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THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1906.

Statehood: The New Phase.

The joint Statehood bill is scheduled to pass the House this afternoon, and will do so. The crisis in its House career was passed yesterday, on the vote for the previous question on adopting the rule for consideration of the bill.

It is hardly necessary to say that the Times has been among those opposed to this plan. It has not believed that, in order to do manifest justice to Oklahoma, it was necessary to hitch on the dubious proposition of Arizona and New Mexico.

But the situation has changed with the assurance that the joint bill is to pass the House. It goes to the Senate with the indorsement of the lower body, and it is a substantial certainty that if the Senate declines to accept it in its present form there will be no Statehood this Congress, and probably none for several years.

There's the rub. The House might have defeated the rule, divided the question, and considered the different parts of the proposition on their merits. It did not do so, and the time has passed for any effective effort at such consideration. It is pass or defeat the bill, and it is up to the Senate.

In this situation, the bill ought to pass. The next Congress is altogether likely to bring a very close House, perhaps Democratic. If the latter, no Statehood bill would be agreed on between House and Senate. Then the matter would go over until after a Presidential election; and in the present tone of political opinion it is not a far cry to the assumption that after the next Presidential election no one party is likely to have the absolute control of all branches of the Government that the Republicans now enjoy.

So there is in sight the serious possibility of a long delay, during which Oklahoma and Indian Territory will be kept out of their rights. In that condition it seems best to pass the pending measure in the Senate. It is carefully drawn and thoroughly considered with reference to the problem of the southwestern Territories. It is far better than it would be if it admitted both of them together; and that is the solution that a Democratic Administration would probably apply.

Six Make the Rates.

Years ago, in commenting on the evils of a vast centralization of railroad properties "uncontrolled by any public authority," the Hon. Carroll D. Wright prophesied the time when the country would see the railroad systems controlled by five men instead of ten, by three instead of five, and so on.

It is doubtful if one man out of a thousand realized how closely we are approaching to that prophecy until Senator Clay spoke of the "six great combinations" a day or so ago. We have been blinded by the very bigness of our systems. Actual reports taken from railroad statistics show that there are over 2,000 "separate lines," with a combined capitalization of \$13,213,000,000, one-seventh of the nation's wealth.

It is difficult to estimate the number of people whose destinies are inseparably connected with those of the railroads, but including employes, shippers, and farmers, it is safe to say that the fortunes of one-half of our population are in the keeping of the railroads. When we tell ourselves that there are 2,000 companies, the situation does not seem alarming. But when we realize that not 2,000 companies, but six men control the mileage of these lines most of us will agree that it is time we have some national safeguard.

The Railway World in 1902 saw no cause for alarm in the fact that "A. J. Cassatt, Mr. Vanderbilt, E. H. Harriman, and James J. Hill are regarded as practically controlling all the great railroads of the country." Today the Pennsylvania system includes 280 companies, the Vanderbilt 132, the Morgan-Hill, 240. These

with the Gould-Rockefeller, the Harriman and Moore holdings, dominate 95 per cent of our railroad mileage. Thus nominally 2,000 separate corporations, our railroads in reality are a mighty trust dominated by six corporate interests with power to fix rates, foster pet interests into success, and relegate undesirable enterprises to oblivion.

What better proof than this need there be of the truth of what President Roosevelt said in his message—"The fortunes amassed through corporate organizations are now so large and vast such power in those that wield them, as to make it a matter of necessity to give to the sovereign—that is, to the State, which represents the people as a whole—some effective power of supervision over their corporate uses."

Party and Conscience.

Americans who saw signs of an uplift toward independence in the recent elections, State and municipal, will find yesterday's debate in the House of extreme and sinister interest. The most conspicuous figures on the majority side of the chamber—for one reason or another—were Mr. Grosvenor, Mr. Tawney, and Mr. Dalzell. Here are some of the things they said:

Mr. Finley—Mr. Speaker, I wish to ask the gentleman from Ohio if he is the fifty-seventh Congress he did not vote to admit the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico as States separately? Mr. Grosvenor—I think I did. [Applause on the Democratic side.] I think I did, but at that time my party had not yet decided to accept of the Republican side. [Applause on the Republican side.] And since that time the gentleman has been distinctly active in favor of this measure, and since that time I placed myself on record—and the gentleman has been very active in support of this measure, and I am not inconsistent with my record of that time and if there is anything I am proud of, it is that I am never inconsistent two years at a time and changing events such as we have. [Applause and laughter.]

Mr. Tawney—Mr. Speaker, no member of this House believes more sincerely than I do that Arizona and New Mexico ought not to be admitted into the Union either jointly or severally. Neither of them possesses the natural conditions that give assurance of its ability to maintain a permanent population of sufficient size to enable it to be a State forever.

Mr. Dalzell—There are east of the West Indies, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Indian Territory. There are west of the West line of Kansas 5,000,000 of people. I stand here today for the 80,000,000 as against the 5,000,000.

Now, Mr. Speaker, I am not the defender of any man's conscience, but I do defend the right of a Government to be a Government by party, it is the duty of every member of a party upon a party measure to stand by his party, and I leave the subject just here. [Loud applause on the Republican side.]

Philadelphia is still seeing that snake in Delivered's bill. But the Senator ought to be there. They are busy with lots of queer things up there lately.

It turned out that some of the alleged "hot-headed" insurgents in the House had cold feet.

Secretary Shaw, in advising the department clerks not to ask for retirement on pensions, reminds people of the way he talks about prosperous times.

Shades of Henry James! Could that estimable gentleman only have heard Speaker Cannon say yesterday that "obnoxious members of the House," "the galleries are observing decency, and now it's up to you." Put it in the dictionary since it has received this official sanction.

That White House caller who said the President is confident we could whip the Japs most likely will not be able to quote Mr. Roosevelt soon again.

That girl that went shopping and got a husband has given shopping an impetus that will be felt all winter.

WASN'T CERTAIN OF HER NAME.

She was from Seattle, after inscribing her name on the hotel register she was called to the attention of the clerk addressed to her. The name she wrote on the register was, simply, "Mrs. T. Brown, Seattle."

"I don't suppose, by any chance, that this is intended for you, is it?" inquired the clerk, handing her a letter addressed to "Mrs. T. Brown, Seattle."

"But the name is spelled differently," pointed out the cautious clerk. "You spell your name 'B-r-o-w-n,' and the name on the letter has a final 'e.'"

"You see," she explained, "I am not quite sure how he spells it." "My husband, we've only been married a month."—San Francisco Chronicle.

COMBINATION STILL GOES ON.

A few years ago William C. Whitney was making his millions by combining the street railway lines of New York City and was looked upon as the coming "king" in rapid transit in New York. Lamont was his right-hand man and Thomas F. Ryan was an unknown associate. Now Lamont is dead, Whitney is dead, Ryan is out of the business and the control of all the New York City street railways is in a new combination bigger than any that Whitney ever planned.—Hartford Times.

A LADY.

She turned to me—the blue sea of her eyes, the gleam of her teeth, the gleam of her eyes, the gleam of her teeth, the gleam of her eyes, the gleam of her teeth.

Drowned speech, ere it could struggle into birth. The ravine breeze that made her hair seem worth. Ten times its weight in gold, she like. At sunset o'er those azure deeps. Who tries. To pain such loveliness falls at her feet. Of words—but she was framed, for word or truth. A puzzle, a perfection and a prize! You She turned to me—answered the mute appeal. My own eyes held, and by some hidden law. Diviner, my wishes. Like a silver bell Her voice echoed through the mercantile. Establishment she worked in—"Have your new line of gents' fancy vests? They're swell!"

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

IN THE CIRCLE OF SOCIETY

SENATORS' WIVES RECEIVING TODAY

President Dines Supreme Court Tonight.

MUSICALES BY MRS. BELMONT

Dinners and Teas Will Help Make This Exceedingly Active Day for Washington Society.

Today is another unusually active day for Washington society. In the afternoon the wives of several Senators will receive, and in the evening will be a large number of dinners with the President among the hosts.

Besides the President's state dinner to the Supreme Court, there will be a large and fashionable musicale at the home of Mrs. Perry Belmont on Scott Circle, Caruso, of the Metropolitan Opera Company, assisted by Miss Abbott, will sing. The number of guests invited is limited to the seating capacity of the ball room.

Mr. and Mrs. Lutz Anderson will open their house to a dinner party. Representative William B. McKinley will entertain the Illinois delegation in Congress, with the Speaker as the guest of honor, at a dinner. Miss Mattis, who is a niece of Representative McKinley, and who presides over his household in the absence of Mrs. McKinley in Europe, brought from the West with her, upon her return yesterday, Miss Dalenbach, of Champaign, Ill., who will remain as her guest for the season. Miss Mattis and Miss Dalenbach will be at home February 6, at 1221 Connecticut avenue.

Senator and Mrs. Elkins will give a dinner party for the Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks, February 2.

Mrs. Potter Palmer, who spent the first days after her arrival here in Chicago as the guest of Mrs. Don Cameron, on Lafayette Square, is now the guest of Mrs. Slater, in Eighteenth street, who has invited a number of society people to meet Mrs. Palmer at a reception this afternoon.

Mrs. Stanley Mathews entertained a dinner company last evening, including Secretary Wilson, Justice and Mrs. Brewer, Justice and Mrs. Brown, Senator and Mrs. Spooner, Mr. and Mrs. James Pinchot, Mrs. Hobson, Captain and Mrs. Clover, Mr. and Mrs. Cropper, General Woodhull, and Miss Mitchell.

A reception was given at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York in honor of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, by the California Club of that city. Mrs. Ernest Diehman, president of the club, received with Mrs. Reid, who wore a gown of black chiffon cloth, and a small black bonnet. Strings of pearls formed a contrast to the sombre tone of the toilet. There was music, after which tea and refreshments were served in one of the smaller rooms. All of the guests present were Californians. Mrs. Reid, who was formerly Elizabeth Mills, daughter of D. O. Mills, was born in California.

Senator and Mrs. Hopkins have issued invitations for a dinner at the New Willard, February 5.

Representative and Mrs. Lincoln Dixon, of Indiana, have arrived in the city, and have taken an apartment at the Cairo for the season.

Consul General to London and Mrs. Robert Wynne gave a box party at the National last evening, when their guests were Representative and Mrs. James R. Mann, Judge and Mrs. Anderson, and Miss Perie Anderson. Following the play, a supper was given at the New Willard.

Secretary of State Root has issued invitations to a luncheon to be given at the New Willard Saturday at 1:30 in honor of the commission from China, now stopping at the Arlington.

Mrs. Oscar Crosby gave a dance of thirty couples last night at the Sheridan in honor of her daughter, Miss Miriam Crosby. The guests included the younger set in social circles.

Mrs. Charles Henry Butler and Miss Butler will give the last of a series of "at home" teas. Mrs. Butler will be assisted in receiving by Mrs. J. G. Gardner, and Miss Butler will have with her Miss Dorothy Ritter, of Philadelphia, who is her house guest.

Mrs. Amy R. Talbot, of New York, has taken an apartment at Stoneleigh Court for the winter.

The following Washington people are in New York today: O. M. Allen, Jr., M. Cline, T. W. Davy, S. P. Elkins, Jr., M. Fraser, Mrs. R. Patterson, F. H. Pierce, A. P. Rayney, F. P. Sargent, W. W. Anderson, E. W. B. Smith, C. G. Cat, W. P. Gresham, L. T. Gaff, N. H. Henry, H. Jennings, O. Lambert, Dr. T. S. Lee, Miss M. D. Lee, J. L. Looze, J. M. Maguire, W. D. McLendon, J. H. M. Schaeff, J. A. Seavy, S. N. Baker, O. H. Dowell, L. R. Fayling, H. C. Karr, Mrs. Kooz, Mr. Korner, S. H. Loomis, and P. Mauro.

Mrs. William T. Harris, Mrs. Ellen S. Husey, and Mrs. Willard Carroll will receive with Mrs. Arthur Ramsay at Fairmont Seminary tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock.

Mrs. William C. Borden invited a company to luncheon yesterday at the home of Mrs. R. O. W. of New York. Others of the party were Mrs. Chaffee, Mrs. Stornburg, Mrs. Knapp, Mrs. Fleming, Mrs. Hoff, and Mrs. Burr.

Mrs. William Warner, wife of Senator Warner of Missouri, and her daughter, Mrs. Harwood, will receive on Thursdays at the Cairo, during the month of February.

Miss Katherine Elkins left the city today for New York. She will be the guest for a few days of her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Davis, who recently visited here.



MRS. ELMER J. BURKETT, Popular Senatorial Hostess, Who Makes Her Home, at 1476 Nineteenth Street, One of the Most Interesting Socially in Washington.

BRILLIANT DINNERS FOR GUESTS OF NOTE

Miss Roosevelt and Mr. Longworth Dined by Bromwells, Rosens by von Sternburgs and Cardinal Gibbons by Senator and Mrs. Elkins.

Miss Roosevelt and Mr. Longworth were entertained at dinner last night by Colonel and Mrs. Bromwell. Still too ill to preside, Mrs. Bromwell gave way to Mrs. Newlands. Others of the party were Mr. and Mrs. Lutz Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Ward Thoron, Miss Elkins, Miss Foraker, Miss Levering, Captain Buck, Mr. Montagna, charge d'affaires for Italy, Mr. Lindsay of the British embassy, Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge.

Mr. Longworth will give a stag dinner February 15, in compliment to Speaker Cannon. Friday, a reception in honor of Mrs. Roosevelt and Mr. Longworth, which will in part be a reunion of the Philippine party.

The German Ambassador and Baroness von Sternburg were hosts last night at a splendidly arranged dinner in honor of the Russian Ambassador and Baroness Rosen. The table was devoid of flowers, but rich effect was obtained by the use of the gold and silver plate belonging to the ambassador and coming to him as heirlooms from his paternal ancestors. Baroness von Sternburg wore black liberty velvet with a high collar and diamond ornaments, pearl collar and diamond earrings. To meet the Russian Ambassador and Baroness von Rosen were Assistant Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Newberry, Senator and Mrs. Dolliver, Senator and Mrs. Spooner, Mrs. Hebbinghaus of the German embassy, Captain and Mrs. Ryan of the British embassy, Miss Carroll, Miss Williams, Miss Boardman, Manager O'Connell, and others.

Senator and Mrs. Elkins invited guests to dinner last night to meet Cardinal Gibbons. The party consisted of Mrs. Taft, the Mexican Ambassador and Mme. Casasis, Senator and Mrs. Gorman, Senator and Mrs. Rayner, the Danish minister, Mr. Brun, ex-Senator Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Lotthrop Bradley, Gen. and Mrs. William F. Draper, Mr. and Mrs. Sloan Fassett, Mrs. Potter Palmer, Miss Sherrill, Mrs. Spencer.

Mrs. Richard Butler also was hostess at a dinner party last night, entertaining General and Mrs. Chaffee, General and Mrs. St. Clair Gannon, and Mr. and Mrs. Butler and Gifford Pinchot.

Miss John Timmons, daughter of the Vice President and Mrs. Fairbanks, who has been too indisposed recently to accept social engagements, has gone to Annapolis for a two weeks' visit to Lieut. and Mrs. St. Clair Gannon, at Annapolis.

The home of the Vice President and Mrs. Fallbanks was the scene for the social world yesterday afternoon, the regular Wednesday at home of Mrs. Fairbanks. Assisting her were Mrs. Nelson, Mrs. Burrows, Mrs. Middleton, and Mrs. Coleman, house guests, Miss Elsie Curtis and others. An interesting feature of the reception was the visit paid by the party of the commission of the imperial court of China, which has just arrived here from Chicago and for whom the Chinese minister gives a dinner January 25.

Miss Edith Root, daughter of the Secretary of State, is being extensively entertained in New York. This evening Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, sister of the late William C. Whitney, gives a dinner for her, followed by a musicale, to which an additional number of guests has been asked.

Mrs. John W. Langley will be at home at the Rochambeau, on Thursday, January 25, from 3 to 5.

Miss Helenway, daughter of the Senator from Indiana; Miss Burnham, daughter of the Senator from New Jersey; Miss Gardner, daughter of the Representative from New Jersey, and Miss Vreeland, daughter of Representative Vreeland, of New York.

Mrs. Ellis Logan, 123 Irving street, will be at home tomorrow.

Mrs. John Newton, of Stoneleigh Court, will be unable to receive on Thursdays in February on account of the severe accident which she sustained on January 13.

Mrs. Rhett Stuart will be at home, 7 Duane street, Saturday, February 10, for the first time this season.

Mrs. Louis A. Pradt, of 198 F street, will not be at home until Thursday, February 8.

Mrs. George Sutherland, of the Highlands, wife of Senator Sutherland, will not receive today, but will be at home informally on February 1. Mrs. Sutherland is looking forward to a visit from Mrs. E. K. Branch, of New York.

Mrs. Latimer, wife of Senator Latimer, will not receive today, but will be at home on Thursday, February 1, at the Cochran.

Mrs. Charles Darwin Pennabaker will give a tea on Tuesday, January 23, from 4 to 7 o'clock, at 302 K street.

WASHINGTON BRIDE FOR BALTIMOREAN

Miss Olive Peacock, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob B. Peacock, was married at the home of her parents, in Eighteenth street, yesterday, to David M. Newbold, Jr., of Baltimore. The Rev. C. Ernest Smith, of St. Thomas' Church, officiated. The bride was escorted to the improvised altar by her father, and had as an only attendant her sister, Miss Rose May Peacock.

The drawing-rooms were decorated with palms, vines and flowers. Owing to a recent bereavement in the groom's family, only the immediate relatives of the couple and a few intimate friends were present. The bride was gown in a lace robe, made on tulle and net. She wore a full veil held by natural orange blossoms. Her only jewelry was

THE PERSONAL SIDE AT THE CAPITOL

Statehood Bill's Whips and Whims Are the All-Absorbing Topic Today With the Solons at the Capitol.

Today the gossip on the House side was all about the defeat of the insurgents on Statehood yesterday. One veteran of many wars of this kind explained the defeat as follows:

"It's all very well to talk about going against the leaders and asserting a man's rightful voice in legislation, and all that sort of thing. Young members, particularly, are caught by a cry. But there is a different story when the fight warms up. The young insurgents soften in the backbone and the fight goes out of them. And why is this? Well, you see, it's pretty hard for a young member to hold out against the pressure. The Speaker, perhaps, comes around and tells him that he will ruin his career in the House if he votes so foolishly. Now and then the White House gets in a little work of the same kind. What can a young man do?"

"Then, the moral support is all with the leaders and not with the insurgents. The result of it all is that the insurgents do not insure as much as was expected, and the leaders win—as usual."

One Good Laugh. There was one good laugh during the rather heated debate yesterday on the

Statehood rule. It was caused by J. Adam Bede, now a representative from Minnesota, but in his boyhood a native of Anacostia. It was a laugh that took the House by storm. The members were not satisfied with laughing. They pounded the tops of their desks and roared. The outburst lasted fully two or three minutes and was renewed when Mr. Bede replied to the Speaker's rebuke to him for his remark.

Some of the members of New York, had made a speech in which he referred to the "New York Senators." "The gentleman," said Mr. Bede, "has seen fit to remind us of the two Senators from New York. Why, Mr. Speaker, the whole country is trying to forget about the two Senators from New York."

This was the speech that brought down the House. When the laugh subsided, Speaker Cannon said to Mr. Bede: "The gentleman knows, or the gentleman ought to know, that his remark is against all the rules of the House and against all parliamentary rules."

"I only meant to refer to them in the kindest manner," said Mr. Bede, and the laugh started again.

Just at a time when political Washington is devoting its spare moments to long-range consideration of Presidential possibilities for 1908, there has swooped down on the Capital, from Wisconsin, a stalwart boom for Senator La Follette. The serious suggestion comes from a leading member of the stalwart management in the Badger State.

This gentleman not only suggests it, but fully expects it to come to pass. Wisconsin looks upon it as probable; and in defense of the suggestion, declares that La Follette is an active and energetic man who is satisfied with the quiet life of a Senatorial seat when the occupant is new to that body and is not expected to be much in evidence as a factor in legislation.

The idea of La Follette as a Presidential factor is by no means novel; but the suggestion that the stalwarts of his State would support his ambition is new. The explanation is that it would be one way for them to get rid of the militant Senator as an immediate factor in State affairs.

It is the stalwart claim that La Follette is the real typical State boss, that nowhere in the Union is there one man who so entirely dominates his party and State. So, it is suggested, the stalwarts, whose largest concern is to get themselves back into the State saddle, might be found promptly falling in line, and supporting La Follette for President.

By doing they would place him under a measure of obligation which presumably he would be able to repay, after he was President, by taking his finger off the trigger of State affairs. And, if after such support, he should lose, he could reasonably be expected to endeavor in the United States to modify the strenuousness of his domination of State affairs.

LIQUOR QUESTION STIRS LONE STAR POLITICIANS

Prohibition and Race Issues Will Be Forced to the Front by Texas Democrats.

DALLAS, Tex., Jan. 25.—Texas politicians are stirred up over the report that plans have been matured to precipitate the prohibition question into the State Democratic campaign, with a view to promoting the nomination of the candidate for governor who will declare himself in favor of a constitutional amendment providing for State prohibition of the liquor traffic.

A prohibition plank in the State Democratic platform is to be worked for among the delegates to be chosen at the July primaries, and the election of the legislature is to be contested for at the primaries and at the November election.

The prohibition question is to be linked with the race question, the intention being to present the latter in an entirely new light to the public, largely in the streets, and to stir up against white womanhood and with a view to evolving a practical remedy.

The leading article of the first issue of "For Fatherland" says: "Conscious of our duty in allowing three years to expire without public protest against the act of regicide which has put on us the brand of Cain, we must unite to prove to the world that we do not condone murder."

"Full retribution must be made, for it is not enough to withdraw the rewards which have always been at least one editor out of jail who will take charge of the paper and thus prevent interruption of publication. The leading article of the first issue of 'For Fatherland' says: 'Conscious of our duty in allowing three years to expire without public protest against the act of regicide which has put on us the brand of Cain, we must unite to prove to the world that we do not condone murder.'"

Eugene Sanders Newbold, the groom's brother, was best man. Mr. Newbold is a son of David M. Newbold, prominent in financial circles in Baltimore, who was formerly interested in the street railways of Washington, having at one time been president of the Eckington and Soldiers' Home and Belt system.

After a wedding breakfast, Mr. and Mrs. Newbold left for Lakewood, N. J. Upon their return they will be permanently located in this city.

Perceval C. Howell, formerly of Windsor, Ontario, but now of Washington, and Miss Josephine C. Murray, of Fort Bayard, N. M., were married at the Regge House at 10 o'clock last evening. The Rev. Father Stafford, of St. Patrick's Church, officiated.

Mr. Howell was formerly stationed at Fort Bayard, where he was in charge of the medical museum work. Arrangements for his wedding to Miss Murray had been made to take place this month at Silver City, N. M., when orders came from Washington for him to return to this city.

OFFICERS INSTALLED BY REPUBLICAN CLUB

The Roosevelt and Fairbanks' Republican Club, of the District of Columbia, have installed the officers of the club for the ensuing year.

The officers are as follows: President, R. B. Blount; financial secretary, C. E. Pfanders; recording secretary, G. S. Campbell; treasurer, A. H. Matthews; chaplain, J. J. Bowie; marshal, Philip Allen; sergeant-at-arms, Williams; board of governors, A. B. Rice, Charles Pfanders, G. R. Seymour, W. H. Holmes, H. A. Clarke, Elie Coleman, and Thomas A. Watson.

BOARD OF EDUCATION VOTES FOR OPEN MEETINGS

The veil of secrecy has been lifted from the meetings of the Board of Education. Hereafter, instead of holding their behind closed doors as has been the custom of the present board, the meetings will be open and the proceedings of news interest will be given to the public first hand. This motion was made at the meeting last night by President J. Holdsworth Gordon, and received the unanimous support of the other five members of the board, some of whom had already expressed their disapproval of the idea of continuing the secret sessions.

The first open-door session of the board will be held next Wednesday evening, when the spacious library of the Franklin school building will be used for the purpose.

The offer of Dr. E. T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry of the Agricultural Department, to set aside 257 plots for the use of the public school children was accepted by the board. This greatly increased space, seven times larger than the former space, will enable the public school pupils to enter the study of plant life on a larger scale. The work will be under the supervision of a department expert.

Exercises dedicating the new John W. Ross school, on Harvard street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, will be held tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m. District Commissioner Macfarland, Judge Bundy, and A. T. Stuart, superintendent of the public schools, will deliver addresses, and a picture of the late Commissioner Ross, in whose honor the school is named, will be presented by Lee Ross.

A reception will be tendered J. R. Keene, supervising principal of the Petwoc school, on February 1, in honor of his having completed his fourth year of service in the public schools.

KING MUST FIGHT AN EDITORIAL ARMY

Anti-Regicide Paper Started in Belgrade That Does Not Fear Imprisonment.

BELGRADE, Jan. 25.—In order to insure the continuous publication of the new anti-regicide paper, "For Fatherland," which has just made its appearance here, an endless chain of editors has been engaged.

The idea is to forestall the action of the government in imprisoning the editor who is expected to be sent to jail within a week after the paper's first appearance. His successor will immediately take control and if he then goes to jail a third will sit in his chair. Enough editors have been engaged to carry on the paper for a long time, even if the government sends them to jail at the rate of one every day.

Sentences on editors vary according to the virulence of their articles, and the proprietors of the new paper estimate that there will always be at least one editor out of jail who will take charge of the paper and thus prevent interruption of publication.

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It was determined, however, that the wedding should not be postponed, and Miss Murray came here for the wedding Monday, accompanied by her brother, James T. Murray.

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