.

CONVICTION OF KU-KLUX.—The *Rev.* Allen Paisley, Oscar Albright and Dick Thompson, all colored, have been convicted at the present term of Alamance Superior Court, Judge Tourgee presiding, of Ku-Kluxing several of their own color, among them another *Reverend*, and sent to the Penitentiary for six years each.

The evidence was so conclusive against them that they made no defense, but confessed to the charges in the indictment.

Paisley, it seems, was not only Captain of the colored Ku-Klux about Graham, but also of another Company in the same county. They had, as they acknowledged, a complete outfit of disguises. When they went to a colored man's house and whipped him, they told him it was a law of the Ku Klux that, should he tell of it, he would be hung by them.—*Sentinel.*

THE Fayetteville *Presbyterian* gives us, in full, the nominations made at both the Conservative and Republican County Conventions, held at Fayetteville on Saturday. They are:

Conservative—House of Representatives, Chas. W. Broadfoot and John H. Currie; Sheriff, R. W. Hardie; Coroner, Daniel Buxton, (col,); Surveyor, Foster Mason; Treasurer, James D. Nott; Register, William P. Campbell; Commissioners, A. A. McKethan, Hector McNeill, W. T. Rhodes, John McKellar and Kader Parker.

Republicans—House of Representatives, J. W. Hopkins and James Bowman, (col.); Sheriff, John Reilly; Coroner, John A. Watson; Surveyor, Col. Wm. Shaw; Treasurer, S. N. Welsh; Register, M. N. Leary, Jr., (colored); Commissoners, W. H. Tomlinson, A. J. Chesnutt (col.,) Finlayson Morrison, David A. Bryan (col.,) John Minor.

At a Republican District Convention, held here on yesterday, W. H. Porter, of Cumberland, and R. P. Ward, of Sampson, were nominated for the Senate.

THREE new stores to be completed in Wilson within a month.

Two mad dogs killed, in one week, near Winston, N. C.

WAYNE county Radicals convention it in Goldsboro' to-day.

JOHN ROBINSON has announced himself as a Republican condidate for the House from Wayne.

INMATES of Wayne county jail swear in the morning and sing hymns in the afternoon.

B. H. BUNN, Esq., of Rocky Mount, had $150 stolen from his office on Wednesday night.

THE Yadkin Conservatives have nominated John G. Marler for the House and T. D. Kelley for Sheriff.

A PARTY of eight negroes, and all armed, are banging about the woods in the neighborhood of Hillsboro.

WE learn that Tilman Farrow has declared himself the Republican candidate for the county of Hyde for the Senate, and Hilliard Gibbs, Esq., for the House.

A series of meetings are under progress at the Methodist Church in Goldsboro,' with the view of their resulting in a revival.

Mr. Tillotson McCain, an old resident of the Milton neighborhood, was recently found dead in the woods near his house.—Supposed natural death.

THE Greensboro' *Patriot* learns that the wheat crop throughout that section has not been injured, notwithstanding the many heavy rains they have had lately.

THE Republican party went into power by promising the people of the State peace and prosperity. It is giving us a standing army of 3,000 men that will cost the State $200,000 dollars per month.

THE Hillsboro Recorder says: We regret to announce the demise of Eli Murray, Esq., one of the oldest and cleverest citizens in Alamance. He died suddenly, on Monday morning of last week, aged 71 years. A good man has fallen.

JOHN ROBINSON'S Circus acted badly at Mocksville the other day, as we learn from the *Old North State*. They set up gambling booths in the street, and assaulted and attempted to rob a revenue officer. Turn out your melish, dear Governor.

THE *Standard* states that four white men, Webster Lorrell, Taylor Pennington, Young Chapel and John Holderfield were examined before Mayor Harrison, in Raleigh, on Thursday, charged with beating an old colored man named Squire Holloway and maltreating his wife. They gave bail in $2,000 each for appearance.—They were afterwards arrested by the U. S. Marshal for violation of "an act to enforce the rights of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other purposes."

A WEEKLY mail line, between Fayetteville and Shoe Heel, is to go into operation July 1st.

THE Methodist and Episcopal Church buildings in Fayetteville are being renovated.

THE Raleighites are preparing to make preparations for celebrating the Fourth of July.

A main of chickens was fought at Rocky Mount on Wednesday and Thursday, between some Nash and Edgecombe parties. Nash won some five out of six fights.

1,500 colored Sunday School teachers, and scholars in Weldon, on Wednesday last. They were from Petersburg and Norfolk.

THE *Sentinel* thinks that Gov. Holden will pardon Andrew Tarply, the negro who is now under sentence of death for a rape committed on a little white girl in Alamance county. Our dear Governor has a fellow feeling for all scoundrels in distress.

CRAVEN COUNTY.—The Radicals of Craven have nominated Richard Tucker, E. R. Dudley and G. B. Willis, all colored, for the House of Representatives. The Convention was the counterpart of the one held here.

The post office at Lewisville, in Forsythe county, has been re established, with Jno. W. G. Brinkley as post master; also the post office at Panther Creek, Yadkin county, Benj. F. Jones, post master; also that at Young's Mills, Guilford county, T. M. Woodburn, post matter.

The Charlotte *Observer* says: The warm weather lately has brought out the growing crops and the corn and cotton were never in a finer condition than now. So rapid is their growth that the farmers think they can perceive it each day.

COL. John H. Wheeler, appointed Assistant Marshal to collect social statistics of the district of North Carolina, has nearly completed his duty in this capacity, and the returns will soon be ready for tabulation at the Census Department at Washington, D. C.

Do not lose sight of the fact that in order to carry our State elections in the interest of the Radical leaders, the military are being organized on a war footing, at a vast expense to the State, and that every dollar of the money thus wickedly squandered will have to come out of the pockets of the tax-payers. They will feel it pinch after a while.—Salem *Press.*

THE Postoffices now open along the river between Fayetteville and Wilmington are Gray's Creek, Joseph Pate, P. M.; Cedar Creek, Miss E. Cain, P. M.; Little Sugar Loaf, Miss R. Layton, P. M.; Harrison's Creek, Hiram Vickers, P. M.; Loveland, Burrell Long, P. M.; Daniel's Landing, Geo. A. Downing, P. M.

Fayetteville *Eagle.*

W. A. Smith, (blow your horn Billy,) candidate for the Senate in Alamance and President of the N. C. R. R., is reported as intending to bring 1,000 negroes from South Carolina to work on his road (just before the election). It is further stated that he has boldly and unblushingly declared that he and his party intended to buy enough votes to carry the election.

Raleigh *Sentinel.*

GOLDSBORO', N. C., June 23, 1870.

EDITOR SENTINEL—Dear Sir:—A right amusing incident transpired this morning just before the departure of the excursion train for Morehead City. The parties were A. H. Galloway, col., of Wilmington, and one carpet-bagger, Schenck, of Custom House notoriety, (who, Galloway says, was run away from the Custom House in New Orleans for stealing.) Schenck walked up to Galloway and told him that he heard he was going to Newbern to make a speech, and that if he, Galloway, did speak in Newbern, that he would tear him all to pieces. Galloway replied by telling Schenck, that he had no intention of making a speech whatever. Schenck told him that he *did* expect to go to Newbern to make a speech, and for no other purpose. Galloway again told him that that was not his intention, and that he thought he knew his business better than Mr. Schenck did. Schenck then told Galloway he was a liar; whereupon Galloway rubbed his fist upon his nasal protuberance and told him that, if he would walk out of the Hotel office, he would whip him. He said that he had too much respect for the proprietors of the Hotel to whip such a man as Schenck in their house. He abused Schenck for every thing that he could think of, which he took like a dog.

The difficulty started on account of Galloway's saying that he would not support Dockery for Congress. He says that Dockery has "gone back on them," (the Republican party,) and that he will not support him for any office. Galloway says, that he will vote for Bob. Strange and do all he can against Dockery. Hip! Hip! Hurrah for Galloway!

Yours, in great haste,

CONSERVATIVE.
Raleigh *Sentinel.*

The Living Machine.

Injure the main spring of a watch, and every portion of the works become disordered. The human stomach is to the human system what that elastic piece of metal is to a chronometer. It influences the action of the other organs, and controls, to a certain extent, the whole living machine. The comparison may be carried further, for as the weakness or other imperfections of the main spring is indicated on the face of the time piece, so also is the weakness or other disorder of the stomach betrayed by the face of the invalid. The complexion is sallow or faded, the eyes are deficient in lustre and intelligence, and there is a worn, anxious expression in the whole countenance which tell as plainly as written words could do, that the *great nourishing organ* whose office it is to minister to the wants of the body, and to sustain and renew all its parts, is not performing its duty. It requires renovating and regulating, and to accomplish this end Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be truly said to be *the one thing needful.* The broken main spring of a watch may be replaced by a new one, but the stomach can only be repaired and strengthened, and this is one of the objects of the famous vegetable restorative which for eighteen years has been waging a successful contest with dyspepsia in all climates. As a specific for indigestion it stands alone. When the resources of the pharmacopœia have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the complaint, a course of this wholesome and palatable, yet powerful stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspepsia the liver is more or less disordered, and upon this important gland, as well as upon the stomach and bowels, the Bitters act with singular distinctness, regulating and reinvigorating every secretive and assimilating organ on which bodily and mental health depend.

The Death of Lord Arthur Pelham Clinton—End of a Fast Young Man.

A telegram from London reports the death on Saturday last of an unfortunate young man whose name has recently gained an unenviable notoriety in connection with the "Boulton masqueraders case." He was the third son of Henry, fifth Duke of Newcastle, by Lady Susan Harriet Catherine, only daughter of Alexander, tenth Duke of Hamilton, and was born on the 23d of June, 1840. His mother, it will be remembered, was divorced from his father in 1850, the affair creating great excitement in aristocratic circles in England, she having been guilty of infidelity to her husband. The Duke, by the way, who held a prominent position among English statesmen, having been a member of the cabinets of Aberdeen and Palmerston, is said to have been the model of Disraeli's "Conningsby," in the novel of that name. He accompanied the Prince of Wales to the United States and Canada in 1860, and died four years later.

The subject of this sketch, Lord Arthur Pelham Clinton, was educated at Eton, and soon after his graduation entered the royal navy, of which he beame a lieutenant. Becoming tired of the service he left it without leave, and, after some time spent in going from point to point, was arrested as a deserter. Family influence, however, prevented his being cashiered, and he was allowed to resign his commission. He then went to London, where he appears to have led a wild life. In 1865 he was elected a member of Parliament from Newark, serving until 1868, but taking little or no part in the debates of the House. In fashionable parlance he was "fast," and in his career of dissipation had for companions members of the most aristocratic families of England, including, as would appear from letters recently found, the Prince of Wales himself. A few weeks ago the deceased, with others, was arrested on a very serious charge, still pending, and in which the United States consul at Glasgow is implicated. His death so soon after, coupled with his dying declaration of innocence, indicates that the gravity of his position preyed upon his mind and accelerated, if it did not actually cause, the end of his earthly life. His dying declaration that the assumption of women's clothing by the masqueraders was merely in frolic will doubtless go far towards exculpating the other gentlemen under arrest from the suspicion of having committed a most horrible offense, for which the laws of England provide severe punishment.

The Princess Editha—Her True Story.

Mesdames Woodhull & Claflin, whom the Princess Editha Gilbert Montez accuses of appropriating $4,000 worth of valuables left with them for safe keeping, tells a story which puts an entirely different light upon the matter. They say that she came to them in rags and told a pitiful tale of want and despair, which induced them to assist in bringing her before the public as a lecturess in order to enable her to earn an honest living. The idea of her owning jewels worth four thousand dollars appears to them utterly ridiculous.

Mr. Michaels, editor of the Druggists' Circular, said on being asked: "That woman who calls herself Editha Montez is the greatest impostor and swindler that ever walked on two legs. She is the daughter of a former [illegible] Hecker, and her name is Claudia Solomon. A scampish relative of mine, who has got himself into innumerable difficulties, chose to figure as Count Napoleon De Plesny. She formed an acquaintance with him and perhaps that gave her the notion of assuming the title of Princess Editha Montez. She used to come here and inquire about him, but I gave her to understand that he was not to be seen here. I heard no more of her until the affair of the lecture. As to her possessing diamonds or anything valuable whatever, it was perfectly ridiculous."

A Woman Asserts Her Rights Manfully.

Montana has a citizen named Miss Given Evans, who, as may readily be inferred from her name, is by birth a Welsh woman. About a month ago she entered the United States District Court in Montana, and asked to have a naturalization certificate made out for her. The puzzled functionary settled his spectacles on his nose, examined the applicant with surprise, and then plunged into United States statutes, in which he found no legal reason why a women should not be duly naturalized, and so Miss Evans received her papers, with which she boldly went to the land office of the Territory. There she asked a clerk to make out her declaratory statement to preempt one hundred and sixty acres of public land. The gentleman, like the other, was somewhat astonished by her request, but examining authorities, he found no reason to repel the applicant, and her certificate was duly filed as No. 1,000. The energetic lady then went to work on her newly acquired land, and built a house, and set about to improve her farm, fencing it, and otherwise showing that, having it, she intended to keep it. She now has a cow, a yoke of oxen, and all the usual farming tools generally used by pioneers. Her land is in Deer Lodge Valley, and some day the Northern Pacific railroad will run close to it, making it quite a little fortune.

What a Man Does in Half a Century.

According to a French statistician, taking the mean of many accounts, a man of fifty years of age has slept 6,000 days, worked 6,500 days, walked 800 days, amused himself 4,000 days, was eating 1,500 days, was sick 500 days, &c. He ate 17,000 pounds of bread, 16,000 pounds of meat, 4,500 pounds of vegetables, eggs and fish, and drank 7,000 gallons of liquid, viz: water, coffee, tea, beer, wine, &c., all together. This would make a respectable lake of 300 square feet surface and three feet deep, on which a small steamboat could navigate. And all this solid and liquid material passing through a human being in fifty years!

A Remarkable Bet.

The most remarkable bet on record was that of Major William S. Morse, of Washington, a corporation contractor, who was so sanguine of the result of the municipal election that he made a bet with Mr. E. B. Hughes, of the navy yard, that if Mr. Bowen was not re elected he would crawl on his belly from the City Hall to Georgetown, a distance of about three miles, and over streets very rough and muddy at this season.

He lost the bet and crawled three miles on his belly in accordance with the agreement, in the presence of a large crowd, preceded by a band of music.

A man in Iowa lately courted and engaged to marry a young girl, but his father stepped in before him and married her. To spite the old gentleman, the son married the girl's mother. When father and son are blessed with children, what will be the family relation?

Wade Hampton has beaten his sword into an $18,000 steam plow-share.

The Darien Surveying Expedition.

Advices from the Darien surveying expedition are to May 30. The weather had continued extremely unfavorable. Rains were of daily occurrence, and very heavy, swelling the streams to torrents, and it had been difficult to keep the working parties at the front supplied with provisions. On the 15th of May a new working party under Lieut. Hubbard started, relieving Lieut. Hitchcock and party, who had conducted the survey from the Bay of San Blas to a point thirteen miles inland. A letter was received on the 28th from the commander of the Nyack, which is on the Pacific side, stating that his party were some distance up the Byano river, the course of which they expected to leave shortly to ascend the Marmonia river.

The general health of the expedition is fair, no sickness having appeared except fever and ague. The men, however, were exceedingly dissatisfied with Commander Selfridge's determination to prolong their stay on the isthmus. Five men have deserted from the Guard, and more would go if they had opportunity. Officers and men complain that their endurance has now been taxed to the utmost, and that longer stay in such a climate will be dangerous. Most of the men have worn out all their clothing and shoes, and the officers are in little better condition. The men are deeply in debt, having worn out more clothes on the expedition than would be required for a three years' cruise. The pay and allowances are not greater than when on a cruise, and unless relief is afforded by the government the expedition will be a costly one to those engaged in it.

From the Missouri Republican.

"The Man and Brother."

Having gathered a goodly crop of laurels and cash from his lectures to the faithful in Boston, Mr. Senator Revels (colored) returned to New York, received the ministerial benediction of Beecher, and then passed on to the capitol to resume his arduous Senatorial labors. During his sojourn in Gotham, Revels was informed that a woman claiming to be his sister was in the public alms-house of the city with a broken leg and no money. Revels went to the alms-house, found his sister in the suffering and destitute condition aforesaid, and immediately opened his heart and his pocket, and bestowed upon her the munificent donation of fifty cents postal currency. This astonishing benevolence, and the circumstances attending it, naturally leaked out, and were made the subject of considerable comment. Revels, then in Washington, heard the echoes of his charity, and was sorely troubled. He communicates his feelings to a friend in New York in a note from which we take a brief extract:

"Go to my sister and instruct her, so far as her poor, shattered intellect will permit her to comprehend, as to the efforts being made to ruin me in public estimation by the surreptitious use of her name; tell her on no account must she touch a single cent of their money, for it is intended to be my blood-money, and will turn to ashes in her use.

"By promptly attending to this matter you will not only oblige myself, but will be rendering service to that great party to which we owe so much, for it is that party which is being attended of the poor house will inform you that I have communicated with him as regards the arrangements I will make in event of her death."

Generous Revels! Noble Senator! Happy sister to have such a brother! Fifty cents to heal a broken leg, and "arrangements" for a comfortable coffin in case she should conclude to die. Her intellect must be badly "shattered," indeed, if she cannot appreciate such fraternal affection as this, and "the great party to which we owe so much" ought to be especially proud of Revels.

Commercial Convention at White Sulphur Springs.

This convention, composed of business men, met at White Sulphur Springs, Va., on Tuesday, 21st instant, at 12 o'clock.

There were present over one hundred delegates, representing Richmond, Norfolk, Petersburg, Lynchburg, Bristol, Christiansburg and Abingdon.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Convention:

Resolved, That we exhort all Virginians to cooperate cordially, and with energy, in the effort to improve and perfect commercial communication between the Southwest and the Virginia cities, in such manner as will secure to each of them equal facilities, and the fair legitimate fruits of energy without discrimination or preference among them.

Resolved, That we also earnestly invoke the attention of the merchants and planters of Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi to the facilities and advantages offered by our Virginia cities, and invite them to co-operate with us in the endeavor to extend and establish profitable commercial relations with the Mississippi and beyond.

On motion, the Convention adjourned *sine die.*

Scarlet Hats and Stockings.

Pope Pius the Ninth will, some time in the month of July, hold a consistory in Rome, and bestow fifteen cardinals' hats on as many of the foremost champions of infallibility—that is, one hat for each champion. As a scarlet hat brings with it a pair of scarlet stockings—quite different from the custom of our New York fashioners in black and white castors—it will be hot work. We trust, however, that the American prelates won't be forgotten.—Scarlet would look well, too, if only by contrast with the snow, in Canada. If the Canadians receive a hat or two let us see what Irish Fenian will attempt to knock them off. All right.

"What I Know About Farming"—After Greeley

(By Mark Twain.)

"Turnips should never be pulled; it injures them. It is better to send a boy up and let him shake the tree.

"The guano is a fine bird, but great care is necessary in rearing it. It should not be imported earlier than June nor later than September. In the winter it should be kept in a warm place, where it can hatch out its young.

"It is evident that we are to have a backward season for grain. Therefore it will be well for the farmer to begin setting out his cornstalks and planting his buckwheat cakes in July instead of August.

"Concerning the pumpkin.—This berry is a favorite with the natives of the interior of New England, who prefer it to the gooseberry for the making of fruit cake, and who likewise give it the preference over the raspberry for feeding cows, as being more filling and as fully satisfying. The pumpkin is the most escalent to the orange family that will thrive in the North, except the gourd and one or two varieties of the squash. But the custom of planting it in the front yard with the shrubbery is fast going out of vogue, for it is now generally conceded that the pumpkin, as a shade tree, is a failure.

"Now, as the warm weather approaches, and the ganders begin to spawn—" and so on.

For the Journal.

A LEAF FROM THE "PRIESTHOOD."

BY MONONIA.

CHAPTER XL.

The Maid of Frascati.

In her days, every man shall eat in safety,
Under his own vine, what he plants; and sing
The merry song of peace to all his neighbors.
Henry VIII.

Father De Soto had forgotten his mission to the daughter of Ramon. Other thoughts were rising in his mind, for memory was busy with a train of events long gone. He seemed one that felt more than he expressed. Was his monastic nature now softened? Did the appeal of Josephine awaken pleasant memories? He smiled when she told him to continue, and as he continued his face assumed the appearance of a sunlit lake, reflecting, here and there on its glassy surface, a Summer cloud.

He began thus the story of the maid of Frascati:

On the mossy declivity of a hill, situated in as charming a spot and as picturesque as any that adorns Italian scenery, stands a snug and quiet hamlet. It commands a view of some of the ruins of antiquity. Seen in the distance are the crumbling remains of Tusculum, full of legendary tales, and of traditionary "glory circling round the soul." Here stood the villa of the eloquent and philosophic Cicero. Every boy must have read his "Tusculine Disputations,"

"Unwasting, deathless and sublime."

They were written here, and hence their title. Fincastle is the Phœnix of Tusculum, a not unworthy representative.—Hither the Italians flock every Summer to drink in the draughts of pure cool air, which floats around the hill, and inhale the fragrance and health which hover around its brow. They are enchanted with the beauties which eveywhere meet the view. The sunless glens, the sparkling streamlets, the verdant glades, the lofty hoary crags, the vineland, the meadows, the orchards, and the beechen forests, the mountain slopes and gorges. All seek, who can, the home of *estication*, the *tempo di villiggiatura.* On its summit they can sit and listen to the carrolling birds; glance around on the magic panorama of the *Campagni di Romana*, and breathe and see another life. The tourist will be enravished with the scenery. His mind will carry him back to other scenes, through history and romance, to ramble over flowery meads, to join the throng hurrying onward to visit the great Roman orator, the foe of Catoline. He will look in silent awe into the study of the thunderous Demosthenes. Will be vividly described by taking a walk through the venerable ruins. In gazing upon the spurting fountains, the bas-reliefs and fresco paintings, the memory of the celebrated Domenichino will be brightened.—His remains lie here. Belvedere will not stand unnoticed. The dilapidated walls could be metamorphosed into impregnable butments and towers. The strength, the grandeur, the glory and greatness, splendor and munificence of the buried past would rise up before you as things that were not dead, but sleepeth. Such indeed were my feelings when a frisking, almost thoughtless urchin I scampered over those fields, climbed that hill, and ran and rolled down its velvet sides to the great joy, oftener to the greater terror, of little sister Mary, and of her whom I was wont to call my sweet sister Fanny. We would steal out in the morning when the dew was studding each blade of grass to divert our time till breakfast, playing, and reading the tales of those distant ages, in a neighboring vale. Mary and Fanny grew up *two red cherries on the same stem.* They were of the same age. Fanny was an adopted sister. She was an orphan. This made her to me, and to all, doubly dear. Mary and I did everything to please her. She was easily pleased. Our days, our plays, were happy. We were the delight of the hillside home. Fannie was quietude personified. Mary was the opposite. I held the medium. There was that among us then which harmonized. I loved Fannie. Two years rolled down the current of time in the holiest pleasures. My attachment increased till I could stand it no longer. I remember the morning well I asked her to make me happy. We were standing near the Belvedere. Not a soul but two was there.

"Fannie?"

Tears stole into her eyes. She looked into mine. She divined my thoughts.

"No."

She had given her answer. I shall never forget the glow of angelic fire in her pure face. It stole away my senses. I felt I was in the presence of an immortal. Falling, I could have adored her. I was on *holy ground.* Hand in hand we walked back to the cottage. We dared not look at each other. Our hands trembled, but we held them linked. She spoke.

"To morrow, my dear, dearest, brother—I have never called you ought else, you know—I will take leave of you, and all friends, and loved Frascati, my beloved home forever. I will go forth to labor for eternal riches, and to gain the love of my God. His love, and his riches, the tooth of time cannot touch and devour as yonder fleeting glory of worldly vanity and greatness. (She pointed to the ruins of Tusculum.) O my brother, I love you, but with Heaven's love. I know you are good, generous, noble. I know it is such as you the Lord wants in the harvest. Farewell, brother, farewell!" She was gone. I stood fixed to the ground near the door of my home. I looked round. The Heaven above was alone pure. Fannie was gone to labor for Heaven. I would never see her again save there. The garden of men was in need of stout laborers. The weeds of sin were poisoning there, and every seed of virtue. I turned away. I would not enter. My guiding star was the image of Fannie. My book was the Bible of salvation. I started to work for Jesus.

"His death eclipsed the gayety of nations, and impoverished the public stock of harmless pleasures." This eulogy of Dr. Johnson upon Garrick has been aptly applied to Dickens.

When General Banks's voice failed him in his recent Cuban speech, an outsider was cruel enough to make a remark to the effect that "Another of the National Banks had busted."

ALLEGED SECRET SERVICE HISTORY.

Testimony of the Rev. Colonel Jaquess.

HIS VISITS TO RICHMOND.

HIS CONVERENCE WITH PRESIDENT DAVIS.

He Next Interviews Greeley, Ex-President Buchanan and Others.

THE PLOT TO BURN NORTHERN CITIES—IT IS FRUSTRATED BY A CONFEDERATE CHEMIST, &c., &c.

The New York Herald publishes, under a flaming heading, a voluminous report of the United States Senate Committee on Military Affairs on the claim of Col. J. F. Jaquess for important secret services to the Government during the late unpleasantness. The Colonel states that he obtained leave of absence from his regiment, the 73d Illinois, in May '64, from Mr. Lincoln, and proceeded to Richmond via Fortress Monroe.

HIS TRIP THROUGH THE LINES.

On getting to General Grant's headquarters and stating his wish to visit Richmond, the General remarked that he had not been able for weeks to get a reply from "the rebels" to a flag of truce, but agreed to make another attempt. His request was as follows:

"Will Colonel Ould, commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, Confederate States Army, meet Col. James F. Jaquess, of the Seventy-third regiment, Illinois volunteers, United States Army, on important business in the line of his duty?"

To this the following reply was received:

"Col. Ould will meet Col. Jaquess tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, near Mrs. Glenn's house." Signed by R. E. Lee, officially.

The case was then referred by General Grant to General Butler, to be executed in detail. When I reported to General Butler and explained to him the order and my intention of entering the rebel lines, he said, "Good chance to get hung." And when arrangements were completed and I was about to take my final departure for Richmond, General Butler said, in very consoling terms, "If the rebels hang you, Jaquess, I'll hang two of them in your place, better men than you are."

THE CONFEDERATES NOT FIGHTING FOR SLAVERY.

Further on he testified that in his interview with Mr. Davis, he elicited the statement that the Confederates were not fighting for slavery, but for independence; adding, "we will have independence or we will have annihilation."

THE NIAGARA CONFERENCE.

His next secret service trip was to interview Clement C. Clay and Jacob Thompson, at Niagara Falls. Mr. Lincoln's instructions to him being, "I want you to crack that nut immediately." He had to make a second trip before he gained access to the Niagara Conference, and then obtained it, he says, through Ex-President Buchanan. To get Mr. Buchanan's signature he repaired to Wheatland, and while there drank more liquor than he time, because it was the custom of Mr. Buchanan's guests at that time. We never before knew that the Sage of Wheatland was either very bibulous or the patron of hard drinkers.

The Colonel says: "Among other important facts which I discovered in this movement was one, not so generally credited at the time, viz: that Ex-President Buchanan was thoroughly advised of and familiar with all the movements of the enemy on the border, and in full sympathy with them, and preferred that they should succeed in their wicked design against the government than that the Republican party should succeed in saving and keeping control of the country."

He made three trips to Niagara, to what he terms "the Democratic Convention" assembled there, and reported each time to President Lincoln in person.

HIS NEXT VISIT TO RICHMOND.

He next smuggled himself through the Confederate lines, passed through Petersburg and came to Richmond, his business being to ferret out the supposed plot to burn the Nothern cities. Here he found a Confedrate at the head of the chemical department, whose name he declined giving, except to any member of the committee, privately.

THIS BIG-HEARTED CHEMIST.

Upon this point, Col. Jaquess says I got access to him, and found him a gentleman, a man with a kind heart, with a big heart; and by a kind interview with him I succeeded in inducing him, by practical experiment, to get up a composition that would burn for a given time as though it would burn the world up, and then extinguish itself. He got up, first, a composition that was very inflammable, that only had to be touched with a match and it went off at once like a friction match.—He put up another substance in a ball about the size of a hen's egg, or perhaps a little larger, which was inclosed in this outer very inflammable substance, and when fire was touched to this ball it burned very vividly for a moment, and the moment it struck this inside composition it would sparkle and make a fuss very much like damp powder and extinguish itself at once. We experimented in a room where he and I were locked together, with straw and hay, and I saw that the thing was perfectly satisfactory, and I made the arrangements with him to have the plan carried out, to have that used. It cost me between $1,200 and $1,300. My object was to avert the burning of the Northern cities.

He further testified that Gen. Breckenridge, acting under the authority of the Confederate government, was at the head of the plot; and this good-hearted chemist was induced by him to aid in defeating the object.

HIS SOJOURN IN RICHMOND.

While at Richmond, where he remained three days, he had an interview with President Davis. Leaving Richmond at the end of this period, he returned with all haste to Washington, and reported the result of his Mission to Mr. Lincoln in person, reciting in detail all that had occurred during his trip to the Confederate Capitol.

Eclipse.

The next total eclipse of the sun will occur on the 22d day of next December. It will be invisible here, but can be watched at the Mediterranean astronomical stations. The British government is making preparations to have a corps of capable observers at advantageous points. An effort will be made by the Royal Astronomical Society on this occasion to solve the problem of the causes and nature of the corona always observed during a total eclipse of the sun, but, as yet, not explicitly defined.