

## TELEGRAPHERS DEGREE NOTABLE REMOVAL TODAY

Twenty-sixth Annual  
Gathering of Promi-  
nent Organizations  
at the Arlington.

## OLD-TIMERS WHO SENT HISTORICAL DISPATCHES

Officers Elected, Days of  
Sightseeing to Follow  
Regular Business  
Session.

A notable group of men were present this morning when the first sessions of the twenty-sixth annual reunion of the Old-Time Telegraphers and Historical Association and of the Society of the United States Military Telegraph Corps were called to order. The conventions are being held in the Arlington Hotel and will continue through Thursday.

Among the large number of delegates to the conventions are men who have spent years in the telegraph service, and who know the art of sending and receiving when it was a new science. Men who have grown old in the service mingled with younger heads and told many interesting things of the "first days" when they were new to the keys.

Old-timers who have received and sent historical dispatches, clanked with the younger fellows who have yet to know more than the ordinary routine, and reminiscences were exchanged that, were they compiled, would make an interesting addition to the historical literature of the day.

Welcomed by Colonel Young.

Col. William H. Young, night manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company here, as president of the Old-Time Telegraphers and Historical Association, called the meeting to order. He used as a guest a small telegraph instrument which is more than fifty years old.

Commissioner Macfarland, in a brief address, bade the delegates welcome to the National Capital.

I don't know, said he, "of any association that is better suited to have made welcome in the city of Washington, the home of the nation." In conclusion he said:

"Some of you sent Lincoln's commands in the civil war, some of you sent McKinley's commands in the Spanish war, all of you have been close to our greatest men in time of peace, and all of you deserve well of your country."

Responds for visitors.

William J. Dealy, superintendent of the Western Union in New York, responded to the address. He thanked Mr. Macfarland and the District government for the kindness of their welcome.

"When again we meet, our first thoughts will be for the kindest and most cordial of men," Commissioner Macfarland said. "And," he continued, turning to the commissioner, "if ever you have occasion to be present at one of our gatherings, there will be many of the old fellows, old chaps who have grown gray over the click-click of the instrument, who will welcome you."

President Young then launched forth into his opening address. Mr. Young said in part:

"In this, the twenty-sixth anniversary of our beginning, and the twenty-third convention of our delegates, I am more than glad to have our body meet in Washington, the home of the nation, and in Washington than it ever was. The telegraph has done much to make this city, and Washington is grateful for it."

Half Century at the Key.

Col. Young said he had been in the service more than fifty-two years. "Nothing," he concluded, "ever has given me any more pleasure than this meeting, and I shall remember it as long as I live."

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

## THE WEATHER REPORT.

The northwestern storm has advanced to the lower lake region and the St. Lawrence valley. It has caused high shifting winds and rain in the lake region and adjoining States with the first snow of the season in northern Michigan. The area of high pressure that is closely following this storm is attended by a marked and general fall in temperature in the upper Missouri valley and the lower Mississippi valley. The temperatures at points in the extreme Northwest range from 10 to 15 degrees below freezing.

There will be showers this afternoon or tonight in the Middle Atlantic States and also in the lower lakes.

The temperature will fall decidedly in the lower lake region and the Middle Atlantic States, and will be reaching freezing temperature in some localities by Thursday morning. There will also be a general fall in temperature south of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi, but killing frost in the South is not yet expected.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Hatteras to Eastport and on the Washington and Oregon coasts, also on the lower lakes.

Steamers departing today for European ports will have brisk southerly, shifting to westerly winds and occasional showers to the Grand Banks.

## SENSATION SPRING IN BROUWER TRIAL FOR WIFE MURDER

Accused Physician Con-  
fident He Will Be Ac-  
quitted at Early Date.

## DEFENSE LOSES A POINT

Jurors Selected Said to Be  
Hostile to Prisoner—Pros-  
ecution Pleased.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., Oct. 9.—Sensation developments were sprung by both the prosecution and defense when the taking of evidence in the trial of Dr. Frank Brouwer for the murder of his wife began. Each side made the claims that it has evidence at hand which will leave the opposition hopelessly stranded.

One of the sensations which the prosecution promises to offer is proof that the arsenic found in Mrs. Brouwer's stomach could have reached there from the fluid used in embalming the body. Undertaker Westhall, who embalmed the body, has been relied upon by the defense to offer such an explanation. If he does, Prosecutor Brown says he can upset the contention.

Brouwer is considered to have lost a point in the selection of the last four members of the jury. By the time eight men had been selected both sides had exhausted and challenges of the four talesmen were put in the box to complete the twelve members of the jury. The remote corners of the county, where sentiment is said to be against Brouwer, Prosecutor Brown is known to be pleased with the jury.

Wife's Relatives' Plot.

Brouwer expressed confidence that he will be set free before Sunday. He asserted his prosecution has been engineered by his wife's relatives. He never could agree with them, he asserted, and they were made particularly angry because his wife left no will whereby the little property she possessed would have gone to them.

Various rumors have been circulated as to the plot of the wife's relatives to bring about the conviction of Brouwer. The wife's relatives, it is asserted, were in the city of Washington, the home of the nation. In conclusion he said:

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(Continued on Fourth Page.)

## Baseball Bulletins

The results of the world's championship baseball series, beginning today, between the Chicago American and National League teams, will be announced at The Times office in detail. The games begin at 3:30 p. m., Washington time.

## BASEBALL VICTORS BATTLING TODAY FOR WORLD FLAG

Public Holiday in Chicago  
in Honor of Two Pen-  
nant Winners.

## OFFENSE VERSUS DEFENSE

Cubs Expect to Pound Out  
Victory, White Sox Rely  
on Fielding.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—Today begins the struggle that will make the fabled battles of the ancients seem like the tame reading of the kindergarten, and for the occasion a holiday has been provided by the honorable lords of the council.

It is Chicago Day. The day made famous by Mrs. O'Leary's cow thirty-five years ago. That in itself is something to celebrate, but even more important than Chicago Day, is the fact that today the Cubs, champions of the National League, and the White Sox, champions of the American League, open their series for the baseball championship of the world.

Public Holiday.

When Alderman Jack Scully stood up before his brothers of the city council and asked them to vote for a public holiday to celebrate Chicago Day, every city father realized that for once in the history of Chicago Mrs. O'Leary's bottle would have to take a second place. It was the most popular motion Alderman Scully ever made and every one of his associates envies him. The motion was put and carried with a rousing cheer and many tigers.

This is the greatest day of baseball Chicago ever has seen, and it is an honor no other city ever had before; an honor no other city may have in years to come. It has two championship baseball teams, and they are to meet this afternoon to fight for the championship of the world before as many people as can crowd into the West Side baseball park.

Weather Is Cold.

The country from coast to coast is agog over the wonderful event. It is attracting as much attention to this city as any other event ever held here. The weather is dark and cold and the cold weather pithers should be right in their element.

The White Sox are supremely confident with their strong staff of pitchers. The Cubs are like a clever, strong man, who when he fights, never stops. He strikes, slugs, and should the attack of the White Sox, and should the attack of the Sox take a sudden spurt, great things will be seen.

Fred Clarke, manager of the Pittsburgh team, one of the craftiest managers in the world, who is in Chicago to see the series, had this to say of the Cubs: "The Sox are the team to watch. They will win by any game it sets out to win by its hitting. I believe it will smother the Sox."

James McAleer, manager of the St. Louis Americans, a man no less astute than is Clarke, had this to say of the Sox: "Comiskey's team is the greatest defensive playing club I ever saw. It plays for one run and that is all. When it has that many it is likely to beat you. It is my opinion that the Cubs will be unable to break through the defense of Jones and his players."

President H. C. Pulliam, of the National League, says:

"I have not changed my mind about the White Sox winning the series, and it looks to me as if they would begin turning the trick by taking the first game. They are strong in all departments, and although it will be no runaway race, the Sox will be there at the finish."

Today's line-up will probably be as follows: Nationals—Scheekard, left field; Hoffmann, center field; right field, Chance; first base, Steinfield; third base, Tucker; shortstop, Evers; second base, Kling; catcher, Brown or Lund; pitcher, Pritchard.

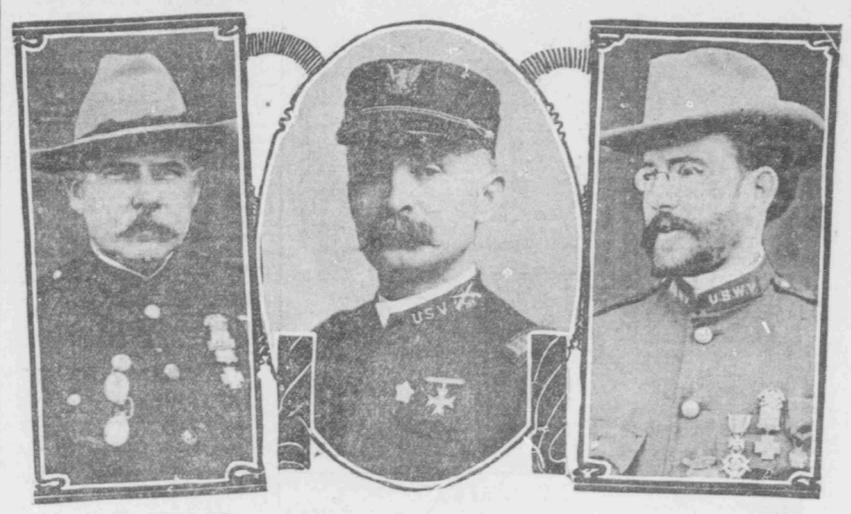
White Sox—Hahn, right field; Jones, center field; second base, Davis; shortstop, Donohue; first base, Dougherty; left field, Sullivan; catcher, Tannenhil; third base, White or Altrock; pitcher, Empires—Johnstone and O'Loughlin.

ASKS \$10,000 FOR KISS  
STEAMER'S OFFICER TOOK

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—A libel against the steamship Friedrich der Grasse, of the North German Lloyd Line, was filed in the federal court demanding \$10,000 damages for an alleged attack upon a woman passenger by the ship's first officer.

Mrs. Sophie Moerchen, wife of a lawyer, says that at 3 o'clock on the morning of August 5 the first officer, one Houseman, entered her stateroom, seized and kissed her, and she suffered much pain and injury in resisting, and much distress in consequence of further acts on the part of the officer.

## COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF CONTEST ONLY BATTLE OF ENCAMPMENT



GEN. GEORGE M. MOULTON, Department of Illinois. MAJOR FRED S. HODGSON, Department of the District of Columbia. CAPT. HAMILTON WARD, Department of New York.

## SHERMAN'S ADVICE MAY BRING CHANGE IN G. P. O. ORDERS

National Chairman Tells  
Stillings of Complaints  
Against His Office.

Public Printer Stillings, met Chairman Sherman, of the National Republican Congressional Committee, yesterday afternoon at the Shoreham, and was made acquainted with some of the matters that have been brought to the attention of the committee in connection with the administration of the Printing Office.

It is stated that one of the results of the conference, which is said to have lasted an hour, will be the modification of some of the general orders at the office.

Representative Sherman stated that his mail was burdened every day with complaints about the Printing Office, the letters coming from all sections of the country, as well as from employes.

Mr. Sherman said it is generally believed that as a result of the conference the office will be probed at the instigation of the Senate.

Mr. Stillings, this morning declined to discuss his conference with Mr. Sherman.

"The efforts of a few malcontents to mislead the workmen into believing that the cause of their distress is the organized labor will fall of its own weight," said Mr. Stillings to a Times reporter today.

This statement was made in response to the frequent published reports that the Public Printer is opposed to organized labor, and that as the head of Uncle Sam's big print shop, he is necessarily carrying out President Roosevelt's instructions.

Roosevelt's Record.

"President Roosevelt's record as a consistent friend of organized labor is so well known that it hardly seems necessary to refer to it. And speaking for myself," continued Public Printer Stillings, "I will repeat that I am a firm believer in organized labor. You will find the best mechanics in the ranks of the trade unions and if I worked at the case of the bench I should be a member of my trade union."

"The unions have done much to advance the cause of labor; they have, by concerted action, secured laws to protect them, and in many ways they have improved the condition of the men and women who toil for a living. Not only that, they look after the welfare of their members, and when death comes they give a decent burial to their members. These things could not be done without organization, and it is the duty of every employer to belong to a trade union."

"The business will be under the direct charge of Milton Delches and William Delches, Jr., both of whom come from Baltimore, where the house of William Delches has for more than thirty-five years been one of the leading factors in the tobacco business."

The new Washington firm is, however, separate and distinct, yet at the same time it will enjoy the prestige of the Baltimore concern and be able to profit by the knowledge of the Southern field gained from the same source.

Milton Delches and William Delches, Jr., were early attracted by the career with which Washington jobbers and shippers were going about the business of developing this branch of trade in the Southern field. They made several visits to the city, looking thoroughly into the matter. Several weeks ago the decision to establish a house here was made and now that suitable quarters have been secured it will be done at once.

## MOB IN NEW YORK STOPPED IN WORK AT LAST MOMENT

Noose About Neck of  
Girl's Assailant When  
Police Arrive.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Members of an angry mob were slipping a noose over the head of Sidney Freidberg, accused of attacking a little girl, when policemen arrived and prevented a lynching which would have occurred in New York.

When the mob was charged with attacking a little girl, when policemen arrived and prevented a lynching which would have occurred in New York.

The mother of Angeline Orlow, of 623 East 120th street, says that the attack was made three days ago, Mrs. Orlow, with her daughter, have since been looking for Freidberg.

They found him on 120th street, near Elton avenue, the little girl pointing him out. The mother called for the police, and arrested the man's face. A large crowd was attracted to the scene, and some one yelled: "Lynch the fellow!"

A rope was thrown over the arm of a nearby tree and a noose was made, and the mob began to pull on it.

Representative Sherman made it plain to friends who talked with him while he was in the city, that he is deeply interested in the welfare of the employes of the Printing Office, aside from the political aspect of the situation.

Mr. Sherman said he would insist on fair treatment for all the employes of the establishment. He is also quoted as saying that he did not approve the introduction of any methods into the Government service that smacked of the sweat shop.

On October 15, the Jobbers and Shippers' Association will be able to point to one wholesale and jobbing house in the heart of the business section of Washington, and say:

"Our work has borne its first fruits." On the date mentioned, William Delches & Sons, wholesale tobacco and cigars, will begin to do business at 414 Tenth street northwest. The firm comes here as a direct and unquestioned result of the campaign for the Greater Washington. Its members read and heard of the movement, and decided that this would be a good place to do business.

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Good stories of soldier life, fine clear Havana, everything nice to eat and drink, and the best of fellowship were served in abundance at the smoker and campfire of the veterans in the Washington Light Infantry armory last night. Fully five thousand heroes of the Spanish war gathered round the campfire and smoked the pipe of peace. The affair was pronounced a success in every way.

## DISTRICT VETERAN PROMINENT FIGURE IN LIVELY RACE

Followers of Each Are  
Sanguine of Landing  
Coveted Prize.

A bloodless war is on in the ranks of the veterans. A fight for the commander-in-chiefship, for which Major F. S. Hodgson, of the District, Gen. George M. Moulton, of Illinois, and Capt. Hamilton Ward, of New York, are striving.

The battle of ballots will be fought in the National Guard armory, over the National Guard armory, over Center Market, tomorrow, and the election promises to be the most spirited in the history of the veterans' organization, because this year, as never before, the race is a three-cornered one.

Hodgson's Followers Sanguine.

Major Hodgson has the solid support of every District veteran. Maryland will probably throw her votes his way, Pennsylvania is very friendly to the local branch of the order, and the thirty or more ballots from the Keystone State may be cast for Hodgson. The local veterans have been working for weeks in the hope of placing him in the highest office within their gift, and even if they lose they will have the satisfaction of knowing they spurred the other aspirants to their utmost exert.

Major Hodgson is popular in New England and the West, as well as in Washington. At one time he filled the office of Commander of the Department of the District, now occupied by Capt. J. Walter Mitchell.

Moulton's Friends Hustling.

One glance at General Moulton will convince any man that this is not the first hot-fought election with which he has been connected. The general greets everyone cordially but talks little about the coming election. His cohorts are the busiest men in Washington. General Moulton is grand master of the grand encampment, Knights Templar, U. S. A.; brigadier general of the Illinois National Guard, commanding the First Chicago Infantry. He also wears national honors of other organizations, and has been an untiring worker in the interest of the Spanish War Veterans' General Moulton is sanguine that the parting shafts of tomorrow's sun will shine upon him as the new leader of the veterans.

Ward's Henchmen Certain.

Captain Ward seems to be certain he will land the plum. It is understood that the delegates from Ohio, Indiana, Pennsylvania, and New York have been instructed for Ward. These States have the largest number of votes, and it is not known whether the New Yorkers are overruling the press agent stunt in the hope of driving others from the field or what they say is really true.

Out of the 240 delegates, Captain Ward's men count off 145, and say: "Moulton and Hodgson can whack up what's left. But these are all ours." Connecticut and Massachusetts are strong for Hodgson, but if they see they cannot win they will swing into line for the Buffalo candidate and keep the office in the East.

## Smoker and Campfire Event of Encampment

Good stories of soldier life, fine clear Havana, everything nice to eat and drink, and the best of fellowship were served in abundance at the smoker and campfire of the veterans in the Washington Light Infantry armory last night. Fully five thousand heroes of the Spanish war gathered round the campfire and smoked the pipe of peace. The affair was pronounced a success in every way.

When members of the Fitzhugh Lee Camp, of Richmond, Va., marched into the hall they were given an ovation. Commander J. Walter Mitchell, of the Department of the District, welcomed the representatives of the Old Dominion. Gen. B. F. Entrikin, of the G. A. R., also extended hearty greeting to the

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## VETS' PARADE MOST IMPOSING OF SPECTACLES

Heroes of War With Spain  
March in Solid Phalanx  
Through Cheering  
Thousands.

## CIVIL WAR FIGHTERS PROUD PARTICIPANTS

Captain Richmond P. Hob-  
son Prominent Figure and  
Girls' Battalion Feature  
of Parade.

Bearing above them the faded standards under which they fought, thousands of the heroes of the war marched through the streets of Washington this afternoon. Theirs was a firm, steady, quick, elastic step, that knew no more halting today than ten years ago when they shouldered arms to fight under Old Glory.

Beside the younger soldiers marched a few grizzled veterans of the civil conflict. The contrast was pathetic. Bent forms told that nature's forces were fast ebbing, but the hearts of the veterans were still young. The spectators were moved as they looked on and saw the heroes of the '60s struggling to keep war, never failing, never complaining.

To the stirring strains of brass, fife, and drum the veterans marched through the lines of admirers, presenting a striking appearance to all who looked on. As the great human river poured through the streets the enthusiasm of participants and spectators never waned, but increased as the time passed.

Forming for the Parade.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the Department of the District of Columbia assembled on Sixth street northwest, between F and G, right resting on F street.

Department Commander J. Walter Mitchell marshaled the veterans into line, and proceeded at the head of the division to the Pence Monument, First street and Pennsylvania avenue, the starting point of the parade.

At the command of the National Commander-in-Chief, Gen. George M. Moulton, the various camps were assigned to the following positions:

Col. Decker, Astor Camp, No. 6, left center; Henry W. Lawton Camp, No. 4, right center; Admiral George Dewey Camp, No. 1, on the left; Col. John Jacob Astor Camp, Fourth Immune Camp, No. 3, on the right of Henry W. Lawton Camp; Fitzhugh Lee Camp, No. 2, on the left of the Fourth Immune Camp; Richard J. Harden Camp, No. 5, on the left of Fitzhugh Lee Camp; Nelson A. Miles Camp, No. 1, on the left of Richard J. Harden Camp.

The Harries Veterans, as escort, took position to the right of the band. Company Commanders: District of Columbia, G. Second Regiment, District of Columbia, Guard, Capt. Clarence V. Sayer, commanding; first lieutenant, Arthur W. Leonard, second lieutenant, James U. Owen, acted as escort to the Department of the District of Columbia, Veterans' Spanish War Veterans' in taking position in the line of parade.

Guidons for Each Camp.

The right and left guide of each camp carried a guidon attached to a staff about five feet long, pennant in shape, blue and gray in color, and about three feet in length. The name of the camp, the number, and the department was emblazoned upon its face in gold and silver.

William F. Guide, in command of a detachment of business men, all attired in frock coats and high silk hats, preceded the march. The detachment assembled at First street and E streets northwest.

J. L. King, chief of staff, at the head of the Veterans' division, was supported by Comrades Gen. A. P. Tasker, G. A. R.; Gen. Robert Winkowski, California; Col. Arthur H. S. McGraw, Army and Navy Union; Capt. Champa S. Andrews, New York; Capt. E. E. Kirk, California; Capt. John H. Carr, Missouri; Capt. C. I. Carrington, Virginia; Capt. W. W. Chambers, G. A. R.; Capt. Arthur Lake, Rhode Island; Comrade Grant Louth, the detachment assembled at First street and E streets northwest.

Col. M. Emmet Drell, grand marshal, rode at the head of the column, escorted by the following aides: Past Commander-in-Chief J. Warren Keifer, Past Commander-in-Chief Harold S. McGraw, Past Commander-in-Chief William E. English, Gen. E. W. Whitaker, U. S. V., Capt. Guy A. Boyle, past adjutant general, Missouri; Capt. J. H. Starnes, U. S. A.; Benjamin B. Hyer, Thirteenth Cavalry, U. S. A.; Capt. Emil G. Schaefer, Second Regiment, D. N. G.; Capt. Robert Cook, Lieut. Wilson B. Evans, William E. Newmeyer, James Dowling, D. C. N. G.

The following order of command was observed: Grand marshal, Col. M. E. Drell; chief of staff, Capt. D. F. Chisholm; marshal, military division, Major George H. Harries; chief of staff, Adjutant General Brett; marshal of civil division, Capt. Lee M. Lincoln; chief of staff, Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson; marshal escort division, W. F. Guide; marshal, military division, Major Frederic S. Hodgson; chief of staff, Capt. J. Ligon King.

Three Divisions of Parade.

As prearranged the parade was in three divisions, namely: First division, detachment of United States regulars from Fort Myer; National Guard, District of Columbia; visiting military organizations.

Second division—Escort of mounted