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FRANK A. MUNSEY

COUPLE UP WITH THE JOINT FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Center your fire. See that the money you give goes to the needy. Be in the ranks. Help the city fulfill its whole responsibility in these days when some are shivering, some are weakened for lack of food, some are out in the cold.

A NEED WHICH HUSTLE CAN MEET THIS SESSION.

A patent is a species of property created by Congress under the authority of the Constitution. It confers a right co-extensive with the United States. It is assumed by law to have the same meaning throughout the United States; and unless it has that uniformity throughout the United States its value is depreciated and may be destroyed.

Has a patent that character as the law now operates? Consider a specific case:

A patentee brings suit against a supposed infringer in Ohio. His patent is declared invalid. Then he brings a suit on the same patent in New York. The New York court has great esteem for the court in Ohio. Nevertheless, it studies the case and says: "We think the court in Ohio wrong and the patent is valid." The result is that the patent is valid in the second judicial circuit and invalid in the sixth judicial circuit.

Under the authority of the Supreme Court decision in the case of Kessler vs. Eldred, this patent—although it has been declared valid in the second circuit—in no way controls the successful defendant in the sixth circuit. Not only has the latter the right to sell the infringing article all over the United States, including the second circuit, but all his customers are protected. So the patent is finally killed by the decision of the court of appeals of the second circuit.

Suppose an appeal goes to the United States Supreme Court. Suppose that court sustains the decision of the second circuit and invalidates the patent. That does not affect in the least degree the absolute right as a matter of the law of the successful infringer in the case in the sixth circuit and his customers to sell freely all over the United States. In other words not even the Supreme Court can save that patent from the decision of the sixth circuit.

Here, manifestly, is a situation of the most pronounced injustice to a vast aggregation of American property. It is an injustice which operates, moreover, most severely upon the poorer patentee. He cannot afford to press his defense through nine circuits. The great corporation can.

To mend this wrong it is proposed to establish a patent court. Appeals to that court will be made directly from the trial courts. Its decisions—subject to the few appeals now permitted to the United States Supreme Court—will be final and binding on the whole nation. The whole body of inventors, owners, and attorneys most interested is represented in the movement for this court.

This Congress may very possibly enact legislation to this end. An interview from the chairman of the House subcommittee having the bill in charge forecasts that the measure will be favorably reported. When that has been done Congress should pass the bill speedily. But if it does, it will be because the inventors, manufacturers, and attorneys concerned make their representatives in Congress understand that they are in earnest in demanding it.

GROUND HOG'S WARNING FOR MARCH 4, 1913.

His Wisdom, the ground hog, came out of his hole at sun-up today. He saw his shadow clear-marked on the hillside snow. Therefore we in Washington may expect six weeks more of wintry weather, or the old saw goes to the rubbish heap.

doings when President Taft, or somebody else, is escorted to the White House for four years' official tenancy, as they were spoiled last year. It is time, now, to get busy on the amendment.

MRS. YOUNG GETS MORE PAY FOR WOMEN TEACHERS.

Since Mrs. Ella Flagg Young became superintendent of the Chicago schools she has made many changes which have seemingly met with general approval. Lately, Mrs. Young has succeeded in getting material increases in the salaries of the women teachers in the Chicago schools. This is a question that is giving trouble to the school boards of numerous cities. In New York city, for instance, the women teachers have been agitating for four years for just salaries. Owing to the widespread efforts of the women teachers to get more pay there will be interest in the method taken by Mrs. Young to gain her point.

Briefly, Mrs. Young has adopted the principle that special teachers of music, drawing, and the like should not receive salaries higher than the grade teachers. She holds that it is just as valuable to teach the essentials as the special subjects. By equalization of salaries, the tendency is to increase the pay of the majority at a comparatively slight increase in the total appropriation for school purposes. The initial salary of the Chicago teacher is \$650.

Beyond this, Mrs. Young contends for her plan that it will tend to unify the lines of work in the school and make the course of study simpler and more effective. Manual training and the household arts are no longer to be treated as if unrelated to the fundamental work of the school. Teachers of the various subjects are to be placed on the same level and every subject of study is to be treated as equal in importance. The test of Mrs. Young's plan, which the board has approved, will be worth while watching.

NO QUITTING IN FIGHT FOR IMPROVED RULES.

Rejoicing is apparent among certain of the so-called regular leaders in the House because the war on the House Rules, more especially the movement to enlarge the Rules Committee and make it elective with the Speaker excluded, has been sidetracked. Insurgents and regulars have gone hurrying to the White House to give assurances they would support the chief measures which the President wants passed.

The insurgents are with Administration measures as to railroads, postal savings banks, conservation, and anti-injunction. The regulars are not committing themselves as far as that, but are protesting they are for the legislation the President wants. The President is sending word to the House that the paramount issue is the legislation he has recommended, and which the platform calls for, and that nothing should be stirred up with respect to the rules that may hamper legislation.

It may well be doubted if there is any question before the House that is equal in gravity to the one of changing the rules. Until these are adjusted on a basis of fairness and justice, legislation in the interest of the public is certain to suffer. But leaving this question aside, it may be set down as assured that the movement to change the House rules, overhaul the Rules Committee, and effect other needed modifications has not been stopped. It is not even checked, though particular plans for action may be sidetracked.

The facts are that the insurgents were never more insistent than they are today on important changes in the rules. They are bent on having the Speaker removed from the Rules Committee, and having that committee elective. And they have the quiet support of a large number of the regulars who perceive the impossibility, political and otherwise, of allowing present conditions to continue. Those House members who think the storm over the rules has blown over are deluding themselves, and will do well not to emerge from their cyclone cellars too soon.

IS EVERY BUTCHER A FOE TO MANKIND?

Investigators sometimes draw wrong deductions from undisputed but unauthenticated data. Representative Moore's subcommittee had an agent buy beef and pork in three sections of the city. He found certain meats 7 cents a pound higher in one part of the town than in another. The committee's attention also was called to the fact that the average wholesale price of all the beef sold last week by one of the trust packers' agencies here was 7.65 cents a pound. The assumption followed that the retailers are getting all the difference between about 8 cents and 18 to 25, and that the dealer who got 7 cents more than his local competitor was simply more rapacious.

But there are more elements in the butchers' trade than are dreamt of in the philosophy of the Congressman who figured out preposterous profits for the Connecticut average top-price store. To begin, do not stir over that word "average" in the packer's statement. It means that some sides of beef sold at less than 7.65 cents and some for a good deal more. We know of one dealer who buys only that part of the carcass which yields tenderloin and prime rib roasts, and pays 17 to 20 cents for it. He sells some parts of this at 50 cents a pound, and a small

part for less than it cost him. His profit is not inordinate for a trade which caters only to the rich and extravagant. Again, there are some parts of a steer, perfectly good meat, which butchers say they cannot get rid of at any price, even to families so poor as to be on the verge of starvation. No doubt there are tricks in the trade of selling meat at retail, and it is pretty well established that the consumer is not getting the square deal in all quarters. Everybody has noted occasions when the price of a food commodity, having gone up on account of a real scarcity, forgets to come down when plenty returned.

Prices would be more even in the beef trade if more keepers of the family purse remembered Franklin's advice: "If you can't get cake, get smelts," and bought rump and round when ribs were too dear.

A TRIAL WHICH MAY MAKE POLITICAL HISTORY.

Formal charges have been filed in Albany by Senator Conger against Senator Allis, prominent up-State Republican and leader of the Republicans in the New York State senate. The alleged offense is the accepting of a bribe. This action brings to a head a quarrel which may have far-reaching consequences. The developments may indeed blast the chances of the Republicans to win at the next State election. There may follow a new alignment of parties in New York which would result in the election as governor of a Democrat. A Democratic governor of the pivotal State of New York, always an interesting factor in national politics, may turn out to be the long-sought Moses of national Democratic hope. Who can tell? Stranger things have happened.

The Democratic party is certainly more alive in New York today than it has been in a long time, and the announcement of Governor Hughes that he will not accept another nomination for the office means that the Republicans have lost their biggest asset. Should the Allis investigation serve to make more trouble for the Republicans, opening the way for a Democrat of the right type to the governor's mansion at Albany, it will make political history.

Representative Moore's subcommittee has demonstrated the truth of what every Washingtonian has been saying for several years. It costs money to live here.

The President's lament that "nobody drops in" at the White House reminds us that Mr. Bryan has been willing to take a chance at it for some time.

The University of Missouri is giving a course of lectures on how to write poetry. And it is to be hoped that it is teaching something new.

Testimony from the experts is that there is no such thing as drinking too much. It is drinking too frequently that causes trouble.

"I am not going to Europe with my husband or anybody else," says Mrs. Lawrence Phelps. New styles are coming in all the time.

If Walter Wellman gets no further across the Atlantic in his balloon than he did toward the North Pole, he will need a life preserver.

Even the stars are in harmony with a fast age. "Comet A 1910" travels forty-one miles a second.

The door in Manchuria seems to be wide open at the knock of Mr. Muter and Mr. Rebellon.

Zelaya is going on a pleasure trip but it is Mr. Knox's pleasure and not Zelaya's.

Any Republican who tries to be his brother's keeper nowadays has a hard job.

If the spirits are like human beings, Prof. Langley has a laugh coming.

Rector's, having seen the finish of the Speaker removed from the Rules Committee, and having that committee elective. And they have the quiet support of a large number of the regulars who perceive the impossibility, political and otherwise, of allowing present conditions to continue. Those House members who think the storm over the rules has blown over are deluding themselves, and will do well not to emerge from their cyclone cellars too soon.

What's on the Program Tonight in Washington

- District of Columbia Society, Sons of the American Revolution, Riggs House, 8 p. m.
Delta Phi Society, Shoreham, 8 p. m.
Smoker by Greater Washington Outing Club, Jolly Fat Men's Club, 923 D street northwest, 8:30 p. m.
Oyster supper at Grace Church Parish House, Ninth and D streets southwest, 5 to 9 p. m.
Annual dinner of Harvard Club, Raleigh.
Bloomington Club dance, Mrs. Dyer's, 1517 R street northwest, 8:30 p. m.
Meeting of Washington branch of American Pharmaceutical Association, 808 I street northwest, 8 p. m.
Supper and entertainment by the Immaculate Conception Blessed Virgin Mary Sodality, Eighth and N streets northwest, 4:30 to 9 p. m.
Address by Major J. M. Barriman, commander of the southeastern division of the Salvation Army, 929 Pennsylvania avenue, 8:30 p. m.
National Union Fraternal Society fair and bazaar, old Masonic Temple, Ninth and F streets.
Theaters.
National—"Harvest Moon," 8:15 p. m.
Belasco—"The Girl and the Wizard," 8:20 p. m.
Columbia—"Springtime," 8:15 p. m.
Chase—"Polite vaudeville," 8:15 p. m.
Academy—"In Africa," 8:15 p. m.
Casino—"Continous vaudeville, 11 p. m.
Majestic—"Moving pictures and vaudeville, 7 to 11 p. m.
Gayety—Renz Sautley Company, 8:15 p. m.
Latham—Sam Fevere Company, 8:15 p. m.
(The Times will be pleased to announce meetings and entertainments this column. Phone or write announcements.)

At Home Calendar in Society

- Mrs. Cummings, wife of Senator Cummings, will receive tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock. She will have with her Mrs. Robert Downey and Miss Lindsay, of Waynesburg, Pa.
Mrs. George M. Pullman will receive tomorrow afternoon at the Arlington.
Mrs. Roberts, wife of Senator Roberts, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. M. C. Weyth will be at home tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Bristol, wife of Senator Bristol, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Smoot, wife of Senator Smoot, will be at home informally tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Augustus P. Crenshaw and Miss Crenshaw, will receive tomorrow afternoon for the last time this season.
Mrs. George Tully Vaughan, wife of Dr. Vaughan, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Edwin T. Parker and Miss Parker, 132 Ontario place, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Frazier and Miss Annie Keith Frazier, wife and daughter of Senator Frazier, of Tennessee, will receive tomorrow at the Cochran Hotel, assisted by their house guest, Mrs. Whitehead, of Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. McCumber Will Receive Tomorrow.
Mrs. McCumber, wife of Senator McCumber, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Curtis, wife of Senator Curtis, will be at home informally tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. Robert Craig will receive tomorrow afternoon and the following Thursdays in February.
Mrs. Robert L. Middleton and Miss Middleton, 131 Thirtieth street, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. W. L. Jones, wife of Senator Jones, will receive tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock at the Hotel Gordon.
Mrs. Gardner Williams and Miss Williams will receive tomorrow afternoon and again next Thursday.
Mrs. Sands and Miss Jane Sands will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Miss Sullivan, of Thirtieth street, will not receive tomorrow, but will be at home the following Thursdays in February.
Mrs. Paynter will not receive tomorrow owing to illness in the family.
Mrs. Robert F. Shepard will receive today from 4:30 to 6:30 o'clock.
Mrs. John Hays Hammond will receive this afternoon for the last time until after Easter, when she will resume her Wednesday at home.
Mrs. Dewey will not make calls for the present, owing to illness.
Mrs. H. S. Cummings, who is recovering from an illness will not make any calls for the present.
Mrs. Charles Harper Walsh and Miss Walsh will be at home tomorrow afternoon at 221 H street, for the last time this season.
Mrs. John G. Capers, 1707 Q street, will receive tomorrow afternoon for the last time this season.
Mrs. Francis Bradford Wheaton will receive tomorrow afternoon, February 3, and the following Saturdays in February.
Mrs. S. Sewall Cissel and her daughter, Mrs. Thomas D. Harden, will receive tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs. William A. Gleesing and her sister, Mrs. Epton H. Ridenour, jr., of Edinboro, Pa., will not receive tomorrow afternoon, owing to illness.
Mrs. Robert L. Taylor, wife of Senator Taylor, will receive tomorrow afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock, at Stoneleigh Court, assisted by her house guests, Mrs. S. P. Williamson and Mrs. Hillman Taylor.
Mrs. Hardy Is Visiting in Capital.
Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy, Vice President General D. A. R. Kentucky, has arrived in Washington and is a guest at the Ebbitt House. She will attend the February board meeting of the D. A. R.
Mrs. Ludlow, wife of Rear Admiral Ludlow, entertained a party at dinner last evening in honor of Mrs. Joan King Van Rensselaer, of New York.
Mrs. and Mrs. Paul S. Pearsall entertained a party at dinner last evening, followed by a box party.
The Swedish Minister and Mme. de Lagercrantz were the guests in whose honor Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page entertained a party at dinner last evening.
Miss Davis Hostess at Bridge Party.
Miss Maud Davis, 231 R street, will be hostess at a bridge party this afternoon, followed by an informal tea.
Miss Grace Needham entertained at a bridge party last evening.
Colonel and Mrs. Thomas W. Symon, have as their house guests Mrs. Francis Ralston, of Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. James A. Robinson, of Pittsburgh, Pa., who are here for the Moorehead-Chew wedding.
Mrs. Richard Redingers is spending a few days in New York.
Mrs. Lettice has issued cards for a bridge party on Friday afternoon.
Mrs. Trevor has invitations out for a luncheon Tuesday, February 8, in honor of Mrs. Lehr, wife of Dr. Lehr.
Mrs. Lewis Newmyer, of the Avon apartment, was hostess yesterday, at a quiet and luncheon, given in honor of Mrs. Fannie Merfeldt, of York, Pa. The guests were Mrs. Samuel Beninger, Mrs. Rappaport, Mrs. Z. Stroussburger, Mrs. Nathan Kahn, Mrs. Adelle Sigmund, Mrs. Julia Luchs, and Mrs. Fannie Merfeldt.
Mrs. Harold Levy, who was the guest of her mother, Mrs. P. Loerman, of Charlotte, Va., has returned home.
Mrs. J. Kosmynsky and son, of York, Pa., are the guests of Miss Millie Morris, of Seventeenth street.
Mrs. Edwards Sommers, of 1294 Lamont street, will be at home during the winter season, Sunday afternoons.
The Octagon Pleasure Club has completed plans for a fancy dress ball at Mrs. Dyer's, on the evening of February 14. The committee in charge of the affair is composed of Herbert Rich, chairman; Melville Fischer, and Alfred Haas.

Miss Lillian Chew Becomes Bride Of J. U. Moorehead This Afternoon



MISS LILLIAN CHEW. Copyrighted, G. V. Buck.

MISS KNOX ENTERTAINS IN MISS BERRY'S HONOR

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Knox, whose Marriage to Harry S. Berry Takes Place Tuesday, Is Hostess at Small Luncheon.

Miss Georgia Knox, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Knox, whose marriage to Harry Smith Berry of Nashville, Tenn., takes place next Tuesday, entertained at luncheon today in honor of Miss Sarah Berry. Miss Berry, who is a sister of the bride-groom, is to be the maid of honor at the wedding. Invited to meet Miss Berry were Miss Annie Keith Frazier, daughter of Senator Frazier of Tennessee; Miss Anna Russell Cole of Nashville, Tenn.; the Misses Carson of Pittsburgh; and Mme. Corea, wife of the former Minister of Nicaragua; Miss Edith Koon and Miss Julia Hiel. The table was effectively decorated with quantities of yellow jonquils. Mrs. Henry S. Wellcome of England, was the guest in honor of whom Miss Leta Thompson entertained a luncheon today at her residence on Massachusetts avenue. Dinner Party For Secretary and Mrs. Dickinson. The Solicitor General and Mrs. Bowers entertained at dinner last evening the

Handsome Old Home Effectively Decorated for the Occasion.

Only Small Family Gathering to Attend the Ceremony.

A beautiful wedding will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Tilton J. Coffey, when her granddaughter, Miss Lillian Chew, will become the wife of J. Upshur Moorehead. Bishop Harding will solemnize the marriage ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church. Only a small family gathering will attend the ceremony, which will be followed by a reception for relatives and friends. The handsome, old-fashioned house will be effectively decorated for the occasion with quantities of palms, southern smilax, and roses, and a string orchestra will play the wedding music and during the reception. The bride will be escorted and given in marriage by her father, John Chew. She will wear a beautiful bridal gown of white satin trimmed with old family lace and passementerie of pearls, with a panel of lace forming the front of the gown. Her bridal veil of tulle will be arranged with orange blossoms, and she will carry lilies of the valley and orchids. Miss Evelyn Chew, sister of the bride, will be the maid of honor and only attendant. She will wear geranium satin with atonic of crystal dotted net, bordered with crystal and 3 pearl passementerie, and will carry lilies of the valley.

James Phillips Mr. Moorehead's Best Man. James Phillips, son of Major and Mrs. Phillips will be Mr. Moorehead's best man.

After the reception which will follow the ceremony, Mr. Moorehead and his bride will leave Washington for a northern bridal trip. The bride's going away gown will be a tailored suit of mauve broadcloth with a mauve velvet toque trimmed with a cluster of violets. Upon their return, they will make their home in Washington.

The bride of today is one of the most interesting young women in Washington society and has been prominently identified with the older resident circles of Washington society since her entry into society a year ago last fall. She is also an intimate friend of Miss Ethel Roosevelt, the former White House belle, who was among the guests at the wedding. Her engagement to Mr. Moorehead was announced early last autumn, just before her return to Washington after spending the summer at the Virginia Hot Springs.

Mrs. Beekman Winthrop, wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was hostess at luncheon today, asking her guests to meet Miss Ethel Roosevelt, daughter of the former President.

The Hon. Miss Rachel Kay Shuttleworth of England, who is spending the winter in Washington with her brother-in-law and sister, the Military Attache to the British Embassy, and the Hon. Mrs. James, entertained a small company of young people informally at luncheon today.

Mr. and Mrs. Jennen Jennings were hosts at a small dance last evening, the second of a series they are giving this season.

Dr. and Mrs. Duncan McKim were hosts at a dinner party last evening, having among their guests the British Ambassador and Mrs. Bryce and Mr. Justice and Mrs. Lorton.

The German Ambassador and Countess von Bernstorff, the Minister of the Netherlands and Mrs. Louisa, Mr. and Mrs. Lars Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, Mrs. S. F. Emmons, Mrs. Hunt Slater, Baron Ambrosy, of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy, and Mr. Biggs are among those who have taken boxes and seats for the last concert of the Beethoven cycle by the Hammer Symphony Orchestra, Friday afternoon, February 4, at 8 o'clock, at the Belasco Theater.

Miss Lee Bride of Lieutenant McNeill. Upon the completion of their wedding trip, Lieutenant Chaucey St. C. McNeill, U. S. A., and Mrs. McNeill, will make their home at Fort Myer, Va.

Mrs. McNeill, who was Miss Caroline Lee, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Alexander Lee, was married to Lieutenant McNeill last evening at 7:30 o'clock at her parents' home, 174 Q street northwest, by the Rev. James H. Craighill, of Georgetown, officiating in the presence of a gathering of relatives and friends.

The bride, who wore a handsome gown of white tulle crepe, carried a snowy bouquet of lilies of the valley and Bride roses, and her tulle veil was arranged with a coronet of orange blossoms. Mrs. James Rutherford Craighill, of Pittsburgh, was her sister's matron of honor. She wore yellow satin and carried a cluster of yellow roses. Lieutenant Tate, U. S. A., was best man for Lieutenant McNeill.

John Barrett Host at Dinner Party. John Barrett, director of the International Bureau of American Republics, was host at dinner last evening at his apartment, at the Connecticut, in honor of the newly appointed American Minister to China and Mrs. W. J. Calhoun.

Invited to meet them were the Minister of Chile and Mrs. Cruz, the Minister of Ecuador and Miss Carbo, the minister of Cuba, General Velez, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas G. Dawson, the former at one time American minister to Chile, Representative and Mrs. Foster, Mrs. F. J. Yanes, and Miss Sherrill.

Mrs. Thomas W. Power will be hostess at a tea today in her home, on N street, from 4 to 6 o'clock. Assisting Mrs. Power will be her sister, Mrs. John Petty, Mrs. Paul Block, Mrs. Morgan Royce, and Miss Marguerite Luckett. Mrs. S. L. Hoover, Mrs. Peterson, and Mrs. Forster will preside in the dining room.

Quantities of palms and clusters of red carnations will adorn the house. The Intra-Fraternity Board, of Central High School, composed of representatives from the three girls' fraternities of the school, Sigma Lambda, Phi Delta Sigma, and Theta Kappa Phi, will entertain a tea at the home of Miss Nora Pepper, 231 Thirtieth street, Saturday afternoon, from 1 to 6 o'clock. Members of the fraternities represented are invited.

The Young Lady Across the Way



The young lady across the way says she saw in the paper that the Sugar Trust jury was likely to be hung and for her part she thought it was terrible to carry resentment against the trusts as far as that.