

FEAR VILLAIN WILL ATTACK CAPITAL

Mexico City Is Uneasy Over Fall of Chihuahua Before Constitutionalists.

(Continued from First Page.)

tion, were that the cathedral had been converted into a fort, breastworks of sand bags having been built on the roof, which overlooks the surrounding country.

Entrenchments manned by artillery guard the approaches, and lookouts have been posted in the walls of many houses.

The federal government was reported to have commended the Chihuahua in the city, and these, it was said, were being used to civilians.

Under Siege Two Weeks.

The city had been besieged for two weeks.

Francisco Villa's advance army of 5,000 rebels, which was moving to attack Chihuahua City, today reached a point sixty-three miles from the border.

They were forced to detain there because of the destruction of the railroad. Preparations were made at once to march overland to the State capital.

Another train carrying 1,000 rebels was made ready here for the journey south.

Villa said that before reaching Chihuahua he expected to be re-enforced by Gen. Manuel Chao and Juan Cortinas, who were reported advancing from Torreon.

Unless this movement is intercepted, Villa hoped to rally at least 7,000 men to attack the 5,000 Federalists, who were said to be garrisoned in the capital.

Information received from American sources in Guaymas says that 1,700 men of the Culiacan Federal garrison reached Guaymas by train yesterday, evacuating the Sinaloa state capital to Obregon's constitutionalist forces.

This number accounts for all but about 300 of the original federal garrison.

Americans desiring to cross the border into Mexico at Eagle Pass are being forced to submit to having their photographs taken under orders issued by the Mexican consul at that place, according to official information reaching the State Department today. No reason is given for this regulation, although it is understood to result from the fact that many of these Americans are said to be warm sympathizers of the constitutionalists.

From Saltillo comes a report that Mexican immigrants from Texas are being arrested on the ground of being in sympathy with the Carranzistas. In that city, according to official advice this morning, the Mexican newspapers controlled by Huerta are still giving prominence to what they describe as a "colored revolution" now in progress in the United States.

According to these advices, one newspaper cut out an extra, informing the citizens of Saltillo that the United States had spread through eleven States and that much destruction to lives and property had resulted.

Telegraphic communication between Saltillo and Mexico City has been suspended, and the Federalists have been taken to Saltillo from the south.

A federal success is still claimed in Victoria, and according to these advices, Paros was occupied by the Huerta soldiers last Friday.

President Wilson took up this and other more private information this morning with members of his cabinet. Dr. William Bayard Hale, who has returned to Washington from his conference with General Carranza, the rebel chief at Saltillo, Mexico, called at the White House before the cabinet met, and conferred with Secretary Tamm.

He did not see the President, but expects to confer with him tomorrow. Dr. Hale refused to discuss what would be his recommendations to the President regarding the Constitutionalists.

FIND MUCH OLEO IN CITY LUNCH ROOMS

Drastic action against Washington lunch room proprietors who sell oleomargarine under the guise of butter, is contemplated by the District Health Department, which has secured evidence against a number of places within the past few weeks.

A number of prosecutions, it was learned today, will be entered against lunch room owners, from reports made by the Health Department which have been busy ordering "hot cakes and butter." Far too many instances of this fraud have been found, the inspectors say.

For several weeks the lunchroom inspectors have been ordered to confine themselves to a diet of hot cakes and butter. Always the specific demand was made for butter, and when the waiter wasn't looking these pairs of "butter" were swept into pocket receptacles and were swept into pocket receptacles and analyzed at the District building. Much of the "butter" assembled real butter in appearance only.

There is no law against the sale of oleomargarine so long as the consumer is not deceived or the "oleo" is misbranded. The pure food law, however, expressly forbids the use of "oleo" or "butterine" when it is sold as butter. The lunchroom owners who profit from this trade are liable to a fine of \$500 or a year in jail for each subsequent offense.

A list of the offending proprietors is being prepared at the health office and it is understood to be the department's purpose to institute prosecutions within a short time.

The Safest Investments

Are those that do not fluctuate during disturbed conditions of the market. First deed of trust notes (first mortgages) will earn the best yields in the district of Columbia, constitute "gilt-edge" investments. They do not depend upon the financial reputation of individuals or corporations for their stability, and are exempt from taxation when they are sold.

Supply such investments in amounts from \$100 upward. Send for booklet "Concerning Loans and Investments."

SWARTZELL, RHEEM & HENNEY CO., 227 15TH ST. N. W.

A SAFE INVESTMENT. 5% FIRST MORTGAGE COUPON CERTIFICATES

—Obtainable on small investments, ranging from \$100 upward. Interest and principal guaranteed. Full participation in appreciation.

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FINANCE PROBLEM STIRS SUFFRAGISTS

State Leaders Fear Clause in New Constitution Will Prove Trouble Source.

(Continued from First Page.)

the whole difference" or in other words it is the method of financing the national association that is the rock which threatens the progress of the suffragists.

The constitution provides that an amount equal to not less than 5 per cent of the annual budget of each affiliated organization be paid annually to the treasury of the national association by the affiliated body, and then provides:

The Bone of Contention.

"Whenever the amount of the national budget accepted by the convention shall be greater than the sum of all the moneys owing and payable by all the members, each affiliated member shall pay its share of the deficiency, which share the treasurer shall determine by apportioning said deficiency among the affiliated members in proportion to their respective total expenditures during the last past fiscal year."

This last clause is the chief bone of contention of the delegates, declaring that it removes all limits from the amount which they may be taxed by the national association, and threatens some of the less prosperous affiliated organizations with extinction if they fail to meet their connection with the association.

The committee which drew up the new constitution is composed of Ira Catt, Mrs. Ruitz-Reed, Mrs. Helen Hoy, Mrs. Raymond Brown, and Miss Ashley. All but Miss Ashley are present.

The other four took turns in explaining the new document in detail at the morning session. In response to an objection made by one of the Maine delegates, the committee members said they would be in favor of eliminating a clause in the new constitution which would reduce the representation at the national convention.

Topic Discussions Tonight.

The most interesting evening session of the entire convention will open at the new Masonic Temple at 8 o'clock tonight, when the question of "Women and Children and the Courts" will be discussed by Judge Arthur W. Mack, of the juvenile court, Chicago; Chief Justice Harry Olsen, of the Chicago juvenile court; and Miss Maude Miner, secretary of the New York Probation and Protective Association and one of Gotham's leading probation officers.

The speakers at the latter address, it is known that these meetings are free to the public, as are all the regular sessions of the Women's Night Court and the Work of a Probation Officer" will be the subject of Miss Miner's address. She is a graduate of Smith College and Columbia University, having won the degree of a Ph.D. in education. Her work has attracted world-wide attention by her battle against white slavery and social evils generally.

A delegation of prominent suffragists "cut" the convention in the morning and tonight, to the Capital and to hear President Wilson read his message.

Anna Howard Shaw, national president, anticipated any charge of "steam-roller" methods in regard to the Victoria, and, according to these advices, Paros was occupied by the Huerta soldiers last Friday.

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Announcement was made today of the speakers who will appear before the House Rules Committee tomorrow morning to ask that it recommend the appointment of a House committee on equal suffrage. The speakers will be Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the National Suffrage Association, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the International Suffrage Association, Miss Jane Adams, of Hull House, Chicago, Mrs. C. C. Bradford, Miss Helen Gardner, Miss Mary Beard, and Congresswoman Julia Baker, of California.

The anti-suffragists will be given a hearing on Thursday, and on Friday morning the suffragists will make a rebuttal argument. The speakers being Mrs. Catherine Waugh McCulloch and Miss Alice Stone Blackwell.

Fraternity Alumni Elect Their Officers

The Washington Alumni Chapter of the Alpha Delta Phi Fraternity held its annual business meeting at the University Club last night. After the business meeting, the evening was given over to speech and song and story. Refreshments were served. The following officers were elected for the coming year: Dr. Ralph Jenkins, Cornell University, president; Odell S. Smith, Wesleyan University, vice president; Frank Bourbion Fox, University of Michigan, secretary; Newton K. Fox, University of Michigan, corresponding secretary. The executive committee is composed of the officers and S. R. Bond, Dartmouth College, and S. R. Bond, University of Chicago.

Committee Will Report Bill Amed at Fee System

The House Judiciary Committee will report tomorrow the Clayton bill, providing improved methods of compensation for clerks of the United States District courts. The bill will provide specific salaries, averaging about \$5,500 for eighth judicial districts, which have been paid on the fee system, which it is now proposed to abolish.

The District of Columbia courts are not included in the bill as drawn.

Ches. & Ohio Ry. Change in Schedule.

Train for the West now leaves Washington at 2:15 p. m. and 5:15 p. m. as formerly. Other trains leave at 6:10 and 11:10 p. m.—Adv.

Limits Diamond Output.

BERLIN, Dec. 2.—The imperial chancellor limited Germany's African diamond output to 1,000,000 carats for 1914 because overproduction threatened the market.

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BEAUTY RESCUES CAT FROM TREE

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—A handsomely gowned young woman tripped from a limousine into the West 125th street police station and asked if she could "borrow a brave policeman." Patrolman John McCormick escorted her to Seventh avenue and 121st street, where she "showed him a yowling cat in the top of a big tree. McCormick is brave, but weighs 230 pounds. Joseph Miller, a fireman, rescued the cat.

DANIELS TO HEAR WAGE COMPLAINT

Washington Navy Yard Employees Oppose Cut Recommended by Salary Board.

Holding that the recommendations of the wage board of the Navy Department for a reduction of 5 cents in the salaries of the 2,000 or more men employed in the Washington Navy Yard are unfair, representatives of the men today are preparing to go before Secretary Daniels to demand that the scale be maintained.

The recommendations of the board already have been placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Navy. They are expected to be discussed by Secretary Daniels in the next few days.

The Washington workmen, however, are about the only ones that will suffer a reduction. In several instances, increases have been recommended.

December 15 is the date Secretary Daniels has fixed for hearing the reports of representatives of the Washington Navy Yard men.

Increase Is Asked.

Committees representing 4,500 marines in the East will meet Secretary of the Navy Daniels this month, presenting the request that there be no cut in the present wage schedule in Washington, and that a general increase of 25 cents be made to the day's pay now received in the other yards.

The committee from the Washington Navy Yard will meet the Secretary December 18; Philadelphia yard committee, December 17; Portsmouth, N. H., December 16; Norfolk, December 15; Charleston, S. C., December 22.

Arrangements for a conference with the Newport committee have not yet been completed.

Members of the Washington committee will go to Secretary Daniels determined to convince him that the recommendations of the wage board in the present wages should not be adopted. The present scale ranges from \$1.25 minimum to \$4.38 and a special maximum. This scale was adopted last July and constituted a raise similar to that for which the men of the other yards are now working.

Men in the navy yard in Philadelphia now getting from \$2.80 to \$5.52 want a 21-cent raise, bringing the minimum to \$3.04 and the maximum to \$5.73.

Their arguments are that the general raise in the minimum wage is justifiable and also a general increase all along the line.

Confident of Success.

Confidence of success was expressed this afternoon by Nelson P. Alfias, of Columbia Lodge, who acts as a representative of the interests of the various yards outside of Washington.

"We are not asking the Government for a flat rate," said Mr. Alfias, "but we do believe that we are wholly justified in requesting that the minimum be raised in the various yards, with the exception of Washington, of course, where we received the raise last July."

"Committees from the various yards have investigated conditions in their localities thoroughly, and our claims are based on what is paid machinists in enterprises that demand the skill required in the navy yard. We call particular attention to machinists employed by the railroads. Take their average amount to a flat rate—\$3.50, age pay in Charleston and in Philadelphia, and other cities, and you will find that it runs from \$3.50 to \$5.50 in the East, growing higher westward until it reaches \$10.00 in the West."

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EARLY MEETINGS OPPOSED IN SENATE

Republicans Say Democrats Hope to Tire Them Out and Force Vote on Currency Bill.

In the face of strong protests from the Republican side, the Senate Democrats today sought to force through a resolution by Senator Kern, amended by Senator Williams, providing that until the currency bill is voted on there shall be daily sessions of the Senate from 10 to 6 and night sessions from 8 to 11.

Senator Bristow of Kansas, member of the Banking and Currency Committee, was the most virulent in his objection to the resolution. He declared it was the purpose of the majority to prevent "full, fair and free debate."

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House Bill Amended.

Senator Bristow charged that the Democratic bill would not bear the light of full and free discussion, and sarcastically told the Democratic side that the bill, as it came from the House, was not workable, that every man who had given the bill intelligent study knew it, and that such improvements as had been made in the Democratic bill had been forced in by the Democrats.

Investigation of the case was made by Dr. John L. Norris, Assistant Health Officer, and according to information obtained from physicians at the Hygienic Laboratory, the child, on November 2, while on a visit to J. B. Hollman, near Luna Park, Va., was bitten by a bull terrier, the dog was which was a deep laceration across the middle of the nose and upper lip, and was apparently improving.

The dog was shot, and its brain examined by the Bureau of Animal Industry. Symptoms of rabies, it was said, were discovered, although the animal had betrayed no previous symptoms.

The child was taken to the Hygienic Laboratory November 4, and treatment was immediately given. On November 25, the patient apparently normal, and in excellent spirits was removed to his home. The next day Dr. J. Rosier Higgs, the physician in attendance reported that the condition of the patient was worse, and death came the day following.

Health Officer Woodward pointed to the case today as an additional argument for the strict enforcement of the regulation requiring the muzzling of dogs which has been in force in the District for the last two years. The last death from hydrophobia was reported to the Health Department in 1911.

Vote for Not Set.

The discussion started soon after 11 o'clock when the ekn resolution of yesterday, calling for 10 o'clock meetings was called up. Senator Norris of Nebraska, progressive Republican, offered a substitute fixing December 20 as the day for cutting the currency bill and providing for 11 o'clock meetings daily. He protested that the plan of 10 o'clock meetings would merely wear Senators out and was not conducive to thorough consideration and discussion.

A long debate resulted. Senators Gallinger, Kern and others pointed out that this was virtually adopting a closure rule and was not in the Senator Gallinger raised a point of order again. Vice President Marshall finally held it out of order.

Senator Norris asked unanimous consent to fix December 20 as the time for voting. Senator Bristow on the ground that if this arrangement were made, Senators would not keep a quorum, and that if the Banking and Currency bill might be arrived at, objected.

Senator Kern accepted amendments for a vote on the currency bill for tonight sessions and their debate following.

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HYDROPHOBIA FATAL TO FOUR-YEAR-OLD

For the first time in two years a death from hydrophobia in the District was reported today by the Health Department. The victim was William Alton Schum, the four-year-old son of David A. Schum, of 327 Warder street northwest, after apparently improving under the treatment at the Hygienic Laboratory, the child was taken to his home, where he died November 25, in the certificate of death issued by Dr. J. Rosier Higgs, the cause of death is given as hydrophobia.

WATER POLICY IS BEFORE CABINET

Whether the ancient Democratic doctrine of State rights, or a broader policy of conservation, is to govern the control of the big water power supplies of the country, is one of the questions which, it is believed, came before the Cabinet today, at its regular Tuesday meeting.

A joint committee of the New York Legislature, headed by Chairman Henry P. Yates, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is in Washington today on the question. Before the Cabinet meeting they had long conferences with Secretary of War Garrison and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, to ascertain, if possible, what attitude the Federal Government would assume toward legislation now pending and other measures to be introduced in the New York Legislature to control the diversion of water into Niagara Falls.

The committee also will confer with the chairmen of the House and Senate Committees on Foreign Relations, regarding provisions in the treaties between this country and Canada involved in the question.

Others in the committee were State Senators John F. Malone and George P. Thompson, of Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Assemblyman John A. McCuen, of Niagara Falls, and Sergeant-at-Arms Doll of the State senate.

President Wilson has set forth his policy with respect to the proper way.

Back hurt? Can't straighten up without feeling sudden pains, sharp aches and twinges? Now listen! That's lumbago, sciatica or maybe from a strain and you'll get blessed relief the moment you rub your back with soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil." Nothing else takes out soreness, lameness, and stiffness so quickly. You simply rub it on and out comes the pain. It is perfectly harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin.

Limber up! Don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle from any drug store and after using it just once, you'll find that you ever had backache, lumbago or sciatica, because your back will never hurt or cause any more misery. It never disappoints and has been recommended for 60 years.—Adv.

Case of 12 Bottles Wines & Liquors, \$6.90.

—Just the thing to give a friend. One bottle of each in following splendid assortment:

Champagne Port Tokay  
Whiskey Sherry Catawba  
Brandy Benedictine Raspberry  
Cocktail Angelica Sauterne

To-Kalon Co., Inc., 146 F ST. N. W. Phone Main 398.

WEATHER REPORT.

The forecast for the District of Columbia—Generally cloudy tonight and Wednesday; light to moderate northwesterly winds.

For Maryland and Virginia—Generally cloudy tonight and Wednesday; light to moderate northwesterly winds.

For Pennsylvania—Generally cloudy, unsettled tonight and Wednesday; light to moderate northwesterly winds.

For Delaware and New Jersey—Generally cloudy tonight and Wednesday; light to moderate northwesterly winds.

The temperature today as registered at the United States Weather Bureau, and Atlantic:

U. S. BUREAU. ANGLETS.  
8 a. m. .... 46 8 a. m. .... 52  
9 a. m. .... 47 9 a. m. .... 51  
10 a. m. .... 47 10 a. m