THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

From South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 23.

The official returns will come in next Wednesday. It is conceded that Scott has been re-elected Governor by a largely reduced majority. Elliott, colored, is elected to Congress from the 3d District.

Rainey, mulatto, succeeds Whittemore.

The Second District being between Bowen and De Large, mulatto, is doubtful.

In the 4th District, McKissick, (Reformer,) is probably elected.

The Reformers elect about one-third of the Legislature.

WAR IN EUROPE.

PRUSSIAN DISADVANTAGES AT PARIS—THEY EXPERIENCE GREAT DIFFICULTY IN ERECTING THEIR WORKS.

PEACE PROSPECTS.

SYMPATHY OF PRUSSIAN SOLDIERS FOR THEIR WOUNDED.

TWO PRUSSIAN STEAMERS CAPTURED BY THE FRENCH.

TOURS, Oct. 24.

Rouatry has gone to Brittany.

The Bank of France is now located at Bordeaux, where it will remain during the war.

Over one hundred thousand of the National Guards responded to Gen. Trochu's call for service volunteers.

The Prussians entered Nauges and Monteraux and have evacuated Meaung and Beageney.

The fire from the Paris forts continue to delay the Prussian works.

The Prussians have established their first parallel within 600 paces of the French works at Schlestadt.

The Prussians occupy Chartereo.

The Prussians are concentrating at Gisors.

FLORENCE, Oct. 24.

The *Opinion*, in referring to the proposed armistice, says: "France will doubtless agree to the dismantlement of Metz and Strasburg and the payment of eighty million pounds sterling as a preliminary to peace, but Prussia insists upon the cession of Alsace and Lorraine."

LONDON, Oct. 24.

The army investing Paris have appropriated one day's pay, amounting to about half a million thalers, to the sick and wounded Germans.

It is rumored that the French have captured two large German steamers.

There is no evidence that Napoleon has accumulated a vast private fortune.

The *Standard* notices viciously Bismarck's attention to everything American and neglecting everything English.

The *Telegraph* is confident that the proposed French loan will be eagerly taken.

It is rumored that while Russia withholds co-operation with England, Austria and Italy in peace negotiations, Russia is acting independently, but energetically in the same direction.

BERLIN, Oct. 24.

The steamships Westphalia and Cimbria, of the Hamburg line, have arrived. They saw no cruisers.

The French fleet seems to have withdrawn to Havre and other French harbors.

TOURS, Oct. 24.

Some of the journals give the particulars of the alleged assassination at the capture of Soissons. Soldiers were shot down in the woods and killed in cold blood. The Government has asked for an explanation with a view to retaliation.

A dispatch from Rouen says that the men, women and children of Ivry have risen against the Prussians. There will be a desperate struggle.

The Ministry publishes the following:

The Prussians are preparing to besiege La Ferte.

St. Aubin has suddenly retreated towards Laon. It is reported that the Prussians were defeated with heavy loss in that neighborhood, and that the troops were hastily withdrawn to reinforce the defeated army.

BESANCON, Oct. 24.

The Prussians were repulsed at Chattelon Duc.

The bombardment of Schlestadt commenced on the 18th instant. Some of the houses were burned.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.

A correspondent of the Tribune says that the highest authority of the British Government has concluded the time had arrived for making another effort at an armistice. Bismarck favors an armistice for the convertion of the Constituent Assembly, but insists that an armistice must involve a practicable basis for peace. There is but one chance that the present effort may produce suspension of hostilities.

The World's special says Gladstone and Granville spent the whole day with the Prussian, Austrian and Italian Ambassadors and Gen. Bayer, who came recently from Metz.

Bayer has visited Napoleon's Secretary and the Empress.

It is reported that the Emperor and Empress, the King and Bismarck, have agreed upon a project for peace involving six thousand millions of francs in cattle, horses, grain, wine and oil to Prussia, but no cession of territory, unless Alsace votes for annexation.

Bazaine, in leaving Metz, proclaims the Prince Imperial Emperor, with Eugene as Regent. Its added solution depends absolutely upon King William's acceptance of the proposition.

It is insisted upon by the Powers that the cession of Alsace must be determined by its people. The project also involves the dismantlement of fortresses in Eastern France.

It is rumored that if Prussia objects to the plebiscite in Alsace, the Powers will compel Prussia's withdrawal from France.

Arrival of Hon. Jefferson Davis and Family in Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.

Hon. Jefferson Davis and family arrived in Baltimore to-day. They have taken rooms at Barnum's Hotel.

NOON TELEGRAMS.

WAR IN EUROPE!

THE PRUSSIANS ACTING ON THE STARVATION PLAN.

THE PRUSSIANS NOT DISPOSED TO GRANT AN ARMISTICE.

MORE PRUSSIAN TROOPS MOVING ON PARIS.

M. THIERS ALLOWED TO PROCEED AS FAR AS VERSAILLES, BUT NO FURTHER.

LONDON, Oct. 27.

Prince Napoleon publishes a letter contradicting the charges of the *Daily News* of his disloyalty to the Emperor and Empress. He denies having seen Bourbaki or Boyer, who came from Bazaine to the Empress. The Prince repeated personally an expression of devotion and fidelity.

The Mayor of Verdun indignantly refuses to surrender, and challenges the Prussians to come and take the town.

The military situation on the Loire is unchanged.

The garrison at Metz shows increased activity.

The Prussians were compelled to destroy the bridge at Ars Sur Moselle, as a precautionary measure. The Garrison makes damaging sorties. Every opening also opened with artillery from the right bank of Mozelle, destroying the little villages which sheltered the Prussians.

There is no doubt but what the French Government will be compelled to leave Tours.

Arrangements are progressing for the transfer of the government headquarters to Clermont.

The Prussians are persevering in their starvation policy at Paris and Metz. The fugitives from those cities have been forced to return.

The English Ministry is without a reply from Prussia up to noon to-day, and accepts the delay as an indisposition on the part of Prussia to an armistice.

TOURS, Oct. 27.

It is announced that the Prussians have at last granted to Thiers a safe conduct to Versailles, but no further. Thiers declines the acceptance, as he must consult with the Paris authorities.

No important military movements have been announced.

The weather continues stormy and otherwise unfavorable to military movements.

A large portion of the army of the Duke of Mecklenburg at Schwerin are moving rapidly towards Paris, and abandoning St. Quintin.

The siege of Laferte has been raised.

[Special to the New York World.]

LONDON, Oct. 27.

The English Ministry are annoyed by the guarded but absolute refusal of Russia to co-operate for peace.

The Chancellor of the Russian Cabinet has been at Brussels and Tours, and is expected a London.

It is inferred that Russia contemplates isolating England from both France and Germany on the Eastern question

The steps taken by the English Government have resulted only in mortincation for the Gladstone Ministry, showing the weakness of English influence in continental affairs, without contributing to a settlement.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27—Noon.

Stocks heavy. Gold 111⅞ to 111¾. Money 4 to 5 per cent, Sterling exchange—long 109¼; short 109⅞. Five-twenties of '62 112⅞.

Flour firm. Wheat dull. Corn dull. Pork heavy at $25 87 to $26. Lard quiet. Cotton dull and lower—Uplands 16⅞; Orleans 17¼; sales of 1,300 bales. Spirits turpentine quiet. Rosin dull. Freights firm.

Kind-Hearted and Practical.

A Kansas lady on retiring to her room one night found it literally filled with martins, which had flown in during her absence. Instead of harshly turning them out into the cold the kind-hearted lady captured nearly all the little creatures and had them served up the next day in a pot-pie.

A Popular Superstition.

One of the most popular superstitions of the day—"That man is a rascal; I know it, for he can't look you in the face."—Dickens had no faith in it. "Dishonesty," he said, "will stare you out of countenance any day in the week, if there is anything to be got by it." If any one has doubts on the subject, let them drop in at a Peter Funck auction shop, or permit himself to be interviewed by a professional confidence operator.

Assassination of President Baez.

Letters from Port au Prince announce the assassination of President Baez, of St. Domingo, or that he has been killed in some shape or other, or that he has fled the country. These letters may have been written in the interest of the Cabral faction, and with the idea of operating against Baez and the annexation of St. Domingo to the United States.

Napoleon's Wealth.

Referring to the statement telegraphed from London that "the Emperor Napoleon has 10,000,000 of francs secured on real estate through the agency of Brown Brothers, of New York," the New York Express says that it is informed on good authority that the Emperor has a large real estate in New Jersey, especially in Hoboken.

The World's Shipping.

The shipping of the world, according to the Bureau Veritas, the French Lloyd's, is composed of 53,518 sailing vessels, measuring in the aggregate 16,042,498 tons, and 4,132 steamers, measuring 2,793,432 tons. The most important nations in the list are as follows: England has 33,165 sailing vessels, measuring 6,998,153 tons, and 2,526 steamers, measuring 1,551,767 tons. The United States has 7,035 sailing vessels, measuring 2,400,407 tons, and 597 steamers measuring 513,762 tons. France has 4,968 sailing vessels, measuring 891,218 tons, and 288 steamers, measuring 212,979 tons. The North German confederation has 4,328 sailing vessels, measuring 1,047,044 tons, and 127 steamers, measuring 105,131 tons. Norway, 9,672 sailing vessels, measuring 989,682 tons, and 26 steamers, measuring 7,321 tons. Italy has 4,395 sailing vessels, measuring 907,570 tons, and 86 steamers, measuring 96,358 tons. Spain has 2,036 sailing vessels, measuring 545,007 tons, and 148 steamers, measuring 93,345 tons.

The Fall Trade.

The New York Post, in reviewing the fall trade of the country, comes to the conclusion that it will be unusually large and prosperous. The stock in the hands of dealers of all kinds is small, except that both in French and German goods deliveries to Americans had gone far enough before the war began to supply the beginning of the fall trade. The supplies in the stores of the Western and Southern cities were light, but the increased prices obtained for the grain crops of the West and the large cotton yield of the South, merchants in that section being fortunate in getting out of debt although cotton has fallen so much, will enable heavy purchases to be made in the Eastern cities. The war in Europe creates an active demand upon the Western producers, while the resumption of the cotton mills will rapidly use up the crop of the South.

A Warning to Preachers.

A little girl, who was sitting wearily on a summer day while a very celebrated and equally pompous bishop was holding forth, whispered to her mother, "O, come away, mamma—come away. Ise so tired."

"Not yet, my dear; he will soon be done," said her mamma; "let us wait a little longer."

The birds kept singing and the preacher preaching, till the little girl, all worn out, and longing for relief and freedom in the open air, pleaded, "Do come now, mamma."

"Hush, dear," was the respouse, "he'll soon be done—just in a minute."

This was more than little patience could stand; and while the tears were running down her cheeks, she said, as she looked hopelessly at the expanding preacher:

"Oh, no, mamma; he is just puffed for another blow."

Last week 4,736 immigrants arrived at New York from foreign ports.

Don't hawk, hawk, spit, spit, blow, blow, and disgust everybody with your Catarrh and its offensive odor, when Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will speedily destroy all odor and arrest the discharge. The proprietor offers $500 for a case he cannot cure. Sold by druggists, or by mail, sixty cents. Pamphlet free. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Cape Fear Agricultural Association—Special Premiums.

The Executive Committee take pleasure in announcing the following Special Premiums to be awarded at the Fair:

BY JAMES C. STEVENSON, GROCER AND DEALER IN WOOD AND WILLOW-WARE, &C.

For the best N. C. Hams, in lots of not less than 100 lbs., exhibited at the Fair of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association.....$10

BY WORTH & WORTH, COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

For the largest yield of Peanuts on one acre of land—an average sample of three bushels to be exhibited, and quality as well as quantity to be considered in awarding premium, $20 in gold.

Planters contending for this premium must submit their certificates, properly vouched for, to the General Secretary of the Association.

For the best 10 pounds of Butter, $1 per pound in gold.

BY B. G. WORTH.

For the best plate of old-fashioned North Carolina Biscuits, $5 in currency.

BY GEORGE A. PECK, DEALER IN HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, PISTOLS, &C.

For the best jar of Leaf Lard, home made, one of Clift's Aerating Churns, of the patent of September 25th, 1866.

BY J. S. TOPHAM & CO., DEALERS IN SADDLERY, &C.

For the Fastest Trotting Mule to Harness—One English Holly Whip, silver mounted, value $10.

For the best piece of Homespun, made by a lady—One fine Leather Key Basket, value $8.

BY THE NAVASSA GUANO COMPANY.

One ton of Guano, manufactured by the Company, to the person who makes the best and largest exhibition of the products of the soil, raised by the exhibitor, worth.....$65

One ton of Guano, manufactured by the Company, for the best bale of Cotton, of not less than four hundred pounds, raised by the sole use of their fertilizer, worth.....$65

BY WILLIAMS & MURCHISON, WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

For the best bale of Cotton of not less than four hundred pounds.....Silver Cup, value $75.

BY W. H. MCRARY & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN NO. 1 PERUVIAN AND REESE'S SOLUBLE AND PACIFIC GUANOS.

To the planter who produces the largest quantity of Seed Cotton on one acre of land, the present year, by the use of Peruvian Guano.....$10

To the planter who produces the largest quantity of Seed Cotton on one acre of land, the present year, by the use of Reese's Soluble Pacific Guano.....$10

Planters contending for either or both of the above premiums, must submit their certificates, vouched for by two respectable neighbors, showing amount of Guano used, and the amount of Cotton produced as above, to the General Secretary at the Fair of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association in November next.

BY F. W. KERCHNER, WHOLESALE GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

For the best pair of Mules.....$20 gold piece

The Mules must have been owned and used by the exhibitor for one season.

BY VICK AND MEBANE, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

For the best cast mould board two horse Plow.....$10

For the best cast mould board one horse Plow.....$5

One ton of Star Soluble Phosphate, Manufactured by Lorentz & Ritter, of Baltimore, for the best bale of Cotton of not less than four hundred pounds, raised by the sole use of this Phosphate, value.....$68

BY GEO. R. FRENCH & SON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES.

For the best Milch Cow.....$10

BY P. HEINSBERGER, DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

For the best Drawing with Pen or Pencil—a Book—The Exiles of Babylon; handsome edition.

For the best herd of Cattle, not less than seven, raised by the exhibitor....The Farmers' Book

For the best pen of fat Mutton, not less than five.....The Farmers' Book

For the best pen of fat Hogs, not less than five.....The Farmers' Book

BY DR. D. M. BUIE, CHEMIST AND MANUFACTURER OF FERTILIZERS.

1. One thousand pounds of the Cape Fear Guano for the largest yield of Seed Cotton per acre, on not less than one-fourth of an acre.

2. Two hundred and fifty pounds for the second largest yield.

3. One thousand pounds of the Cape Fear Guano for a bale of the finest Staple Cotton—Sea Island excluded.

4. Two hundred and fifty pounds for the second best.

The Cotton in both cases to be raised by the use of Buie's Cotton Fertilizer.

5. Five hundred pounds of Cape Fear Guano for the largest yield of Sweet Potatoes per acre, raised by the use of Buie's Potatoe Fertilizer—one bushel to be exhibited as sample.

6. Five hundred pounds of Cape Fear Guano for the largest yield of Turnips per acre—one bushel to be exhibited as being stated. Fifty-five pounds to constitute a bushel. The Turnips must be raised by the use of Buie's Turnip Fertilizer.

7. Two hundred and fifty pounds of Cape Fear Guano for the second largest yield of Turnips under the same regulations.

Certificates are required to determine all these Premiums, except Nos. 3 and 4, which must be filed with the General Secretary of the Cape Fear Agricultural Association, on or before the 17th of November.

BY. A. P. ROUTT & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, LIBERTY MILLS, VA.

For the largest crop of Corn grown upon one acre, not less than fifty bushels, two bushels to be exhibited. The land to be measured, and the corn to be measured and vouched for by certificate—Routt's Improved Southern Corn Planter with Guano Attachment, price $22.

For the largest yield of Wheat on five acres, under same regulations, two bushels to be exhibited—Routt's Double Shovel Plow with Coulter and Briar Cutting Attachments, value $12.

For the largest crop of Sweet Potatoes raised per acre, one-eighth of an acre to be dug, under same regulations, two bushels to be exhibited as sample—Routt's Single Shovel Plow, value $8.

To the Planter producing the largest yield of Seed Cotton on one acre of land, by the use of the Carolina Fertilizer,

One ton Carolina Fertilizer, commercial value.....$65 00

For the largest yield of Corn as above,

One ton Carolina Fertilizer,..... 65 00

Parties contending for either of the above premiums will be required to produce certificates satisfactory to the Awarding Committee at the Fair in November next.

The above are offered by Messrs. George W. Williams & Co., of Charleston, General Agents for the Carolina Fertilizer, through Messrs. DeRosset & Co., of Wilmington, Agents for the State of North Carolina.

These Premiums are in addition to those offered by the Association. The Executive Committee hope to add others to these Special Premiums in a day or two.

Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current.

BEESWAX, ℔ lb	28 @ 30	LIME, ℔ bbl.	0 00 @ 0 00
BARRELS, Sp'ts T., each.		From store	1 30 @ 1 40
2nd hand	2 15 @ 2 75	MOLASSES, ℔ gallon.	
New	2 75 @ 3 00	Cuba, hhds	38 @ 42
CANDLES, ℔ lb.,		do bbls	43 @ 45
Tallow	18 @ 20	Sugar house	23 @ 27
Adamantine	17 @ 19	do bbls	27 @ 30
Sperm	50 @ 55	Syrup, bbls	50 @ 1 00
COFFEE, ℔ lb.,		NAVAL STORES,	
Java	30 @ 35	Turpentine ℔ 280 lbs	
Laguayra	23 @ 26	Virgin new	0 00 @ 2 65
Rio	17½@ 20	Yellow dip	0 00 @ 2 65
St. Domingo	25 @ 28	Hard	0 00 @ 1 40
COTTON, ℔ lb.,		Tar, ℔ bbl.	0 00 @ 1 45
Ord. to Mid'g	11½@ 15	Tar, in ordr	0 00 @ 1 60
Strict Mid'g	00 @ 15½	Pitch, City	0 00 @ 2 25
COTTON BAGGING.		Rosin, pale	3 75 @ 4 00
Gunny, ℔ yd	30 @ 34	do No. 1	2 25 @ 3 50
Dundee	00 @ 30	do No. 2	1 55 @ 1 80
Flax	32 @ 34	do No. 3	0 00 @ 1 50
Double Anc'r	33 @ 35	Spirits Turpentine,	
Rope, ℔ lb	7 @ 10	℔ gal	00 @ 40
CORN MEAL,		NAILS, ℔ lb.,	
℔ bushel	1 20 @ 1 25	Cut	5 00 @ 5 50
DOMESTICS,		OILS, ℔ gallon,	
Sheeting,		Sperm	0 00 @ 3 00
℔ yard	9½@ 12	Linseed	1 40 @ 1 50
Yarn, ℔ 5 lb	1 65 @ 1 75	Machinery	1 75 @ 2 00
FEATHERS,		Kerosene	40 @ 42½
℔ lb	65 @ 75	PEA NUTS,	2 00 @ 2 30
FISH, ℔ bbl.,		POTATOES,	
Mackerel,		Sweet, bush	0 75 @ 0 90
No. 1	28 00 @30 00	Irish, ℔ bbl	2 75 @ 3 25
No. 2	13 00 @15 00	PROVISIONS, ℔ lb.,	
No. 3	00 00 @00 00	N. C. Bacon.	
Mullets	7 00 @ 9 00	Hams	22 @ 24
Herring,		Middlings	19 @ 21
East	8 00 @ 9 00	Shoulders	18 @ 20
N.C. roe	0 00 @12 50	Hog round	20 @ 21
do cut	8 00 @10 00	Western Bacon (Smoked).	
do gross	7 00 @ 8 00	Hams	19 @ 24
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	9 @ 10	Middlings	19 @ 20
FLOUR, ℔ bbl., Northern		Shoulders	16½@ 17
Family	7 00 @11 00	(Dry Salted.)	
Superfine	6 00 @ 6 25	Middlings	17½@18½
Fine	5 50 @ 5 75	Shoulders	15½@16
Ex. Super	6 00 @ 6 25	Lard, N. C.	19 @ 20
NORTH CAROLINA,		do North'rn	15 @ 21
Family	7 75 @ 8 00	Butter, N. C.	00 @ 30
Superfine	7 00 @ 7 25	do North'rn	33 @ 45
GLUE, ℔ lb	16 @ 20	Cheese	16 @ 17
GUNNY BAGS	28 @ 30	PORK, Northern, ℔ bbl.	
GUANO, Peruvian,		City Mess	28 00 @30 00
Per ton	82 50 @85 00	Thin "	00 00 @00 00
GRAIN, ℔ bushel,		Prime,	00 00 @00 00
Corn	1 10 @ 1 20	Rump,	00 00 @27 00
Oats	50 @ 65	SALT, Alum, per	
Peas, Cow	1 10 @ 1 20	bag 2 bush	1 50 @2 00
Rice, rough	75 @ 2 00	Liverpool, sack, ground,	
Carolina,	8½@ 9	cargo	0 00 @ 1 50
HIDES, ℔ lb.,		from store	0 00 @ 1 60
Green	5 @ 7	American	1 50 @ 0 00
Dry	14 @ 15	SUGAR, ℔ lb.,	
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs.,		Cuba	12½@ 13½
Eastern	1 30 @ 1 50	Porto Rico	13 @ 14
Northern	1 05 @ 1 20	C.	13½@ 14
IRON, ℔ lb.,		B	14 @ 14½
English, ass'd	8 @ 10	A	15 @ 15½
American, ref.	0 @ 10	Crushed	15½ @ 16
American, sheer	9 @ 10	SOAP, ℔ lb.	
Swede	10 @ 12	Northern	5½@ 8
Hoop,		SHINGLES, ℔ M.,	
℔ ton	100 00@110 00	Contract	4 00 @ 5 50
LIQUORS, ℔ gal., (dom.)		Common	2 75 @ 3 50
Whiskey	1 35 @ 2 25	STAVES, ℔ M.,	
Bourbon	2 00 @ 4 00	W. O. bbl	00 00 @30 00
N. E. Rum	2 00 @ 3 00	R. O. hhd	00 00 @00 00
Gin	4 00 @ 7 00	TIMBER, ℔ M.,	
Brandy	4 00 @ 9 00	Shipping	10 00 @11 00
do Apple	1 50 @ 2 75	Mill, prme	7 50 @ 8 00
do Peach	2 25 @ 3 50	Mill Fair	6 00 @ 7 00
LUMBER, (River,		Mill, inferior to	
Fl'r Bds	15 00 @17 00	ord	4 00 @ 5 00
Wide do	12 00 @14 00	TALLOW, ℔ lb	11 @ 0 12
Scantling	10 00 @12 00		

REVIEW OF THE WILMINGTON MARKETS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING THURSDAY, October 27, 1870.

TURPENTINE.—For this article the market ruled quite steady during the earlier part of the week, and all brought in found sale at former quotations up to Tuesday. On that day, however, there was a decline in price, buyers refusing to operate, and sales were made at $2 65 for soft, and $1 40 for hard, ℔ bbl. of 280 lbs.—closing with a moderate demand for distilling purposes. Receipts are small, and sales as follows:

	Bbls.	Soft.	Hard.
Friday	276	$2 75	$1 55
Saturday	67	2 75	1 55
Monday	480	2 75	1 55
Tuesday	233	2 75	1 55
Do	39	2 65	1 40
Wednesday	371	2 65	1 40
Thursday	165	2 65	1 40

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Since the close of our last review the market for this article has been somewhat affected by the unfavorable advices from abroad, and prices are lower—at the close of Wednesday's business showing a decline of 1 cent. The transactions have been limited, owing to the light receipts and small stock on market, and factors holding at figures above the views of buyers—closing quiet but steady at 39 cents for Southern, and 40 cents for N. Y. packages. We quote sales as follows:

Saturday	73 casks at	70½ cents	℔ gallon.
Do	80 "	" 40 "	" "
Monday	96 "	" 39½ "	" "
Do	79 "	" 39½ "	" "
Tuesday	60 "	" 39½ "	" "
Do	100 "	" 39½ "	" "
Wednesday	71 "	" 39½ "	" "
Do	25 "	" 39 "	" "
Do	12 "	" 40* "	" "

*N. Y. packages.

ROSIN—In this article very little has been done in the way of sales during the week just ended. For strained there has been a brisk enquiry for the past few days, and the price is a shade higher; want of stock and a disposition on the part of factors to hold for higher figures, however, has had the effect to check transactions. For all other grades the market has ruled unusually quiet and dull, and it is impossible to make sales unless at lower figures, which holders at present are unwilling to accept. Receipts are light, and there is only a moderate stock offering, the bulk of which is of the medium grades. Sales for the week as follows: Friday, 911 bbls. at $2 for low No. 1, $2 25, $2 50@$3 for No. 1, and $3 25 for low Pale; Tuesday, 382 bbls. at $1 50 for strained; Wednesday, 1,007 bbls. at $1 50 for strained, $1 55 for No. 2, and $2 25 for No. 1—all ℔ 280 lbs.

TAR—Has been in somewhat better request during the week, and the price is 5 cents higher. Only 132 bbls. brought to market and sold at $1 45 ℔ bbl. We quote sales of 200 bbls., in shipping order, at $1 60.

BARRELS—Empty spirit barrels are in very good stock, and there is no demand worthy of report. Only occasional small sales are being made from wharf at the following quotations: Second hand country $2 15@$2 20 as they run, $2 30@$2 40 for selected, and $2 60@$2 75 for new; New York, $2 75@$3 for second hand and new, as in quantity.

BEESWAX—Sells at 28@30 cents ℔ lb.

BEEF CATTLE—Are being brought to market rather slowly, but the stock in butchers' hands is fully sufficient for present purposes. We quote on the hoof at 7@9 cents ℔ lb net.

CORN MEAL—The supply on market is fully fair, and demand moderate. Sales from the mills at $1 15@$1 20 ℔ bushel.

COTTON—Under the advices from abroad the market for this article ruled with considerable firmness, and the sales made were at an advance of ¼ to 1 cent on previous quotations. On Monday there was an active enquiry, and the market was excited, though but small sales were effected, the stock offering being held above the views of buyers. On Tuesday the market opened less firm, and since then has ruled quiet and dull, with a declining tendency, the unfavorable reports received having checked the demand, and speculators are not disposed to operate at the figures which are now asked. Sales of 620 bales as follows: 2 at 13, 20 at 13½, 45 at 14, 69 at 14¼, 49 at 14½, 195 at 14¾, 16 at 14⅞, 37 at 14¾, 33 at 15, 40 at 15¼, 55 at 15½, and 59 at 15¾ cents.

IRON BANDS AND TIES for Cotton, of the most approved patterns, are in moderate stock, and sell from store at 5½@7 cents ℔ lb., as in quantity and quality.

EGGS—Are wanted, and are rather scarce. Sell at 22@25 cents per dozen, by the quantity.

FERTILIZERS—Only a small stock of all descriptions at present, but sufficient to meet the limited demand. We quote from store as follows: Peruvian Guano, $82 50@$85; Pacific do. $60@$65; Wando Guano, $70; Patapsco do. $65; Phœnix do. $55; Navassa Guano, $65; Wilcox, Gibbs & Co's Manipulated do. $70; E. F. Coe's Superphosphate of Lime, $60; Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate, $60; Whitelock's Cerealizer $70; Chesapeake Phosphate, $60; Lister Bros. Superphosphate of Lime $65; Whann's Raw Bone Superphosphate, $70; Lodi Manufacturing Co. Pure Bone $48; do do double refined Poudrette $30; do do Nit. phosphate Lime $60; Berger & Butz's Superphosphate, $60; Wilson's Superphosphate of Lime, $60; Star Soluble Phosphate $55; Compound Acid Phosphate of Lime $48; Land Plaster $18—all ℔ ton of 2,000 lbs.

FLOUR.—There is nothing new to report in the market for this article. The stock of all grades of Northern and Western brands is fully fair, and we quote only a light jobbing demand. Sales from store at figures given in table. A few lots of State brands have been received, and the market is moderately supplied, while the demand is mainly in the retail way. We quote at $7 50@$8 00 for superfine.

FISH.—Mullets are scarce, and we quote a good demand. Only 47 bbls. received and sold from vessel at $7 for prime bbls.

GRAIN.—In the CORN market we have to report rather a dull market for the week, and prices have declined a shade. Only a few small parcels have been received and gone into store, and the stock in dealers' hands has become quite light, though it is fully adequate to supply the present limited demand. No cargo sales, and we therefore quote nominally at 90 cents. From store sales are being made in the small way at $1 10 for mixed, and $1 15 ℔ bushel for white, sacks included.——OATS—Are in good supply, and only a retail demand exists, which is being supplied from store at 65@70 cents ℔ bushel.——PEAS—Are being brought in more freely, still we report a light supply on market. A few parcels have changed hands at $1 10@$1 15 ℔ bushel for Cow.——RICE—Clean is in very light stock, and demand moderate. Carolina sells at 8½@9 cents ℔ lb by the cask.

HAY—Is only in moderate stock and demand. Received for the week only 125 bales Northern, which sold from wharf at $1 10@$1 15 ℔ 100 lbs.

LIME—Demand moderate, and stock fully fair. Sales from store at $1 25@$1 40 ℔ cask, as in quality.

LUMBER.—No change to report. Market fully supplied with all descriptions, and only a light shipping demand. We quote as follows:

Pine Steam Sawed Lumber—Cargo rates—per 1,000 feet.

Ordinary assortment Cuba cargoes	$18 00 @ 19 00
" " Hayti cargoes	18 00 @ 00 00
Full cargoes wide Boards	20 00 @ 22 00
" " flooring boards, rough	22 00 @ 28 00
Ship Stuff as ℔ specifications	23 00 @ 24 00
Deals, 3 by 9	20 00 @ 22 00
Prime River flooring	18 00 @ 20 00

PEA NUTS—Are coming in slowly, and are in enquiry for shipment. Small lots of the new crop have been brought in, and sold at $2@$2 25 ℔ bushel.

POTATOES.—The market is moderately supplied, and demand light. Sales at 75@90 cents ℔ bushel for sweet, and $2 75@3 25 ℔ bbl. for Irish.

POULTRY—Has been brought to market sparingly, and is wanted. Live chickens sell at 30@35 cents, and grown fowls at 45@50 cents each.

PROVISIONS.—In the market for North Carolina BACON we have nothing new to report. Receipts continue meagre, and there is little or no stock here, while we notice a fair demand. We quote at 19@20 cents for shoulders, 20@22 cents for sides, and 22@23 cents ℔ lb for hams—at which figures small parcels would find ready sale. For *Western* the market is firmer, with a fair demand, and the stock is quite small. Sales are being made from store as follows: Smoked 17@17½ cents for shoulders, 19@20 cents for sides, and 19@22 cents for hams; dry salted, 15½@16 cents for shoulders, and 17½@18½ cents for sides, as in quantity.——LARD—Supply of Northern fully fair, and demand moderate. From store we quote at 16@22 cents ℔ lb, according to quality.——PORK.—Northern is in small stock, and demand light. Sales from store at quotations in table.

SALT—No receipts for a few weeks past, and only a small stock remains in dealers' hands.—Demand moderate for retail lots, and we quote from store at $1 45@$1 50 for American, and $1 50@$1 55 ℔ sack for Liverpool ground.

SHINGLES—Some enquiry for shipping purposes, and we quote sales at $2 50@$3 for Common, and $4@$5 50 ℔ M for Contract.

TIMBER—Is being brought in slowly, and is only in light demand for mill purposes at about former rates. Sales of a few rafts have taken place at figures quoted in table.

WOOD—Is in light receipt, and wanted. We quote sales at $2 75@$3 for pine and ash, and $3 50@$4 ℔ cord for oak.

FREIGHTS—Are unchanged in price. Moderate quantities of produce are being offered, and taken to coastwise ports at figures quoted in table.

Rates of Freight.

	Per Steamer.	Per Sailing Vessel
TO NEW YORK.		
Crude Turpentine per bbl.	$0 00 @ $0 50	$ 00 @ $ 50
Tar, "	0 00 @ 00 00	00 @ 50
Spirits Turpentine, "	00 @ 1 00	00 @ 0 80
Rosin, "	00 @ 0 50	00 @ 50
Cotton, per lb.	00 @ ¾	@ ½
Cotton Goods, per bale.	0 00 @ 1 00	00 @ 75
Flaxseed, per bush.	00 @ 15	00 @ 15
Pea Nuts, "	@ 10	00 @ 10
TO PHILADELPHIA.		
Crude Turpentine per bbl.	0 00 @ 50	0 00 @ 40
Tar, "	0 00 @ 50	0 00 @ 40
Spirits Turpentine, "	0 00 @ 1 00	0 00 @ 80
Rosin, "	0 00 @ 50	00 @ 40
Cotton, per bale	0 @ 2 00	00 @ ¾
Cotton Goods, per bale.	0 00 @ 75	0 00 @ 0 75
Pea Nuts, "	00 @ 10	00 @ 12
Lumber,	00 00 @ 8 00	00 00 @ 6 00
TO BALTIMORE.		
Crude Turpentine per bbl.	00 0 @ 0 45	0 00 @ 0 40
Tar, "	00 0 @ 0 45	0 00 @ 0 40
Spirits Turpentine, "	0 00 @ 90	00 @ 0 75
Rosin, "	0 00 @ 45	00 @ 40
Cotton, per bale	00 @ 2 00	00 @ ¾
Pea Nuts, per bush.	00 @ 10	00 @ 60
Lumber,	00 @ 00	6 00 @ 6 50
TO BOSTON.		
Crude Turpentine per bbl.	0 00 @ 0 00	@ 0 70
Tar, "	0 00 @ 0 00	@ 0 70
Spirits Turpentine, "	0 00 @ 0 00	0 00 @ 1 00
Rosin, "	0 00 @ 0 00	@ 70
Cotton, per lb.	00 @ 00	@ ¾
Pea Nuts, per bush.	00 @ 00	00 @ 12½
Lumber,	00 @ 00	00 00 @ 10 00

From the Irish Citizen.

John Mitchel's Eulogy of Gen. Lee.

The highest head, the noblest and grandest character of our continent, the most conscientious, humane, and faithful soldier, the most chivalrous gentleman in this world, the best the most superb sample of the American warrior, has fallen like a mighty tree in the forest; and men wonder after the first shock of the news to find that there is such a gap, such a blank, in the world.

What is there wanting to the fame of this illustrious American?

General Wade Hampton's statement in a recent speech as to General Lee's feelings when he surrendered at Appomatox Courthouse is fully corroborated by General Gordon, of Georgia, who said a few days ago:

"Can I ever forget? No, never can I forget the words which fell from his lips as I rode beside him amidst the defeated, dejected, and weeping soldiery, when, turning to me, he said: 'I could wish that I was numbered among the fallen in the last battle.'"

General Gordon also said, amongst many other things for which we have not room:

"It has been my fortune in life to have come in contact with some whom the world pronounced great—some of the earth's celebrated and distinguished—but I declare it here to-day that of all mortal men whom it has ever been my privilege to approach, he was the greatest; and I assert here that, grand as might be your conceptions of the man before, he arose in incomparable majesty on more familiar acquaintance. This can be affirmed of few men who have ever lived or died, and of no other man whom it has ever been my fortune to approach."

A correspondent is anxious that we should "put our readers right" as to the name of Joan of Arc. The undisputed facts are, that she was born at Domremy, and that her name was Dare. Nevertheless, the mistake of translating her name, and writing it as if it were D'Arc, has been persistently made for many years, and most historical writers, though cognizant of the facts, in referring to her have followed the popular custom, giving her a title far less appropriate to her than to No