

Fair tonight and tomorrow.
Heavy frost.

The Washington Times

FINANCIAL
LAST EDITION
With Closing N. Y. Stock Prices

NUMBER 50,117

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 3, 1908.

PRICE ONE CENT.

CHARGE BOAT CO. OF WRONGDOING IN AFFIDAVITS

Two Sensational Documents Given in Evidence at the Corruption Hearing.

Brass Dealer Offered \$100,000 to Influence Representative's Vote, It Is Alleged.

Two red-hot affidavits, intended to prove improper practices by the Electric Boat Company, were put in evidence today by Representative Lilley of Connecticut before the special committee investigating his charges of corruption of Congress for the boat company.

One, which is signed by John C. Lake, of Rutherford, N. J., vice president of the Lake Torpedo Boat Company, tells of Charles Ferry, of Bridgeport, Conn., saying Read Admiral Bowles, now president of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, had asked Ferry to use all influence possible "in a Connecticut member of Congress" to induce him to cease using his influence for the Lake company and to use it for the Electric Boat Company.

Offered \$100,000 Contract. If this were done, Ferry said, Bowles had promised that his company would make a \$100,000 contract with the company, the Bridgeport Brass Company.

The second affidavit is by Sam Ferguson, of Bridgeport, Conn., who says that in 1902 he and other members of the United States Navy served on submarine boats owned by the Electric Boat Company, and that although they were being paid by the navy, the company gave them additional money.

This affidavit is put in to contradict statements in the affidavits of the Electric Boat Company that they never paid money to enlisted men in the navy.

Attorney on Stand.

Benjamin Micou, an attorney of Massachusetts and a partner of Hilary A. Herbert, was the first witness. His firm is counsel for the Berger-Submarine Torpedo Boat Company. He described having sent letters and briefs to the Navy Department, asking that some of the Berger boats be purchased for the navy.

Devoted Couple To Be Divorced And Marry Again

CHICAGO, April 3.—Although their short wedded life has been one "fair amount of bliss," Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boud will ask Judge Carpenter this morning to annul their marriage, which took place March 11, because Mrs. Boud was divorced less than a year ago. In June, another divorce suit was instituted. It is said to be the first instance of this kind under the new law. It was Judge Carpenter's decision a week ago that led the couple to ask for the annulment. At that time the court handed down an opinion in which he declared that divorced persons remarrying within a year were guilty of bigamy. "Moral grounds," is the one reason advanced by Mrs. Boud in her application.

PENSION AGED PERSONS PLAN URGED IN MELBOURNE

MELBOURNE, April 3.—According to an official statement made in the Commonwealth house of representatives by Premier Deakin, the central government would institute a pension system soon which would insure old age might be pensioned. According to the premier, the financial proposition will be introduced in a short time, and the old age cause is only a portion of the entire measure.

THAW'S COUSIN SUEB.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Trial of the divorce action of Minnie B. Thaw against Edward B. Thaw will be begun next Monday in special term, part 3, of the supreme court, according to the announcement on the calendar published yesterday. Mrs. Thaw is suing her husband for absolute divorce.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

The disturbance of the last three days has passed into the north Atlantic, and high pressure prevails generally this morning, except in England, the extreme South west, and extreme North west. It is decidedly colder throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States, with frost as far as the southern Tennessee. Over the northwestern half of the country temperatures are again rising, although still below the seasonal average. Snow fell from the Lake region eastward through New England, and there were light local showers in the South and extreme Southwest.

TEMPERATURE.

9 a. m.	32
12 m.	33
3 p. m.	37
6 p. m.	37

SUN TABLE.

Sun rises	5:45
Sun sets	6:28

TIDE TABLE.

High water today	10:10 p. m.
Low water today	4:18 p. m.
High water tomorrow	10:28 a. m., 10:57 p. m.
Low water tomorrow	4:34 a. m., 5:37 p. m.

Sees the President



JOHN MITCHELL,
Former Leader of the Miners, Now in Washington.

Labor Will Choose The Favorable Man, Mitchell Declares

"I do not believe that labor will have a candidate of its own for President. It will take its choice between candidates offered by the other parties, throwing its strength to the candidate who is most favorable to labor interests."

Former President John Mitchell, of the American Federation of Miners, now in this city, thus disposed of the suggestion that he might be the candidate of the labor party, and had resigned the leadership of the miners for that purpose. Mr. Mitchell held a conference with President Roosevelt during the morning, presumably with relation to the offer of a commission to investigate conditions on the Isthmus of Panama.

Although he has made no definite plans, it is understood that Mr. Mitchell contemplates the establishment of a paper at Indianapolis which shall have for its object the promotion of industrial peace.

"I believe there is a field for such a paper," he said. "A paper that is partisan neither to labor nor capital, but strives for peace between the two. I believe it will fill a long-felt want."

Mr. Mitchell would not admit that his future labors would be in the capacity of editor of such a paper, but let it be understood that he was considering the matter.

"I have made no plans for the future," he said, "as I intend to devote some months to recuperation from my recent illness."

He declined to discuss the indications of unrest and strikes among the miners in various parts of the country, saying that having relinquished his presidency of that organization, any comment he might make would not be of interest.

Mr. Mitchell has just been notified that he has been named by the President as one of the special guests of the conference of the State and Territory governors, to be held at the White House May 13, 14, and 15. The conference will be presided over by President Roosevelt and will be the first meeting in history of Federal, State, and Territory executives.

Mr. Mitchell was accompanied to the White House by Secretary Easley of the Civic Federation.

"I cannot undertake the work the President offered me," said Mr. Mitchell, "on account of my health. I have no particular plans at present, and will make my chief work for the next few months that effort to regain my health."

Mr. Mitchell is still in a weakened condition, as the result of four operations performed upon him within the last few months.

EVANS TAKING BATHS AT CALIFORNIA SPRINGS

PASO ROBLES, Cal., April 3.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, accompanied by his son, Lieut. Frank Taylor Evans, Flieg Lieut. C. E. Train, and Past Assistant Surgeon P. E. McDonnell, has arrived at the hot springs.

Admiral Evans began his treatment yesterday, being wheeled to the baths in a chair, and says he felt refreshed. He has planned to take a bath and treatment every morning, spending as much as possible of the rest of the day in the sun.

EXPLODES SECOND BOMB WHEN \$500 IS REFUSED

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 3.—Frank Dimaria was made the target for a second Black Hand attack today, when a bomb was exploded against his home. The house was badly damaged, but the inmates escaped injury.

This is the second time within a few weeks that Dimaria's home has been dynamited following a demand for \$500.

Sweet Violets, 25c Bunch,
Kramer, The Florist, 216 F st. n.w.

RAID ANARCHISTS; SEEK TO CLEAN AMERICAN CITIES

Federal Government Takes a Hand in Suppressing Violence.

Paterson Mayor Determined to Drive Them From Haunts.

NEW YORK, April 3.—A series of wholesale arrests of anarchists has been begun by the United States Government, the first round-up taking place in New York.

The men arrested here by Secret Service agents were taken to Ellis island today for examination by Acting Commissioner of Immigration Joseph Murray. All who cannot prove their right to be in this country will be deported.

The sudden arrests came as the climax to an investigation police and Secret Service men have been making since the explosion of a bomb in Union Square Park last Saturday. Every move of the authorities was guarded with the utmost secrecy, and it was not until the dragnet was out that the plans of the Government became known.

Where Anarchists Will Go.

Great interest has been aroused over the results which will follow any attempt by this Government to deport anarchists to other countries. The attitude of the foreign countries to whom these terrorists will be consigned is awaited with great interest. Government authorities refuse to discuss their plans in this respect, but it is said that several ports in Russia, and one in France, are destined to receive the undesirable.

Will Suppress Meeting.

Mayor McBride, of Paterson, N. J., is determined to drive out every anarchist in that city. He made known his attitude in vigorous language when he learned that the "La Question Sociale" group had advertised by means of red handbills a public meeting to be held at Turner Hall, tonight, to protest against the suppression of "La Question Sociale," the anarchist organ, by the post-office authorities at Washington.

Mayor McBride directed the chief of police to suppress the meeting and to arrest anyone who attempts to speak. Alexander Bonaparte was billed as the principal speaker.

The Third Assistant Postmaster General recommended that an inquiry be made into the antecedents of the group that published "La Question Sociale," particularly of two members, Albert Guebio and Ludovico Camanita. If it is found that Guebio and Camanita have arrived in this country within three years they will in all probability be deported.

President Gets Opinion From Mr. Bonaparte Upon Exclusion of Anar-hists

The President received from Attorney General Bonaparte today the opinion he requested upon the exclusion of anarchists. The Attorney General brought the opinion with him when he came to the Cabinet meeting. As soon as the President has had time to read and digest the document, he will probably recommend to Congress the legislation necessary to carry out the recommendations of the head of the Department of Justice.

A. L. Lawshe, Third Assistant Postmaster General, today denied all responsibility for the publication of a statement that his bureau is conducting a campaign against anarchists and newspapers published by the "reds."

It is said that there are no funds available for the purpose of having translated the various papers printed in this country in foreign language to ascertain the tenor of their utterances. Likewise, that Congress has not authorized any action of this sort, which, it is claimed, would practically mean a censorship of the press.

It is only after complaint has been made to the officials of the Postoffice Department that the department has the authority to pass on the mailability of the papers.

MIKKELSEN BACK FROM POLAR TRIP

SEATTLE, Wash., April 3.—Capt. Enver Mikkelsen, who with Ernest DeKoven Lettignell, jointly commanded the English Polar expedition, which sought to find an undiscovered continent in Beaufort sea, has arrived from the north on the Yucatan.

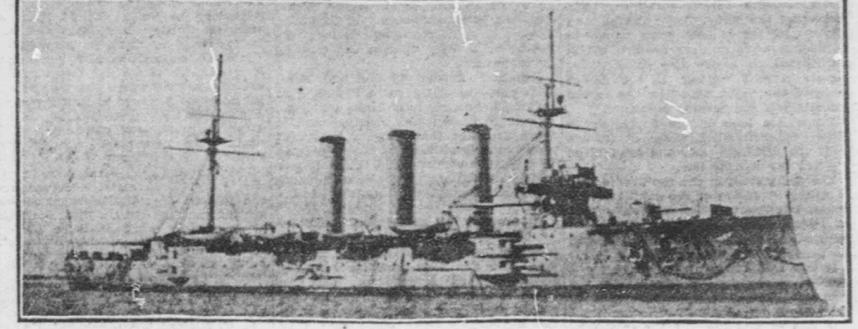
His vessel, the Duchess of Bedford, was lost in the ice pack near Flaxman Island a year ago. The return journey was made under the most trying conditions, the explorers landing near Cape Haitok, May 6.

GREET COUNTESS GLADYS AS SZECHENYI'S EQUAL

BUDAPEST, April 3.—The most aristocratic of Budapest society is calling on the Countess Szechenyi, formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, of New York. There is evidently every disposition to receive her as her husband's social equal, and several elaborate entertainments are already scheduled in her honor.

The countess' throat trouble is yielding to treatment, and her health is much improved since her arrival in Vienna.

THIRTY-TWO MEN DROWN THROUGH OFFICER'S ERROR



ENGLISH CRUISER BERWICK,
Which Crashed Into and Sank the Torpedo Boat Tiger, During Naval Maneuvers Last Night.

Commander of Torpedo Boat Tried to Cross Cruiser's Bows.

PLYMOUTH, April 3.—To an officer's misjudgment of distance was due the loss of the torpedo boat destroyer Tiger, with thirty-three of her crew, in collision with the cruiser Berwick during last night's British naval maneuvers off the Isle of Wight.

The first wireless report of the accident placed the number of drowned at twenty-three, with twenty-one subsequently died of injuries sustained in the crash. An official report followed, increasing the number of drowned to thirty-two. Four more men were rescued later, however, after an all-night struggle in the waves. The list finally stands as follows:

Drowned, thirty-two.
Died of injuries, one.
Survivors, twenty-five.

No list of the names of the living or dead are yet at hand, but it is thought the Tiger went down, and those mistaken caused the disaster, went down with his craft.

The night maneuvers were progressing under an overcast sky and in intense darkness, save as the searchlight, here and there, cut through the gloom. Everything had progressed well for an hour, when the officers on the bridge of the Berwick saw the Tiger suddenly swing across their bows. The officer in command of the Tiger saw the cruiser's bows, and thought the destroyer would easily clear the larger vessel.

Saw Mistake Too Late.

To those on the cruiser's bridge, from their more commanding position, it was clear that a collision was imminent. Over ships were so near that it was impossible to alter the craft's course, but the order to reverse was instantly given.

The Tiger's commander saw his mistake at the same time and could be seen frantically shouting to the steersman to swing aside. It was too late to prevent a collision, and the Berwick, at almost undiminished speed, struck the Tiger amidships and cut her completely in two.

The severed halves of the steel destroyer went to the bottom before the Berwick could get her bows clear, and the Tiger's crew was struggling in the waves as the rescuing craft splashed into the water.

Many Caught in Debris.

Those who had managed to jump clear of the wreckage of the torpedo boat destroyer, and to keep close alongside the Berwick, were saved with little difficulty. Many of the men were entangled in the debris, cooped below, and never came to the surface after the Tiger sank.

There was a stiff breeze blowing, and several were carried far to sea before the lifeboats reached them.

The four picked up last were not found until long after daylight. One of them had been swimming, clinging to a fragment of timber the size of an oar, for nearly seven hours, and all were at the point of complete exhaustion when hauled from the sea.

The man who died aboard the Berwick had been jammed between two plates, and was yanked out by a comrade as the ship went down, and supported in the water by two struggling mates until the cruiser's boat reached them.

The Tiger was launched in 1890, and was one of the stanchest of her type of craft afloat. She was 210 feet long, with a 21-foot beam, 6,400-horsepower engine, 29 knots maximum speed, and a normal complement of sixty men.

A board of inquiry will investigate the accident.

HORSEWHIPS SUITOR BEFORE 1,000 PEOPLE

CORRY, Pa., April 3.—In the presence of a thousand people Mrs. Minnie Cowden, of Jamestown, N. Y., horsewhipped Henry Franklin in the city's main street today. When Franklin tore the whip from her hands Mrs. Cowden broke an umbrella over his head.

According to Mrs. Cowden, Franklin had been annoying her with his attentions.

HIS SKIN TURNED WHITE; DISEASE KILLS COLORED MAN

CANTON, Okla., April 3.—Eugene Crawford, a colored man who had turned white, due to disease, died here today. The physicians who attended Crawford never knew he was colored until a sister of the sick man volunteered the information. The change of color was due to a disease known as leucoderma.

Death was caused by a complete breakdown of the nervous system due to the disease.

LOSS OF JEWELS BY MRS. DRYDEN LAID TO SERVANT

Accused of stealing an openface watch, the back of which was studded with diamonds, attached to a triangular diamond-studded chateleine, from Mrs. John F. Dryden, wife of former Senator John F. Dryden, of New Jersey, Alonzo Harris, a negro, twenty-five years old, was held in \$2,000 bail by Judge Kimball in the Police Court this morning.

The watch and chateleine are valued at \$1,350. They have not been recovered by the police. Mrs. Dryden appeared in court as the chief witness against Harris, and identified a photograph of the stolen watch.

Missed Valuable Ornament After Call at Dalzell Home.

The robbery is alleged to have occurred on Saturday, March 7, while Mrs. Dryden was calling at the residence of Mrs. John Dalzell, wife of Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania. It was reported to the police immediately, but the greatest secrecy was maintained by the department, and it was not until the case was called in court today that the facts were made public.

The Dalzell Footman.

Harris was employed temporarily as a footman by Mr. Dalzell, at his home, 1601 New Hampshire avenue. On the afternoon the robbery occurred, Mrs. Dryden made several calls. She did not miss the watch until after she had left Mrs. Dalzell's house.

Thinking that the chateleine had become unfastened and dropped from her dress during the afternoon, the loss was advertised in the newspapers. Failing to recover the property, it was reported to the police, and a description of the missing articles sent to all the pawnshops.

Harris was arrested about a week ago, but as there was not sufficient evidence to hold him, he was not brought into court until this morning. Seven witnesses testified against him, saying that they had seen a watch and chateleine in his possession which resembled the one lost by Mrs. Dryden. Harris denied that he ever had the articles in his possession.

After Mrs. Dryden identified the photograph of the watch it was shown to the witnesses, all of whom stated that the photograph was an exact reproduction of the watch Harris had shown them. When placed under arrest, Harris had only a few dollars in his pocket, and he had seen him with \$125 a few days before he was locked up.

Think Evidence Complete.

Detectives Warren, Mullen and Evans, who arrested the negro, say that they have woven a chain of evidence which shows conclusively that the negro had the watch and chateleine in his possession. The police theory is that Mrs. Dryden dropped the timepiece when she stepped from her carriage in front of Mrs. Dalzell's residence. Harris was standing on the walk to open the door when the carriage drove up, but Mrs. Dryden's footman jumped from the box and opened the door before Harris had an opportunity to reach the knob.

The police say, further, that if the pendant was lost at this time it would have been an easy matter for Harris to have picked it up after the carriage drove away. Every effort has been made by the police to recover the property. Harris has been questioned time and again at Police Headquarters, but he has failed to obtain a confession from him. They failed to shake his story that he knew nothing of the watch, and the police sent out the following circular:

"The following described watch and pin were lost in this city on Saturday, the 7th inst.:

"Lady's small openface gold watch, No. 15,615, back case studded with diamonds, attached to a triangular shape diamond-studded chateleine pin. Jewelers, dealers, pawn brokers, second-hand dealers, etc., are respectfully requested to co-operate in recovery of this property, and should it be offered for sale, exchange, alteration, or pawn, kindly detain under some pretense the person offering the same and immediately notify your police authorities."

"These circulars were sent to all large cities in the country."

AGREE ON LIABILITY BILL

The House Committee on Judiciary today agreed to report favorably to the House the Sterling employers' liability bill.

Spring Flowers in Great Profusion.

Slater's prices are reasonable. 15th & I.

ROME ON STRIKE TO REBUKE FIRING ON LABOR FUNERAL

ROME, April 3.—A general strike has been called in retaliation for yesterday's attack by troops on an anarchist funeral, in which two men were killed and a number of others wounded.

The funeral was that of a man prominent in labor councils, and there was a tremendous turnout of the working classes, regardless of political affiliation, in his honor.

Burials of Two Victims to Be Made Occasion for Big Demonstration.

The labor leaders say the soldiers became panicky and opened fire without provocation. The authorities maintain that disorders were imminent, and that when an effort was made to scatter the crowd, the paraders showed fight.

The strike was ordered following an all-night conference by leaders of the workmen, and so strong is the public sympathy with the movement that hundreds of shops failed to open today in co-operation with the demonstration. The newspapers are also expected to join the malcontents, suspending publication until government assurance is given that there will be no further violence like that of yesterday, and that the officer responsible for ordering the troops to fire will be punished.

The funerals of yesterday's victims will be made the occasion, it is announced, of record-breaking labor demonstrations. Serious riots are feared and the city is being filled with soldiers from the outlying districts.

SHOOTS UP COURT; MURDERER DYING

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 3.—Henry C. F. McDonald, who upon his conviction of dynamiting a church at Sandford, after his blind tiger saloon had been outlawed, opened fire in the court room and killed Chief of Detectives Dwyer and wounded Harvey V. Jones, Superintendent of Police Ira Welton, a deputy sheriff, and Sylvester Doyle, bailiff, is dying in the hospital today, all hope of his recovery being abandoned.

McDonald was made the target for pistols of all the officers and his body was riddled with bullets. His attorney, J. T. Walker, who tried to take the pistol away from him, was powder burned.

The first shot was aimed at Prosecutor Cooper, who sat with his chair tilted backward. Cooper pushed himself over backward and escaped injury. McDonald is unconscious. During the night he regained consciousness long enough to say that he had planned the assassination of all the officers and regretted he had not two pistols instead of one. Officers are guarding him at the hospital today.

Convicted Blind Tiger Man Kills Detective Chief and Wounds Others.

It develops that the Chief Executive is taking much more interest in behalf of the Hepburn-Low measure than is generally known. Some of the manufacturers' associations and chambers of commerce and like bodies have assumed to be able to read into this measure a legalization of the boycott. The men who drew the bill are positive that it contains such a provision, and that some such law would certainly oppose the bill, and that the opposition to the bill, based on this charge, is not considered sincere, and that it has been exaggerated as far as can be learned. The President, who has given his advisers without committing himself, but he has given signs of persistence in his determination to get results.

Favors Hepburn Bill.

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Ideas About Power.

The whole idea of placing in the hands of the court the function of checking trusts and combinations as good or bad, reasonable or unreasonable, is foreign to the President's conception of a desirable policy. He wants some executive department endowed with this power, and believes the proposal of the Hepburn-Low bill to annex jurisdiction in the hands of the Commissioner of Corporations as to combinations other than railroads, and of the interstate Commerce Commission as to combinations of railroads, is the best yet developed.

He has made it very clear to people who have any sense, matters with which he would not want to be connected, giving these functions to the judiciary. He does believe that the Government should not attempt to prohibit all combinations without reference to their character and workings.

The serious illness of Representative Hepburn, chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committee of the House, who introduced the Hepburn-Low bill, is considered a serious blow to the President's program at this time, because he has been strongly in favor of the legislation, and though it did not go to his committee, he was looked upon as a tower of strength for it.

Mr. Hepburn's condition, following the sudden attack which he had on Wednesday, is improving, but it is likely to be weeks before he will be on the House floor again. If, indeed, he takes part in business any further this session.

TRADE BOARD TO HEAR REPORT UPON MERGER

A meeting of the board of directors of the Board of Trade will be held Saturday or Monday to receive the report of the special committee appointed to investigate the proposed merger of the Chamber of Commerce looking to a merger of the two bodies. John B. Lerner, chairman of the committee, is now ready to submit a report.

The fourth general session of the Board of Trade has been called for next Tuesday night at the New Willard at 8 o'clock. Reports from the following standing committees will be submitted: History of the District of Columbia, Code, Hall for Public Conventions, Lincoln Centennial, and Municipal Art. Refreshments will be served after the business session.

Saturday and Sunday Excursion To Baltimore, only \$1.25 via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets good returning until Sunday night. All regular trains except the "Congressional Limited."—Adv.

EXTRA SESSION MAY BE CALLED TO FORCE LAWS

President Said to Be Determined That Congress Shall Pass Reform Measures.

Wants Action in Anti-Trust, Anti-Injunction, and Employers' Liability Legislation.

The possibility of Congress being called in special session, immediately after the adjournment of the present session, if before adjournment no action is taken on the matters included in the President's legislative program, is said in high quarters to be growing serious.

The President is getting very much in earnest about forcing action on the measures to which he is committed. The situation has not improved since his recent message, because, while the way for the approach bill has somewhat been cleared, the prospect for anti-injunction legislation has not improved, the employers' liability bill reported from the House Judiciary Committee is regarded by the supporters of such legislation as entirely unsatisfactory and unlikely to meet the President's approval, and the various interests concerned with the anti-trust legislation are just now in a new and serious disagreement about what course should be pursued.

Intimation has been conveyed to some of the President's advisers, it is understood, that there is a measure to Congress, concerning the anti-trust legislation. There is also a vigorous motion that certain proposals as to modification of this legislation would call forth a veto if they should be crystallized into an act of Congress. In short, the whole situation is fast getting ripe for sensational developments, whose possibility is believed to be more imminent than has heretofore been appreciated.

Breakfast With Low.

Seth Low, president of the Civic Federation, took the lead in drafting the Hepburn-Low measure for modification of the anti-trust act, basing legislation with the President today, and the legislative situation as to that measure is understood to have been gone over with care. No announcement has been made as to any results reached, but it is known that the situation is fast becoming highly interesting.

Some of the President's most influential advisers have urged upon him the policy of calling Congress in extra session, if it fails to get results as to matters which he esteems vital at this time, and keeping it here until it votes on these bills. Of course, the President could not force Congress to pass anything, but he has been taking the position that the results are safe enough, if only Congress can be brought to vote. That the vote would be reached, and that without delay, is believed pretty certain in view of the fact that the Presidential campaign has been so far advanced, and that the President, who has given his advisers without committing himself, but he has given signs of persistence in his determination to get results.

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