UNLICENSED DOGS ARE FEWER NOW

Poundmaster Einstein Has Force Watching Closely for Stray Canines.

MANY REQUEST KILLING OF PETS

Disease No More Prevalent at This Time Than in Previous Years.

In an effort to stamp out the epidemic of rabies that has threatened to assume dangerous proportions in the District, Poundmaster Samuel Einstein has had his dog catchers working overtime for the last two weeks. The result is that Washington today is practically free of unlicensed dogs, and if an epidemic of the disease should develop, it will be among the dogs with tags, according to a statement made by Mr. Einstein this morning.

"Rabies is a disease that can not develop in a dog," said Mr. Einstein today. "The animal must become inoculated from a bite by a dog that is affected. There is no danger of a dog going mad unless it has been attacked by another dog that is mad."

Since Monday, 132 stray dogs have been taken to the pound by the dog catchers. Of this number, 120 have been killed, and three of the animals' brains have been sent to the Bureau of Animal Industry for microscopic examination. Mr. Einstein says that while the reports of the bureau indicate that there is an unusually large number of dogs affected with rabies, the dogs at the pound have, with few exceptions, showed no signs of being mad, and from his observation rabies is no more prevalent at this time than in previous years. He adds, however, that it is impossible to determine whether a dog is suffering from the disease until its brain is examined by experts.

Owners Want Pets Killed.

During the last month more persons have requested the poundmaster to get their dogs than in the six months prior. One wagon has been required constantly to look after this end of the poundmaster's work, and at least a dozen dogs have been chloroformed every day at the request of the owners.

The brains of all dogs that have attacked persons are being sent to the Bureau of Animal Industry as soon as the case is reported, and the health department is assisting in every possible way to prevent any danger of an epidemic of rabies.

Now that the Marine Hospital, Twenty-fourth and E streets, is equipped for treating cases of supposed rabies by the Pasteur method, it is not necessary for persons bitten by dogs to go to the Pasteur Institute in Baltimore to take the treatment to prevent any possibility of the disease developing. The treatment is free, and as soon as a case is reported to the Health Office the person is instructed to go to the Marine Hospital. Several cases are now under treatment at the hospital, and the doctors say the results obtained are highly satisfactory.

Seven Dog Catchers at Work.

Seven dog catchers are being employed in different sections of the city from early in the morning until late at night. Two wagons are used to carry the animals to the pound. Mr. Einstein is making a personal investigation of all cases where persons have been bitten.

The lot of the dog catcher is not an easy one, and the men who are doing this work are not only obliged to put in long hours, but must put up with many annoying features. While the public generally realizes that it is necessary that all stray dogs must be captured and taken to the pound, there are many persons not in sympathy with the movement to capture them, and in the crowd that almost invariably gathers when the men get their nets out, there are some people who assert that the dog catchers are inhuman in their treatment of the animals.

MARK TWAIN HEADS THEATER PROJECT

NEW YORK, June 12.—The Educational Theater, of New York, with Mark Twain as president of its board of directors, has filed a certificate of incorporation and will immediately begin to raise funds for a large building with an auditorium seating at least 1,000 for the presentation of plays by children and young people.

Young Boy Bitten by Dog Safe; Animal Jumps at Romping Lads

Canine Springs at Policeman, Who Uses His Pistol.

William Peter Therriel, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Therriel, of 1730 Fourteenth street northwest, who was bitten about the left leg by a dog yesterday afternoon, is suffering from a slight fever this morning.

The little boy's mother is greatly worried lest the child has been inoculated with rabies, but she was told by the physician who cauterized the wounds that her son is practically out of danger, and that the fever is due more to the excitement of escaping from the angry animal, and the pain of having four places on his leg cauterized.

According to the mother, the child was playing with another boy of his age, just in front of his home. A small dog owned by O. D. Root was lying near the two. The Therriel child made a sudden attempt to grab a ribbon from his companion and the dog jumped on the boy, and, only through the quickness of its owner, was it kept from inflicting possibly greater injury on the prostrate child.

This morning the dog is being examined by the authorities.

Policeman J. W. Collier, of the Second precinct, had a lively skirmish with a supposed mad dog yesterday, while going through an alley between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets and Rhode Island avenue and N street northwest.

As the officer passed an open gate the dog sprang at him, and, despite several cracks on the head with the "nightstick," kept up the attack until a well aimed blow felled him. The policeman then shot the dog, and reported to headquarters. The dog will be examined.

WILLIAM P. THERRIEL,
Who Was Bitten on the Left Leg by a Dog.

TAXICAB COMPANY GETS ITS CHARTER

The Capitol Taxicab Company, organized to do a general business in the transportation and transfer of passengers and baggage in Washington, received its charter of incorporation at Richmond yesterday. The company's main office will be in Alexandria. It is capitalized at $300,000, and A. G. Porter, of Washington, is president.

A Virginia charter also was issued to the Auditorium Amusement Company, of Alexandria, for the presentation of operas and theatrical amusements. The office of the company will be in Alexandria, but the theater will be in Washington, and all the business of the concern will be done here.

O. H. P. Belmont's Only Daughter Says Texas Claimant to Estate

GALVESTON, Tex., June 12.—A young woman claiming to be the only daughter of Oliver H. P. Belmont, who died in Hempstead, L. I., will leave here Saturday for New York to file her claim to her father's estate.

The press reports that Belmont's only daughter, Mrs. Williams P. Burden, known in society prior to her marriage as Natica Rives, she having adopted the name of her stepfather, brought a statement from the claimant that Mrs. Burden was an adopted daughter, taken into the family by the Belmonts two years after the disappearance of the real daughter.

As evidence of this claim, she has in her possession a letter presumed to be from her alleged father to a detective agency, in which he says his daughter is lost to him forever, and that her place has been filled in the family circle, so far as the outside world is concerned.

"How I came into possession of this letter," said the young woman, who asserts that her name is Louise Whiting Belmont Clarke, "concerns me alone, but I will prove its authenticity at the proper time. If you will examine the family records of 'American Multimillionaires' you will notice after O. H. P. Belmont's name the record of a 'daughter' born to him.

"There is no date of birth or of marriage or of death of this daughter recorded there, as is the case with all the other family records.

"According to the press dispatches this daughter is reported to have been married and to have died. Why this blank record? I merely refer to this to show that there has been an official report published annually for many years, showing that my father had a daughter, but this record ends there."

The young woman says she was born on March 4, 1884, and she exhibits a gold locket with two portraits. One, she says, is the likeness of her mother, Sarah Whiting Belmont, and the other the picture of herself when she was three or four years old. She declares she has documentary evidence to prove her identity.

"Once in New York," she said, "I will find many that knew me and know that I was living at least up to five or six years ago. I have not led an enviable life, and I have seen reverses, and I am to blame, but I can easily prove that I am the only daughter of O. H. P. Belmont."

ST. PAUL FOUNDS SCIENCE INSTITUTE

Lectures First Supported By Business Men Grow Into Permanent Feature.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 12.—The St. Paul Institute of Arts and Sciences is at last an accomplished fact with its first hundred life members completed and a second hundred nearly completed and with funds which guarantee its existence. Prof. D. Earle Burchell, of the University of Wisconsin, the first director of the Institute, has reached St. Paul and wil start his work at once.

The new institute is founded on the lines successfully adopted in Brooklyn and will handle an enormous amount of educational work, with departments devoted to the various sciences. Its efforts for the present will be devoted to the practical arts, hygiene, literature, history, the fine arts, economics, government, and the sciences and it will work through instruction classes, lectures, and publication work.

The movement had its origin among the business men of the city, who for two years have maintained under the same name, lecture courses for their employes first, and the public generally

DUNKARDS DECIDE TO MEET IN TENTS

Wooden Tabernacle to Be Abandoned After Having Been Used a Century.

DAYTON, Ohio, June 12.—After a heated discussion 1,000 Dunkard messengers—or delegates—in session near here decided to hold all future conferences in tents. For 100 years the annual meetings have been held in wooden tabernacles raised by the unskilled hands of the members. Twenty-five years ago the use of a big tent was suggested, but conservative members declared tabernacles of canvas would be suggestive of the circus and the devil.

The elders in consultation decided not to touch on the use of the telephone or matters of dress. Many wealthy Dunkards have telephones in their homes. It was feared that the precipitation of the question might end in a split. All agreed, however, to limit the use of the telephone to business.

The next conference will be held in Douglas county, Kan., during Pentacost, 1909.

MADE A CRIMINAL BY BLOW ON HEAD

Pardon of J. D. Eggleston, Now in St. Elizabeth's, Granted By President.

SENT TO PRISON AS COUNTERFEITER

Graduated in Medicine, and Has Bright Mind, Though Partly Irresponsible—Father Rich.

Officials at St. Elizabeth's Hospital for the Insane are only awaiting the receipt of official pardon papers to surrender James D. Eggleston, one of the strangest patients ever confined at the institution, who has just been granted a conditional pardon by President Roosevelt. Young Eggleston is the son of James Eggleston, president of the Pacific Express Company and a widely-known railroad man of wealth and position.

Eggleston was transferred to the institution from the penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., to which he was sent after having been convicted of counterfeiting.

Eggleston will be delivered to his father and will be placed in a private sanitarium for treatment and observation.

Wrecked by Blow on Head.

The case is one which is calculated to attract the attention of experts in the treatment of the insane and criminologists all over the world. It is established by medical observation at intervals during the last twenty years that Eggleston, while of a bright mind and capable of obtaining the degree of doctor of medicine from a leading university, is to an extent morally irresponsible. This is attributed to an accident which occurred when he was twelve years old, in which he suffered a fracture of the skull and lost his right leg.

Bright and modest before this occurred, his physician noted as he recovered that the character of the boy had changed and that he was morose, given to bragging about the things he could accomplish, and at times morally perverted.

Everything was done to overcome the tendency. The young man traveled over the United States and Europe, and attempted the practice of medicine that he might cure the ills of his fellow-men, only to bring up in the penitentiary.

Arrested as Counterfeiter.

After having been sent abroad and spending some time in schools and colleges, among them Harvard Medical School, Eggleston attempted the practice of medicine in Denver with a man named Baker. His affliction soon involved him in differences with Baker, who is said to have directed attention to Eggleston and caused his arrest by officers of the Secret Service. In his rooms, with apparently no attempt at concealment, were found a photograph of a $10 note and a plaster paris mold of a silver dollar.

A jury found Eggleston guilty under the laws against counterfeiting and he was sentenced to pay a fine of $1,500 and spend ten years in prison.

Throughout his life the boy's father has done everything which wealth and intelligence could suggest to overcome the effects of his accident. It was through the efforts of his parent that Eggleston's case was brought to the attention of President Roosevelt, whose heart was touched by its history.

MEYERS, GUILTY, GETS TWO YEARS

Embezzler Who Surrendered After Four Years' Flight Suddenly Abandons Defense.

An unexpected termination to the case against Willard H. Meyers came yesterday, when Meyers appeared in court with his counsel, and pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzling funds of the National Safe Deposit, Savings and Trust Company. Justice Barnard sentenced him to two years in the Atlanta penitentiary.

The sudden termination of the case was a surprise to the District Attorney's office, as it had been expected that Meyers would fight.

Meyers absconded four years ago, and successfully evaded the police of many cities. He calmly walked into detective headquarters on January 10 last, and gave himself up. He was released on bond until the date of his trial.

POLITICS SINCE 1789.

The political parties participating in Presidential elections since the Republic was established are as follows: Federalist, anti-Federalist, Republican, Opposition, Republican (1820), Democratic, National Republican, South Carolina Democrats (1832), anti-Masonic, Whig, Liberty, Free-Soil, Liberty League, American (or know nothing),

DELEGATES GATHER FOR WORLD MEETING

Anglican Church All Over Globe Is Sending Representatives to London.

LONDON, June 12.—From every quarter of the globe delegates of the Anglican church are arriving in England to attend the great pan-Anglican congress which opens in London Monday.

Men who work among the Eskimos, those who labor among the cannibals of the South Sea Islands, as well as representatives of the church from Great Britain and the colonies will be present and take part in the ceremonies attending the convention. Nearly 250 archbishops and bishops will be present; there will be over 1,000 delegates and 6,500 members.

At the conclusion of the congress many of the members will tour the continent or travel in Scotland, England, and Ireland before returning home.

NOT WELL NAMED.

Towne—Why do you call young Fetherbrane "Cholly?" His first name is Noah.

Browne—Yes, but that's so inappropriate. Noah had sense enough to get in out of the rain.—Exchange.

White House Callers

Senators Burkett of Nebraska, Bourne of Oregon.
Representative Hepburn of Iowa.
Judges Wood and Chambers, of the Spanish Claims Commission.
Fred Dennett, Commissioner of the Land Office.
The Cabinet met at 11 o'clock.

SHE SEEKS PARDON FOR CONVICT LOVER

DENVER, June 12.—Prison bars seem to be of no consequence to Mrs. Ellen Allison, of Ocean Park, Cal., when the object of her love is behind them. The romance was started by a photograph on a postal card. Mrs. Allison has written to Governor Buchtel, asking for the pardon of Robert Donelly, so that she may marry him and both engage in mission work. She says that she will either come to Canton City and marry Donelly or furnish him transportation to California, and that they will afterward live in Washington.

Donelly's record seems to read pretty bad, as he has spent thirteen years of his life in prisons and reformatories. She says he was nicely converted once before, but a sweetheart of his turned him down for a richer man, and he drifted into the old path again.

BLUE FRONT

The Cleanest Meat Shop in Town

930 Louisiana Avenue N. W.

This Store is Tagged
To help the children of Washington

Tag Day
June 13, 1908

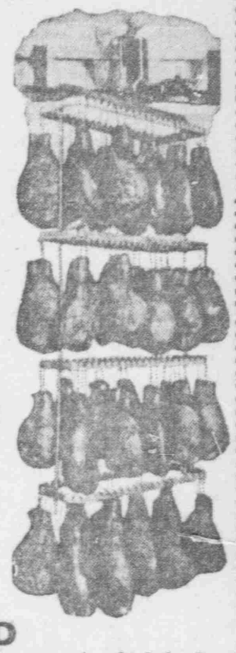
WASHINGTON PLAYGROUND ASSOCIATION

TAG DAY SALE

5%

OF GROSS RECEIPTS

will be contributed to the Playground Fund.



By arrangement with the Playground Committee, representatives from Mrs. Wallace Radcliffe's Ladies' Committee will be present.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED

The sale will go on all day tomorrow. Be sure to attend. By so doing you not only help the Playground Fund, but at the same time save money on meats.

FRESH PORK

Loin Roast, 8 to 12 lbs	10c
Shoulder, 8 to 12 lbs	8½c
Spare Ribs, lb.	9c
Pork Tenderloin	25c

SMOKED MEATS

Honey Brand Hams, 7 to 10 lbs	12½c
Honey Brand Bacon, 6 to 10 lbs	14c
California or Picnic Hams, 5 to 8 lbs	10c
Shamrock Bacon, lb. cartons	20c

SPRING LAMB--Home Dressed

Legs	20c
Hind quarter	20c
Chops	30c
Fore Quarters	16c
Shoulder and Breast	12½c
Sides, about 15 to 18	17½c

VEAL--Milk Fed

Cutlets	25c
Chops	20c
Shoulder	12½c
Leg	16c

Also offering big values in Spring Lamb, Canada Mutton, Milk Fed Veal, Prime Beef, and Fresh Vegtables and Fruit.

OPEN UNTIL 9 TOMORROW NIGHT

513-515-517 SEVENTH ST. N.W.

HECHTS'

YOU CAN HAVE IT CHARGED

Mr. Man, Would You Pay $10 for a $20 Suit? Here's Your Chance!

It ought not require a second invitation to any man to take advantage of a sale like this. For few and far between are such chances. It is a clearance of all the small lots that have been accumulating in the regular lines sold at $15.00, $17.50, and $20.00—one and two suits of a kind and pattern, which the heavy volume of selling has left with us. There are not full lines of sizes in any one kind or grade, but there's ample of every size in one kind or another; from 34 to 50, regulars and to fit stout men. There's the widest variety of the most stylish gray effects, the best selling fabrics of the season. Both single-breasted and double-breasted suits are included.

Of course, we're losing money on the sale, but we'd rather give our customers the advantage of the clearance NOW than make the sacrifice at the end of the season.

Even though the price is half what many of these suits are worth, you can pay it a little at a time later on if you wish. If you're wise you'll come early.

Men's Trousers that sell regularly at $2; neat grays. For tomorrow at..... $1.25

Men's Fancy Vests; all the new effects. Sold regularly at $3 and $3.50. Now.... $1.49

Men's Neat Striped Simpson's Prints Office Coats; sizes up to 46. Sell at 50c..... 39c

"Korrect Shapes Won't Break"

PATENT LEATHER SHOES GUARANTEED NOT TO BREAK

Look carefully at these all patent Burt & Packard

Korrect Shape Blucher Oxfords

The pictures are reproduced from photographs of the shoes, and show them exactly as they will appear on your own feet. If you have ever had the least misgiving as to the reliability of patent leather, READ THE GUARANTEE and be assured that this patent leather is so reliable, so flexible, so durable, that you may have perfect confidence in the service it will give you.

OUR GUARANTEE

TRADE MARK BURROJAPS WARRANTED

This label is in every "Burrojaps" Korrect Shape Shoe, and stands as a guarantee that the "Burrojaps" upper will not break through before the first sole is worn through.

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

In the event of a "Burrojaps" Shoe Wearing contrary to this guarantee, the retailer from whom these shoes were purchased is authorized to replace them with a new pair.

PACKARD & FIELD, Makers, BROCKTON, MASS.

Burt & Packard on shoes for over half a century has been the customer's assurance above all else that the shoes will fit, for they are made on scientific principle of proper foot structure.

$4 a pair and shown in over fifty styles.

B&P Korrect Shape

ROBERT BERBERICH'S SONS,

Washington's Largest and Most Progressive Shoe House,

Established 1868

1116-18-20-22 Seventh Street