

The Washington Times

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1910.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL. Daily and Sunday, \$3.00 per month in advance.

AGUST CIRCULATION. Daily. The number of complete and perfect copies of The Washington Times printed daily during the month of August was as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Date (August 1-16) and Circulation figures. Total for the month: 1,183,859.

The net total circulation of The Washington Times (daily) during the month of August was 1,183,859 copies left over and returned by agents, being eliminated. This number, when divided by 27, the number of days of publication, shows the net daily average for August to have been 43,847.

Sunday. The number of complete and perfect copies of The Washington Times printed Sundays during the month of August was as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Date (August 1-14) and Circulation figures. Total for the month: 161,983.

The net total circulation of The Washington Times (Sunday) during the month of August was 161,983 copies left over and returned by agents, being eliminated. This number, when divided by 4, the number of Sundays during August, shows the net Sunday average for August to have been 40,496.

In each issue of The Times the circulation figures for the previous day are printed at the head of the first page at the left of the date line.

Persons leaving the city for a long or short period during the summer can have The Times mailed to them at the rate of thirty cents a month, or seven cents a week. Addresses may be changed as often as desired. All mail subscriptions must be paid in advance.

ROOSEVELT TAKES ADVANCED INSURGENT STAND.

With the delivery of his Osawatimie speech Colonel Roosevelt took front rank in the forces of insurgency. Without intimating in the slightest degree what he proposes to do to bring about the reforms outlined, he described and emphatically indorsed practically every demand of the insurgents. Half of the all-absorbing question, "What is the colonel going to do?" must be reckoned as answered. Manifestly, he is going to uphold the insurgent cause. The other half of the question, "Will he indorse the National Administration?" remains to be answered. It is significant, however, that since his return home he has neither approved nor condemned the work of the Republican party under Mr. Taft, and that thus far on his swing round the circle he has shown himself decidedly friendly to insurgents, that he has talked insurgent doctrines, and that in two or three instances he has urged the election of insurgents to office.

The most radical portion of Colonel Roosevelt's Osawatimie speech was that relating to railroads and to other corporations engaged in interstate business. He declared for a valuation of the physical properties of the railroads in the following words:

I do not wish to see the nation forced into ownership of the railroads if it can possibly be avoided, and the only alternative is thoroughgoing, effective regulation, based on a full knowledge, including a physical valuation of the property.

Surely no insurgent has yet appeared who would go further than the colonel goes in this declaration. When taken in connection with his next statement it can be construed as nothing more nor less than a positive indorsement and acceptance of insurgent principles.

We should be as sure of the proper conduct of interstate railroads and the proper management of interstate business as we are now sure of the management of the national banks. The Hepburn act, and the amendment to that act as finally passed by Congress at the last session, represent a long step in advance, and we must go yet further.

Other insurgent reforms declared by the colonel to be essential to the welfare of the country include the elimination of corporation influence from politics, revision of the tariff on schedule at a time on the basis of accurate information obtained by an effective tariff commission, publicity of campaign expenses before elections, the recall of unfaithful public servants, a national incorporation act providing publicity and Governmental control of corporations transacting an interstate business, direct primaries, income tax, inheritance tax, conservation of natural resources, improved conditions of labor, National and State employers' liability laws, eight-hour day for workmen, industrial training in public schools, laws to regulate the labor of children and women, and the elevation of personal rights above property rights in legislation and administration by States and by the Government.

Throughout the speech, the former President laid particular emphasis on the necessity of a just distribution of

wealth. He pointed out that for forty years we have been concerned over ways to create or produce wealth. Now, he declared, the time has arrived when we must take up and solve the problem of distributing the wealth which has been created or produced. The following, from the conclusion of his speech, well illustrates this point:

I believe in shaping the ends of Government to protect property as well as human welfare. Normally, and in the long run, the ends are the same, but whenever the alternative must be faced, I am for men and not for property. I am far from undervaluing the importance of dividends, but I rank dividends below human character. I know well that the reformers must not bring down upon the people economic ruin, or the reformers themselves will go down in the ruin, but we must be ready to face temporary disaster, whether or not brought on by those who will war against us to the knife. Those who oppose all reform will do well to remember that ruin in its worst form is inevitable if our national life brings us nothing better than swollen fortunes for a few, and the triumph in both politics and business of a sordid and selfish materialism.

Colonel Roosevelt has forcefully expressed what the masses of the people of the country are thinking, and what they have tried to say through the instruments of House and Senate in the last two sessions of Congress. That the insurgent movement will be materially strengthened by the attitude of the former President is patent. He is the most influential individual in the United States today. He has given the insurgent principles his O. K., and by the action he has unquestionably turned thousands of votes to insurgent candidates for State and Congressional office.

What part the move will play in his own political future remains to be seen.

CITIZENS MAKE LEGITIMATE REQUEST FOR AID.

Any proposal for a change in the established order is more than likely to encounter opposition merely because it necessitates a change. A great many people hesitate to give support to a new idea because the bare fact that it is new confuses them. They know all about what is but they are slow about indorsing what will be.

In the case of the proposal that Congress be asked to make an appropriation of \$25,000 of Government and District funds, to be used in entertaining visitors to Washington, there should be no such reluctance to accept the idea as legitimate and worthy. Practically every other live city in the country uses money from the public treasury to promote the interests of the community through the entertainment of conventions and delegations of visitors from other places. Washington should do the same.

If this city were an independent municipality its executive and legislative officials would not hesitate an instant to make an appropriation for city-boasting. The fact that it is not independent, and that its funds are supplied by its citizens and by the Federal Government on a half and half basis, should not be permitted to make any difference. The Chamber of Commerce has taken hold of the recommendation of Granville M. Hunt, the chairman of its convention committee, who suggests that an appropriation of \$25,000 be asked, and will present it to the District Commissioners and to Congress. No serious opposition to the request should be encountered, especially when it is explained what other cities are doing and when it is shown that the business interests of the District have already made substantial contributions to the fund and will continue to make them in the future.

NEW AVIATION RECORDS DUE NEXT WEEK.

Presumably the judges who award to Leon Morane the world's record for high flying, with a mark of 6,692 feet, base their decision on the report that J. Armstrong Drexel, who flew to a height of 6,752 feet a few weeks ago, started from an elevation of 715 feet above sea level. It was on this account that even after Drexel had scored what seemed to be a world's record, conservative authorities were inclined to give the palm to Walter Brookings, the Wright aviator, who reached a height of 6,175 feet at Atlantic City last month. Brookings, by the way, declares that he will break all height records at Boston next week or proclaim himself a man who has seen his best days.

New records galore may in all reason be expected during the Boston meet, for it is remarkable how rapidly records are being broken. All the important marks, with the single exception of the record for accurate landing made at Los Angeles last January by young Willard, have been blazoned forth in the last two months. Morane, who drives a Blériot monoplane, holds the records for speed, 66.2 miles an hour, and for altitude. Ohselagers, who also flies in a Blériot machine, established the new record for duration of flight, 5 hours 3 minutes and 5 seconds, and also the record for distance in a single flight, 244.2 miles, both records being made in the course of a day at the Rheims meet July 11 last. The Dickson record for a slow lap and the Graham-White record for a get-away were made last month in the British Isles. Both of these were made with a Farman biplane.

With Morane, Brookings, and Graham-White, not to mention Curtiss, Johnstone, Harmon, and Hilliard, all in competition at Boston, new world's

records should be the rule rather than the exception.

Washington will be glad to welcome George E. Roberts back to this city. As Director of the Mint under McKinley and Roosevelt, Mr. Roberts achieved an enviable reputation as an efficient and faithful public servant, and came to be well known and cordially liked by Washingtonians. His departure to Chicago was regretted by a large circle of friends, and his return to his old position at the head of that important bureau whose business is the manufacture of our money, will be enthusiastically approved. President Taft is fortunate in being able to regain for the Government the services of such a capable man.

It is to be hoped nobody draws any unpleasant conclusions from the fact that the colonel's views were enthusiastically applauded at the Osawatimie Inaugural Asylum.

T. R.'s call to arms fits in aptly with the declaration of that German socialist that the former President of the United States is a "political drummer."

It would be interesting to know how Senator Curtis feels about all those things his party has pledged him to vote for.

Incidentally the colonel should be able to cull out some mighty interesting stuff for the use of the contributing editor.

President Taft wasn't the only man in the United States who laid a cornerstone yesterday.

There is no longer any reason to delay the opening of the church social season.

Mr. Baillinger evidently refuses to believe it unless he gets it first-hand.

Kansas has been effectually removed from the doubtful column.

His name is Brainerd H. Warner, Jr. Straws are wanting.

What's on the Program in Washington

- Tonight. Amusements. Columbia—"The Servant in the House," 8:15 p. m. Academy—"The Chinatown Trunk Mystery," 8:15 p. m. Chase—Polite vaudeville, 8:15 p. m. Casino—Continuous motion pictures and vaudeville. Cosmos—Continuous motion pictures and vaudeville. Avenue Grand—Vaudeville and motion pictures. Gayety—Behm Show, 8:15 p. m. Lyceum—"Miss New York, Jr.," 8:15 p. m. Arcady. Majestic—Motion pictures and vaudeville. Masonic Auditorium—Motion pictures, Georgetown Open Air Theater—Motion pictures and vaudeville. Glen Echo—Dancing and motion pictures. Luna Park—Music and vaudeville. Chevy Chase Lake—Section of Marine Band. Arcady—Music and motion pictures on roof garden.

Excursions Today.

- Mt. Vernon—Boat leaves Seventh street wharf at 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. Old Point Comfort and Norfolk steamer leaves Seventh street wharf 6:45 p. m. Chesapeake Beach—Trains leave District line, 2:30, 5:30, 7:45, and 9:45 p. m. Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis electric line—To Tolchester Beach on account of Kent and Queen Anne county fair. Special trains leave Fifteenth street and New York avenue northwest at 8:55 a. m. Indian Head—Steamer Charles Macaulister leaves Seventh street wharf 6:30 p. m.

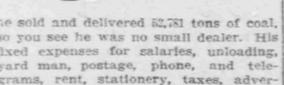
(The Times will be pleased to announce meetings and entertainments in this column. Phone or write announcements.)

The Business Doctor

By Roe Fulkerson

"CURSING the coal man eh? Buy his coal for \$3.20 a ton at the mine and charges you \$6.50 delivered. You don't think it costs him more than 25 cents a ton to put in your cellar, and so he makes almost 100 per cent profit! My dear man, you were never so mistaken in your life. I was recently called in as coroner to sit over the dead body of a coal business, and I can give you a few figures which will interest you.

One man bought coal at the mines for \$3.50 and sold it for \$5.50, and went broke. The last year he was in business



he sold and delivered 52.73 tons of coal, so you see he was no small dealer. His fixed expenses for salaries, unloading, yard man, postage, phone, and telegrams, rent, stationery, taxes, advertising, interest, repairs, etc., were \$21,288.75, or \$402 per ton. His delivery expenses for drivers, wagons, horse shoeing, etc., \$11,534.62, or \$224 per ton. Feed was \$172, or \$326 and repairs to equipment, \$555 per ton; loss, depreciation, and death to live stock was \$266 per ton or a total of \$866 per ton, after the coal got to town. This coal cost \$2.50 at the mine, the freight was \$2, the delivery here in the city \$20, or a cost to the dealer of \$6.22 a ton laid down to the customer. The average price received for this coal was \$6.43 per ton, which gave the dealer exactly 11 cents a ton profit.

You will notice that the average price received was below the price you have to pay, and this is right and proper because absolutely safe business is taken at a less price than business where there is risk. You no doubt consider your business absolutely safe, but there are a dozen reasons why it is not. Suppose you contract for fifty tons of coal, and your cellar will only hold twenty-five, and the coal man holds the other twenty-five, and before it is delivered you move into an apartment house, leave the city, die, or any one of a dozen other things. Where does the coal man get off? The public buildings, the breweries, the establishments of a permanent character who use as much coal in summer as in winter are absolutely

YOUNGEST AMONG THEATRICAL STARS



MISS MURIEL STARR, Who Will Play the Only Feminine Role in "The Storm," Which Will Open the Season at the New National Next Week.

SEASON AT THE NATIONAL TO OPEN WITH "THE STORM"

Special Labor Day Matinee Performance of New Play, "Con & Co." to Be First of the Fall At Belasco. Attractions for Next Week.

Marking the opening of the regular season at the New National Theater next Monday afternoon, a special Labor Day matinee will be given. Sale of seats will begin tomorrow morning.

The attraction seems to give promise of being somewhat unusual in character. It is a play called "The Storm," written by Langdon McComick, and given a pretentious scenic production by Thomas W. Ryley.

"The Storm" company will arrive in Washington this evening and continue its rehearsals here. The play involves the use of two carloads of scenery pointed in the studio of Earnest Albert, generally recognized as the leading scenic artist of America.

Messrs. McDonald and Albert will be here tomorrow for the purpose of supervising the erection of the scenery and giving it its finishing touches.

Tomorrow there will be another scenic and light rehearsal, which will be supervised by Henry Blessing, head of the scenic stage electric house in New York.

BELASCO—"Con & Co."

Americans who have been tearing Europe for the past year have brought back a comedy of a comedy which has been the reigning hit in Paris for the last year at the Theater Neuvoates, called Theodore & Co.

Many have expressed surprise that Marie Tammet starred for three seasons, following the original production of the comedy in New York, at the Hudson Theater, November 30, 1902.

The comedy is distinguished in its shrewdness and humor. The management is particularly pleased in being able to present this play now, as it is a comedy of a comedy, and one which has had heretofore in three acts, scenes at times of objectionable features.

CHASES—Polite Vaudeville.

Chase's next week offers one of the biggest runs in features in many seasons, in offering Jack Norworth and Nora Payne, especially engaged in honor of "Labor Day" week.

Another interesting number will be Ben Johnson, the character comedian of the New Theater company, of New York, in a novel and laughable dissertation.

Beatrice Ingram and company will present "The Duchess," after the order of Rose Stahl's "Chorus Lady." Patricia O'Brien, May Elinore, in an eccentric act, will follow in the footsteps of her sister Kate. The four De Wolf will give a jolly vocal and verbal interlude.

ACADEMY—"The Boy From Wall Street."

Henry Blaney is to be the Labor Day week attraction at the Academy in his new comedy, "The Boy From Wall Street."

The play is an adaptation by Owen Davis from Sewell Ford's novel, "Cherry Divorce," and is said that Mr. Blaney finds an excellent opportunity in this bright little character comedy.

COLUMBIA—How's Travel Pictures.

The Lyman H. Howe New York Hippodrome Travel Festival at the Columbia Theater Sunday evening will have as the special added feature to an otherwise strong program a repetition of the pictures of the scenes attending the funeral of the late King Edward VII of England.

Miss Alice E. Rousseau Bride Of Joseph K. Hayden Today

Rainbow Wedding Takes Place At St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Rev. Ignatius Fealy Performing the Ceremony—Miss Helene Rousseau Bridesmaid.

A beautiful rainbow wedding was that of Miss Alice E. Rousseau, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Avila Rousseau, and Joseph K. Hayden, which took place this morning at 9 o'clock in St. Joseph's Catholic Church. The ceremony, which was attended by a large gathering of relatives and friends, was performed by the Rev. Ignatius Fealy, pastor of the church. Quainties of palms and clusters of white roses and carnations adorned the church for the occasion.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a handsome white satin gown with a long tulle veil arranged with orange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of bride roses. Miss Helene Rousseau, was her sister's maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Mildred Graham, Miss Loraine Smith, Miss Marie Hayden and Miss Grace Meier. They wore gowns of soft silk of pastel shades of pink, green and yellow, trimmed in lace.

Charles D. Hayden was best man for his brother, and the ushers were William Baitfield, John C. Deck, Edward Dunbar and Leo Mullen. A wedding breakfast was served in the home of the bride's parents at 705 F street northeast after the wedding ceremony at the church. The house was decorated with palms, ferns and clusters of white roses and hydrangeas.

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Miss Ruth Hood, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Cooper Hood, was married to Lieut. John J. Waterman, Seventh United States Cavalry, last evening at 8 o'clock, in her parents' home, 1716 Twenty-second street. The ceremony, which was performed by an uncle of the bride, the Rev. O. S. Dean, of Passaic, N. J., was attended by a small party of relatives and a few intimate friends.

A section of the United States Marine Band played the wedding music and the house decorations were cavalry yellow and palms and ferns. The bride-aid was escorted by her father, wore an ivory gown of embroidered white crepe de chine, draped with a bounce of Chantilly lace. The sleeves and bodice were trimmed with touches of duchesse tulle. Her long tulle veil was arranged with a coronet of orange blossoms and she carried a shower bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Miss Ruth Heermann, of Olympia, Wash., who was the bride's only attendant, wore yellow satin with an over-dress of yellow chiffon with a flowered border. She carried a shower bouquet of white flowers. Leonard Waterman, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was the best man for his brother-in-law. An informal reception and wedding supper followed the ceremony.

The marriage of Miss Helen E. Burch and Aubrey W. Edwards took place this morning at 8 o'clock, at the Episcopal Church, in the presence of a small party of relatives and a few friends was performed by the Rev. Eugene J. Conolly, of Immaculate Conception Church.

Immediately after the wedding ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Edwards will make a trip through the mountains of Virginia. They will make their future home in Washington.

Weds C. D. Ashmore.

Miss Laura MacMorris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. MacMorris, was married to Claudius D. Ashmore this morning at 8 o'clock at the Episcopal Memorial Church, the pastor, the Rev. J. J. Frizzell, officiating in the presence of a small party of relatives and a few intimate friends.

An informal breakfast followed in the home of the bride's parents, at 677 Massachusetts street, and later in the day they left Washington for a Northern wedding trip. They will make their future home in Newville, Pa.

Mrs. Walker At Nahant, Mass.

Mrs. Philip Walker, Mrs. Albert J. Carrico, and Miss Ethel Louise Lee, who spent the summer months in the White mountains, are at Nahant, Mass., for the early autumn season.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester A. Barr, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Almida Barr, and sons, Stewart Barr and John Barr, have arrived at the Bretton Woods, N. H. They made the trip from Washington in their motor car.

Gen. and Mrs. William Gordon, who are spending the season at the "Waumbek," Bretton Woods, N. H., have been joined by their son, William Gordon, Jr., and Mrs. Wetmore, wife of Senator Wetmore.

After the Midnight Maidens, offering a large array of specialties, music and comedy, with a chorus of twenty young women.

LYCEUM—"Kentucky Belles." The Kentucky Belles, is underlined as the next attraction at the Lyceum Theater.

CASINO—Vaudeville. To celebrate the Labor Day holiday next week, Manager Mayer, of the Casino, has engaged a vaudeville bill of exceptional interest.

Miss Margaret Gale, who is spending the season at Narragansett Pier, was hostess at a luncheon party at the Casino yesterday.

Senator and Mrs. Nelson W. Aldrich and their daughter, Miss Aldrich, will sail this week for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwards Arrive At North Conway, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Edwards have arrived at the Kearsarge, North Conway, N. H., for an early autumn visit.

E. W. Vaill and his sister, Miss A. E. Vaill, of Washington, have joined the cottage colony at Whitefield, N. H., and will stay until the middle of October for the hunting season. Mr. and Miss Vaill spend a portion of each year in the White mountains. They made the trip this year in their motor car.

Miss Estelle Harlan and Miss Minnie Parker have gone to Atlantic City for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sweeney and Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Weeks, of Congress Heights, D. C., will leave Washington tomorrow for a week at Niagara Falls and points of interest in Canada.

Miss Mary Zimmerman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Zimmerman, is spending several weeks visiting friends at Niagara. Mr. and Mrs. Zimmerman will leave Washington in a few days for Atlantic City for a fortnight.

Senator Buikley And Family At Dixville Notch.

Senator Buikley, of Connecticut, and Mrs. Buikley and their daughter, Miss Buikley, who are making a motor tour of the New England States, are now at the Balsams, Dixville Notch, Bretton Woods, N. H.

Gen. and Mrs. Anson McCook, of New York and Washington, who have a cottage at Waumbek, N. H., were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Woolverton, who motored to the Balsams for the month of September. They are accompanied by Mrs. Frederick H. Cone, of Alexandria, Va.

The Misses Minke, of the Clifton apartment house, returned to Washington from Asbury Park, where they spent a portion of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Kubel and their daughter, Miss Florence Kubel, have returned to their home on East Capitol street, from Ocean Grove, where they spent several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. William Murdock and their family have gone to their old home in Charles county, Maryland, for a two weeks' winter trip.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Cohen and Miss Cohen, who have been spending the summer in their cottage in Rockville, Md., have returned to Washington and opened their house at 509 L street northwest.

The wedding took place this afternoon at 5:30 of Miss Gannett Strasburger, daughter of Mrs. Strasburger and Milton Kadden. The ceremony was performed at the home of Dr. Louis Stern, where only a few friends and relatives were present. The bridal couple left for a honeymoon trip to New York, Thousand Islands, and Niagara Falls. Upon their return to the city, Mr. and Mrs. Kadden will reside at the Tulane apartments.

Mrs. H. Bernheimer returned yesterday from a stay in Blount, Va. Mrs. Gerson Nordlinger and sons have returned to their apartment in Florence court, from an extended stay at the Blue Mountain House.

Miss Adele Strassner, of Jacksonville, Fla., is the guest of Miss Hortense Brylawski. Mrs. A. Bylawski and daughter, Miss Hortense, have returned to their home in Calvert street from an extended stay at the Blue Mountain House.

Mr. and Mrs. Myer Loeb and family have returned from a fortnight's stay in Blount, Va. Mrs. Juli Brylawski and son have returned to Washington from Blount, Va., where they have spent the summer.

MILITARY SPLENDOR AT CHICAGO WEDDING

Miss Flodele Wintersmith Married to Lieutenant Allen R. Edwards, U. S. A. CHICAGO, Sept. 1.—Military uniforms and floral decorations in the national colors lent brilliancy and a distinctive character to the wedding of Miss Flodele Wintersmith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bayless Wintersmith, of Lake avenue, this city, and Lieut. Allen Richard Wintersmith, U. S. A., which took place at the bride's home today.

The bride's only attendant was Miss Virginia Parker, who acted as maid of honor. Lieut. Harry D. Chamberlain, U. S. A., who acted as best man, and the bridegroom, appeared in full-dress uniform. Only relatives and close friends of the two families were present at the ceremony, which was followed by a reception.