

TUBERCULIN TEST FOR MILCH COWS

Health Officer Woodward Promulgates New Regulations.

They Are to Go Into Force Three Months From Date.

Tests to Be Applied Once Every Six Months.

For the improvement of the milk supply of the city and the elimination of insanitary conditions and contagion in the transmission of the disease of tuberculosis from the milch cow to the human being, regulations have been prepared by Health Officer Woodward, which will be put in force three months after their promulgation, for the application of the tuberculin test to all herds supplying milk to consumers in this city.

It is provided that all herds shall be given the tuberculin test in order to isolate infected cattle, and in that way assure to the consuming public milk and cream free from infection of tuberculosis. Experts who have studied this question are agreed that the tuberculin test is invaluable and demonstrates beyond question whether the animals so tested are infected with the disease.

Heretofore, the test has been voluntary, but the Health Department now believes the time has come when the Commissioners shall exercise their right to make the test compulsory, and it will be so applied.

The regulations provide that no person shall in the District of Columbia, sell milk or cream, or offer milk or cream for sale or for manufacture into food products, or bring or procure to be brought milk or cream into said District for sale or for manufacture into food products, or manufacture milk or cream into any food product, unless the cow or cows by which said milk or cream is produced have been proven by means of the tuberculin test to be free from tuberculosis, as hereinafter specified.

Test Once Every Twelve Months.
The tuberculin test will be applied to every cow, heifer, and bull, on every farm on which milk or cream intended for sale or for manufacture into food products in the District of Columbia, is produced, at least once in every twelve months, and any cow, heifer, or bull which gives a positive reaction to the use of tuberculin shall be considered tuberculous, and shall immediately be removed from said farm and shall not thereafter be returned to said farm nor used for the production of milk or cream for sale or for manufacture into food products in the District of Columbia.

Every cow, heifer, and bull found as the result of the tuberculin test to be free from tuberculosis shall be permanently marked by means of an ear tag furnished by the Health Department of the District of Columbia, so as to permit the ready identification of said cow, heifer, or bull, by any inspector in the service of the Health Department.

Any person licensed to produce milk or cream for sale or for manufacture into food products in the District of Columbia, or to ship milk or cream into said District for sale or for manufacture into food products, must, at any time immediately upon the discovery of any cow, heifer, or bull suffering from tuberculosis, on the farm where such milk or cream is produced, cause such cow, heifer, or bull to be removed immediately from such farm and shall cause the barn or stable and all apparatus therein to be which are liable to have been infected to be promptly disinfected.

Must Be Veterinarians.
The regulations further provide that all inspections and tuberculin testing, and the reports thereon, shall be made by veterinarians satisfactory to the health officer of the District of Columbia, or to the Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture, and any veterinarian making any such test shall report the results thereof to the health officer of the District of Columbia within one week after the completion of such test, on blanks furnished by said health officer for that purpose.

Another regulation for the proper screening of foods against flies and the equipment of places where food is sold for the proper cleansing of the hands of the employees and the proper cleansing of the store, apparatus, and utensils used therein, was sent to the Commissioners yesterday. It was approved and will be passed upon by the corporation counsel and go into effect thirty days after the date of its promulgation.

The regulation applies to all places where foodstuffs and beverages are manufactured, prepared, or sold.

CONFERENCE OF D. A. R. TO NOMINATE OFFICERS

The sixth annual conference of the District Daughters of the American Revolution will be held at the New Willard on Tuesday, April 2, the morning session opening at 10:30 o'clock. The reports of the executive committee, district officers, and standing committees will be of unusual interest. Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, the State regent, will preside.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLING COLLECTIONS ON INSURANCE

Twenty-five hundred cards with a description of John C. Murray, alias Murray, who is wanted for alleged embezzlement, were sent out by the police yesterday. Murray was employed as a collector for the North American Accident Insurance Company, with offices in this city. About ten days ago he disappeared, and it is alleged, was \$100 short in his collections. Murray is an expert solicitor for industrial and accident insurance. He is thirty-eight years old.

Bryan-Whitney Combine Opposing the President For Campaign of 1908

The candidates for 1908: William Jennings Bryan, Democrat, and _____, Republican. The crucial issue:

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM:
Railroads shall be rigorously regulated by the Federal Government, whose control of rates and operations shall be amplified, with a view to enforcing charges that will permit the companies to earn a fair return on the PHYSICAL value of their property.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM:
Railroads shall be rigorously regulated by the Federal Government, whose control of rates and operations shall be amplified, with a view to enforcing charges that will permit the companies to earn a fair return on the COMMERCIAL value of their property.

The issue between the two political parties for 1908 has been drawn. William Jennings Bryan, radical Democrat; Henry M. Whitney, conservative Democrat, and Theodore Roosevelt, Republican leader, have made it the issue.

There is just one word's difference between the proposed planks of the two parties. But the difference means billions in values of securities, and policies as wide apart as nadir and zenith.

Shall the water remain in railroad securities, or shall it be squeezed out?

Shall the nation assume responsibility for its failures in the past to enforce proper legislation against overcapitalization, or shall it assume that no vested wrong may ever be converted into a vested right?

FOR "PHYSICAL" VALUATION.

Whitney, of Massachusetts, type of conservative Democracy, and Bryan of Nebraska, exemplar of radical Democracy, seem agreed that "physical" valuation of railroads should be the basis. They use that phrase in the highly interesting correspondence that has just been made public, and that has caused a distinct political sensation in certain circles in the Capital. Mr. Whitney asked Mr. Bryan:

cross the whole interest of a Presidential campaign. The Democrats need not demand Government ownership if they go this far. They have long been seeking a position on this railroad question that would make them occupy the more advanced ground, without going to Government ownership. In this issue they have found it.

Chance for United Party.

Apparently, it is pointed out, the conservative Whitney and the radical Bryan are in agreement that the physical value is the utmost in which railroads are entitled to return. If Mr. Whitney will deliver New England's conservatism to that view, and Mr. Bryan can hold his own Western and Southern supporters to it, there is the chance of a united party.

Cowley's developments indicate increasing improbability that the President will soon make a public statement of his views on this question. The Whitney-Bryan correspondence puts the matter in such shape that whatever he says will be compared with the proposition on which these two Democrats seem agreed, and instantly the issue will be joined. The counselors of the administration are in no haste to make such an issue. They believe good morals are on their side, but they fear whether the majority of voters is there.

Bryan's Reply to Whitney.
And Mr. Bryan replied to Mr. Whitney that "the stockholders may expect to receive a price at least equal to the value of the physical properties of the road; but no such assurance ought to be necessary, because the public has shown no disposition to reduce railroad earnings to a point which would deny a reasonable return."

It appears, then, that neither Mr. Bryan nor Mr. Whitney has in mind to pay the railroads on a higher basis than their physical value. True, Mr. Bryan talks of buying them at that value, and Mr. Whitney talks of permitting them to earn returns on that value. But the difference is not half so wide as the chasm between their agreement on the term "physical value" and the united insistence of Republicans on the other term, "commercial value."

Stand for Fair Return.

The Democrats will stand for letting the railroads earn a fair return on the physical value of their properties. They will not press Government ownership to an issue, but will promise such rate regulation as will confine earnings to a fair return on physical valuation.

The Republicans will, under the lead of Roosevelt or the candidate whom Roosevelt's followers will nominate, declare for the policy of giving the railroads a fair return on commercial valuation.

The Democratic proposal is to squeeze out the difference between physical and commercial valuation. That difference is stated by different students of the problem at all the way up, from two to six or seven billions of dollars. Hoke Smith recently declared it was probably seven billions. Senator La Follette had put it at probably five billions. The Interstate Commerce Commission considers it much less than either of these figures, but admits there is probably a considerable difference.

Protect Innocent Holders.
The Republican policy, as it has been outlined by President Roosevelt, will be to argue that the innocent holder of securities must be protected; that to wipe out this great margin of difference would be equivalent to an immense national repudiation. The Democrats will reply that there is no moral reason why in perpetuity the nation should go on paying returns on inflated values.

There is the issue as politicians say the Bryan-Whitney correspondence on the one hand, and the attitude of the President, his Cabinet, and the great majority of Republican leaders, on the other, has outlined it. It is a tremendous issue, they add, big enough to endure.

BERMAN AT NORFOLK TO GET MRS. CAKE

Anticipating that she will not fight extradition, Central Office Detective Berman went to Norfolk last night to bring back Mrs. Moille, or Mattie, Cake, who is wanted here in connection with the alleged negotiation of a worthless check and two other irregular transactions. A warrant for her arrest was issued yesterday, and tomorrow the case will be taken up by the grand jury.

Mrs. Cake was arrested in this city two weeks ago by Central Office Detectives Helan and McNamee on a charge of attempted blackmail. Miss Margaret Dunning, of 1223 Four-and-a-half street southwest, employed at the glove counter of one of the large department stores, received two letters, demanding that the writer be sent a pair of gloves, alleged blackmail proof to be a distant relative. The case was dismissed in the Police Court for want of prosecution.

Cake is also charged with passing an alleged worthless check on a relative, Mrs. Froese, for \$35, which was cashed by Mrs. Froese at a Seventh street department store.

Mrs. Cake was arrested in Norfolk Friday.

ONE DEPARTMENT THAT PAYS.
New York city department of water, gas and electricity is one of the few departments that actually make money, receiving about \$3,000,000 more in a year than it expends.

GOVERNOR HUGHES REACHES RUBICON

Coming Week to Bring the Crisis at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 30.—Charles E. Hughes, New York's reform governor, who has shaken up political Albany as it has not been disturbed in years, has reached his Rubicon, according to the political "doctors" of the Empire State. With two big digits on his hands, one to oust Superintendent of Insurance Kelsey, whom he charged with having been incompetent, Governor Hughes stands a chance of a double defeat.

His enemies say he has lost control of the General Assembly and now he has the alternative of falling into line and becoming a cog in a great New York Republican machine, or of throwing aside all party lines and making a direct appeal to the voters. There is the best of reasons today for believing he will choose the latter course and it is this very fact that promises to make him a national figure.

It is said that Hughes himself is thoroughly aware that with the New York machine behind him, his Presidential possibilities would be "split-edged," but that this knowledge has at no time tempted him from his present course. On the other hand his enemies say an appeal to the public over the heads of the Legislature would be political suicide.

The coming week is expected to bring the crisis at Albany.

TROOPS WILL GUARD POPE LEO'S CORPSE

ROME, March 30.—The Italian government has assured Pope Leo that a strong guard will be afforded the body of the late Pope Leo during its passage through the streets to a new place of interment in the Church of the Lateran. Upon receiving this assurance, the Pope announced that the removal would take place in the daytime, the date to be set later.

CHINESE WILL EDUCATE BOYS IN FRANCE NOW

PARIS, March 30.—As a protest to the anti-Chinese attitude which California has adopted, excluding students from the universities, 100 Chinese students, sons of mandarins, with government scholarships originally intended for American universities, are now in France to pursue their studies. All of them have enrolled in universities of Paris.

MASONS' GRAND MASTER WRITES ABOUT FAIR

In a circular letter to the 8,000 master Masons in this jurisdiction, issued under the seal of the grand lodge, Dr. Francis J. Woodman, grand master of Masons of the District of Columbia, has given the expression to the lively interest he has taken in the forthcoming Masonic fair. The letter was written yesterday and will be read at the regular communications of the blue lodges at their seal. The monthly meetings between now and the opening of the fair on April 15. It will be read with interest by every member of the fraternity.

PRESIDENT NOT HOSTILE TO RAILROAD INTERESTS

August Belmont and Representative Jefferson H. Levy, both of New York, saw the President yesterday afternoon. They discussed the railroad situation with the President, and while they would not make public the results obtained, if any, they made it clear that the President was not as hostile toward railroads as it has been made to appear in some quarters.

CANADIAN TEACHERS VISIT WHITE HOUSE

President Roosevelt had his banner handshaking day of the season yesterday. Besides receiving the Yale baseball team, which was scheduled for a game here during the afternoon, and the usual quota of Government officials and other visitors, he held a reception for 500 Canadian school teachers. They were introduced by J. W. Kent, chairman of the board of education of Toronto. The President said:

"Ladies and gentlemen: There could be no body of visitors whom I should more gladly greet than I greet this, I have, as every good American must have, the very warmest and strongest feeling for our brothers across the line in Canada. So I welcome you as Canadians; then, as a father of six children, I have a strong feeling for teachers—I may say, sometimes, a strong sympathetic feeling—and when I greet you as both Canadians and teachers I greet you with a double fervor. "It is a very real and great pleasure to see you here, and I would not have missed on any account the chance of greeting you personally in the White House to say how very, very glad I am to see you both in your individual capacities and for the sake of the mighty Dominion you represent."

USE OF WORD "LADY" RILES JUDGE KIMBALL

"There is one word which I would like to see abolished from the courtroom and never again used here. The word 'lady.' It has reached the point when the woman being called 'ladies' disgusts me to hear the word, meaningless as it is, used so constantly and applied to any class of women."

This was part of a criticism by Judge Kimball yesterday, brought about by the constant reference of a certain Overton Baker, colored, charged with disorderly conduct, to a female acquaintance of his as "mash lady fren." His honor characterized the expression as an opprobrious epithet, and said that the word "woman" was a far more dignified and refined expression than "lady." He exhorted those who frequent the court to do all in their power to rid the place of the word.

SLIGHT INCREASE IN VALUE.
The inventor of eau de cologne was an Italian, Giovanni Parina. Parina offered vainly to sell his receipt for \$2,500 in 1803, but a few years ago it was sold by his heirs for \$200,000.

Buy What You Want. Pay as You Please.



513-515-517 Seventh Street N. W.

Little Prices Make Long-time Friends for a Merchant

WHERE YOU CAN HAVE IT CHARGED.

Notable Values In Refrigerators, Mattings, Go-carts, and Furniture.

Nothing down. 75c a week Will pay for this Handsome Quartered Oak Sideboard.



A magnificently designed, excellently constructed genuine Quartered Oak SIDEBOARD; has large French plate-glass mirror. It's a massive piece of furniture, well worthy a place in your dining room. Regular price, \$42.00. Special for Monday..... \$33.50

A Bargain in a Strong and Well Made Folding Go-Cart.



This Handy Folding Go-cart, steel wheels, strong and durable. Special price..... \$1.09

Nothing down. 50c a week Will pay for this Standard Make Refrigerator.



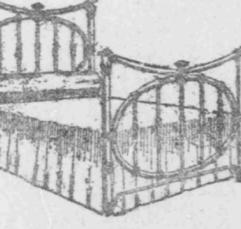
High-grade, modernly constructed Sanitary Refrigerator. Made of genuine hardwood; galvanized lining; ice capacity, 42 pounds. Regular \$10.98 value. Special for Monday..... \$7.65

Pretty Tabourettes at a Bargain Price



Handsome Quartered Oak Tabourette (like illustration), 14 inches high, 11x11 inches top. 39c

Nothing down; 50c a Week will pay for this Pretty Enamel Bed



A neat and very attractive enamel bed in pea green and gilt and white and gilt. Regular price \$7.50 \$10. Special for Monday..... \$7.50

Nothing down. 50c a week will buy it. A Stylish Go-cart.



This nobby style of Folding and Reclining Go-cart, reed body, varnish finish, cane seat, 10-inch auto wheels, green enamel gear. \$10.75 value. Special \$8.65 price..... \$8.65 Parasol or cushions not included.

Nothing Down 50c a Week Will Pay For This Very Handsome Go-Cart



This style roll-edge Go-cart, steel pushers, side grips, 10-inch wheels, 4-inch tires, green enamel gears, worth \$15. Special \$11.65 price..... \$11.65 Cushions and parasol not included.

The Better Grades of Matting at Bargain Prices.

32c China Matting; heavy weight; checks, stripes, and plaids (including laying)..... 24 1/2c

China Matting; new and elegant designs; 25c quality; yard (not laid)..... 17 1/2c

Floor Oilcloths; best prints; new patterns; 4-4, 6-4, and 8-4 widths. Special price, square yard (including laying)..... 27 1/2c

Matting Mats, made from sample sizes; 18x36 size. Each..... 1 1/2c (Not over 20 to any one)

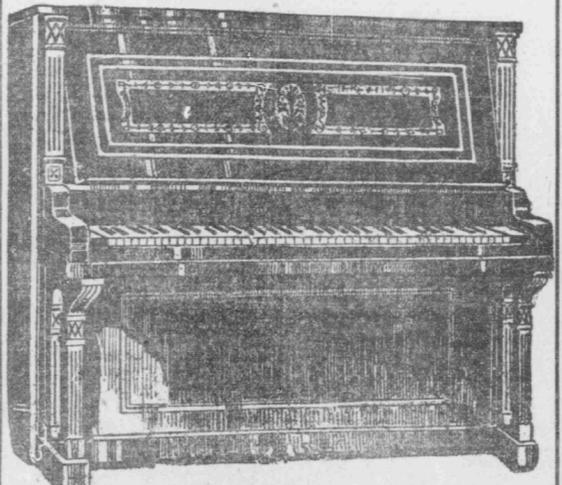
Oilcloth Crash, extra quality and good print— 15 inches wide, 7 3/4 yard. 18 inches wide, 9 3/4 yard.



513-515-517 Seventh Street N. W.

Bear in mind that when you buy here you can say "CHARGE IT," and pay in little sums later on.

A Beautiful High-Grade Upright Piano Worth \$300; Special, \$198 Nothing Down---\$1 a Week Pays for It SENT ON TRIAL FREE



Go to the piano store and note the "fancy" price you will be asked for a piano—then come here. That's the best way to appreciate the money saving we offer you. Another thing to remember is that you secure an elegantly high-grade instrument and take no chances. The High-grade Comstock Piano is an instrument for which the piano stores ask \$300. Our price is \$198. We will sell this Piano without any cash payment whatever and on the least weekly or monthly payments. It will also be sent for one week on trial that you may convince yourself that it is the superbly high-grade and elegant piano we claim it to be. We will also furnish, without extra charge, silk lambrequin, rubber cover, and fine revolving stool.