

TYPHOID FEVER
ONLY THIRTY-SIX CASES REPORTED LAST WEEK.

SCARLET FEVER SPREADING
FOURTEEN NEW CASES RECORDED AND NINE DISCHARGED, LEAVING FORTY-SEVEN UNDER TREATMENT.

Deaths from pneumonia in the District last week numbered twenty-six. There were twenty-one deaths from consumption. Typhoid fever still continues to show a steady decline in the number of cases, only thirty-six being reported last week, as compared with forty-four the week previous, and 148 for the corresponding week last year.

The above figures are contained in the weekly report of the District Health Department submitted to the Commissioners today. Continuing, it sets forth that diphtheria shows a decrease of one case over the preceding week. There are now eighteen cases of diphtheria, quarantined in thirteen different places.

Scarlet Fever Increases.
Scarlet fever shows an increase of five cases. Fourteen new cases were reported and nine discharged, which leaves a total of forty-seven cases under treatment in twenty-eight premises.

One case of smallpox was discharged as recovered on the 18th instant, which reduced the number in the hospital to three. No new cases developed.

The number of births reported in the week was 100-50 white and 50 negroes.

Death Rate 22.6.
There were 131 deaths during the week, which shows a death rate per 1,000 inhabitants of 22.6. In the previous week the deaths numbered 145, representing a death rate of 25.1, and in corresponding period of last year 114, with a death rate of 23.2. Of those who died during the current week 78 were white, with a death rate of 19.4, and 53 were negroes, with a death rate of 30.1.

The prevailing causes of death were pneumonia, 25; consumption, 23; diseases of the heart, 13; diseases of the kidneys, 11; malignant growths, 6; and apoplexy, 5. There were 3 deaths due to accidents, viz: 1 from inhalation of illuminating gas, 1 from gunshot wound, and 1 as the result of a fall.

LOCAL DEMOCRATS
MUST END SQUABBLE

NATIONAL COMMITTEE UNWILLING TO WAIT LONGER.

MAY SUPERVISE PRIMARY ELECTION UNDER NEW LAWS WAITS ONLY ON PENDING NEGOTIATIONS—SLATER FACTION ASKS DELAY.

Unless the Democratic factions of the District are able to end the bickering of the last four years, it was said on the authority of a member of the Democratic National Committee this morning that neither faction would be recognized, and the national body would take matters in its own hands to end the trouble.

The national committee would appoint another subcommittee, it was said, which would draft primary laws for an election in the District, and the men elected under these laws would be recognized by the national committee.

Slater Faction Obtains Delay.
The subcommittee which is investigating the trouble between the Norris and Slater factions, was to have met at the Shoreham Hotel this morning, but on a request made by the Slater faction the meeting was postponed.

The Slater party asserts that it is having much trouble in getting affidavits and other documents filed with the national committee.

The subcommittee is willing to give Slater all the time he asks within reason, because of the intended action of the committee, if no decision or compromise is reached. The committee will meet now in about ten days.

GROWTH IN DEPOSITS.
Reports from a number of banks and trust companies in the District, made to the Comptroller of the Currency, under the recent call, tend to show a growth in loans and deposits. There have been no reports of failures, and a gain will be indicated.

JACK FROST ENDS
STREET CLEANING

WHITE WINGS DRIVEN AWAY BY COLD WAVE.

GO BACK LIKE GROUNDHOGS
SUPERINTENDENT STUTLER IN BAD HUMOR OVER THE COMPLAINTS OF PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Once more the District Weather Bureau has thwarted the good resolutions of the Street Cleaning Department, and what Superintendent Stutler, of the "white wings," had to say this morning when he found everything frozen up is not for publication.

With the kind assistance of a charitable sun and some warm weather, Superintendent Stutler was getting along famously with his street cleaning gangs, and the "white wings" had been driven from all the city's thoroughfares. His men began work yesterday morning light-hearted, and their brooms and brushes were soon making the streets immaculate. But then came some rain and sleet, and the temperature dropped below the freezing point.

The garments of the street cleaners were frozen stiff and the men refused to continue work at the per diem compensation of \$1.50. At noon everybody quit work, and before the temperature dropped, the dirt on many streets had been gathered in piles all ready for the collecting wagons, but before the "white wings" could be organized, the streets were frozen hard. As a consequence they are there yet, and the desk of Superintendent Stutler is covered with complaints from citizens and "Pro Bono Publico."

When the sun comes again in power the piles will disappear, and not before, while the number of serious offenses has been materially reduced.

Will Ask for Bids on Business High School.
Bids for the construction of the proposed Business High School will be advertised for within a few days, and the specifications having just been completed. Capt. Chester Harding will go to Philadelphia Friday to consult with a architect, and the specifications will probably be ordered immediately upon his return.

Five employees improperly removed from the Philadelphia mint were reinstated, and several appointments were required to be made in that office from a special examination to fill classified positions to which unclassified employees were assigned. Upon the report of the Treasury, the President directed that three carriers in the Philadelphia postoffice be restored to the routes from which they had apparently been transferred for political reasons, although it was not shown that the postmaster was guilty of any intentional wrongdoing.

LORENZ DENIED HE KNEW GROFFS,
SAY THE POSTOFFICE INSPECTORS

(Continued from First Page.)

which S. A. Groff made his statement. The affidavit of Groff was read. The inspector had testified that Groff said the two brothers had received all the money from the fasteners. If any part had been paid to anyone else it was without the knowledge or consent of S. A. Groff. He (Groff) thought he was getting half the entire profits. Groff knew nothing of checks on the West End National Bank in favor of the Lorenzes.

The witness said Diller B. Groff, when he was interrogated the second time, said he did not know George E. Lorenz or his wife, nor did he know anybody else in Toledo.

Gives Three Reasons.

Mr. Mayer gave three reasons for not taking down, verbatim, the statement of Diller Groff at the second interview. The first was because they were in Groff's house; the second, because Groff did not ask him to take it down; the third, because Groff said he adhered to his first statement. Mr. Douglas insisted that Mr. Mayer say which of the reasons actuated him in not taking down the statement, but the witness declined to say he was actuated by a number of reasons.

Mr. Douglas prolonged his examination until Justice Pritchard ordered it stopped.

Mr. Douglas—What about Diller Groff getting on the Government side?

Mr. Mayer—Mr. Groff said he was an old soldier and held in his hand a cannon ball weighing about two pounds which had hit him. He said he had supported the Government forty years ago and had never defrauded it since.

Believed Groff Guilty.
Mr. Douglas—Did you believe him guilty at that time?

Mr. Mayer—Yes, sir.
Mr. Douglas—Did you offer him any immunity?

Mr. Mayer—He said to me he thought that those who turned state's evidence respected prosecution. I told him he was old enough to know about these things.

About That \$13,000.
Mr. Douglas—Did you say anything about the \$13,000?

Mr. Mayer—I think Mr. Groff made some mention of it.
Mr. Douglas—Did you mention that Machon had been arrested?

Mr. Mayer—Machen had not been arrested at that time.
Mr. Douglas—Had the warrant been served out?

Mr. Mayer—No; it was in my pocket, but had not been signed by Commissioner Taylor.

Erasure Not Noticed.
Mr. Mayer said he had had charge of the Diller Groff statement for several months, but had not noticed the erasure which the defense has insisted was done to make the name Marche appear Machon. He remembered a conference with the lawyers, Mr. Maddox and Mr. Douglas, about the paper, but did not know they were discussing the erasure.

In answer to questions by Mr. Maddox, witness said he reached Washington early in May. His object in calling on the Groffs was to learn all he could of the 40 cent features of the case.

Mr. Maddox—Didn't you tell Major Wester you had the dead wood on the Groff?

before arrested. The object was to have two inspectors each of the brothers before they had a chance to have a conference with each other. Mr. Mayer denied that when he went to see Diller Groff he ordered Samuel Groff out of the room, and that when Samuel came to the door he was told to keep out.

Mr. Maddox—Didn't Groff say "You fellows would let a man rot in a dungeon if you could advance yourselves a peg?"

"Their Idea of Fun."
Mr. Mayer—He did not put it that way. He said we were never having any fun unless we were getting people into trouble. (Laughter.)

Mr. Maddox—Did not Mr. Groff draw out to watch, say it was twenty minutes to dinner because he had made no preparations?

Mr. Mayer—He never said dinner to me. (Laughter.)

Justice Pritchard gave Mr. Maddox frequently receive information from sources which are confidential and which they do not care to disclose.

Judge Pritchard ruled that witness would not have to answer the question unless the person who gave the information was a witness.

Not Looking Up Reputations.
Mr. Mayer remarked in answer to the question that he was not looking up reputations in his trip to Toledo, and did not go much into the history of the Lorenzes.

Witness did not remember that Mr. Halstead, of the Home Savings Bank, had told him the deposit slips of the Lorenzes were all in the writing of George E. Lorenz. His suspicion against Mrs. Lorenz was due to the number of drafts from her to Machon.

Mr. Kumer—Why didn't you come to see me?
Mr. Mayer—Did he never hear of you, Mr. Kumer?

Mr. Kumer—Didn't you know that I conducted the examination before the commissioner?
Mr. Mayer—I didn't know of you on my first trip, which is to be regretted, of course.

Justice Causes a Laugh.
Mr. Taggart—All of this is irrelevant. Mr. Kumer—I want to know why he didn't come to see me. He could have gotten all the information in five minutes.

Justice Pritchard—I'm sure he made a mistake in not seeing you, judge, but it's too late to rectify the mistake now. Proceed with the case. (Laughter.)

Visit to Lorenz.
Paul E. Williams, Postoffice inspector, was the next witness. He had met Mr. and Mrs. Lorenz at Toledo, on April 27, 1902, in company with J. E. Farrell, inspector. Mr. Lorenz was not at home, and Mrs. Lorenz refused at first to see them in the absence of her husband. When they sent up their cards, Mrs. Lorenz left them waiting a quarter of an hour, and then saw them.

Mr. Williams explained to her the object of his visit. He wanted to know about Machon. She replied he was a friend of hers and of her husband. Mrs. Lorenz denied she had any knowledge of herself or husband receiving checks or drafts from the East or Washington for hundreds of dollars. She was especially asked about the receipt in

October of a draft for \$3,441, drawn by the Postal Device Company, but knew nothing about it or other drafts mentioned. She did not know Groff, and had never heard of him.

In Complete Ignorance.
Mrs. Lorenz knew nothing of Machon's large income; she did not know of any receipts of her own or her husband outside of those from their regular business. She was told large sums of money had been sent her by D. B. Groff, and part of it sent to Machon.

She said she knew nothing of it. There was no other Martha E. Lorenz in Toledo. She had not called up her husband and told him they were there.

From the Lorenz home the inspectors went to their hotel and found Lorenz and the Toledo postmaster. The meeting was by arrangement with the latter. The inspectors told Lorenz they were investigating and asked his assistance. He replied he did not know of any information he could give, but would hear questions. He knew Machon, but had no knowledge of large sums of money sent to Machon in Washington from Toledo. Lorenz denied the receipt of the draft from the Postal Lock and Device Company for \$5,441, but later refused to answer the questions.

"None of Their Business."
Lorenz replied it was none of the inspectors' business when they asked about the checks and drafts from Washington. He said it was purely personal. He refused to say he knew D. B. Groff, and he declined to say why he would not answer.

Lorenz was told it was known he had been receiving money from the Groffs and the Postal Device Company, aggregating between \$30,000 and \$30,000, part of which went to Machon, and part to Toledo. He said he had never heard of it.

Cross-examination Severe.
Mr. Kumer conducted the cross-examination. The inspectors preferred to see the Lorenzes separately, and made their arrangements accordingly.

Mr. Williams was not impressed with the benignity of his method in seeing the wife while her husband was present. Mr. Kumer—Why didn't you tell her husband with a decoy at that time?

Mr. Williams—I don't know what you mean by a decoy, but we had no reason to take her into our confidence to that extent.

Mr. Kumer—And you two men went after the wife when you knew she would want to consult her husband?

Mr. Williams—We heard she was a woman perfectly able to take care of herself, and we found that so.

Mr. Williams admitted that all the arrangements were made to take all possible steps to prevent the husband and wife from communicating. Mr. Williams said when he called on Mrs. Lorenz he and Inspector Farrell thought the Groffs had sent money directly to Mrs. Lorenz. Later they found the money had not been so sent.

Bright for Mrs. Lorenz.
Mr. Williams—I don't think I know of any case where the Groffs drew any checks directly in favor of Mrs. Lorenz. We based our theory on the fact that money from her bank accounts had gone to the account of Machon.

Mr. Kumer—And on these surmises you went before the grand jury and asked the indictment of this woman?

Mr. Williams—No; I did not ask her indictment. I only testified to the conversation with her.

Mr. Kumer obtained from the witness a memorandum of the conversation with Mrs. Lorenz. The court then adjourned until 1:30.

GOOD YEAR FOR
CIVIL SERVICE

COMMISSIONER'S ANNUAL REPORT HAS OPTIMISTIC TONE.

RECOMMENDS ALSO ANNUITIES FOR SUPERANNUATED CLERKS PROVIDED BY REDUCTIONS FROM SALARIES.

The Civil Service Commission has transmitted to the President its annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1903. The report calls attention to the spirit of hearty co-operation on the part of public officers in the enforcement of the civil service law and rules, and states that the advantages of the merit system in promoting efficiency and economy in the service continue to be shown in official reports, indicating large increases in the work of offices through all the country's thoroughfares.

Among the more important topics touched upon in the report are the consolidation of boards of examiners for certain districts, the power of removal and superannuation in the service.

Interesting Violations of Law.
The commission reports continued improvement in the observance of the civil service act and rules, which is shown not only in the marked decrease in the number of complaints of violations of the act, but in the fact that but few complaints appear to be well founded, while the number of serious offenses has been materially reduced.

The report calls attention to the more important investigations made during the year, as a result of which an internal-revenue collector and a deputy collector in Kentucky were each fined \$200 and costs, and an employee of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad was fined \$200 and costs for soliciting and receiving political assessments.

A member of the Massachusetts Legislature and three other persons were sentenced to three months in jail each for impersonating applicants in examinations for the Boston postoffice.

Postoffice Cases.
Five employees improperly removed from the Philadelphia mint were reinstated, and several appointments were required to be made in that office from a special examination to fill classified positions to which unclassified employees were assigned. Upon the report of the Treasury, the President directed that three carriers in the Philadelphia postoffice be restored to the routes from which they had apparently been transferred for political reasons, although it was not shown that the postmaster was guilty of any intentional wrongdoing.

WILL ASK FOR BIDS ON
BUSINESS HIGH SCHOOL

Bids for the construction of the proposed Business High School will be advertised for within a few days, and the specifications having just been completed. Capt. Chester Harding will go to Philadelphia Friday to consult with a architect, and the specifications will probably be ordered immediately upon his return.

Five employees improperly removed from the Philadelphia mint were reinstated, and several appointments were required to be made in that office from a special examination to fill classified positions to which unclassified employees were assigned. Upon the report of the Treasury, the President directed that three carriers in the Philadelphia postoffice be restored to the routes from which they had apparently been transferred for political reasons, although it was not shown that the postmaster was guilty of any intentional wrongdoing.

Civil Service Skirts Clean.
In referring to the inquiry into the business of the Postoffice Department the commission remarks: "An investigation into the conduct of business in the Postoffice Department, made under the supervision of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, a number of officers and employees of that Department have been indicated. An investigation into the commission's records shows that none of those indicted entered the service through competitive examination."

Scheme of Retirement for Age.
The commission refers to the various bills looking to the retirement of Government employees in the European countries in regard to the retirement of employees, the increasing practice in the United States among business institutions to provide some method of retirement, and reports the following suggestion from its last report: "As a result of the investigation, a greater degree of integrity as well as efficiency than employees appointed through the merit system. The outlined class of employees expect promotions only upon merit and look forward to a career in the public service. In the other class, appointed through favor, usually employ the same means in securing promotion and advancement. The commission's records show that none of those indicted entered the service through competitive examination."

QUIT COFFEE
SAID THE GREAT GERMAN SPECIALIST.

It disappoints some people to be told that coffee causes the disease. But it is best to look squarely at facts and set the face toward health for that's more fun than anything else anyhow. A Cincinnati man consulted a Berlin physician on nervous diseases and says:

"Four years ago I was an habitual coffee drinker having drunk for twenty-five years and being naturally of a nervous temperament. I became almost a nervous wreck, greatly suffering from insomnia, almost constantly constipated and weighing only 128 pounds. I consulted physicians and took medicine all the time but had no relief. About three years and a half ago I went abroad and while in Berlin heard frequently of a great physician, Prof. Mendel, an authority on nervous trouble, so I resolved to consult him."

"Prof. Mendel surprised me very much by asking at once if I was a coffee drinker and on my telling I used two coffee-drinkers having drunk for twenty-five years. After carefully examining me he told me there was nothing the matter with me, but that what could be entirely cured in thirty days by letting coffee and other stimulants alone and doing nothing."

"I had a hard time following his advice. I did not know what to do until I came home and told my wife who got me a bottle of Dr. Mendel's Coffee. I did not like it; then we went over the directions on the package together and I have been absent from my business one hour on account of ill health for my health is fine now. I have a good appetite, sleep well, and weigh 150 pounds. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich."

"If any nervous person who drinks coffee will let his doctor give him a bottle of Postum in place of coffee. Trial easily proves this. There's a reason. Look in each package for the name of the famous little book, 'The Road to Wellville.'"

MAKE APPEAL
FOR MORE MONEY

COMMISSIONERS EXPLAIN ESTIMATES TO CONGRESS.

PROTEST AGAINST CUT YOUNG MEN TO STUDY HERE

The District Commissioners were today granted a hearing by the subcommittee on appropriations of the House on the District appropriation bill. The Commissioners went over the estimates, each taking up the respective departments under his jurisdiction and explaining their needs.

Both Mr. Macfarland and Mr. West dwell at some length in explanation of the distinction between the current needs of the District and the extraordinary projects.

Total Estimates.
The total estimates of the Commissioners, as they explained, were set forth in their annual report, amounting to \$12,856,725, including the extraordinary projects which aggregate \$4,625,115, made up of the following items: For sewers and a sewage disposal system, \$3,000,700; for filtration plant, \$1,563,333; for District building, \$700,000; for the Connecticut Avenue bridge, \$200,000; for the Anacostia bridge, \$100,000; and for a municipal hospital, \$150,000. Exclusive of these amounts the Commissioners explained the amount asked for current expenses is \$8,231,610.

Estimated Revenue.
The estimated revenue of the District, exclusive of water rent, amounting to \$12,250, is \$4,230,350, which, doubled by the share to be paid by the Federal Government, would be \$8,460,700, or \$200,000 more than the amount asked for in the recommendations for current needs.

The Commissioners repeated their urgent request that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to make advances from the National Treasury to the District to enable the District to meet its share of the extraordinary expenses, the same to be paid in installments with interest, which they made it plain could be done without in any way hampering the current needs of the District.

The Commissioners will be heard again tomorrow.

SIGNOR PAVESE ACCEPTS
DARRIEULT'S CHALLENGE

The public challenge of M. Darrieuat, instructor of the Washington Fencing School, to meet any other instructor in the United States with the foils, has been accepted by Signor Pavese, an Italian instructor of Baltimore.

VALUATION OF SCHMOELE TRACT.
A jury in the Federal court at Norfolk fixed the value of the Schmoele tract of 270 acres at \$75,000. This land was being condemned by the Government for use in extending the Norfolk navy yard.

DIED.
HIDSON—On January 26, MARY E. HIDSON, beloved daughter of John C. and Annie M. Hidson, died at her home, 1100 1/2 St. N.W., at 12 o'clock. Burial from late residence, 710 H St. N.W., at 2 o'clock.

SCOTT—JAMES EDWARD MARSHALL SCOTT, aged 28 years and 10 months, of Virginia, age, after a brief illness, departed this life Monday night, January 25, 1904, at 12 o'clock. Burial from late residence, 710 H St. N.W., at 2 o'clock.

DEATH RECORD.
The following deaths have been reported to the Health Office for the twenty-four hours ended at noon today:
Anderson, Harry, 29, 227 F St. S. W.
Bond, Erleb, 64, 1736 8th St. N. W.
Carroll, Laburner, 10, 1578 20th St. N. W.
Dove, Mary, 53, 480 Ohio Alley S. W.
Jennings, Michael A., 38, 401 1/2 St. S. W.
Kerr, Florence M., 28, "The Cumberland."
Klein, Adolphus, 50, Galt House, Indiana.
McConnell, Charles, 38, 1019 1/2 St. S. W.
Peter, James Gasaway, 68, 1210 O St. N. W.
Sharp, Belle, 65, 2402 14th St. N. E.
Trotter, John, 62, 1019 1/2 St. S. W.
Shick, Henry L., 68, 1019 1/2 St. S. W.
Smith, Frank, 58, 8 Soldiers' Home.
Sweat, Jas. Edgar, Marshall, 25, 607 Va. Ave. S. E.
Taylor, Florence Roberta, 53, 1406 N. 123 Pierce St. N. W.
Willett, Rosalind C., 75, 1406 N. 123 Pierce St. N. W.

J. WILLIAM LEE,
UNDEKTAKEK AND LIVERY,
222 Penn. Ave. N. W., Washington, D. C.

Best Grades
Clean Coal
Right Service

J. Maury Dove Co.
(INCORPORATED.)
MAIN OFFICE, 12TH AND P STS. N.W.
Branch Offices: 2141 and 1st St. N.W., 1205 H St. N.W., 1602 14th St. N.W., 1602 F and G Sts. N.W., 205 7th St. N.W., 45 G St. N.W., 1st and M Sts. N.W.

GET READY FOR A FREEZE
By ordering our MINERAL WOOL for covering all exposed pipes. Phone us for prices and all particulars.

J. T. Walker Sons, 204 10th St. N. W.
Always the Same.

THARP'S PURE
Berkeley Rye
812 F St. N. W. Phone Main 1141.
Special Private Delivery.

RAISING COTTON
IN EAST AFRICA

GERMANY SEEKS TO GAIN INDUSTRIAL FREEDOM.

CONSUL AT GALVESTON ARRANGES FOR YOUTHS TO ENTER SCHOOLS AND WORK ON PLANTATIONS.

Germany is making frantic efforts to free herself from the clutches of the American cotton planter. According to a report from Consul General Mason, experiments on a huge scale have been made for the last two years carried on in German East Africa, and it is said, cotton equal, if not superior, to the American staple has been grown.

A number of young Germans are to be sent over here to gain practical experience in cotton growing. The German consul at Galveston has arranged for their admission to agricultural schools and upon plantations. After they become thoroughly trained, they are to be sent to Africa to superintend the work there.

Seaboard Air Line Wins in Lazarus Suit
In the suit of Max Lazarus against the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company to recover \$10,000 as damages for alleged false arrest, a verdict was returned in favor of the defendant.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure
Costs Nothing If It Fails
Any honest person who suffers from Rheumatism is welcome to this offer. For years I searched everywhere to find a specific for Rheumatism, but in vain. I was finally cured by Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure. It is a powerful agent Rheumatism—a potent force against Rheumatism. I will then arrange with a druggist to send you a trial bottle of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure to make the test. You may take it full strength on trial, and if it does not cure you, I will refund the money. It is \$5.00. If it fails the loss is mine and mine alone. It will be left entirely to you. I mean that exactly. I don't expect a penny from you. Write me and I will send you the book. Try my remedy for a month. If it fails the loss is mine. Address Dr. Shoop, Box 9766, Racine, Wis. Mild cases not chronic are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICES.
NOTICE TO PRIZE WINNER—Local 18, I. O. O. F., Washington, D. C. hereby gives notice that the holder of coupon No. 15 with watch and holder thereof is requested to present same within ten days to M. T. MURPHY, No. 835 Fifth Street northeast, Washington, D. C.

SPECIAL NOTICE—To whom it concerns: 28 years and 10 months, of Virginia, age, after a brief illness, departed this life Monday night, January 25, 1904, at 12 o'clock. Burial from late residence, 710 H St. N.W., at 2 o'clock.

OFFICE OF THE WASHINGTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY, January 15, 1904. The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Washington Gas Light Company for the election of directors and for such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 413 Third Street northwest, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1904, at 12 o'clock. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock p. m. WILLIAM B. ORME, Secretary. 1415-14, C.E.M.

FANCY CREAMERY BUTTER, \$1.00 4 LBS. FOR \$1.00 ELGIN CREAMERY CO. Call up Phone Main 3148 M. 230 9th St. N. W., Opposite Center Market. 1415-20.

COAL HOW'S THIS? Pea Coal for a Few Days, \$4.75 per Ton OUR OTHER PRICES ARE ALWAYS BELOW EVERYBODY ELSE'S. Chestnut Coal...\$8.85 We sell for spot cash White Ash Stove...\$6.75 that's why our prices are so low. Red Ash Coal...\$7.25 Send postal or phone for prices. 1415-20.

Teeth WITHOUT PLATES. No extracting; no pain. Look, feel, and test. Larger than natural teeth. Shrink on faces. Perfectly natural. Dr. L. WILSON, 203 F St. N.W. Phone Main-4180M 4039-20.

PRIVATE STORAGE Separate compartments to protect your valuables from fire, theft, etc., for rent at lowest rates. LITFIELD, ALFORD & CO., 227 Pa. Ave. N. E. 1st and M Sts. N. E.

MUTUAL INTERESTS. It is not our endeavor to sell an excessive amount of fuel, but on the contrary, we are constantly studying ways and means of heating your home economically. THE ALLEGHENY COMPANY, 815 11th St. 1414

IF THE WATCH OR CLOCK needs repairing, it's best to have best here. Uncle Sam's finest clocks are repaired by us. Cleaning, \$1. Mainspring, \$1. Around the cor. from 7th.

COUGHS —Are quickly cured by WILLIAMS' PRUSSIAN COUGH SYRUP—15c. Williams' Temple Drug Store, Corner Ninth and F

COFFEE —You can't buy our Congressional Coffee from your grocer, but we have a Branch Store near 75th St. Cor. Seventh and E Streets. 35c lb.

The Store That Saves You Money.
Here's a Special Money-Saving Value
THIS ROCKER FOR \$4.25
Prettily carved rocker with leather seat. A regular \$2.50 value.
Credit and Easy Payments.
The Hub Furniture Co.,
S. E. Cor. 7th & D Sts. N. W.

If You're Sick Your Income Is Assured.
It's a policy without a peer. Costs little—provides much. In case of illness \$25 a week is paid. In case of accident \$20 a week is paid. The beneficiary is insured in case of death or death by the same policy. Costs \$5 a month, \$60 a year.
W. W. WEEKS, Representative,
Drop Postal, Colorado Bldg.

AUCTION SALES.
JAMES W. RATCLIFFE, AUCTIONEER.
Executor's and Trustee's Sale of Valuable Improved Real Estate; Large Three-story and Basement Brick Dwelling, with Side Lot, No. 224 Second St. S. E.; 3 Two-story Frame Houses, Nos. 212, 214, and 216 C St. S. E.; Two-story Brick House, No. 641 Second St. N. E.; Two-story 10-room Brick House, No. 114 4 1/2 Street N. W.; Three-story Brick House, No. 312 Third Street N. W.; Two-story Brick House, No. 1232 Twentieth Street N. W.; Two-story and Basement Brick House, No. 1712 Tenth Street N. W.

By virtue of a decree of the Supreme Court of the District