

# STATEHOOD GETS SEVERE BLOW

## Pennsylvania Scandals Hit Arizona and New Mexico.

### ORGANIZATION INTERESTED

Furnished Inspiration Because of Business Holdings—Oklahoma and Indian Territory Not Involved.

Statehood for Arizona and New Mexico has received a serious blow, it is admitted even by the best friends of the cause, through the political and financial scandals in Pennsylvania this year.

The Pennsylvania Republican organization was the most determined and effective advocate of Statehood for the two Southwestern Territories in the last Congress, and the late Senator Quay was at once a tower of strength and a source of weakness to the cause.

#### Support Not Unselfish.

The failure of the Enterprise National Bank, of Pittsburgh, has brought to light new evidence that the ardent support which the Quay organization gave the Statehood cause was far from patriotic and unselfish. It was well known that people of the first importance to that organization had large business and political interests in New Mexico and Arizona, and that these furnished the inspiration for the enthusiastic support which was given the Statehood proposal. But the full realization of the nature and extent of these relations has only been brought to light since the Enterprise Bank failure. It was freely enough charged when the Statehood measure was before the last Congress, that the creation of Arizona and New Mexico as States would practically make them appendages of the Pennsylvania machine, which would thus get a most potent tail to its political kite, with more Senators and Representatives to add to its power. But it is now being urged, in addition to this, that the relations of the Statehood promoters to the Pennsylvania machine and State treasury are of such character as most to injure the prospects of Statehood legislation.

#### Hope to Escape Condemnation.

Oklahoma and Indian Territory were not involved except incidentally with the affairs of the Pennsylvania organization, in the farther Southwest, and their friends hope that they will escape the general condemnation, and be able to secure passage of a bill admitting them either as one or as two States. It is urged in this connection that Oklahoma, with well nigh a million people, is the one Territory whose claim to Statehood is incontestable. Friends of Oklahoma hope that when their cause is divorced from the embarrassments and entanglements of omnibus bills, they will get better treatment on their merits than has been accorded them in the past when it has been impossible to consider them apart from the weaker claims of the Southwestern Territories.

# ZINKHAN FINDS STRIPES NEEDED AT WORKHOUSE

Replies to Letter From Citizen Complaining of Garb as Obsolete and Barbarous.

Thomas J. Donovan, of 1108 G street northwest, has written the District Commissioners about the law that prisoners convicted by the police court judges of misdemeanors be clothed in prison stripes. In the opinion of Mr. Donovan, the use of the garb for petty prisoners is both "barbarous" and "obsolete," and in the case of a self-respecting man who may be unfortunate enough to receive a workhouse sentence, the wearing of prison stripes is a deep humiliation. The communication was referred to Superintendent Zinkhan, of the District workhouse. He reported that in his judgment a distinctive garb was necessary for prisoners committed to the house. "The costume is used," he said, "not as an humiliation, but to differentiate them from free citizens, and to reduce the temptation to escape. Most of the prisoners committed to the workhouse are second-term men, to whom the striped suit is no humiliation. We attempt to keep first offenders in the buildings or on the farm where they are not subjected to the scrutiny of the public."

#### THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

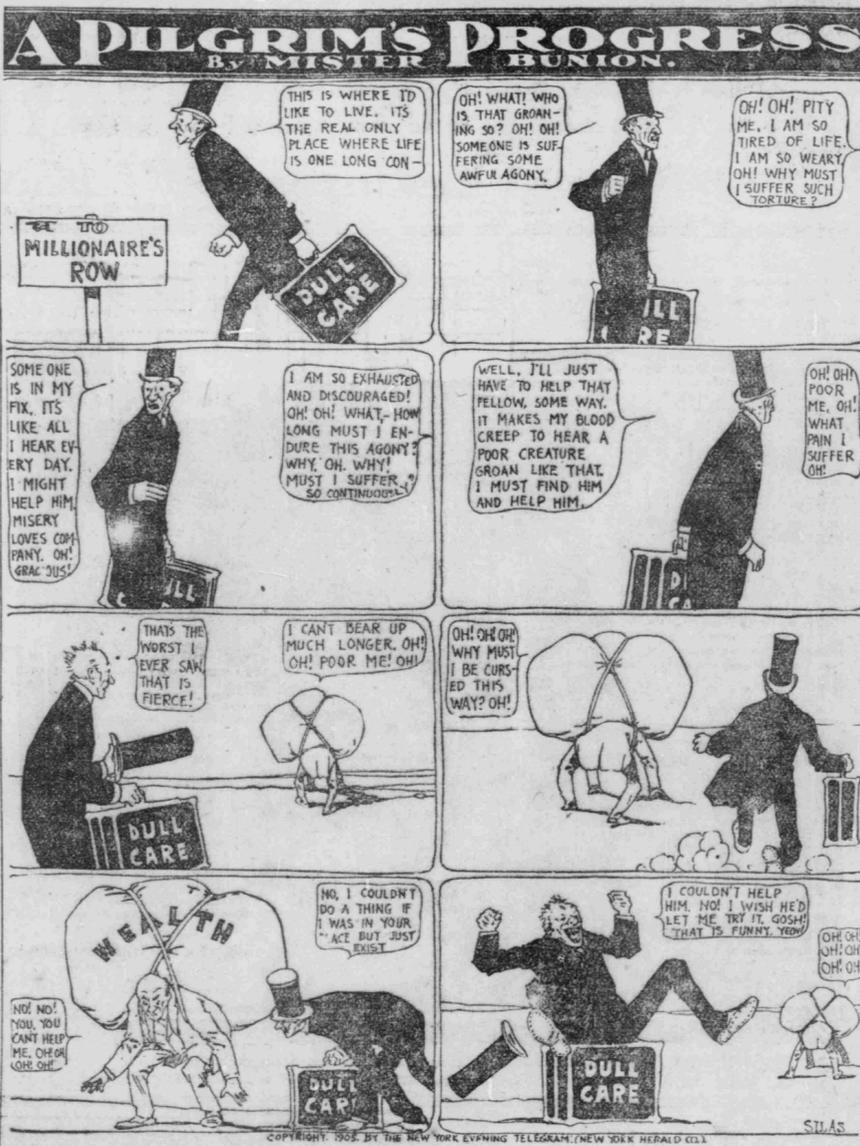
Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply a natural and eminently safe substance which cleanses the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system. Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables. Charcoal effectively clears and improves the complexion. It whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe remedy for the teeth and the mouth and throat from the poison of tartar.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most effective is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered willow charcoal, and are in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges; the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in the stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."



# IN MEN'S CLOTHES WOMAN SEEKS AID

## Mrs. Margaret Jenkins Deserted by Husband.

### CROSSES THE CONTINENT

Disguised as Tramp, Caught in Wilkes-Barre—Tale of Her Trials.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 4.—After a three-months' journey across the continent from Nevada, during which she was attired in men's clothes, Mrs. Margaret Jenkins arrived.

She was making her way by stealing rides on freight trains and was bound for Lewistown, Pa., where she has relatives. A Lehigh Valley railroad special officer saw her in a freight car and arrested her. Not until she was taken to the station house and was about to be placed in a cell with a number of men did she reveal the fact that she was a woman.

Surprised at her declaration, the sergeant placed her in the women's room and procured women's clothing for her. They were the first she had worn in three months, and when she donned them she wept. Attired in these clothes she later was taken before Alderman Brown, and the story she told was so pathetic that he released her and she is now making her way to her destination.

She said that eight years ago she and her husband left Scranton for Nevada, where they lived happily until three months ago, when he deserted her. Too proud to remain in the town where she was known, but penniless and without friends to whom she could appeal, she decided to make her way East.

Finding that as a woman even food was refused her and that work was impossible to obtain she procured men's clothing, cut off her hair and resumed her journey eastward. Her sex was never discovered, nor was she arrested until she reached here.

### COLLEGE DEBATERS DISCUSS SUBJECTS OF INTEREST

"Resolved, That the free elective system in college courses is preferable to the regularly prescribed methods," was the subject discussed by the Columbian Debating Society of George Washington University, last night, in the hall of jurisprudence and diplomacy. The affirmative was upheld by Stern, Moore and Miller, and the negative by Gannon, Agnew and Starr. Morris Stern and Clarence Miller carried off first and second honors, respectively.

At the next regular meeting of the society to be held Friday, the question: "Resolved, That the municipal ownership of waterworks, lighting, street railways, etc., in large cities, would be for the best interest of the people of those cities." D. C. M. Uhlman, A. H. Hughey, and E. A. Swingle will represent the affirmative, while F. G. Tacey, D. A. Dunning and A. C. Shepherd will present the negative side.

### SCHOONER TOWED IN.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., Nov. 4.—The Mascus Edwards, a three-masted schooner, of Bangor, Me., bound from Weymouth, Mass., for Bangor with fertilizer, was towed into this port. The Edwards was caught in a severe gale of Cape Ann, and had her foremast, boom, and sparker boom broken and lost some of her sails. She will repair here.

# NEWFOUNDLAND MEN RAN OWN BLOCKADE

## Fishers Join American Schooner at Bay Island, and the Vessel May Now Be Seized by Cruiser.

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, Nov. 4.—Twenty-eight Newfoundland fishermen ran the blockade at Bay of Islands, established by the colonial cruiser, and joined the American fishing vessel Gosport, beyond the mouth of the bay. But the colonial authorities say they were within the three-mile limit when they boarded her, and will not be permitted to fish. It is also probable that the Gosport will be seized and prosecuted for shipping them in territorial waters.

Secretary Root has notified American vessels that they can not ship colonial fishermen within the three-mile limit. Fears are expressed that the American schooner's nets may be cut by coastfolk disappointed in not selling their own catches of herring, and that this will bring an American warship.

### DENNISON SCHOOL GETS MEDAL FROM FLORISTS

The bronze medal awarded by the Society of American Florists and Horticulturists to the Dennison School for the excellent showing made by the children in school gardens during the past spring and summer was presented yesterday afternoon.

William F. Gude, president of the Washington Florists' Club and ex-president of the Society of American Florists, made the presentation in behalf of the society. Appropriate exercises were held in the main hall of the school.

### WATCHMAN HUNTER TAKES PASTEUR TREATMENT

Although no unfavorable symptoms have developed as yet, William Hunter, the watchman who was bitten in the wrist by a mad dog at the Zoo on October 23, has been going to Baltimore for the past week for treatment at the Pasteur Institute of that city.

Mr. Hunter was first treated at the Emergency Hospital, but since Saturday has been going to Baltimore. The wound is healing well, and at present there is little danger of hydrophobia. The body of the dog was taken to the Bureau of Animal Industry, where it developed the animal was suffering from rabies.

# UNQUESTIONABLE PROOF

## Hospitals and Many Other Public Institutions Indorse and Use Father John's Medicine for Colds and Lung and Bronchial Trouble.

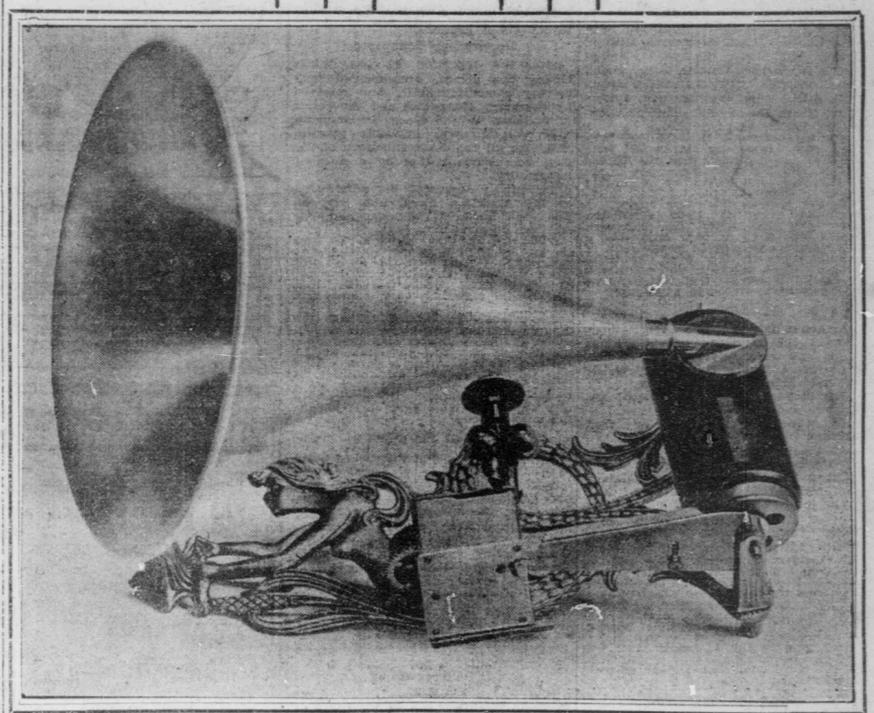


We have permission to refer to the Sisters Superior at the following homes and hospitals where Father John's Medicine is in use: Notre Dame de Lourdes Hospital, Manchester, N. H.; Sisters of Mercy, St. Patrick's Orphanage, Manchester, N. H.; St. Joseph's Home; Sisters of Charity, Academy of the Assumption, Westley Hill, Mass.; House of St. Martha, Manchester, N. H.; Hospital St. Vincent de Paul, Manchester, N. H.; Ursuline Convent, Waterville, Me.; St. Joseph's Hospital, New Bedford, Mass.; Asylum of St. Vincent de Paul, New York City; Sisters of Holy Cross, Nashua, N. H.; Sisters of St. Joseph, Philadelphia, Pa.; St. John's Industrial School, Newton Highlands, Mass.; Sisters of Mercy, Meriden, Conn.; Sisters of the Holy Cross, St. Catherine's Normal School, Baltimore, Md.; Sisters of Holy Cross, Dolan Aid Asylum, Baltimore, Md.; Christian Brothers, Elliott City, Md.; and many others, the names of which we shall be pleased to furnish upon application.

The good that is done by St. John's Hospital of Lowell, Mass., will ever be held in grateful memory by thousands of people. The Sisters of Charity who care for the sick and ailing at this institution say: "We cheerfully recommend Father John's Medicine as a good remedy for colds, bronchial troubles, etc., also a tonic for building up the system. The ingredients of which it is composed seem to be perfectly safe and worth a trial by an ailing individual." (Signed) Sisters of Charity, St. John's Hospital, Lowell, Mass.

# The Sunday Times Phonograph Offer

Subscribers to The Sunday Times who either take the paper regularly now or wish to subscribe for a period of three months will be entitled to the benefits of this offer.



By special arrangement with the Edwin A. Denham Company, of New York, London, and Berlin, The Sunday Times is enabled to present an order on the Washington branch of this firm, located at 726 Eleventh Street northwest, to all subscribers desiring a phonograph for one Denham Phonograph (1906 model with ALUMINUM HORN) upon purchasing from either The Times or Denham Company one book of seventy-five Denham coupons. Each coupon is worth five cents in the purchase of phonograph records from the Washington branch of the Denham Company. These coupons may be obtained in lots of from ten up, the phonograph being given outright when the subscriber has purchased the seventy-five coupons at five cents each.

The Denham phonograph is equal in the reproduction of sound and musical qualities to any twenty-dollar machine.

One coupon and twenty cents purchases a record that cannot be bought anywhere for less than 25c. So, under this arrangement, when a subscriber has used up all of his coupons, the phonograph costs him nothing whatsoever.

The phonograph may be heard either at the circulation office of The Times, or at the Denham & Co. show rooms, 726 Eleventh Street northwest.

To take advantage of this offer all you have to do is to signify your intention to continue your present subscription to The Sunday Times, or, if not now a subscriber, send in an order for a three months' subscription, payable to the carrier at the regular price of five cents a week, upon his calling to collect for papers served. This phonograph is absolutely not for sale.